

Code Jam 4

Names:

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Complete the following exercises in 40 minutes. This activity is open book, open computer. All work should be your own group.

Question 1

Short answer

1) How is machine code generated from source code? What is the relationship between machine code and assembly?

The compiler compiles the source code to machine-specific assembly code. Assembly code is the same as machine code, which is a human readable form of the binary machine code instructions that a computer can execute

2) What is a register?

Register is a unit of storage that hold program data and the instructions that are being executed by the ALU (small, fast)

3) What two steps occur when the CPU executes the instruction `push %rbp`?

```
sub $0x8, %rsp
mov %rbp, (%rsp)
```

4) What two steps occur when the CPU executes the instruction `pop %rbp`?

```
mov (%rsp), %rbp
add $0x8, %rsp
```

Switches active frame
to callee function
push %rip

5) What does `callq` do?

What is the value 0x10 as a base 10 integer?

16

2) What is the value 0xfffff7 as a base 10 *signed* integer (two's complement)?

-9

3) Draw the contents of the registers and stack after executing the instruction `sub $0x10,%rsp` (0x000055555555151)

Register	Value	"Stack top"	
%eax	0xd0d	Address	Stack value
%edx	0xe48		
%rbp	0x040		
%rsp	0x030		
%esi	0xe138		
%edi	0x1	0x030	← Stack top
%rip	0x0000555555551511	0x038	
		0x040	0x0
		0x048	← Stack bottom

4) What is the translation of the memory form `-0x8(%rbp)` ?

$M[\%rbp - 0x8]$

5) What is the `shl` instruction?

left bit shift (logical shift) · filling the lowest bit with 0

6) What are the contents of %eax after executing instruction 0x00005555555515c?

0xffffffff

7) What are the contents of %eax after executing instruction 0x00005555555515f?

0x3fffffffdc

8) What are the contents of %rsi after executing instruction 0x00005555555516b?

%esi = 0xffffffff

9) What are the contents of %rdi after executing instruction 0x00005555555516d?

0x0000555555556004

Question 3

In this question use GDB and objdump to reverse engineer to binary executable secret

```
$ ./secret
```

```
Guess the mysterious number: 39
```

```
You are wrong!
```

1) What functions does main call (please list in execution order)?

mystery, foo, printf, scanf, puts

2) What are the values of %esi and %edi before the first function call in main?

value at %esi = 87

value at %edi = 62

3) What is the return value from the first function?

74

4) What is the value of %edi before the second function call in main?

74

5) What is the secret number?

174