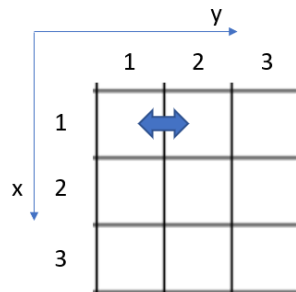


Maze

Input: standard input
Output: standard output

There is a maze with $n \times n$ rooms, $1 \leq n \leq 100$. There may or may not be a door between two rooms. The rooms are indexed by (x, y) $1 \leq x, y \leq n$.

For example, the following is a 3×3 maze, there is a door between room $(1, 1)$ and room $(1, 2)$



Your task is select a room (anyone) as a start point and travel as many rooms as possible through the door, the rule is you can only come into a room once.

Input

The first line contains one integer n ($1 \leq n \leq 100$)

Each of next $2n-1$ lines describe the doors from left to right, 0 means “no door”, 1 means “have a door”.

Output

The rooms in the path, as format $(1, 1)(1, 2)(1, 3) \dots$

Example

Input: 3 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1	
Output: (1,1)(1,2)(2,2)(3,2)(3,3)	

Note, the answer is not unique, like (1,3)(1,2)(2,2)(3,2)(3,1) is also travelling 5 rooms, thus as good as the output in above table.