

# Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>(9–1)

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		



MUSIC 0978/12

Paper 1 Listening May/June 2022

Approximately 1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Insert (enclosed)

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions in Sections A, B and C.
- Section D: answer all questions on the one Set Work you have studied, in the space provided.
- There will be time for you to look at the questions before you hear each extract of music. You may find it helpful to make notes on the music as you listen.
- Use a black or dark blue pen.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use an HB pencil for any music.
- The insert contains the scores for Music C1 and your chosen Set Work in Section D.

#### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 70.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

## **SECTION A** [16 marks]

You will hear two examples of music, selected from the Baroque, Classical or Romantic periods or the Twentieth Century.

Each extract will be played **four** times, with a pause between each playing.

#### Music A1

Es träumen die Wolken,

You will hear an extract for voice and piano. The words (in German) and their translation are printed below. Read through questions 1 to 5.

They are dreaming - the clouds,

	2 3	Die Sterne, der Mond, Es träumen die Wolken,	the stars, the moon, They are dreaming – the clouds,	
	4	Die Sterne, der Mond,	the stars, the moon,	
	5	Die Bäume, die Vögel,	the trees, the birds,	
	6	Die Blumen, der Strom,	the flowers, the stream,	
	7	Sie wiegen	they shake	
	8	Und schmiegen	and nestle	
	9	Sich tiefer zurück,	themselves deeper back,	
		Zur ruhigen Stätte,	to that peaceful little place,	
	11	Zum thauigen Bette,	to the dewy bed,	
		Zum heimlichen Glück,	to that secret joy,	
	13	Zum heimlichen Glück.	to that secret joy.	
	14	Doch Blättergesäusel	But the rustling leaves	
	15	Und Wellengekräusel	and rippling waves	
		Verkünden Erwachen;	announce an awakening;	
		Denn ewig geschwinde,	then eternally swift,	
		Unruhige Winde,	restless winds,	
	19	Sie stören, sie fachen.	they moan, they blow.	
1	Wh	at type of voice is heard?		
				F.4.1
				[1]
2	Hον	w many beats are there in each bar?		
				[1]
				ניז
•	D		4.0	
3	Des	scribe the piano accompaniment in lines	S 1–6.	
				[2]

4	How does	the music change in lines 14–19 when the mood of the poem changes?	
			. [3]
5	Who comp	posed this music?	
		Bach	
		Hindemith	
		Mozart	
		Schubert	[1]

## Music A2

You will hear an extract for orchestra. Look at the skeleton score and read through questions 6 to 8.



Wh	at scale does the printed melody use?	
		[1]
	e printed melody is heard three further times as the extract continues. Comment on similarit d differences in the melody and the accompaniment during these repetitions.	ies
		[3]
	NA/I	
(a)		
	Baroque	
	Classical	
	Romantic	
		[1]
(b)	Give <b>two</b> reasons for your answer. Do not repeat any information already given.	
		[2]
(c)	Who composed it?	
	Beethoven	
	Debussy	
	Reich	
	Vivaldi	[1]

# SECTION B [22 marks]

You will hear three extracts of music from around the world. Each extract will be played **four** times, with a pause between each playing.

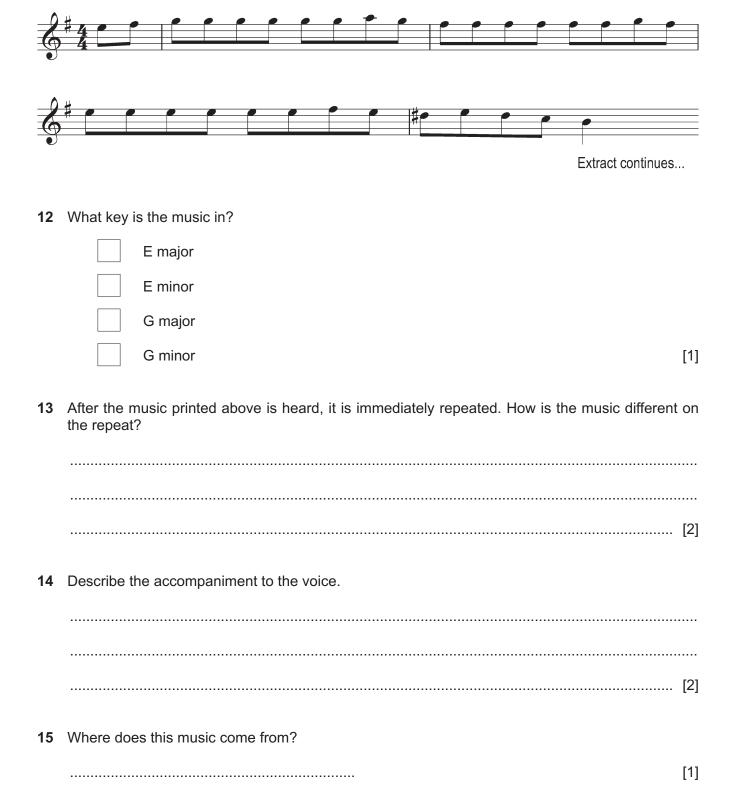
#### Music B1

You will hear a	an extract for	instruments.	Read through	questions 9	to 11.
Tou Will Hour C	211 OM11 GOT 101	mioti amionito.	r toda unoagn	quoduono e	

Complete the table	e below to describe the main features of each layer of the music.
Melody	
Accompaniment	
Percussion	

#### Music B2

You will hear an extract for voice and instruments. Look at the skeleton score and read through questions 12 to 15.



# Music B3 (World Focus: Sub-Saharan African Music)

You will hear two passages from a piece of Kora music, separated by a short gap. Read through questions 16 to 18.

16	Describe the music of the first passage, making particular reference to any features which a typical of this style of music.	ıre
		[4]
17	(a) What name is given to the second passage?	
		[1]
	(b) Explain which features are typical of this section in Kora music.	
		[2]
18	Explain what is meant by the Jeliya praise-singing tradition, and describe how this tradition h changed over time.	as

# **SECTION C** [16 marks]

You will hear one extract of music. The extract will be played **four** times, with a pause between each playing.

#### Music C1

You will hear an extract for instruments. Look at the skeleton score, which you will find in the separate insert, and read through questions **19** to **26**. Answer the questions in this booklet.

Suggest a suitable <b>Italian</b> tempo marking.	
	[1]
Describe the accompaniment to the printed melody in bars 1–4.	
The melody is incomplete in bar 9. Fill in the missing notes on the stave below. The rhythm been given to help you.	has
	[3]
Describe how the accompaniment is different when the melody from bars 1–4 is repeated in b 13–16.	ars
	ניו
What compositional technique is heard in bars 17–19?	[1]
Name the bracketed interval in bars 21–22	
	[2]
	Describe the accompaniment to the printed melody in bars 1–4.  The melody is incomplete in bar 9. Fill in the missing notes on the stave below. The rhythm been given to help you.  Describe how the accompaniment is different when the melody from bars 1–4 is repeated in b 13–16.  What compositional technique is heard in bars 17–19?

25	Hov	w does	the second section of music, beginning at bar 31, contrast with the opening section?	
			[2	2]
26	(a)	Wher	n was this music written?	
			Baroque	
			Classical	
			Romantic	
			Twentieth Century [7	1]
	(b)	Give	two reasons for your answer.	
			[2	2]
	(c)	Who	composed this music?	
			Bartók	
			Dvořák	
			Handel	
			Mozart [	1]

## **SECTION D** [16 marks]

#### **Set Work**

Answer all the questions on **one** set work: **either** Bach: *Brandenburg Concerto No. 4* (questions **27** to **34**) **or** Haydn: *Symphony No. 100* (questions **35** to **41**).

#### Bach: Brandenburg Concerto No. 4

You will hear two extracts. Each extract will be played twice, with a pause between each playing.

#### Music D1

Look at the skeleton score, which you will find in the separate insert, and read through questions 27 to 30.

27	Des	scribe the solo violin writing in bars 7–20.	
28	Exp	plain the relationship between the solo violin and ripieno violins in bars 27–30.	
			[2]
29	On	the stave below, write the viola part in bar 49 in the treble clef.	
		#	
			[2]
30	(a)	What section of the movement begins in bar 55?	
			[1]
	(b)	How is this section different from other equivalent sections in the movement?	
			[1]

## Music D2

Look at the skeleton score, which you will find in the separate insert, and read through questions 31 to 34.

31	(a)	What key is the music in at the beginning of the extract?	
			[1]
	(b)	What is the relationship of this key to the key of the concerto as a whole?	
			[1]
32	Con	nment on the texture of the music in bars 1–9 <sup>1</sup> .	
			[3]
33	Whi	ich harmonic feature is heard in bars 13–16?	
		Circle of fifths	
		Dominant pedal	
		Phrygian cadence	
		Tonic pedal	[1]
34	Ехр	plain what is meant by the term 'concerto grosso'.	
			[2]

## Haydn: Symphony No. 100

You will hear two extracts. Each extract will be played **twice**, with a pause between each playing.

#### Music D3

Look at the skeleton score, which you will find in the separate insert, and read through questions **35** to **37**.

35	(a)	What part of the Recapitulation begins at the start of the extract?	
			[1]
	(b)	Describe <b>two</b> ways in which this music is different from when it was first played in movement (before the recorded extract).	the
			[2]
36	(a)	Name the cadence in bars 22–23.	
			[1]
	(b)	What key is the music in from bar 23?	
			[1]
	(c)	Which <b>two</b> of the following are heard in bars 23–29?	
		Alberti bass	
		Ascending sequence	
		Descending sequence	
		Dominant pedal	
		Syncopation	
		Tonic pedal	[2]
37	Wha	at section of the movement is heard next (after the recorded extract)?	
			[1]

## Music D4

Look at the skeleton	score,	which	you wi	II find	in the	separate	insert,	and	read	through	questions	s <b>38</b>
to <b>41</b> .												

38	(a)	What key is the music in at the beginning of the extract?	
	(b)	How does this relate to the key of the movement as a whole?	[1]
			[1]
39	On	the stave below, write the first two notes of the viola part in bar 5 in the treble clef.	
			[2]
40		ne the section of the movement from which this extract is taken and explain how it fits into cture of the movement as a whole.	the
			[2]
41	Wh	y does this symphony have the name 'Military'?	

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