

7.2 AREA BETWEEN CURVES

(107)

AREA BETWEEN 2 CURVES $f(x) \neq g(x)$
ON THE INTERVAL $a \leq x \leq b$

$$\text{AREA} = \int_a^b \underbrace{(f(x) - g(x))}_{\substack{\text{TOP} - \text{BOTTOM} \\ \text{HEIGHT} \cdot \text{WIDTH}}} dx$$

SEE p. 374-375
FOR ILLUSTRATION
& DISCUSSION

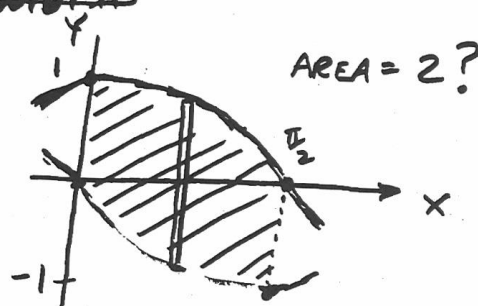
EXAMPLE

FIND AREA BETWEEN

$$Y = \cos X \neq Y = -\sin X$$

FROM 0 TO $\pi/2$.

$$(a=0, b=\pi/2)$$



$$\text{AREA} = \int_0^{\pi/2} (\cos x - (-\sin x)) dx$$

$$\text{AREA} = \int_0^{\pi/2} (\cos x + \sin x) dx = (\sin x - \cos x) \Big|_0^{\pi/2}$$

$$\text{AREA} = (\sin \frac{\pi}{2} - \cos \frac{\pi}{2}) - (\sin 0 - \cos 0)$$

$$= (1 - 0) - (0 - 1) = \underline{\underline{2}} \quad \boxed{\text{AREA} = 2}$$

OR $\text{fnint}(\cos x + \sin x, x, 0, \pi/2)$ ENTER $\underline{\underline{2}}$

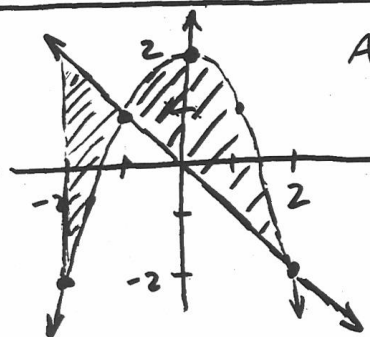
\uparrow (2ND CALC) \swarrow TI-89 \int

HWORk p. 380-381 \rightarrow 2, 5, 6, 11-13, 33

EXAMPLE

(108)

FIND THE AREA OF THE REGION ENCLOSED BY $Y=2-X^2$ AND $Y=-X$, BETWEEN -2 AND 2



$$\text{AREA} = 2 + 4?$$

$$\text{AREA} = \text{AREA 1} + \text{AREA 2}$$

$$= \int_{-2}^{-1} (-X - (2 - X^2)) dx + \int_{-1}^2 ((2 - X^2) - (-X)) dx$$

USE TI-89

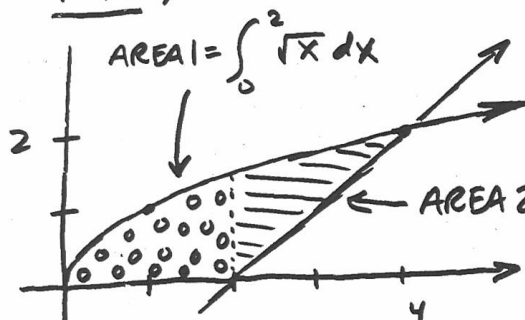
$$= 1\frac{1}{6} + 4\frac{1}{2}$$

$$= 6.33$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2 - X^2 &= -X \\ X^2 - X - 2 &= 0 \\ (X+1)(X-2) &= 0 \\ X &= -1, X = 2 \\ \text{OR TI-86 ISECT} \end{aligned}$$

EXAMPLE 4 p. 377

FIND THE AREA BOUNDED IN QUADRANT I BY $Y=\sqrt{X}$, THE X-AXIS AND $Y=X-2$.



$$\text{AREA 1} = \int_0^2 \sqrt{X} dx$$

$$\text{AREA} = \text{AREA 1} + \text{AREA 2}$$

$$\text{AREA 2} = \int_2^4 (\sqrt{X} - (X-2)) dx$$

TI-89

$$\text{AREA} = \text{fnint}(\sqrt{X}, X, 0, 2) + \text{fnint}(\sqrt{X} - (X-2), X, 2, 4) = \frac{10}{3}$$

HOMWORK p. 381 → 7-10, 14, 16

7.2 CONTINUED

INTEGRATING WITH RESPECT TO Y.

(109)

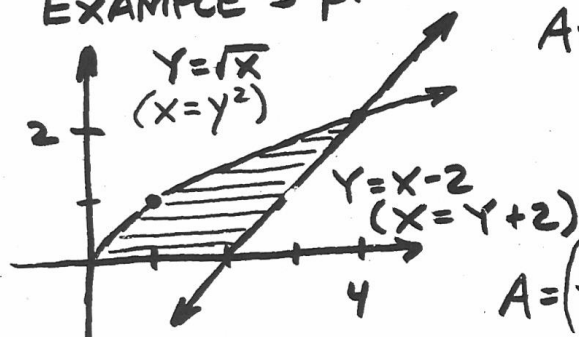
AREA BETWEEN 2 CURVES $f(y)$ & $g(y)$
ON THE INTERVAL $a \leq y \leq b$

$$\text{AREA} = \int_a^b (f(y) - g(y)) dy$$

RIGHT LEFT

SEE P. 378 FOR
ILLUSTRATION
& DISCUSSION.
(NOTE EXAMPLE 5)

EXAMPLE 5 p. 378



$$A = \int_0^2 [(y+2) - y^2] dy$$

$$= \left(\frac{y^2}{2} + 2y - \frac{y^3}{3} \right) \bigg|_0^2$$

$$A = \left(\frac{2^2}{2} + 2 \cdot 2 - \frac{2^3}{3} \right) - \left(\frac{0^2}{2} + 2 \cdot 0 - \frac{0^3}{3} \right)$$

AREA = $10/3$

OR $\int (y+2-y^2, y, 0, 2)$ ENTER $10/3$

OR $\text{fnint}(x+2-x^2, x, 0, 2)$ ENTER $10/3$

SWITCHING VARIABLES

EXAMPLE

FIND THE AREA BETWEEN

$$x = 3y - y^2 \text{ AND } x + y = 3$$

SWITCH THE VARIABLES \Rightarrow

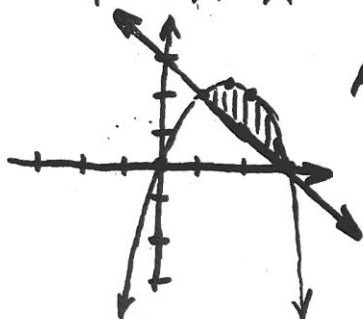
$$X = 3Y - Y^2$$

$$X + Y = 3$$

(110)

$$Y = 3X - X^2$$

$$Y + X = 3 \quad (Y = -X + 3)$$



$$\begin{aligned} A &= \int_1^3 ((3X - X^2) - (-X + 3)) dx \\ &= \int_1^3 (-X^2 + 4X - 3) dx \\ &= \left[-\frac{X^3}{3} + \frac{4X^2}{2} - 3X \right]_1^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$A = \left(-\frac{3^3}{3} + \frac{4 \cdot 3^2}{2} - 3 \cdot 3 \right) - \left(-\frac{1^3}{3} + \frac{4 \cdot 1^2}{2} - 3 \cdot 1 \right) = \left(\frac{4}{3} \right)$$

OR fnint($-X^2 + 4X - 3, X, 1, 3$) ENTER 1.333
 (OR 5) TI-89

HOMEWORK p. 380-381

→ 3, 4, 18, 29, 30, 35* ← HARD!