Keynesian model with public and external sectors

We consider the Keynesian model with public and external sectors:

$$C = 1000 + 0.8 Y_d$$
, $I = 500$, $G = 200$, $T = 100 + 0.1 Y$, $Tr = 200$

- 1. Find the equilibrium income Y in the closed economy model (without external sector).
- 2. Calculate the fiscal surplus, that is, T (G + Tr).

3.

$$X = 800, \quad M = 500 + 0.1 Y$$

Find the equilibrium income Y in the open economy model, including X and M.

- 4. Determine the trade balance, X M.
- 5. Assuming an increase in public spending of 1000 (i.e., G' = G + 1000), find the new income Y', the new fiscal surplus, and the new trade balance.

Solution

1. Equilibrium income (closed economy). At equilibrium Y = C + I + G and $Y_d = Y - T + Tr$.

$$Y = 1000 + 0.8 (Y - (100 + 0.1Y) + 200) + 500 + 200$$

Calculating:

$$Y = 1000 + 0.8 (0.9Y + 100) + 700 = 1000 + 0.72Y + 80 + 700 = 1780 + 0.72Y$$

 $Y - 0.72Y = 1780 \implies 0.28Y = 1780 \implies Y = 6357.14$

2. **Fiscal surplus.** The revenue is T = 100 + 0.1Y, and the total spending is G + Tr.

$$T = 100 + 0.1 \cdot 6357.14 = 735.71,$$
 $G + \text{Tr} = 200 + 200 = 400$
Fiscal surplus $= T - (G + \text{Tr}) = 335.71$

3. Equilibrium income (open economy). Now Y = C + I + G + (X - M). With $Y_d = 0.9Y + 100$,

$$C = 1000 + 0.8(0.9Y + 100) = 1080 + 0.72Y, \quad X - M = 800 - (500 + 0.1Y) = 300 - 0.1Y$$

Then

$$Y = (1080 + 0.72Y) + 500 + 200 + (300 - 0.1Y) = 2080 + 0.62Y$$

 $Y - 0.62Y = 2080 \implies 0.38Y = 2080 \implies Y = 5473.68$

4. Trade balance.

$$X - M = 300 - 0.1 \cdot 5473.68 = 300 - 547.37 = -247.37$$

5. Effect of $\Delta G = +1000$. Let G' = 200 + 1000 = 1200. Repeating (c):

$$Y' = (1080 + 0.72Y') + 500 + 1200 + (300 - 0.1Y') = 3080 + 0.62Y' \implies 0.38Y' = 3080 \implies Y' = 8105.26$$

Revenue:

$$T' = 100 + 0.1 \cdot 8105.26 = 910.53, \quad G' + \text{Tr} = 1200 + 200 = 1400$$

Fiscal surplus' = $910.53 - 1400 = -489.47$

Trade balance:

$$X - M' = 800 - (500 + 0.1 \cdot 8105.26) = 800 - 1310.53 = -510.53$$