

**CSE 330: Summer 2024**  
**Assignment-4**  
**Total Marks: 25**

1. Consider a function  $f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 8x - 8$

(a) (5 + 3 = 8 marks) State the exact roots of  $f(x)$  and construct two different fixed point

functions  $g(x)$  such that  $f(x) = 0$  and prove that  $g_3(x) = \sqrt{\frac{(x^3 + 3x^2 - 8x - 8)}{2}}$

(b) (5 marks) Compute the convergence rate of each fixed point function  $g(x)$  obtained in the previous part, and state which root it is converging to or diverging.

2. Consider the following function:  $f(x) = x^2 \ln x - e^{-x}$

(a) (7 marks) Find solution of  $f(x) = 0$  up to 6 iterations using Newton's method starting with  $x_0 = 0.23$  and also show **relative error** in each iteration, keep up to five significant figures.

(b) (5 marks) Consider the fixed point function,  $g(x) = \frac{2x+5}{\sqrt{x+3}}$ , Show that to become

super-linearly convergent, the root must satisfy  $x^* = -3.5$