**1.** Show that if  $1 \leq p \leq q < \infty$ , and  $(X, \mu)$ ,  $(Y, \nu)$  are  $\sigma$ -finite, then

$$\left(\left(\int_X |f(x,y)|^p \, d\mu(x)\right)^{\frac{q}{p}} d\nu(y)\right)^{\frac{1}{q}} \leq \left(\left(\int_X |f(x,y)|^q \, d\nu(y)\right)^{\frac{p}{q}} d\mu(x)\right)^{\frac{1}{p}}.$$

Give an example to show that this inequality can fail if q < p. Hint: consider a function g that is periodic with period 1, and f(x,y) = g(x-y) on the unit square.

- 2. Folland page 192, Problem 21.
- 3. Folland page 196, Problem 31.
- 4. Folland page 197, Problem 32.
- 5. Folland page 199, Problem 36.