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Q3.	Four masses A, B, C & D are completely balanced. Masses C & D make angles of 90° and 210° respectively with B in the same sense. The planes containing B & C are 300 mm apart. Masses A, B, C & D can be assumed to be concentrated at radii of 360, 480, 240 and 300 mm respectively. The masses B, C and D are 20 kg, 20 kg & 18 kg respectively. Determine the (i) mass A and its angular position, (ii) positions of planes A & D.	[05]	
Q4.	Four masses m_1 , m_2 , m_3 & m_4 are 200 kg, 300 kg, 240 kg & 260 kg respectively. The corresponding radii of rotation are 0.2 m, 0.15 m, 0.25 m & 0.3 m respectively and the angles between successive masses are 45° , 75° and 135° . Find the position and magnitude of the balance mass required, if the radius of rotation is 0.2 m.	[06]	