CSE-150 Final Project

I used the grading rubric for my report design and for prompts to demonstrate my code.

Mininet Topology

Devices are successfully created

```
mininet> nodes
available nodes are:
c0 h101 h102 h103 h104 h201 h202 h203 h204 h_server h_trust h_untrust s1 s2 s3
4 s5 s6
```

'nodes' displays all hosts, switches, and controllers. We successfully create controller c0, our hosts, and s1 (floor 1 switch 1), s2 (floor 1 switch 2), s3 (floor 2 switch 1), s4 (floor 2 switch 2), s5 (core switch), and s6 (data center switch).

Links are successfully created, and the topology is correct

```
mininet> links
                                            h101 h101-eth0:s1-eth8
h101-eth0<->s1-eth8 (OK OK)
                                            h102 h102-eth0:s1-eth9
h102-eth0<->s1-eth9 (OK OK)
                                            h103 h103-eth0:s2-eth8
h103-eth0<->s2-eth8 (OK OK)
                                            h104 h104-eth0:s2-eth9
h104-eth0<->s2-eth9 (OK OK)
                                            h201 h201-eth0:s3-eth8
h201-eth0<->s3-eth8 (OK OK)
                                            h202 h202-eth0:s3-eth9
                                            h203 h203-eth0:s4-eth8
h202-eth0<->s3-eth9 (OK OK)
                                            n204 h204-eth0:s4-eth9
h203-eth0<->s4-eth8 (OK OK)
                                            h server h server-eth0:s6-eth8
h204-eth0<->s4-eth9 (OK OK)
                                            h trust h trust-eth0:s5-eth5
h server-eth0<->s6-eth8 (OK OK)
                                            h_untrust_h untrust-eth0:s5-eth7
                                            sī lo: s1-eth3:s5-eth1 s1-eth8:h101-eth0 s1-eth9:h102-eth0 s2 lo: s2-eth3:s5-eth2 s2-eth8:h103-eth0 s2-eth9:h104-eth0 s3 lo: s3-eth3:s5-eth3 s3-eth8:h201-eth0 s3-eth9:h202-eth0
h trust-eth0<->s5-eth5 (OK OK)
h_untrust-eth0<->s5-eth7 (OK OK)
s1-eth3<->s5-eth1 (OK OK)
                                            s4 lo: s4-eth3:s5-eth4 s4-eth8:h203-eth0 s4-eth9:h204-eth0
s2-eth3<->s5-eth2 (OK OK)
                                            55 lo: s5-eth1:s1-eth3 s5-eth2:s2-eth3 s5-eth3:s3-eth3 s5-eth4:s4-eth3 s5-eth5
s3-eth3<->s5-eth3 (OK OK)
                                            n_trust-eth0 s5-eth6:s6-eth2 s5-eth7:h_untrust-eth0
 s4-eth3<->s5-eth4 (OK OK)
                                            s6 lo: s6-eth2:s5-eth6 s6-eth8:h server-eth0
s6-eth2<->s5-eth6 (OK OK)
```

'links' displays our topology, and we can see each host connected to the proper switch, and each switch connected to the core switch. 'net' is very similar.

IP addresses are correct

'py net.hosts' displays all ip addresses of each host, and we see that each one is correct.

Pox Controller

Hosts can communicate, Trusted Host cannot send ICMP traffic to Host 201 to 204, Trusted Host can send ICMP traffic to Host 101 to 104, Host 101 to 104 cannot send ICMP traffic to Host 201 to 204, Untrusted Host cannot send ICMP traffic to Host 101-104 or 201-204, Untrusted/Trusted Host cannot send any traffic to the LLM Server

```
mininet> pingall
*** Ping: testing ping reachability
h101 -> h102 h103 h104 X X X X h server h trust X
h102 -> h101 h103 h104 X X X X h server h trust X
h103 -> h101 h102 h104 X X X X h server h trust X
h104 -> h101 h102 h103 X X X X h server h trust X
h201 -> X X X X h202 h203 h204 h server X X
h202 -> X X X X h201 h203 h204 h server X X
h203 -> X X X X h201 h202 h204 h server X X
h204 -> X X X X h201 h202 h203 h server X X
h server -> h101 h102 h103 h104 h201 h202 h203 h204 X X
h trust -> h101 h102 h103 h104 X X X X X h untrust
h untrust -> X X X X X X X X X h trust
*** Results: 54% dropped (50/110 received)
mininet> iperf
*** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h101 and h untrust
*** Results: ['5.53 Gbits/sec', '5.53 Gbits/sec']
```

Pingall shows proper communication and ICMP connectivity between hosts as described in the assignment. Iperf is used to show our maximum TCP/UDP bandwidth performance of the network.

Rules are installed in flow table

```
mininet> h101 ping h201
PING 128.114.2.201 (128.114.2.201) 56(84) bytes of data.
--- 128.114.2.201 ping statistics ---
2 packets transmitted, 0 received, 100% packet loss, time 1001ms
mininet> dpctl dump-flows
*** s1 ----
NXST FLOW reply (xid=0x4):
 cookie=0x0, duration=5.617s, table=0, n packets=2, n bytes=196, idle timeout=3
, hard timeout=30, idle age=4, icmp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:01,dl
dst=00:00:00:00:00:05,nw src=128.114.1.101,nw dst=128.114.2.201,nw tos=0,icmp t
pe=8.icmp code=0 actions=output:3
 cookie=0x0, duration=0.618s, table=0, n packets=1, n bytes=42, idle timeout=30
 hard timeout=30, idle age=0, arp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:01,dl d
t=00:00:00:00:00:05,arp spa=128.114.1.101,arp tpa=128.114.2.201,arp op=1 action
=FL00D
 cookie=0x0, duration=0.561s, table=0, n packets=1, n bytes=42, idle timeout=30
 hard timeout=30, idle age=0, arp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:05,dl d
t=00:00:00:00:00:01,arp spa=128.114.2.201,arp tpa=128.114.1.101,arp op=2 action
=FL00D
*** s2 --
NXST FLOW reply (xid=0x4):
 cookie=0x0, duration=0.615s, table=0, n packets=1, n bytes=42, idle timeout=30
 hard timeout=30, idle age=0, arp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:01,dl d
t=00:00:00:00:00:05,arp spa=128.114.1.101,arp tpa=128.114.2.201,arp op=1 action
=FL00D
 cookie=0x0, duration=0.579s, table=0, n packets=1, n bytes=42, idle timeout=30
 hard timeout=30, idle age=0, arp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:05,dl d
t=00:00:00:00:00:01,arp spa=128.114.2.201,arp tpa=128.114.1.101,arp op=2 action
=FL00D
*** s3 ---
NXST FLOW reply (xid=0x4):
 cookie=0x0, duration=0.641s, table=0, n packets=1, n bytes=42, idle timeout=30
 hard timeout=30, idle age=0, arp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:01,dl d
t=00:00:00:00:00:05,arp spa=128.114.1.101,arp tpa=128.114.2.201,arp op=1 action
=FL00D
 cookie=0x0, duration=0.635s, table=0, n packets=1, n bytes=42, idle timeout=30
hard timeout=30, idle age=0, arp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:05,dl d
t=00:00:00:00:00:01,arp spa=128.114.2.201,arp tpa=128.114.1.101,arp op=2 action
=FL00D
*** s4 ---
NXST FLOW reply (xid=0x4):
 cookie=0x0, duration=0.693s, table=0, n packets=1, n bytes=42, idle timeout 430
 hard timeout=30, idle age=0, arp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:01,dl d
t=00:00:00:00:00:05,arp spa=128.114.1.101,arp tpa=128.114.2.201,arp op=1 action
=FL00D
 cookie=0x0, duration=0.665s, table=0, n packets=1, n bytes=42, idle timeout=30
hard timeout=30, idle age=0, arp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:05,dl d
t=00:00:00:00:00:01,arp spa=128.114.2.201,arp tpa=128.114.1.101,arp op=2 action
=FL00D
```

```
NXST FLOW reply (xid=0x4):
 cookie=0x0, duration=5.764s, table=0, n packets=2, n bytes=196, idle timeout=3
 hard timeout=30, idle age=4, icmp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:01,dl
dst=00:00:00:00:00:05,nw src=128.114.1.101,nw dst=128.114.2.201,nw tos=0,icmp t
pe=8,icmp code=0 actions=drop
 cookie=0x0, duration=0.758s, table=0, n packets=1, n bytes=42, idle timeout=30
 hard timeout=30, idle age=0, arp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:01,dl d
t=00:00:00:00:00:05,arp spa=128.114.1.101,arp tpa=128.114.2.201,arp op=1 action
=FLOOD
cookie=0x0, duration=0.723s, table=0, n packets=1, n bytes=42, idle timeout=30
hard timeout=30, idle age=0, arp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:05,dl d
t=00:00:00:00:00:01,arp spa=128.114.2.201,arp tpa=128.114.1.101,arp op=2 action
=FL00D
*** s6 ---
NXST FLOW reply (xid=0x4):
cookie=0x0, duration=0.776s, table=0, n packets=1, n bytes=42, idle timeout=30
hard timeout=30, idle age=0, arp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:01,dl d
t=00:00:00:00:00:05,arp spa=128.114.1.101,arp tpa=128.114.2.201,arp op=1 action
=FLOOD
cookie=0x0, duration=0.749s, table=0, n packets=1, n bytes=42, idle timeout=30
hard timeout=30, idle age=0, arp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:05,dl d
t=00:00:00:00:00:01,arp spa=128.114.2.201,arp tpa=128.114.1.101,arp op=2 action
=FL00D
```

(I use 'h101 ping h102' as an example to trigger the pox controller to install flow rules in the switches) I call 'dpctl dump-flows' to show the flow table and installed rules (corresponding to 'h101 ping h102' in this example) for the switches.

IP traffic is implemented without using OFPP FLOOD

```
mininet> h101 ping h201
PING 128.114.2.201 (128.114.2.201) 56(84) bytes of data.
--- 128.114.2.201 ping statistics ---
2 packets transmitted, 0 received, 100% packet loss, time 1001ms
mininet> dpctl dump-flows
*** s1 ----
NXST FLOW reply (xid=0x4):
 cookie=0x0, duration=5.617s, table=0, n packets=2, n bytes=196, idle timeout=3
 hard timeout=30, idle age=4, icmp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:01,dl
dst=00:00:00:00:00:00<del>:05,nw_src=128</del>.114.1.101,nw_dst=128.114.2.201,nw_tos=0,icmp_t
pe=8,icmp code=0(actions=output:3)
 cookie=0x0, duration=0.618s, table=0, n packets=1, n bytes=42, idle timeout=30
 hard timeout=30, idle age=0, arp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:01,dl d
t=00:00:00:00:00:05,arp spa=128.114.1.101,arp tpa=128.114.2.201,arp op=1 action
=FL00D
 cookie=0x0, duration=0.561s, table=0, n packets=1, n bytes=42, idle timeout=30
 hard timeout=30, idle age=0, arp,vlan tci=0x0000,dl src=00:00:00:00:00:05,dl d
t=00:00:00:00:00:01,arp spa=128.114.2.201,arp tpa=128.114.1.101,arp op=2 action
=FL00D
```

As seen earlier in 'dpctl dump-flows', the IP traffic is handled by porting to specific ports, not to OFPP_FLOOD. All IP traffic is specifically ported to reach the proper host. Additionally, my

finalcontroller_skel.py can be seen to use OFPP_FLOOD only twice, first for IP traffic that *doesn't* need to be entirely blocked/ported to a specific port, and second to flood all other non-IP traffic.

Untrusted Host can send traffic (not ICMP) to the hosts

```
mininet> iperf h_untrust h101
*** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h_untrust and h101
*** Results: ['81.8 Mbits/sec', '82.3 Mbits/sec']

mininet> iperf h_untrust h201
*** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h_untrust and h201
*** Results: ['166 Mbits/sec', '169 Mbits/sec']
```

iperf shows a TCP connection between h_untrust and h101, which wouldn't be possible if all traffic was blocked from h_untrust to h101. This can be replicated for each host (201 is included as well as an example) except for h server.

Untrusted/Trust Host cannot send any traffic to the LLM Server

```
mininet> iperf h_trust h_server

*** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h_trust and h_server

^C
Interrupt
mininet> iperf h_untrust h_server

*** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h_untrust and h_server

^C
Interrupt_
```

I ran iperf to attempt to establish a TCP connection between trusted and untrusted hosts and the server, and after plenty of time I ran control+C to Interrupt. This failure of iperf suggests no traffic can be sent from untrusted and trusted hosts to the server.