[two rules]

## PREFACE.

T<sup>2</sup>HE writing of Characters was a Kind of Wit much in Fashion in the Beginning of the last Century, The two principal Authors in this Way were Sir Thomas Overbury, and Dr. John Earle Tutor to Prince Charles in 1643, and after the Reftoration Dean of Westminster, and fucceffively Bifhop of Worcester and Salisbury. How agreeable thefe Sorts of Effays were to the public Tafte may be judged from Sir Thomas's little Book having fourteen Editions before 1632, and the Bishop's fix between 1628 and 1633. Whether Butler has equalled or excelled them, and what Place he is to hold in this Class of Writers must be left to the Decifion of the Public, as the Intereft and Prejudice of a Publisher may render me a fuspected or an incompetent Judge. The Reader will have an Opportunity of determining for him felf, as they have all attempted to draw the fame Pictures.

As in fuch a Variety of Characters there muft be fome drawn from Originals in general the fame, and only differenced by particular Circumftances, the fame Observations are fometimes repeated. Whether the Author in this Case requires any Apology must be left to his Judges the Critics; it is enough for me that I can say I have done him Justice in publishing them.

As most of these Characters are dated when they were composed, I can inform the curious, that they were chiefly drawn up from 1667 to 1669, at which time, as has been before observed, Butler resided in Wales under the Protection of Lord Carbery.

[double rule]

## A HUFFING COURTIER

I<sup>2</sup>s a Cypher, that has no Value himfelf, but from the Place he ftands in. All his Happinefs confifts in the Opinion he believes others have of it. This is his Faith, but as it is heretical and erroneous, though he fuffer much Tribulation for it, he continues obstinate, and not to be convinced. He flutters up and down like a Butterfly in a Garden; and while he is pruning of his Perugue takes Occasion to contemplate his Legs, and the Symmetry of his Britches. He is part of the Furniture of the Rooms, and ferves for a walking Picture, a moving Piece of Arras. His Bufiness is only to be feen, and he performs it with admirable Industry, placing himself always in the beft Light, looking wonderfully Politic, and cautious whom he mixes withal. His Occupation is to flow his Cloaths, and if they could but walk themselves, they would fave him the

Labour, and do his Work as well as himfelf. His Immunity from Varlets is his Freehold, and he were a loft Man without it. His Cloaths are but his Taylor's Livery, which he gives him, for 'tis ten to one he never pays for them. He is very careful to difcover the Lining of his Coat, that you may not fufpect any Want of Integrity of Flaw in him from the Skin outwards. His Taylor is his Creator, and makes him of nothing; and though he lives by Faith in him, he is perpetually committing Iniquities againft him. His Soul dwells in the Outfide of him, like that of a hollow Tree; and if you do but pill the Bark off him

he deceases immediately. His Carriage of himself is the wearing of his Cloaths, and, like the Cinamon Tree, his Bark is better than his Body. His looking big is rather a Tumor, than Greatness. He is an Idol, that has just so much Value, as other Men give him that believe in him, but none of his own. He makes him Ignorance pass for Reserve, and, like a Hunting-nag, leaps over what he cannot get through. He has just so much of Politics, as Hostlers in the University have Latin. He is as humble as a Jesuit to his Superior; but re-

pays himfelf again in Infolence over those, that are below him; and with a generous Scorn despifes those, that can neither do him good, nor hurt. He adores those, that may do him good, though he knows they never will; and despites those, that would not hurt him, if they could. The Court is his Church, and he believes as that believes, and cries up and down every Thing, as he finds it pass there. It is a great Comfort to him to think, that fome who do not know him may perhaps take him for a Lord; and while that Thought lafts he looks bigger than usual, and forgets his Acquaintance; and that's the Reafon why he will fometimes know you, and fometimes not. Nothing but want of Money or Credit puts him in mind that he is mortal; but then he trufts Providence that fomebody will truft him; and in Expectation of that hopes for a better Life, and that his Debts will never rife up in Judgment against him. To get in debt is to labour in his Vocation; but to pay is to forfeit his Protection; for what's that worth to one that owes Nothing? His Employment being only to wear his Cloaths, the whole Account of his Life and Actions is recorded in Shopkeepers Books, that are his faithful Hiftoriographers to

their own Pofterity; and he believes he lofes fo much Reputation, as he pays off his Debts; and that no Man wears his Cloaths in Fashion, that pays for them, for noting is further from the Mode. He believes that he that runs in Debt is beforehand with those that trust him, and only those, that pay, are behind. His Brains are turned giddy, like one that walks on the Top of a House; and that's the Reason it is fo troublefome to him to look downwards. He is a Kind of Spectrum, and his Cloaths are the Shape he takes to appear and walk in; and when he puts them off he vanishes. He runs as bufily out of one Room into another, as a great Practifer does in Westminster-Hall from one Court to another. When he accofts a Lady he puts both Ends of his Microcofm in Motion, by making Legs at one End, and combing his Peruque at the other. His Garniture is the Sauce to his Cloaths, and he walks in his Portcannons like one, that ftalks in long Grafs. Every Motion of him crys Vanity of Vanities, all is Vanity, quoth the Preacher. He rides himself like a well-managed Horfe, reins in his Neck, and walks Terra Terra. He carries his elbows backward, as if he were

pinioned like a truft-up Fowl, and moves as ftiff as if he was upon the Spit. His Legs are ftuck in his great voluminous Britches, like the Whiftles in a Bagpipe, those abundant Britches, in which his nether Parts are not cloathed, but packt up. His Hat has been long in a Confumption of the Fashion, and is now almost worn to Nothing; if it do not recover quickly it will grown too little for a Head of Garlick. He wears Garniture on the Toes of his Shoes to justify his Prentensions to the Gout, or such other Malady, that for the Time being

is most in Fashion or Request. When he falutes a Friend he pulls off his Hat, as Women do their Vizard-Masques. His Ribbons are of the true Complexion of his Mind, a Kind of painted Cloud or gawdy Rainbow, that has no Colour of it felf, but what is borrows from Reflection. He is as tender of his Cloaths, as a Coward is of his Flesh, and as loth to have them disordered. His Bravery is all his Happiness; and like Atlas he carries his Heaven on his Back. He is like the golden Fleece, a fine Outside on a Sheep's Back. He is a Monster or an Indian Creature, that is good for nothing in the World but to be seen. He puts himself up into a Sedan, like a Fiddle

in a Cafe, and is taken out again for the Ladies to play upon, who when they have done with him, let down his treble-String, till they are in the Humour again. His Cook and Valet de Chambre confpire to drefs Dinner and him fo punctually together, that the one may not be ready before the other. As Peacocks and Oftridges have the gaudieft and fineft Feathers, yet cannot fly; fo all his Bravery is to flutter only. The Beggars call him my Lord, and he takes them at their Words, and pays them for it. If you praife him, he is fo true and faithful to the Mode, that he never fails to make you a Prefent of himfelf, and will not be refused, tho' you know not what to do with him when you have him.

[double rule]

## AN ANTIQUARY

I<sup>2</sup>s one that has his Being in this Age, but his Life and Conversation is in the Days of old. He despifes the present Age as an Innovation, and flights the future; but has a great Value for that, which is paft and gone, like the Madman, that fell in Love with Cleopatra. He is an old frippery-Philosopher, that has fo ftrange a natural Affection to worm-eaten Speculation, that it is apparent he has a Worm in his Skull. He honours his Forefathers and Fore-mothers, but condemns his Parents as too modern, and no better than Upftarts. He neglects himfelf, because he was born in his own Time, and fo far off Antiquity, which he fo much admires; and repines, like a younger Brother, because he came so late into the World. He fpends the one half of his Time in collecting old infignificant Trifles,

and the other in flewing them, which he takes fingular Delight in; because the oftener he does it, the further they are from being new to him. All his Curioufities take place of one another according to their Seniority, and he values them not by their Abilities, but their Standing. He has a great Veneration for Words that are ftricken in Years, and are grown fo aged, that they have out-lived their Employments—Thefe he uses with a Respect agreeable to their Antiquity, and the good Services they have done. He throws away his Time in enquiring after that which is paft and gone fo many Ages fince, like one that fhoots away an Arrow, to find out another that was loft before. He fetches things out of Duft and Ruins, like the Fable of the chymical Plant raifed out of its own

Afhes. He values one old Invention, that is loft and never to be recovered, before all the new ones in the World, tho' never fo ufeful. The whole Bufinefs of his Life is the fame with his, that fhows the Tombs at *Westminster*, only the one does it for his Pleafure, and the other for Money. As every Man has but one Father, but two Grand-Fathers and a World of Anceftors; fo he has a proportional Value

for Things that are antient, and the further off the greater.

He is a great Time-ferver, but it is of Time out of Mind, to which he conforms exactly, but is wholly retied from the prefent. His Days were fpent and gone long before he came into the World, and fince his only Bufiness is to collect what he can out of the Ruins of them. He has fo ftrong a natural Affection to any Thing that is old, that he may truly fay to Duft and Worms you are my Father, and to Rottenness thou are my Mother. He has no Providence nor Fore-fight; for all his Contemplations look backward upon the Days of old, and his Brains are turned with them, as if he walked backwards. He had rather interpret one obfcure Word in any old fenfeless Difcourfe, than be the Author of the most ingenious new one; and with Scaliger would fell the Empire of Germany<sup>1</sup> (if it were in his Power) for an old Song. He devours an old Manufcript with greater Relish than Worms and Moths do, and, though there be nothing in it, values

it above any Thing printed, which he accounts but a Novelty. When he happens to cure a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> And with Scaliger would fell the Empire of Germany] This alludes to a ranting Exclamation of Scaliger's upon an Ode in Horace, which he was particularly pleased with.

fmall Botch in an old Author, he is as proud of it, as if he had got the Philosophers Stone, and could cure all the Diseases of Mankind. He values things wrongfully upon their Antiquity, forgetting that the most modern are really the most ancient of all Things in the World, like those that reckon their Pounds before their Shillings and Pence, of which they are made up. He esteems no Customs but such as have outlived themselves, and are long since out of Use; as the *Catholics* allow of no Saints, but such as are dead, and the *Fanatics*, Opposition, of none but the Living.

 $[two\ rules]$ 

## AN ALDERMAN

H<sup>2</sup>AS taken his Degree in Cheating, and the highest of his Faculty; or paid for refufing his MANDAMUS. He is a Peer of the City, and a Member of their upper House, Who, as foon as he arrives at fo many thousand Pounds, is bound by the Charter to ferve the Public with fo much Understanding, what fhift foever he make to raife it, and wear a Chain about his Neck like a Raindeer, or in Default to commute, and make Satisfaction in ready Money, the beft Reafon of the Place; for which hi has the Name only, like a titular Prince, and is an Alderman extraordinary. But if his Wife can prevail with him to ftand, he becomes one of the City-fupporters, and, like the Unicorn in the King's Arms, wears a Chain about his Neck very right-worshipfully. He wears Scarlet, as the Whore of Babylon does, not for her honefty, but the Rank and Quality

fhe is of among the Wicked, When he fits as a Judge in his Court he is absolute, and uses arbitrary Power; for he is not bound to underftand what he does, nor render an Account why he gives Judgment on one Side rather than another; but his Will is fufficient to ftand for his Reafon, to all Intents and Purpofes. He does no public Bufiness without eating and drinking, and never meets about Matters of Importance, but the Cramming his Infide is the most weighty Part of the Work of the Day. He dispatches no public Affair until he has thoroughly dined upon it, and is fully fatisfied with Quince-Pye and Cuftard: for Men are wifer, the *Italians* fay, after their Bellies are full, than when they are fafting, and he is very cautious to omit no Occasion of improving his Parts that Way. He is fo careful of the Interest of his Belly, and manages it so industrioufly, that in a little Space it grows great and takes Place of all the reft of his Members. and becomes fo powerful, that they will never be in a Condition to rebel against it any more. He is cloathed in Scarlet the Livery of his Sins, like the rich Glutton, to put him in Mind of what Means he came to his Wealth and Preferment by. He makes a Trade of his Eat-

ing, and, like a Cock, fcrapes when he feeds; for the Public pays for all and more, which he and his Brethren fhare among themfelves; for they never make a dry Reckoning. When he comes to be Lord-Mayor he does not keep a great Houfe, but a very great Houfe-warming for a whole Year; for though he invites all the *Companies* in the City he does not treat them, but they club to entertain him, and pay the Reckoning beforehand. His Fur-gown makes him look a great deal bigger than he is, like

the Feathers of an Owl, and when he pulls it off, he looks as if he were fallen away, or like a Rabbet, had his Skin pulled off.