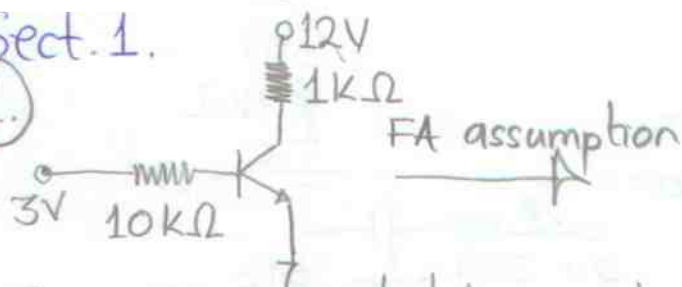


EE282 - Homework #2

Sect. 1.

①



Since E is connected to ground, and $V_{BE} = V_{BE(ON)} = 0,7V$, it follows

$$I_B = \frac{3V - 0,7V}{10k\Omega} = 0,23mA$$
 since $V_B = 0,7V$

$$I_C = \beta_{FA} I_B = 50 \cdot 0,23 = 11,5mA$$

$$V_C = 12V - (1k\Omega)(11,5mA) = 0,5V$$

$$V_{BC} = V_B - V_C = 0,7V - 0,5V = 0,2V$$

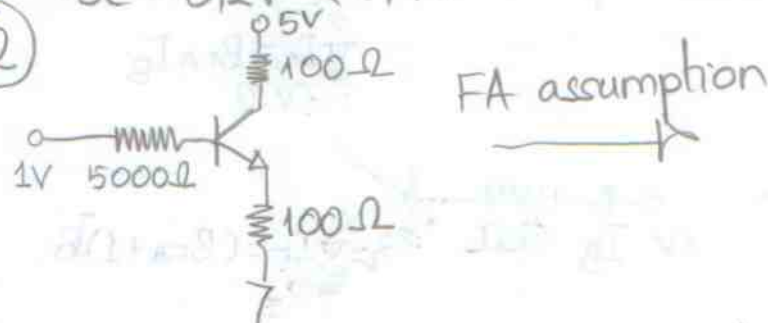
Check FA Conditions:

1. $I_B = 0,23mA > 0 \checkmark$

2. $V_{BC} = 0,2V < 0,7V \checkmark$

Assumption is correct, FA mode

②



$$V_B = 1V - (5000\Omega)I_B$$

$$V_C = 5V - 100I_B$$

$$V_E = 51 \cdot (100\Omega)I_B = 5100I_B$$

$$V_{BC} = 1 - 5000I_B - 5100I_B = -4V < 0,7V$$

$$V_{BE} = 0,7V$$

$$V_{CE} = V_C - V_E = 1,06V - 4,7V = -3,64V$$

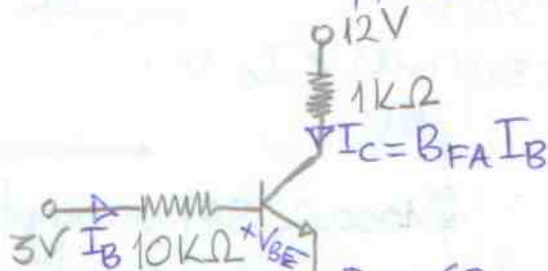
$$V_{CE} = V_C - V_E = 5V - 5000I_B - 5100I_B = 5V - 100(0,029mA) = 2,1V$$

Check FA conditions:

1. $I_B = 0,029mA > 0 \checkmark$

2. $V_{BC} = -4V < 0,7V \checkmark$

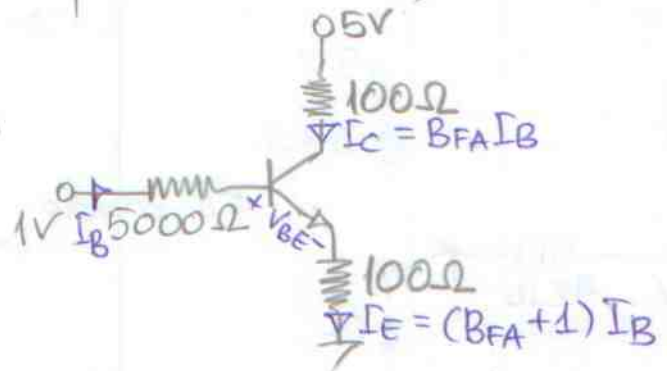
Assumption is correct



$$I_E = (\beta_{FA} + 1)I_B$$

$$I_E = (\beta_{FA} + 1)I_B = 51 \cdot (0,23mA) = 11,73mA$$

$$V_{CE} = V_C - V_E = 0,5V - 0V = 0,5V$$



$$V_B - V_E = 1 - 5000I_B - 5100I_B = 0,7V$$

$$= 10100I_B = 0,3$$

$$V_E = 100I_B = 0,029mA$$

$$= 0,506V$$

$$V_B = 0,7V + V_E = 1,06V$$

$$I_B = 1mA$$

$$I_C = \frac{0,2V - 0V}{1k\Omega} = -0,2mA$$

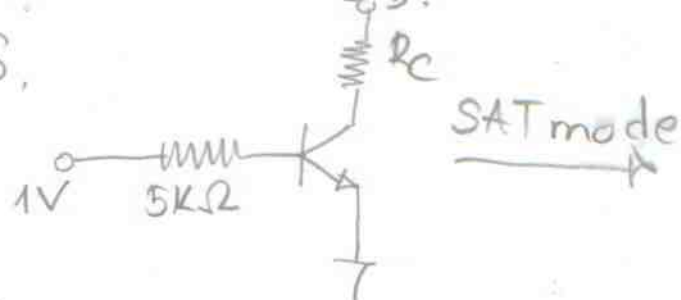
$$I_E = I_B + I_C = 0,8mA$$

$$V_{BE} = 0,8V$$

$$V_{CE} = 0,2V$$

$$V_{BC} = 0,6V$$

6.



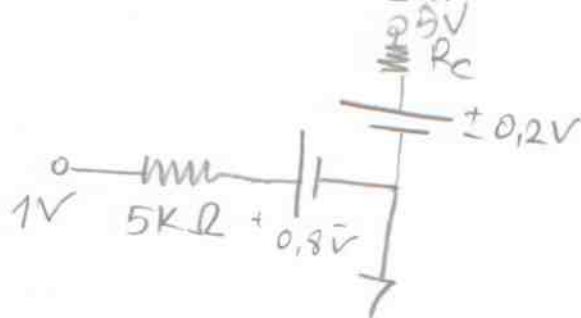
$$I_B = \frac{1V - 0,8V}{5k\Omega} = 0,04mA$$

$$I_c = \frac{5V - 0,2V}{R_c} = \frac{4,8V}{R_c}$$

Condition for SAT

$$\beta_{FA} I_B = 50 (0,04mA) = 2 > \frac{4,8V}{R_c}$$

$$\boxed{R_c \geq 2,4k\Omega}$$



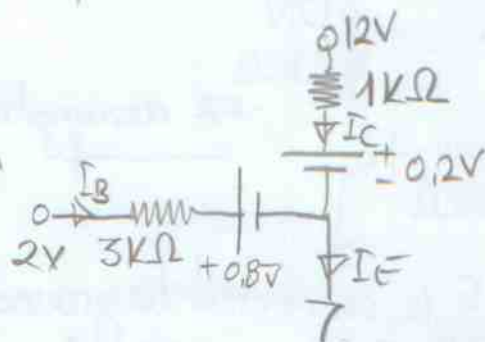
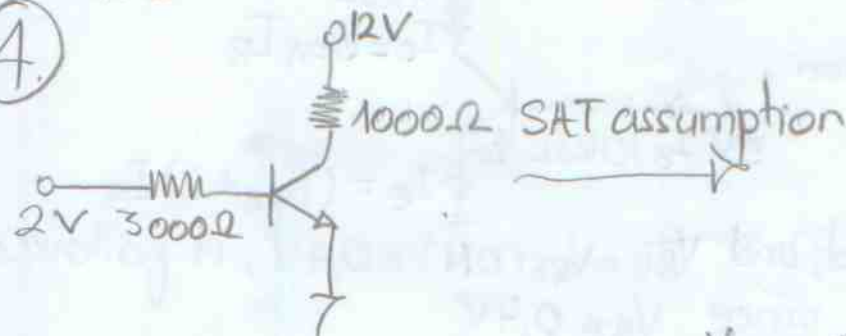
Check SAT Conditions:

1. $I_B = 1\text{mA} > 0 \text{ V}$

2. $B_{FA} I_B = (50)(1\text{mA}) < I_C \text{ V}$

Assumption is correct.

④



$$I_B = \frac{2\text{V} - 0.8\text{V}}{3\text{k}\Omega} = 0.4\text{mA}$$

$$I_C = \frac{12\text{V} - 0.2\text{V}}{1\text{k}\Omega} = 11.8\text{mA}$$

$$I_E = I_B + I_C = 12.2\text{mA}$$

$$V_{BE} = 0.8\text{V}$$

$$V_{CE} = 0.2\text{V}$$

$$V_{BC} = 0.6\text{V}$$

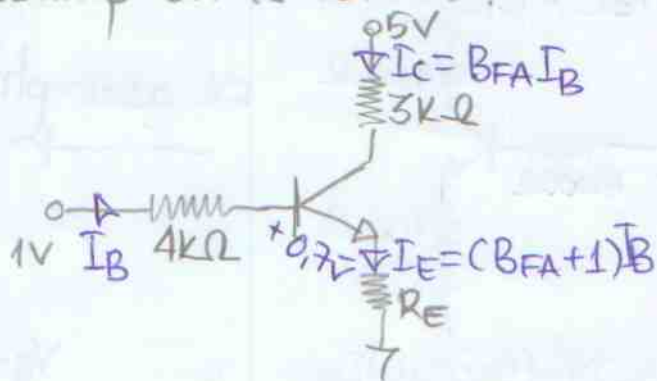
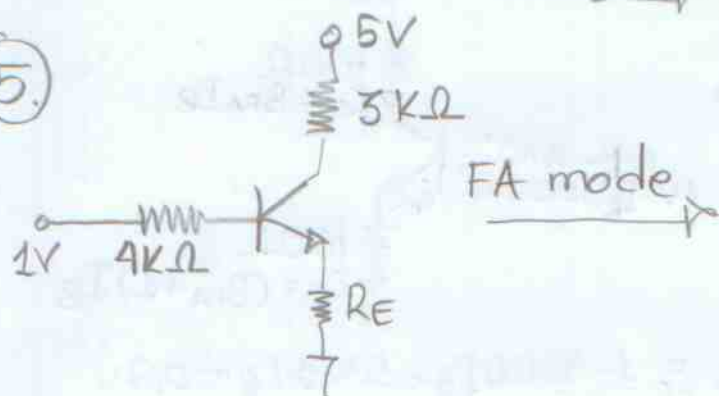
Check SAT Conditions:

1. $I_B = 0.4\text{mA} > 0 \text{ V}$

2. $B_{FA} I_B = 50(0.4\text{mA}) = 20\text{mA} > I_C \text{ V}$

Assumption is correct.

⑤



$$V_B = 1 - (4\text{k}\Omega) I_B$$

$$V_{BE} = V_B - V_E = 0.7\text{V}$$

$$V_C = 5 - (3\text{k}\Omega) I_C(50)$$

$$1 - 4000 I_B - 51 R_E I_B = 0.7\text{V}$$

$$V_E = 51 I_B R_E$$

$$0.3 = I_B (4000 + 51 R_E)$$

$$V_{BC} < 0.7$$

$$V_{BC} = 1 - 4000 I_B - 5 + 15000 I_B$$

$$I_B = \frac{0.3}{4000 + 51 R_E} > 0$$

$$V_{CE} = 5 - 4 - 146000 I_B < 0.7$$

$$V_C = 5 - \frac{4 + 146000 (0.3)}{4000 + 51 R_E} < 0.7$$

$$V_{BC} = V_B - V_C < 0.7$$

$$R_E < \frac{-6.25\text{V}}{3.825\text{mA}}$$

$$R_E > 104.2\Omega$$