

# UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

#### **SECOND LANGUAGE URDU**

3248/01

May/June 2012

ivia

Paper 1 Composition and Translation

2 hours

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

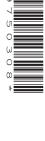
Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

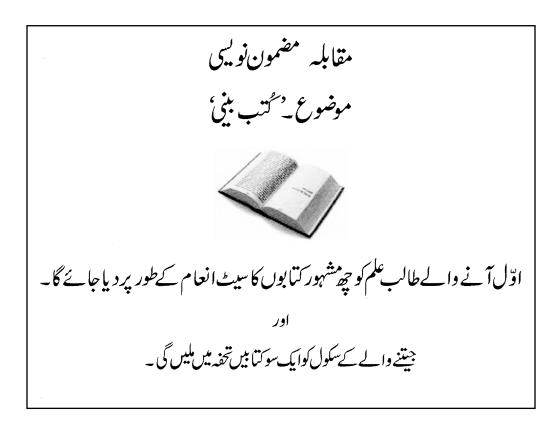
دی گئی مدایات غورسے پڑھیے: جواب لکھنے کی کا پی میں دی گئی ہدایتوں پڑ عمل کریں۔ تمام پرچوں پر اپنانام، سینٹرنمبر اور امیدوار کا نمبر لکھیں۔ صرف نیلے یا کالے رنگ کاقلم استعال کریں۔ سٹیپل، گوند، ٹپ ایکس، وغیرہ کا استعال منع ہے۔

ہر سوال کا جواب دیں۔ اگرآپ ایک سے زیادہ جوابی کا پیوں کا استعال کریں ، تو انہیں مضبوطی سے ایک دوسرے سے نتھی کریں۔ اس پر پے میں دیئے گئے تمام سوالوں کے مار کس بریکٹ میں دیئے گئے ہیں۔ []



## **Part 1: Directed Writing**

Write an article in Urdu in response to the poster below. Your article should be about 150 words long. You should include the points written below the poster. It will be to your advantage to keep to the recommended length. [15]



آپ نے مضمون نویس کے مقابلے کا بیاشتہار دیکھاہے اور حصّہ لینے کا فیصلہ کیا ہے۔

اینے مضمون میں درج ذیل باتیں شامل کریں:

- کتابوں کے علیمی فوائد۔
- كتابيل يرصنے كى تفريكى اہميت۔
- کتابوں میں دلچینی نہ لینے کی وجوہات۔

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# Part 2: Letter, Report, Dialogue or Speech

From a choice of two questions, write **one** composition in Urdu of about 200 words. It will be to your advantage to keep to the recommended length. [20]

or

#### Part 3: Translation

Translate the following passage into Urdu.

A few years ago people used to enjoy going out in the car with the family to a beauty spot or a restaurant in the evening or at the weekend, but not any more. Now there are so many vehicles on the roads that to get stuck in a traffic jam is a common experience all over the world.

I read in the newspaper last month about the world's biggest traffic jam. No traffic could move for nine days on a main road near the capital of China. Most of the vehicles were lorries and they were in a 100 kilometre long queue because roads were being repaired. According to a Chinese newspaper, there is much more traffic on the roads because the economy is growing so fast. The old roads are too weak and too narrow to bear the load of such heavy modern lorries. New roads are needed to bring coal from the mines to the big factories in the area. Some time later I read that it took two or three more days to clear the road.

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