

Numerical Problem 3

CG is script that takes $\{j_1, j_2, J, M\}$ as inputs and yields the ClebschGordan Coefficients attached to corresponding states.

```
Clear[j1, j2, J, M]
CG[j1_, j2_, J_, M_] :=
Do[

Do[

If[m1 + m2 == M, Print[ClebschGordan[{j1, m1}, {j2, m2}, {J, M}],
  "|", j1, ", ", m1, ">", "|", j2, ", ", m2, ">"], 0]

, {m2, -j2, j2}]

, {m1, -j1, j1}]
```

- (1) Use your script to do problem 4.20.

Problem 4.20 states $j_1 = 1$ and $j_2 = 1/2$. Starting from the $J = 3/2$ state we will step down to $J = 1/2$

```
CG[1, 1/2, 3/2, 3/2]
```

$$1|1, 1\rangle|\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\rangle$$

```
CG[1, 1/2, 3/2, 1/2]
```

$$\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}|1, 0\rangle|\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\rangle$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}|1, 1\rangle|\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\rangle$$

```
CG[1, 1/2, 3/2, -1/2]
```

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}|1, -1\rangle|\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\rangle$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}|1, 0\rangle|\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\rangle$$

```
CG[1, 1/2, 3/2, -3/2]
```

$$1|1, -1\rangle|\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\rangle$$

```
CG[1, 1/2, 1/2, 1/2]
```

$$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}|1, 0\rangle|\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\rangle$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}|1, 1\rangle|\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\rangle$$

$$\mathbf{CG}[1, 1/2, 1/2, -1/2]$$

$$-\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} |1, -1\rangle | \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \rangle$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} |1, 0\rangle | \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \rangle$$

- (2) Use your script to find all 9 angular momentum eigenstates with $L=4$, and $M = -4 \dots +4$ that arise from coupling two d electrons ($l = 2$)

$$\mathbf{CG}[2, 2, 4, -4]$$

$$1 |2, -2\rangle |2, -2\rangle$$

$$\mathbf{CG}[2, 2, 4, -3]$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |2, -2\rangle |2, -1\rangle$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |2, -1\rangle |2, -2\rangle$$

$$\mathbf{CG}[2, 2, 4, -2]$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{14}} |2, -2\rangle |2, 0\rangle$$

$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{7}} |2, -1\rangle |2, -1\rangle$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{14}} |2, 0\rangle |2, -2\rangle$$

$$\mathbf{CG}[2, 2, 4, -1]$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{14}} |2, -2\rangle |2, 1\rangle$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{7}} |2, -1\rangle |2, 0\rangle$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{7}} |2, 0\rangle |2, -1\rangle$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{14}} |2, 1\rangle |2, -2\rangle$$

$$\mathbf{CG}[2, 2, 4, 0]$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{70}} |2, -2\rangle |2, 2\rangle$$

$$2\sqrt{\frac{2}{35}} |2, -1\rangle |2, 1\rangle$$

$$3\sqrt{\frac{2}{35}} |2, 0\rangle |2, 0\rangle$$

$$2\sqrt{\frac{2}{35}} |2, 1\rangle |2, -1\rangle$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{70}} |2, 2\rangle |2, -2\rangle$$

CG[2, 2, 4, 1]

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{14}} |2, -1\rangle |2, 2\rangle$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{7}} |2, 0\rangle |2, 1\rangle$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{7}} |2, 1\rangle |2, 0\rangle$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{14}} |2, 2\rangle |2, -1\rangle$$

CG[2, 2, 4, 2]

$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{14}} |2, 0\rangle |2, 2\rangle$$

$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{7}} |2, 1\rangle |2, 1\rangle$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{14}} |2, 2\rangle |2, 0\rangle$$

CG[2, 2, 4, 3]

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |2, 1\rangle |2, 2\rangle$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |2, 2\rangle |2, 1\rangle$$

CG[2, 2, 4, 4]

$$1 |2, 2\rangle |2, 2\rangle$$

- Use your script to find the eigenstate with $L = 0$ that arises from coupling two d electrons ($l = 2$). Show that the state with $L=4, M=0$ is orthogonal to the state with $L=0$.

CG[2, 2, 0, 0]

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} |2, -2\rangle |2, 2\rangle \\
 & - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} |2, -1\rangle |2, 1\rangle \\
 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} |2, 0\rangle |2, 0\rangle \\
 & - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} |2, 1\rangle |2, -1\rangle \\
 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} |2, 2\rangle |2, -2\rangle \\
 & \mathbf{CG[2, 2, 4, 0]}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{70}} |2, -2\rangle |2, 2\rangle \\
 & 2 \sqrt{\frac{2}{35}} |2, -1\rangle |2, 1\rangle \\
 & 3 \sqrt{\frac{2}{35}} |2, 0\rangle |2, 0\rangle \\
 & 2 \sqrt{\frac{2}{35}} |2, 1\rangle |2, -1\rangle \\
 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{70}} |2, 2\rangle |2, -2\rangle
 \end{aligned}$$

To prove the states $L=0, M=0$ and $L=4, M=0$ are orthogonal we will take their dot product.

$$\langle 2,2,0,0 | 2,2,4,0 \rangle =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{70}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} 2 \sqrt{\frac{2}{35}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} 3 \sqrt{\frac{2}{35}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} 2 \sqrt{\frac{2}{35}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{70}} \\
 & 0
 \end{aligned}$$

Thus, the two states are orthonormal.