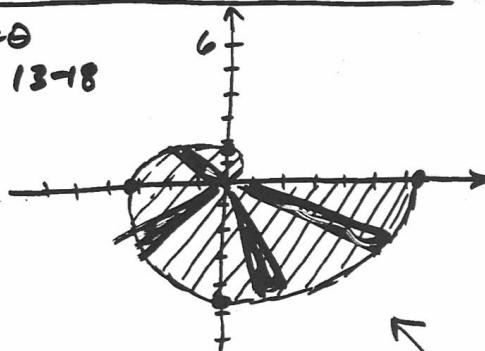


## 10.6 AREA COMPUTATION IN POLAR COORDINATES

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EXAMPLE SKETCH  $r = \theta$   
( $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$ ) LIKE 13-18

$\theta$	$r$
0	0
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{\pi}{2} = 1.57$
$\pi$	$\pi = 3.14$
$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$\frac{3\pi}{2} = 4.71$
$2\pi$	$2\pi = 6.28$



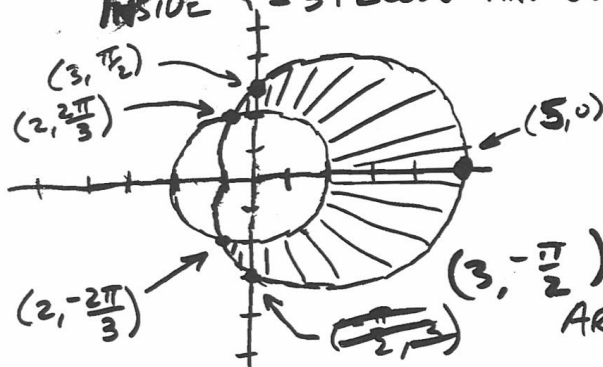
AREA UNDER A POLAR CURVE.

$$A = \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} \frac{1}{2} [f(\theta)]^2 d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{2} \theta^2 d\theta = 41.34 \left( \frac{4\pi^3}{3} \right)$$

EXAMPLE FIND THE AREA OF THE REGION

INSIDE  $r = 3 + 2\cos\theta$  AND OUTSIDE  $r = 2$

FIND INTERSECTIONS



$$\begin{aligned} 2 &= 3 + 2\cos\theta \\ -1 &= 2\cos\theta \\ -\frac{1}{2} &= \cos\theta \quad \theta = \frac{2\pi}{3} \neq -\frac{2\pi}{3} \end{aligned}$$

AREA = OUTSIDE - INSIDE AREA

$$\begin{aligned} \text{AREA} &= \int_{-\frac{2\pi}{3}}^{\frac{2\pi}{3}} \frac{1}{2} [3 + 2\cos\theta]^2 d\theta - \int_{-\frac{2\pi}{3}}^{\frac{2\pi}{3}} \frac{1}{2} 2^2 d\theta \\ &= 32.565 - 8.378 = 24.187 \end{aligned}$$

HOMEWORK p. 566  $\rightarrow$  13, 16, 19, 21, 25

p.559 SLOPE OF A POLAR CURVE  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  (165)

$$Y = r \sin \theta = \overset{u}{f(\theta)} \overset{v}{\sin \theta} \quad \frac{dy}{d\theta} = u v' + v u'$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = f(\theta) \cos \theta + \sin \theta f'(\theta) \quad \leftarrow \text{DERIVATION}$$

$$X = r \cos \theta = \overset{u}{f(\theta)} \overset{v}{\cos \theta} \quad \frac{dx}{d\theta} = u v' + v u'$$

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = f(\theta)(-\sin \theta) + \cos \theta \cdot f'(\theta)$$

$r = f(\theta)$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\frac{dy}{d\theta}}{\frac{dx}{d\theta}} = \frac{f'(\theta) \sin \theta + f(\theta) \cos \theta}{f'(\theta) \cos \theta - f(\theta) \sin \theta}$$

p.566 #4 SEE PICTURE IN BOOK

$r = 3(1 - \cos \theta)$  FIND SLOPE AT  $(3, \frac{3\pi}{2})$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3 \sin \theta \cdot \sin \theta + 3(1 - \cos \theta) \cdot \cos \theta}{3 \sin \theta \cos \theta - 3(1 - \cos \theta) \cdot \sin \theta} \quad \leftarrow \theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3 \sin^2 \frac{3\pi}{2} + 3(1 - \cos \frac{3\pi}{2}) \cos \frac{3\pi}{2}}{3 \sin \frac{3\pi}{2} \cos \frac{3\pi}{2} - 3(1 - \cos \frac{3\pi}{2}) \sin \frac{3\pi}{2}} = \frac{3}{3} = 1$$

HOMEWORK p.566  $\rightarrow 1, 3, 5$

POLE ( $R=0$ )

CHAPTER REVIEW

p.518  $\rightarrow 5, 9, 13$  p.527-528  $\rightarrow 5, 23$

p.537  $\rightarrow 5, 7, 9, 15$  p.545  $\rightarrow$  EXAMPLE 4a

p.549  $\rightarrow 3$  p.558  $\rightarrow 25, 53$  p.566  $\rightarrow 1, 33$