Support Vector Machine

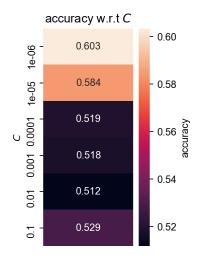
```
In [17]: # imports
         import scipy.io as sio
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import seaborn as sns
         import math
         import random
         from sklearn import svm, preprocessing
         from sklearn.utils import column or 1d
         from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
         %config InlineBackend.figure_format = 'retina'
 In [ ]: def draw heatmap linear(acc, acc_desc, C_list):
             plt.figure(figsize = (2,4))
             ax = sns.heatmap(acc, annot=True, fmt='.3f', yticklabels=C list, xti
         cklabels=[])
             ax.collections[0].colorbar.set_label("accuracy")
             ax.set(ylabel='$C$')
             plt.title(acc desc + ' w.r.t $C$')
             sns.set style("whitegrid", {'axes.grid' : False})
             plt.show()
```

Adult

```
In [5]: arr = np.load('adult.npy') # load the data
        np.random.shuffle(arr)
                                  # Shuffle the data.
        x = arr[:,:-1] # First column to second last column: Features (numeri
        cal values)
        y = arr[:,-1:]  # Last column: Labels (0 or 1)
        print(arr.shape, x.shape, y.shape) # Check the shapes.
        (32561, 203) (32561, 202) (32561, 1)
In [6]: # Take the first 5000 entries as training data (this will be random as t
        he data has been shuffled)
        x train = x[:5000]
        y train = y[:5000]
        # the rest is the test set
        x \text{ test} = x[5000:]
        y \text{ test} = y[5000:]
        print(x train.shape, y train.shape, x test.shape, y test.shape) # check
         the shapes
        (5000, 202) (5000, 1) (27561, 202) (27561, 1)
```

```
In [7]: classifier = svm.LinearSVC()
    C_list = [math.pow(10, -6), math.pow(10, -5),math.pow(10, -4),math.pow(10, -3),math.pow(10, -2),math.pow(10, -1)]
    clf = GridSearchCV(classifier, {'C':C_list})
```

```
In [18]: clf.fit(x_train, column_or_ld(y_train))
acc = []
for result in clf.cv_results_['mean_test_score']:
         acc.append([result])
draw_heatmap_linear(acc, 'accuracy', C_list)
```

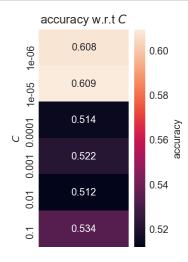


```
In [39]: # Use the best C to calculate the test accuracy.
    c_star_classifier = svm.LinearSVC(C=0.000001)
    c_star_classifier.fit(x_train, column_or_ld(y_train))
    predictions = c_star_classifier.predict(x_test)
    total = 0
    for i in range(0, len(predictions)):
        total += 1 if predictions[i] == y_test[i] else 0
    test_acc = total / len(predictions)
    print('Testing accuracy: ' + str(test_acc))
```

Cover Type

(581012, 55) (581012, 54) (581012, 1)

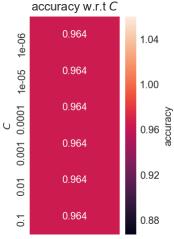
```
In [31]: # Take the first 5000 entries as training data (this will be random as t
         he data has been shuffled)
         x_{train} = x[:5000]
         y_train = y[:5000]
         # the rest is the test set
         x_test = x[5000:]
         y_{test} = y[5000:]
         print(x train.shape, y train.shape, x test.shape, y test.shape) # check
          the shapes
          (5000, 54) (5000, 1) (576012, 54) (576012, 1)
In [32]: classifier = svm.LinearSVC()
         C list
                    = [math.pow(10, -6), math.pow(10, -5), math.pow(10, -4), math.pow(10, -6)]
         ow(10, -3), math.pow(10, -2), math.pow(10, -1)]
         clf = GridSearchCV(classifier, {'C':C_list})
In [33]: clf.fit(x_train, column_or_1d(y_train))
         acc = []
         for result in clf.cv_results_['mean_test_score']:
              acc.append([result])
         draw_heatmap_linear(acc, 'accuracy', C_list)
```



```
In [36]: # Use the best C to calculate the test accuracy.
    c_star_classifier = svm.LinearSVC(C=0.00001)
    c_star_classifier.fit(x_train, column_or_ld(y_train))
    predictions = c_star_classifier.predict(x_test)
    total = 0
    for i in range(0, len(predictions)):
        total += 1 if predictions[i] == y_test[i] else 0
    test_acc = total / len(predictions)
    print('Testing accuracy: ' + str(test_acc))
```

Letter P1

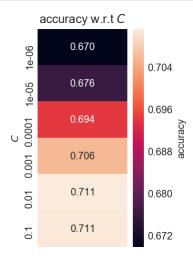
```
In [59]: arr = np.load('letter_pl.npy') # load the data
         np.random.shuffle(arr)
                                    # Shuffle the data.
                          # First column to second last column: Features (numeri
         x = arr[:,:-1]
         cal values)
                          # Last column: Labels (0 or 1)
         y = arr[:,-1:]
         print(arr.shape, x.shape, y.shape) # Check the shapes.
         (20000, 17) (20000, 16) (20000, 1)
In [60]: # Take the first 5000 entries as training data (this will be random as t
         he data has been shuffled)
         x_{train} = x[:5000]
         y_train = y[:5000]
         # the rest is the test set
         x_{test} = x[5000:]
         y_{test} = y[5000:]
         print(x train.shape, y train.shape, x test.shape, y test.shape) # check
          the shapes
         (5000, 16) (5000, 1) (15000, 16) (15000, 1)
In [61]: classifier = svm.LinearSVC()
                  = [math.pow(10, -6), math.pow(10, -5), math.pow(10, -4), math.p
         C list
         ow(10, -3), math.pow(10, -2), math.pow(10, -1)]
         clf = GridSearchCV(classifier, {'C':C_list})
In [62]: clf.fit(x_train, column_or_1d(y_train))
         acc = []
         for result in clf.cv results ['mean test score']:
             acc.append([result])
         draw_heatmap_linear(acc, 'accuracy', C_list)
             accuracy w.r.t C
                 0.964
                           1.04
```



```
In [63]: # Use the best C to calculate the test accuracy.
         c star classifier = svm.LinearSVC(C=0.00001)
         c_star_classifier.fit(x_train, column_or_ld(y_train))
         predictions = c_star_classifier.predict(x_test)
         total = 0
         for i in range(0, len(predictions)):
             total += 1 if predictions[i] == y_test[i] else 0
         test acc = total / len(predictions)
         print('Testing accuracy: ' + str(test_acc))
```

```
Letter P2
 In [64]: | arr = np.load('letter_p2.npy') # load the data
          np.random.shuffle(arr) # Shuffle the data.
          x = arr[:,:-1] # First column to second last column: Features (numeri
          cal values)
          y = arr[:,-1:]  # Last column: Labels (0 or 1)
          print(arr.shape, x.shape, y.shape) # Check the shapes.
          (20000, 17) (20000, 16) (20000, 1)
 In [65]: # Take the first 5000 entries as training data (this will be random as t
          he data has been shuffled)
          x train = x[:5000]
          y_train = y[:5000]
          # the rest is the test set
          x \text{ test} = x[5000:]
          y_{test} = y[5000:]
          print(x train.shape, y train.shape, x test.shape, y test.shape) # check
           the shapes
          (5000, 16) (5000, 1) (15000, 16) (15000, 1)
 In [66]: classifier = svm.LinearSVC()
                  = [math.pow(10, -6), math.pow(10, -5), math.pow(10, -4), math.p
          C list
          ow(10, -3), math.pow(10, -2), math.pow(10, -1)]
          clf = GridSearchCV(classifier, {'C':C list})
```

```
In [67]: clf.fit(x_train, column_or_ld(y_train))
    acc = []
    for result in clf.cv_results_['mean_test_score']:
        acc.append([result])
    draw_heatmap_linear(acc, 'accuracy', C_list)
```



```
In [12]: # Use the best C to calculate the test accuracy.
    c_star_classifier = svm.LinearSVC(C=0.1)
    c_star_classifier.fit(x_train, column_or_ld(y_train))
    predictions = c_star_classifier.predict(x_test)
    total = 0
    for i in range(0, len(predictions)):
        total += 1 if predictions[i] == y_test[i] else 0
    test_acc = total / len(predictions)
    print('Testing accuracy: ' + str(test_acc))
```