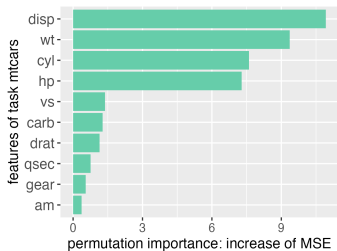


Introduction to Machine Learning



Learning goals

- Understand that the goal of feature importance is to enhance interpretability of RF
- Understand FI based on feature permutation
- Understand FI based on improvement in splits



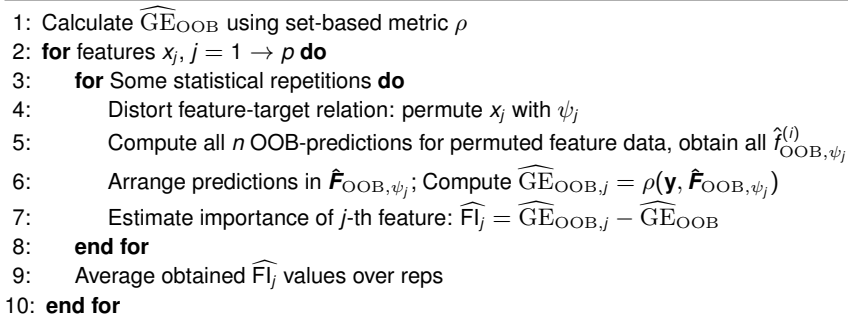
PERMUTATION FEATURE IMPORTANCE

RFs improve accuracy by aggregating multiple decision trees but **lose interpretability** compared to a single tree. **Feature importance** mitigates this problem.

- How much does performance *decrease*, if feature is removed / rendered useless?
- We permute values of considered feature
- Removes association between feature and target, keeps marginal distribution
- Can obtain \widehat{GE} of RF (without and with permuted features) by predicting OOB data, to **efficiently compute FI during training**
- Avoids not only new models (if feature would be removed) but can already use “OOB test data” during training

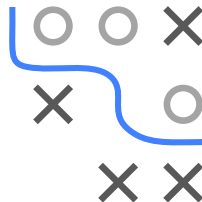
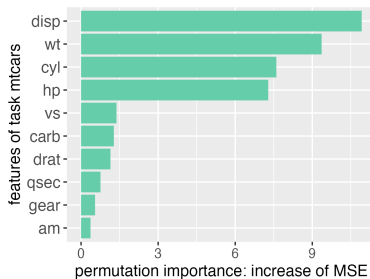
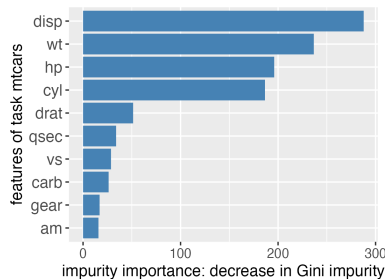


ID	Color	Form	Origin	Length	Banana
1	yellow	round	domestic	10	no
2	brown	oblong	imported	11	yes
3	green	oblong	imported	19	yes
4	yellow	oblong	domestic	14	yes



IN PRACTICE / OUTLOOK

Let's compare both FI variants on `mtcars`:



- Both methods are **biased toward features with more levels** (i.e., continuous or categoricals with many categories) ► Strobl et al. 2007
- More advanced versions exist
- PFI and FI have been generalized, see our lecture on IML!