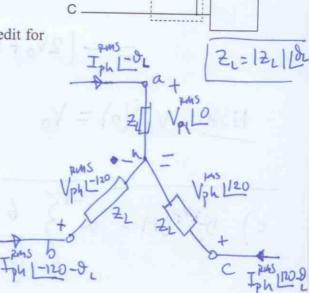
## Question 4 (10 pts)

In a balanced three-phase load with a positive phase sequence, the complex power is:

$$S = 1500 + j500\sqrt{3} \cdot VA$$

What are the wattmeter readings?

**NOTE:** You have to show your derivations to obtain credit for this question.



WM1

WM2

Load

$$|WM_{1}| \Rightarrow Re \left\{ \sqrt{3} V_{ph}^{RMS} | \underline{30} I_{ph}^{RMS} | \underline{+0}_{L} \right\}$$

$$= \sqrt{3} V_{ph}^{RMS} I_{ph}^{RMS} \cos \left(30 + \theta_{L}\right)$$

$$= \sqrt{3} V_{ph}^{RMS} I_{ph}^{RMS} \left[ \cos 30 \cos \theta_{L} - \sin 30 \sin \theta_{L} \right]$$

$$= \sqrt{3} V_{ph}^{RMS} I_{ph}^{RMS} \sum_{l=1}^{RMS} \cos \theta_{L} - \sqrt{3} V_{ph}^{RMS} I_{ph}^{RMS} \sum_{l=1}^{RMS} \cos \theta_{L} - \sqrt{3} V_{ph}^{RMS} I_{ph}^{RMS} \sum_{l=1}^{RMS} v_{ph}^{RMS} \sum_{l=1}^{RMS} v_{ph}^{RMS} \sum_{l=1}^{RMS} v_{ph}^{RMS} \sum_{l=1}^{RMS} \cos \theta_{L} - \frac{3 V_{ph}^{RMS} I_{ph}^{RMS} \sin \theta_{L}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1500}{2} - \frac{500 \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3} \cdot 2}$$

$$= 500 \text{ Watt,}$$

$$= 86 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{8ms} - 30 \text{ Ipn } 182$$

$$= \sqrt{3} \sqrt{8ms} + \frac{8ms}{76} \cos(-30 + 82)$$

$$= 1500 + \frac{500 \sqrt{3}}{2} = 1800 \text{ Watt.}$$