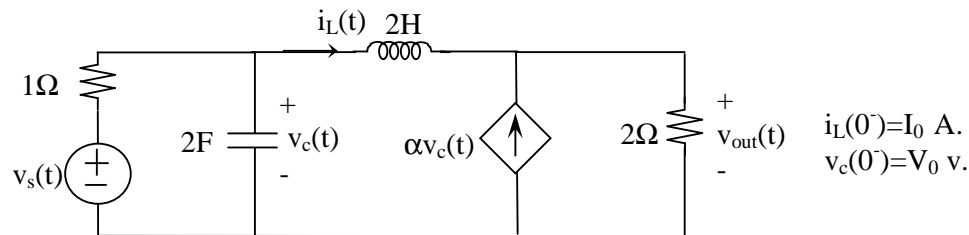


1)



For the circuit given above,

- Obtain s-domain circuit.
- Find  $V_{out}(s)$ . Show the zero-state and zero-input components in your solution.
- Find  $\alpha$  such that  $-1$  and  $-1/2$  are natural frequencies of the circuit.
- Find  $V_0$  and  $I_0$  such that zero input response for  $v_{out}(t)$  is of the form
 
$$v_{out}(t) = [3e^{-t} + C]u(t)$$
 where  $C$  is constant. Also, find the value of  $C$ .
- Obtain transfer function  $H(s) = V_{out}(s)/V_s(s)$ .

2) An R,L,C bandpass circuit is given with  $C=5 \mu\text{F}$ , center frequency  $\omega_0=5000 \text{ rad/s}$  and quality factor  $Q=10$ . It is also known that capacitor voltage  $V_c$  is,

$$V_c(j\omega_0) = \frac{1}{j\omega_0 RC} V_{in}(j\omega_0) \text{ at resonance frequency.}$$

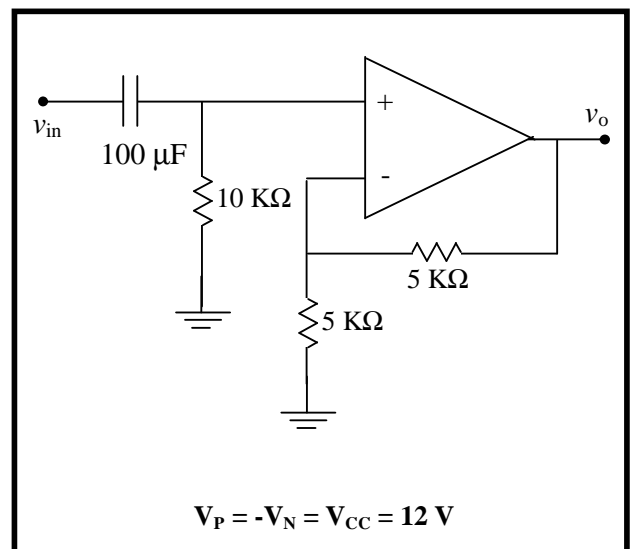
- Draw the RLC circuit indicating the input and output ports and explain your reasoning for such a circuit.
- Find the element values,  $R$  and  $L$ .
- Find the bandwidth  $B$ , and cutoff frequencies,  $\omega_{c1}$  and  $\omega_{c2}$ .
- Find the transfer function and plot the approximate magnitude plot of the transfer function indicating the critical values in your plots.

3) a) Find  $H(s) = \frac{V_o(s)}{V_{in}(s)}$  (Assume that op-amp is ideal and operates in linear region.)

- Plot the pole-zero diagram.
- Draw the approximate magnitude plot of the frequency response.
- What kind of a filter does  $H(j\omega)$  describe?
- Find and **PLOT** the steady state output voltage  $v_o(t)$  when the input is
  - $v_{in}(t) = 10 \cos(1000t) \text{ V}$
  - $v_{in}(t) = 10 \cos(10000t) \text{ V}$

In this part, you have to take the nonlinear operation of the opamp into account!

- Consider the input  $v_{in}(t) = 8 \cos(\omega t) \text{ V}$ . Find the range of  $\omega$  so that the output,  $v_o(t)$ , will be sinusoidal in the steady state.



4) Given the following circuit, it has been found that when the current source is turned off (killed)

$$H_v(s) = \frac{I_L(s)}{V_s(s)} = \frac{s-3}{s+3}$$

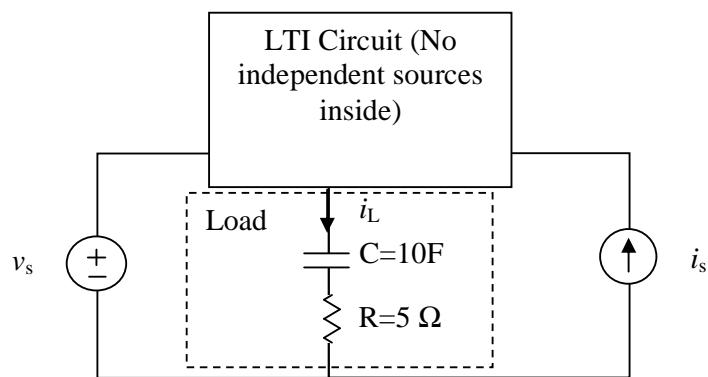
And when the voltage source is turned off

$$H_I(s) = \frac{I_L(s)}{I_s(s)} = \frac{s}{s+3}$$

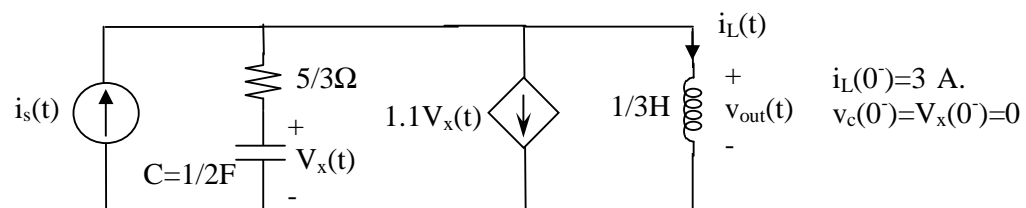
Find the average power absorbed by the load in the sinusoidal steady state for the following cases.

a) Case I:  $v_s(t) = 3\cos(3t + 45^\circ)$ , V,  $i_s(t) = 2\cos(3t)$ , A

b) Case II:  $v_s(t) = 5\cos(3\sqrt{3}t + 30^\circ)$ , V,  $i_s(t) = 4\sin(3t + 20^\circ)$ , A



5) For the circuit given below,



Find the  $v_{out}(t)$  if  $i_s(t)$  is given as in the figure, by using the Laplace domain analysis.

