Homework 5 Advanced Python Programming Due Date: 10/31

- 1. (The Stock class) Design a class named Stock to represent a company's stock that contains:
 - A private string data field named **symbol** for the stock's symbol.
 - A private string data field named **name** for the stock's name.
 - A private float data field named **previousClosingPrice** that stores the stock price for the previous day.
 - A private float data field named currentPrice that stores the stock price for the current price.
 - A constructor that creates a stock with the specified symbol, name, previous price, and current price.
 - A get method for returning the stock name.
 - A get method for returning the stock symbol.
 - Get and set methods for getting/setting the stock's previous price.
 - Get and set methods for getting/setting the stock's current price.
 - A method named getChangePercent() that returns the percentage changed from previousClosingPrice to currentPrice.

Draw the UML diagram for the class, and then implement the class. Write a test program that creates a **Stock** object with the stock symbol INTC, the name Intel Corporation, the previous closing price of **20.5**, and the new current price of **20.35**, and displays the price change percentage.

- 2. (The Account class) Design a class named Account that contains:
 - A private int data field named id for the account.
 - A private float data field named balance for the account.
 - A private float data field named annualInterestRate that stores the current interest rate.
 - A constructor that creates an account with the specified id (default 0).
 - The accessor and mutator method for id, balance, and annualInterestRate.
 - A method named **getMonthlyInterestRate()** that returns the monthly interest rate.
 - A method named **getMonthlyInterestRate()** that returns the monthly interest.
 - A method named withdraw that withdraws a specified amount from the account.
 - A method named **deposit** that deposits a specified amount to the account.

Draw the UML diagram for the class, and then implement the class. (Hint: the method **getMonthlyInterestRate()** is to return the monthly interest amount, not the interest rate. Use this formula to calculate the monthly interest: **balance** * **monthlyInterestRate**. **monthlyInterestRate** is **annualInterestRate** / **12**. Note that **annualInterestRate** is a percentage (like 4.5%). You need to divide it by **100**.)

Write a test program that creates an **Account** object with an account id of 1122. a balance of \$20,000, and an annual interest rate of 4.5%. Use the XXX method to withdraw \$2,500, use the deposit method to deposit \$3,000, and print the id, balance, monthly interest rate, and the monthly interest.

- 3. (*Geometry: n-sided regular polygon*) An *n-*sided regular polygon's sides all have the same length and all of its angles have the same degree (i.e., the polygon is both equilateral and equiangular). Design a class named **RegularPolygon** that contains:
 - A private int data field named n that defines the number of sides in the polygon.
 - A private float data field named **side** that stores the length of the side.

- A private float data field named x that defines the x-coordinate of the center of the polygon with a default value of 0.
- A private float data field named y that defines the y-coordinate of the center of the polygon with a default value of 0.
- A constructor that creates a regular polygon with the specified *n* (default 3), side (default 1), *x* (default 0), and *y* (default 0).
- The accessor and mutator methods for all data fields.
- The method **getPerimeter()** that returns the perimeter of the polygon.
- The method **getArea()** that returns the area of the polygon. The formula for computing the area of a regular polygon is $Area = \frac{n \times s^2}{4 \times \tan \frac{\pi}{n}}$.

Draw the UML diagram for the class, and then implement the class. Write a test program that creates three **RegularPolygon** objects, created using **RegularPolygon**(), using **RegularPolygon**(4, 6), and **RegularPolygon**(10, 4, 5.6, 7.8). For each object display its perimeter and area.