# STAT 447 Assignment 3

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## Question 1: Functions on the Unit Interval

For this question, use Simple Monte Carlo. The main twist compared to week one is that you will use a continuous random variable.

### Part 1

Write a function called mc\_estimate that takes a function  $f:[0,1]\to\mathbb{R}$  and outputs the Monte Carlo estimato of  $\int_0^1 f(x)dx$  using n=10,000 independent samples from unif(0,1).

#### Part 2

Consider the function  $f:[0,1]\to[0,\infty)$  given by:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2(1-x)}}$$

Note, importantly, that

$$\mathcal{I}_1 = \int_0^1 f(x) dx = \frac{\pi}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}$$

Test your implementation of mc\_estimate by checking that it produces an answer close to the value above.

```
eq_1_result = pi / (sin(pi/3))
eq_1_result
```

## [1] 3.627599

#### Part 3

The following integral, known as the sine integral, does not admit a closed-form expression.

$$\mathcal{I}_2 = \int_0^1 \frac{\sin(t)}{t} \mathrm{d}t$$

It does not admit a closed-form expression. Estimate its value using mc\_estimate(f).

#### Solution

To test our Monte Carlo Approximation, we will evaluate Si(1) using the pracma package.

### Si(1)

## [1] 0.9460831

# Question 2 : Posterior and Point Estimates

- Part 1
- Part 2
- Part 3
- Part 4

Question 3: Bayes Action

- Part 1
- Part 2