Old English Paradigms Cheat Sheet

								Α	diective	s and F	Pronoun	ıs								$\overline{}$
									Interrogative and Indefinite Pronouns				nouns		Demonstrati			ive Pronouns		
		Weak Declension Strong Declension					hwā? hwæt? who? what?		iċ, /	c, I bū, hē hēo hit, he she it se, 'this, '				'this, th	that' <i>þes, 'this'</i>					
		m	f	n	m	f	n	mf	n			m	f	n	m	f	n	m	f	n
ا ر	nom.	gōd a	gōde	gōde	gōd	gōd	gōd	hwā	hwæt	iċ	þū	hē	h ēo	hit	se	sēo	þæt	þes	þ ēo s	þis
<u> </u>	accus.	gōdan	gōdan	gōde	gōdne	gōde	gōd	hwone	hwæt	mē	þē	hine	hīe	hit	þone	þā	þæt	þisne	þās	þis
] g	gen.	gōdan	gōdan	gōdan	gōdes	gōdre	gōdes	hwæs	hwæs	mīn	þīn	his	hire	his	þæs	þære	þæs	þisses	þisse	þisses
Singular	dat.	gōdan	gōdan	gōdan	gōdum	gōdre	gōdum	hwæm	hwæm	mē	þē	him	hire	him	þæm	þære	þæm	þissum	þisse	þissum
	instr.	_	_	_	gōde	_	gōde	hwȳ	hwӯ	_	_	_	_	_	þ <u>y</u>	_	þ <u>v</u>	þ <u>y</u> s	_	þ <u>y</u> s
	nom.	gōdan			gō	gōde gōd				wē	ġē		hīe			þā			þās	
la l	accus.	gōdan		gōde gōd		gōd	No plural		ūs	ēow		hīe			þā			þās		
₹	gen.	gōd <mark>ra</mark>		gōd <mark>ra</mark> gōd <mark>ra</mark>		gōdra			ūre	ēower		hira			þāra			þissa		
Ĺ	dat.		gōd <mark>um</mark>		gōd <mark>um</mark> gōdun		gōd <mark>um</mark>	1		ūs	ēow		hi <mark>m</mark>			þǣm			þiss <mark>um</mark>	

- Note that neuter words <u>always</u> have identical forms for the nominative and accusative singular (reverse text)
- Note that all relevant parts of speech (except for the first and second person pronouns) and all genders <u>always</u> have identical forms for the nominative and accusative plural (reverse text)
- 3. Forms in bold and red are unambiguous or very common.

	Nouns															
		٧	Veak Noun	ıs	Strong Nouns											
			n-stems			o-stems			ā-stems		Consonant Declension				u-stems	
		nama, <i>m.</i>	sunne, f.,.	ēage, n.,	stān, <i>m.,</i>	scip, n.,	word, <i>n.,</i>	ġiefu, f.,	lār, <i>f.,</i>	mann, <i>m.,</i>	bōc, f.,	fæder, m.	mōdor, f	sunu, m.	hand, f.	
		'name'	'sun'	'eye'	'stone'	'ship'	'word'	'gift'	'teaching'	'man'	'book'	'father'	'mother'	'son'	'hand'	
a l	nom.	nama	sunne	ēaģe	stān	scip	word	ģiefu	lār	mann	bōc	fæder	mōdor	sunu	hand	
1 🖺	acc.	naman	sunnan	ēaģe	stān	scip	word	ģiefe	lāre	mann	bōc	fæder	mōdor	sunu	hand	
Singular	gen.	naman	sunnan	ēaġan	stān es	scipes	wordes	ġiefe	lāre	mannes	bēċ	fæder	mōdor	sunu	handa	
S	dat.	naman	sunnan	ēaġan	stāne	scipe	worde	ģiefe	lāre	menn	bēċ	fæder	mōdor	suna	handa	
	nom.	naman	sunnan	ēaġan	stānas	scipu	word	ġiefa	lāra	menn	bēċ	fæder	mōdor	suna	handa	
<u></u>	accus.	naman	sunnan	ēaġan	stānas	scipu	word	ġiefa	lāra	menn	bēċ	fæder	mōdor	suna	handa	
Plural	gen.	namena	sunnena	ēaġena	stān a	scipa	worda	ģief <mark>a</mark>	lār a	manna	bōca	fædera	mōdra	suna	handa	
🖺	dat.	nam <mark>um</mark>	sunnum	ēaġ <mark>um</mark>	stān <mark>um</mark>	scipum	wordum	ġief <mark>um</mark>	lār <mark>um</mark>	mann <mark>um</mark>	bōc <mark>um</mark>	fæder <mark>um</mark>	mōdr <mark>um</mark>	sun <mark>um</mark>	handum	

Typical uses of the cases								
Case	Function							
Nominative	Subject							
Accusative	Object							
Genitive	Possession							
Dative	Indirect object Prepositional Objects							
Instrumental (rare)	Instrument							

Remember that the cases also have other uses.

Verbs											
				'Irreg	ular'	Stong	Stong Wea		Weak II		
Tense	Mood	Number	Person	bēon, 'to be'		singan, to	fremman, 'to	hīeran, <i>'to</i>	lufian, 'to		
						sing;	do'	honour'	love'		
			1	eom	bēo	singe	fremme	hīere	lufie		
	Indic.	Singular	2	eart	bi st	sing(e)st	fremest	hīer st	lufast		
	muic.		3	is	bi þ	sing(e)b	frem <mark>eþ</mark>	hīer <mark>þ</mark>	lufa <mark>þ</mark>		
		Plural	1, 2, and 3	sind / sindon	bē oþ	singa <mark>þ</mark>	fremm <mark>aþ</mark>	hīer <mark>aþ</mark>	lufi aþ		
Present	Subjun.	Singular	1, 2, and 3	sīe	bēo	singe	fremme	hīere	lufie		
986	Subjuit.	Plural	1, 2, and 3	sīen	bēon	singen	fremmen	hīer <mark>en</mark>	lufi <mark>en</mark>		
Ā	Imperative	Singular	1, 2, and 3	wes	bēo	sing	freme	hīer	lufa		
	imperative	Plural	1, 2, and 3	wesaþ	bēoþ	sing a þ	fremm <mark>a</mark> þ	hīer <mark>aþ</mark>	lufi a þ		
	Infinitive			bēon		sing an	fremm <mark>an</mark>	hīer <mark>an</mark>	lufi an		
	Infl. Infin.			tō bēonne		tō singenne	tō fremmenne	tō hīerenne	tō lufienne		
	Participle			wes ende	bēo nde	sing ende	fremmende	hīer <mark>ende</mark>	lufi ende		
			1		wæs		fremede	hīer d e	luf <mark>od</mark> e		
	Indic.	Singular	2	wære		sunge	fremedest	hīer dest	lufo dest		
-	muic.	3		wæs		sang	frem <mark>ed</mark> e	hīer d e	luf <mark>od</mark> e		
Past		Plural	1, 2, and 3	wær <mark>on</mark>		sungon	fremedon	hīerd <mark>on</mark>	luf <mark>odon</mark>		
ш	Cubium	Singular	1, 2, and 3	wā	ere	sunge	fremede	hīer d e	luf <mark>od</mark> e		
	Subjun.	Plural	1, 2, and 3	wæren		sungen	fremeden	hīer <mark>den</mark>	luf <mark>oden</mark>		
	Participle			-	_	ģesung <mark>en</mark>	ġefrem <mark>ed</mark>	ġehīer ed	ģeluf <mark>od</mark>		

Common Spelling Substitutions

