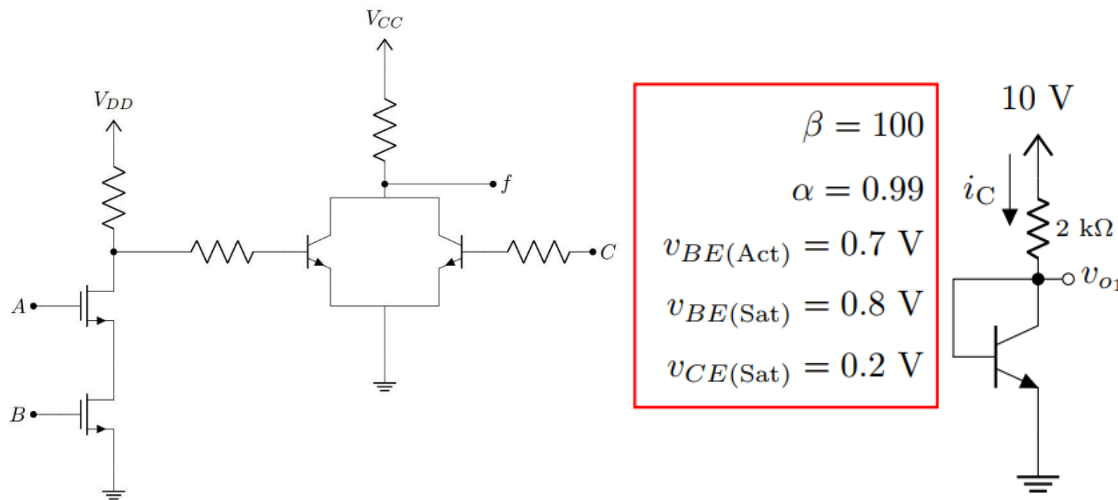


- ✓ Write down your student ID on the **top right corner of each of the pages**.
- ✓ Clearly write the solutions, along with the questions, on white paper with black ink (no need to use color pen, don't use pencils).
- ✓ Use **CamScanner**, or **Adobe Scan**, or **Microsoft Office Lens**, or any other software to scan the pages and make a **single PDF file**.
- ✓ After creating the PDF, make sure that (a) there are no pages missing, (b) all of the pages are legible, (c) your student ID on each page are visible.
- ✓ Please note, **collaboration ≠ copying**. You are allowed to discuss the questions and clear confusion you might have, but you have to write your solutions independently and be able to explain your answers during a random viva.
- ✓ **[Very Important]** Rename the PDF in the following format: "A3_Section_StudentID_FullNameWithoutSpace.pdf". For example, if my student ID is 12345678 and my name is Shadman Shahid, the filename should be "A3_S15_12345678_ShadmanShahid.pdf".
- ✓ **Submission Link:** <https://forms.gle/wy8qrQu7d4keTKKw9>

- For MOSFET $I_{DS(Sat)} = \frac{k}{2} (V_{GS} - V_T)^2$, $I_{DS(Triode)} = k \left(V_{GS} - V_T - \frac{V_{DS}}{2} \right) V_{DS}$, $k_n = \frac{k'_n W}{L}$, $R_{ON} = \frac{1}{k'_n \frac{W}{L} V_{OV}}$
- Consider $\beta = 100$, $V_{BE(Active)} = V_{BE(Sat)} = 0.7 \text{ V}$, $V_{CE(Sat)} = 0.2 \text{ V}$ if not provided.

Question 1:

8 Marks

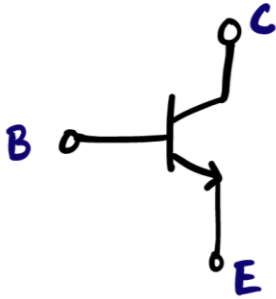


- a) Analyze the circuit in the **left figure** above to find f in terms of boolean inputs A, B, C , and D . [CO2] 2
- b) Design a circuit using **MOSFET logic gates** to implement logic function f found from 'a'. [CO3] 4
- c) Analyze the **right figure** to find i_C and v_{o1} using the **Method of Assumed State**. Validate your assumptions. [CO2] 4

Question 2: CO1

8 Marks

The terminal voltages of various npn transistors are measured during operation in their respective circuits with the following results. In this table, where the entries are in volts, 0 indicates the reference voltage. For each case, identify the mode of operation of the transistor.

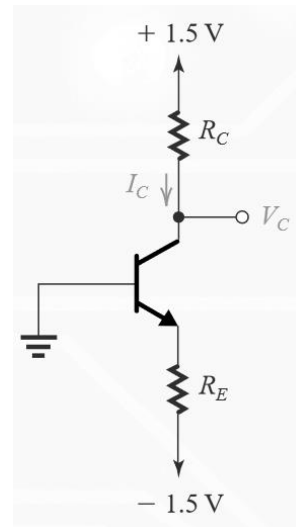


Case	E	B	C	Mode
1.	0	0.7	0.7	
2.	0	0.8	0.1	
3.	-0.7	0	0.7	
4.	-2.7	-2	0	

Question 3

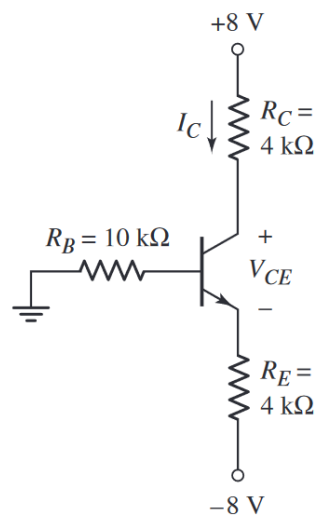
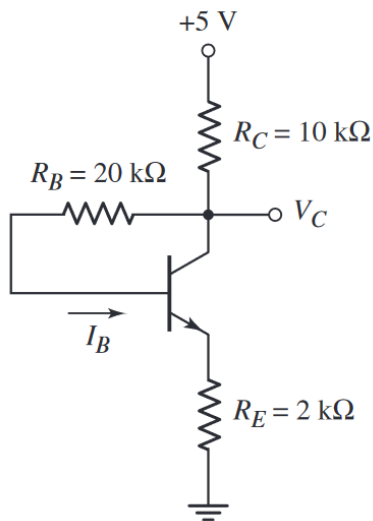
12 Marks

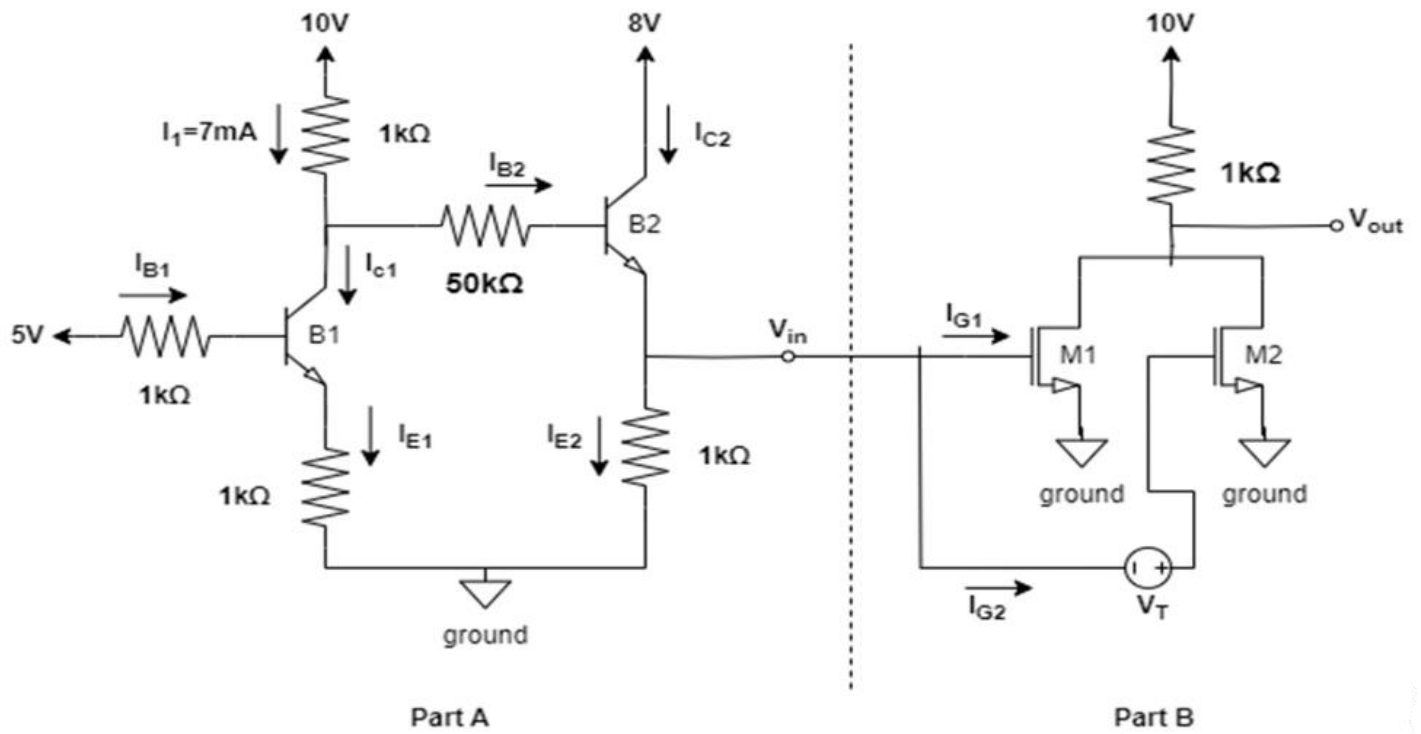
- a. Design the circuit, i.e., determine the Resistor values, to establish $I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ and $V_C = 0.5 \text{ V}$. The transistor exhibits $v_{BE} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ at $i_c = 1 \text{ mA}$, and $\beta = 100$.



[CO3] 4

- b. For the transistors in the adjacent figure, $\beta = 75$. Find the labelled voltages and currents. [CO2] 8
(Assume $V_{BE_0} = 0.7 \text{ V}$, $V_{CE(\text{sat})} = 0.2 \text{ V}$)





In the circuit above, the BJTs have the following specification: $\beta=100$, Forward Active Region: $V_{BE} = 0.7\text{ V}$, $I_C = \beta I_B$, Saturation Region: $V_{BE} = 0.8\text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 0.2\text{ V}$, or the MOSFETs: $V_T =$ Threshold Voltage of M1 and M2.

- Determine i_{g1} and i_{g2} .** [1]
- The SR model of MOSFET is more efficient than the S model- Justify this statement. [1]
- Assume, B1 and B2 are in the **Saturation region**. Calculate i_{c2} . [2]
- Assume, B1 is in the **Forward Active region**. Calculate V_{in} . [4]
- Draw the VTC** of Part- B assuming, $V_T = 8\text{ V}$. [Use S model of MOSFETs]. [2]