

# AS-DS Modeling w/ Linear Algebra

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \pi_t = 0 + \bar{v}\tilde{y} + \bar{o} + \pi_{t-1} \\ \tilde{y}_t = -\bar{b}\pi_t + 0 + \bar{a}_t + \bar{b}\bar{\pi} \end{array} \right.$$

• Write  $x_t = \begin{bmatrix} \pi_t \\ y_t \end{bmatrix}$  in terms of  $x_{t-1}$  and  $\varepsilon$

$$\vec{x}_t = \begin{bmatrix} \pi_t \\ y_t \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \overset{\pi_t}{0} & \overset{\pi_t}{\bar{v}} \\ \bar{b} & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{Some matrix } B} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \pi_t \\ y_t \end{bmatrix}}_{\vec{x}_t} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \bar{o}_t \\ \bar{a}_t \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{Some Shocks, } \vec{\varepsilon}_t} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \pi_{t+1} \\ \bar{b} \bar{\pi} \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{using prior term.}}$$

$\varepsilon_t = \pi_t - \bar{\pi}$   
 $\pi_0 = \bar{\pi}$

Write  $\vec{x}_t$  as a function of  $\pi_{t-1}$ :

$$\vec{x}_t = B \vec{x}_t + \vec{\varepsilon}_t + \begin{bmatrix} \pi_{t-1} \\ \bar{b} \bar{\pi} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{x}_t - B \vec{x}_t = \vec{\varepsilon}_t + \begin{bmatrix} \pi_{t-1} \\ \bar{b} \bar{\pi} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{x}_t (I_2 - B) = \vec{\varepsilon}_t + \begin{bmatrix} \pi_{t-1} \\ \bar{b} \bar{\pi} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{x}_t = (I_2 - B)^{-1} \left( \vec{\varepsilon}_t + \begin{bmatrix} \pi_{t-1} \\ \bar{b} \bar{\pi} \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

$$\vec{x}_{t-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \pi_{t-1} \\ \gamma_{t-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \vec{x}_{t-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \pi_{t-1} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{x} = (\mathbf{I}_2 - \mathbf{B})^{-1} \left( \vec{c} + \begin{bmatrix} \pi_{t-1} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \hat{b} \tilde{\pi} \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

$$\vec{x}_t = (\mathbf{I}_2 - \mathbf{B})^{-1} \left( \vec{c}_t + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \vec{x}_{t-1} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \hat{b} \tilde{\pi} \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

$$\vec{x}_t = \underbrace{(\mathbf{I}_2 - \mathbf{B}) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_1 \vec{x}_{t-1} + \underbrace{(\mathbf{I}_2 - \mathbf{B}) \left( \vec{\xi}_t + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{b} \bar{\pi} \end{bmatrix} \right)}_1$$

dynamic term

Some constant  
term  
(may change if  $\xi_t$   
changes)

$$X_t = \begin{pmatrix} \pi_t \\ \tilde{y}_t \end{pmatrix}$$