

# A Nonparametric Spatio-temporal SDE Model

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## Nonparametric SDEs [1]

- In [1] we considered SDEs with vector valued drift  $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) : \mathbb{R}^D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^D$  and scalar valued diffusion  $\sigma(\mathbf{x}) : \mathbb{R}^D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  functions:

$$d\mathbf{x}_t = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}_t)dt + \sigma(\mathbf{x}_t)dW_t$$

- State solutions are given by the Itô integral[2]

$$\mathbf{x}_t = \mathbf{x}_0 + \int_0^t \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}_\tau)d\tau + \int_0^t \sigma(\mathbf{x}_\tau)dW_\tau,$$

- Assume  $\mathbf{f}(\cdot)$  and  $\sigma(\cdot)$  are **completely unknown**

- Gaussian process priors over drift and diffusion functions

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) &\sim \mathcal{GP}(\mathbf{0}, K_{\mathbf{f}}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}')) \\ \sigma(\mathbf{x}) &\sim \mathcal{GP}(0, k_{\sigma}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}'))\end{aligned}$$

- Inducing points and variables

$$Z = (\mathbf{z}_1, \dots, \mathbf{z}_M)^T \in \mathbb{R}^{M \times D}$$

$$U_{\mathbf{f}} = (\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{z}_1), \dots, \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{z}_M))^T \in \mathbb{R}^{M \times D}$$

$$\mathbf{u}_{\sigma} = (\sigma(\mathbf{z}_1), \dots, \sigma(\mathbf{z}_M))^T \in \mathbb{R}^M$$

- Kernel interpolation

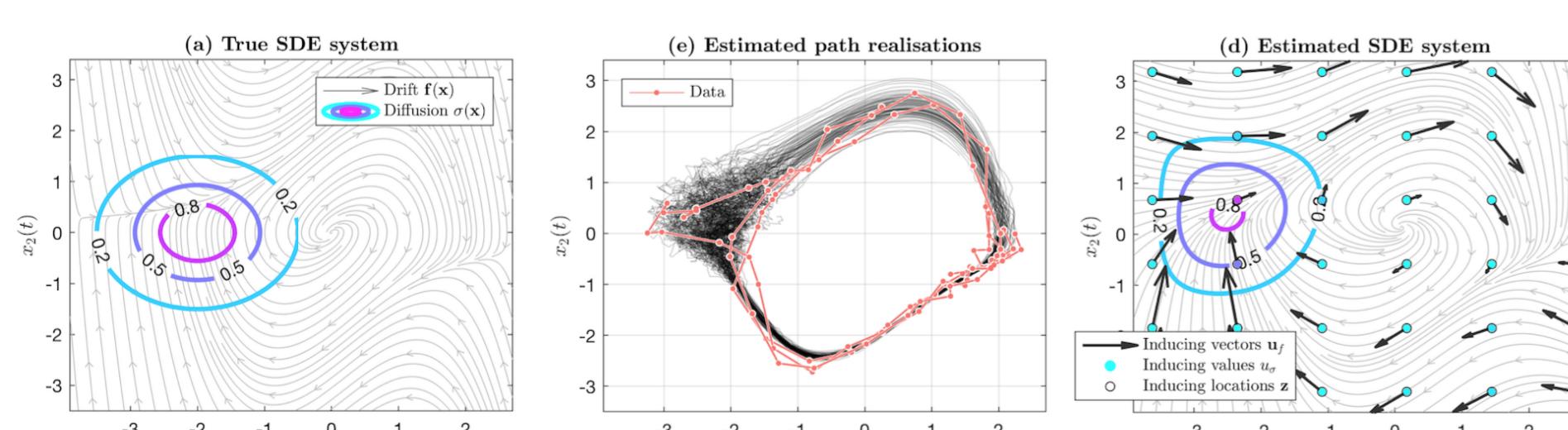
$$\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) \triangleq \mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{f}}(\mathbf{x}, Z)\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{f}}(Z, Z)^{-1}\text{vec} U_{\mathbf{f}}$$

$$\sigma(\mathbf{x}) \triangleq K_{\sigma}(\mathbf{x}, Z)K_{\sigma}(Z, Z)^{-1}\mathbf{u}_{\sigma}$$

**Nonparametric** estimation of **arbitrary** drift and diffusion functions from the data.

**Full forward simulation** of the system.

Not capable of modeling **time dependent** drift and diffusion functions.



## References

- [1] Yildiz, C., Heinonen, M., Intosalmi, J., Mannerstrom, H. and Lahdesmäki, H., "Learning Stochastic Differential Equations With Gaussian Processes Without Gradient Matching". *IEEE 28th International Workshop on Machine Learning for Signal Processing (MLSP)*, 2018.
- [2] B. Øksendal. "Stochastic Differential Equations: An Introduction with Applications". Springer, 6th edition, 2014.

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## Nonparametric Spatio-Temporal SDEs

Here, we augment the input space of the drift function to include a temporal component:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, t) &: (\mathbb{R}^D \times \mathbb{R}^+) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^D \\ \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, t) &\sim \mathcal{GP}(\mathbf{0}, K_{\mathbf{f}}((\mathbf{x}, t), (\mathbf{x}', t')))\end{aligned}$$

Identity decomposable kernel  $K_{\mathbf{f}}((\mathbf{x}, t), (\mathbf{x}', t')) = k((\mathbf{x}, t), (\mathbf{x}', t')) \cdot I_D$ , where

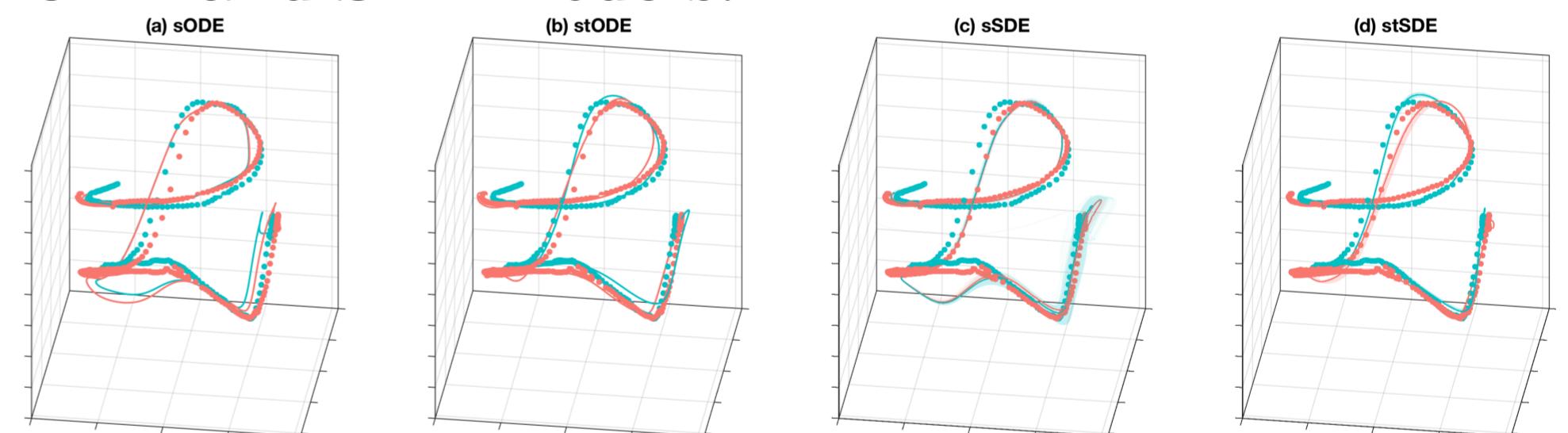
$$k((\mathbf{x}, t), (\mathbf{x}', t')) = \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{d=1}^D \frac{(x_d - x'_d)^2}{\ell_{fd}^2} - \frac{(t - t')^2}{2\ell_t^2}\right)$$

MAP estimates of the unknowns using approximated posterior; end-to-end differentiable

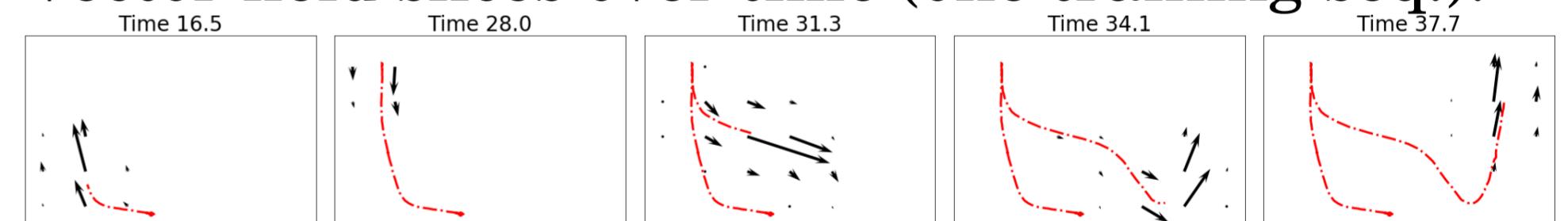
$$\underbrace{p(\mathbf{u}_{\mathbf{f}}, \mathbf{u}_{\sigma}) p(\Omega)}_{\text{GP priors}} \underbrace{\prod_{i=1}^N \mathbb{E}_{p(\mathbf{x}_i | t_i; \mathbf{f}, \sigma)} [\mathcal{N}(\mathbf{y}_i | \mathbf{x}_i, \Omega)]}_{\text{likelihood}}$$

## Results

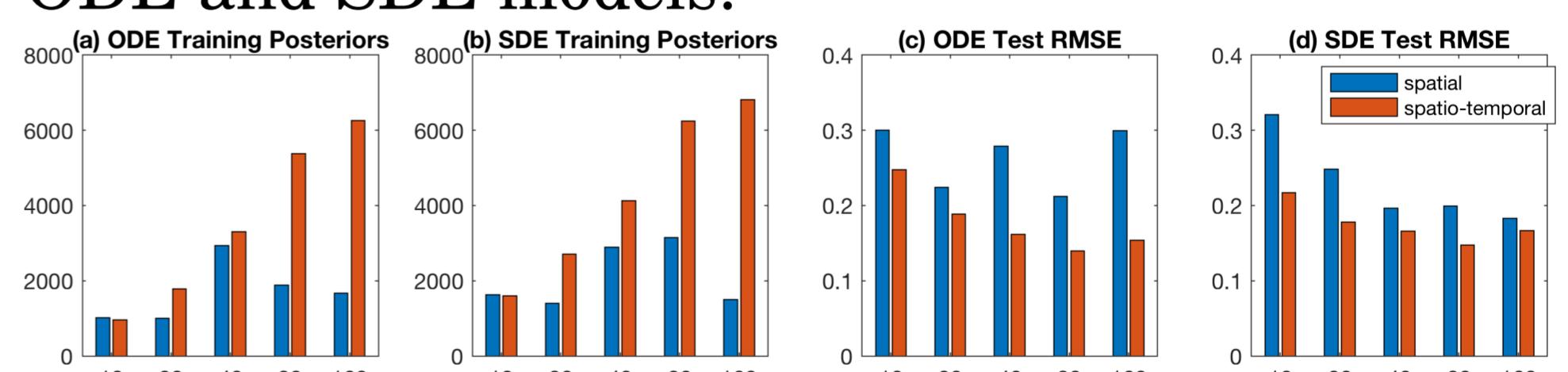
Paths estimated by spatial and spatio-temporal ODE and SDE models:



Vector field slices over time (one training seq.):



Training posteriors and prediction errors for ODE and SDE models:



**Nonparametric** estimation of arbitrary **time-varying** SDE from data

Model has high capacity: more data needed, inference is sensitive

- TO DO: variational inf. to avoid overfitting