

## Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

# 570202571

#### **FURTHER MATHEMATICS**

9231/13

Paper 1 Further Pure Mathematics 1

October/November 2020

2 hours

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

#### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has 20 pages. Blank pages are indicated.

(a)	The matrix <b>M</b> represents a sequence of two geometrical transformations.
	State the type of each transformation, and make clear the order in which they are applied.
The	unit square in the $x$ - $y$ plane is transformed by $\mathbf{M}$ onto parallelogram $OPQR$ .
(b)	Find, in terms of a and b, the matrix which transforms parallelogram OPQR onto the unit s

It is given that the area of OPQR is  $2 \text{ cm}^2$  and that the line x + 3y = 0 is invariant under the transformation represented by  $\mathbf{M}$ .

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2 (a) Use standard results from the List of Formulae (MF19) to show that

$\sum_{r=1}^{n} (7r+1)(7r+8) = an^{3} + bn^{2} + cn^{2}$	n
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where $a$ , $b$ and $c$ are constants to be determined.	[3]

(b)	Use the method of differences to find $\sum_{r=1}^{n} \frac{1}{(7r+1)(7r+8)}$ in terms of <i>n</i> .	[4]
(c)	Deduce the value of $\sum_{r=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(7r+1)(7r+8)}.$	[1]
	r=1	

(a)	Find a cubic equation whose roots are $\alpha^3$ , $\beta^3$ , $\gamma^3$ .	[3
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))	Show that $\alpha^6 + \beta^6 + \gamma^6 = 3 - 2c^3$ .	[3
))	Show that $\alpha^6 + \beta^6 + \gamma^6 = 3 - 2c^3$ .	[3
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Find the real value of $c$ for which the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha^3 & \beta^3 \\ \alpha^3 & 1 & \gamma^3 \\ \beta^3 & \gamma^3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ is singular.

4	The	nointe	$\Lambda R$	Ch	2776	position	vector
4	1116	pomis	A, D	, C II	lave	position	Vectors

$$-\mathbf{i}+\mathbf{j}+2\mathbf{k}$$
,  $-2\mathbf{i}-\mathbf{j}$ ,  $2\mathbf{i}+2\mathbf{k}$ ,

respectively, relative to the origin O.

rina the equ	ation of the	piane ABC	, giving you	ii aiiswei ii	ii uie ioiiii a	1x + 0y + cz	<i>– а.</i>	[5
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Find the acute angle between the planes <i>OAB</i> and <i>ABC</i> .	

$\frac{\mathrm{d}^{2n-1}}{\mathrm{d}x^{2n-1}}(x\sin x) = (-1)^{n-1} \Big( x\cos x + (2n-1)\sin x \Big).$	[7]

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	Find the equations of the asymptotes of <i>C</i> .	
(b)	Show that there is no point on $C$ for which $1 < y < 5$ .	

(c)	Find the coordinates of the intersections of <i>C</i> with the axes, and sketch <i>C</i> .	[3]

(d) Sketch the curve with equation  $y = \left| \frac{x^2 + x - 1}{x - 1} \right|$ . [2]

7 (a) Show that the curve with Cartesian equat	ion
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$(x^2+v^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}$	$=4xy(x^2-y^2)$
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has polar equation $r = \sin 4\theta$ .	[4]

15	
The curve C has polar equation $r = \sin 4\theta$ , for $0 \le \theta \le \frac{1}{4}\pi$ .	
<b>(b)</b> Sketch <i>C</i> and state the equation of the line of symmetry.	[3]
(c) Find the exact value of the area of the region enclosed by C.	[4]
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Using the identity $\sin 4\theta \equiv 4 \sin \theta$ line $\theta = \frac{1}{2}\pi$ . Give your answer		Piwo Co.			
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# **Additional Page**

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