

# **Cambridge IGCSE**<sup>™</sup>

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

# 8 1 6 3 9 8 7 6 3 5

# PHYSICAL EDUCATION

0413/12

Paper 1 Theory

May/June 2021

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

## **INFORMATION**

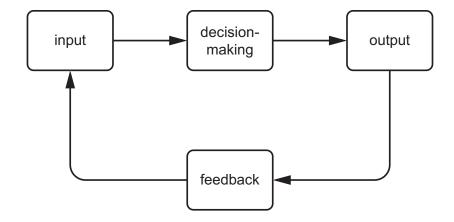
- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

1	lde	ntify	two types of blood vessels.	
	1			
	2			 [2]
2	Spe	ed is	s a component of fitness.	
	(a)	(i)	Define speed.	
		(ii)	Describe how to carry out a named fitness test for speed.	
			name of test	
			description	
				 [4]
	(b)		scribe <b>two</b> reasons, apart from monitoring improvement, why a coach would carry cass tests on a performer.	out
		1		
		2		
				 [2]
				[4]

[Total: 7]

3 The diagram shows a basic information processing model.

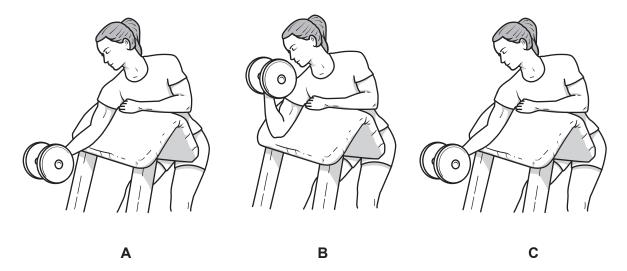


(a)	Explain the role of each stage of the information processing model when performing a named skill in a physical activity.
	skill
	input
	decision-making
	output
	feedback
	[4]
	•
(b)	Describe, using an example of a named skill, how the concept of limited channel capacity car affect a performance.
	skill
	description

[Total: 6]

[2]

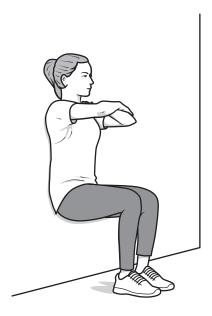
4 Diagrams A, B and C show a weight-training exercise being carried out.



(a) Identify and describe the following:

the type of isotonic muscle contraction from <b>A</b> to <b>B</b>	
description	
the type of isotonic muscle contraction from <b>B</b> to <b>C</b>	
description	

**(b)** The diagram shows a performer in a sitting position against a wall.

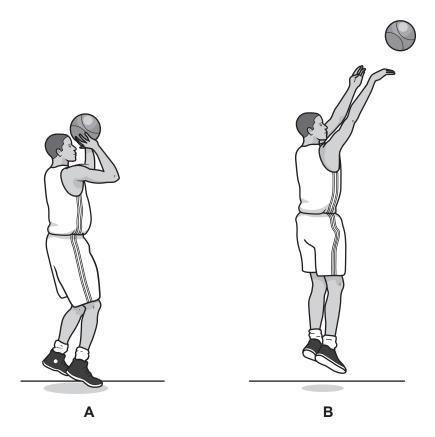


(i)	State the type of muscle contraction taking place in the quadriceps to remain in t	his
(-)	position. Describe this type of muscle contraction.	
	type of muscle contraction	
	description	
		[2]
(ii)	Describe <b>two</b> other examples from different physical activities of when this type muscle contraction is used.	of
	physical activity 1	
	example 1	
	physical activity 2	
	example 2	
		[2]

	scribe advantages that media coverage provides for audiences/spectators.
(a)	Define VO <sub>2</sub> max.
(b)	Explain how <b>three</b> named factors can affect a performer's VO <sub>2</sub> max.
	factor 1
	explanation
	factor 2
	explanation
	factor 3
	explanation

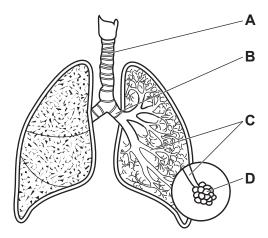
[Total: 7]

7 The diagrams show a jump shot in basketball.



		(iii)	Describe the action of a named agonist and a named antagonist in the movement taking place at the elbow from diagram ${\bf A}$ to diagram ${\bf B}$ .
			agonist
			action
			antagonist
			action
			[4]
			[Total: 10]
8	(a)		lain, using practical examples from a named physical activity, how a named theory links level of arousal with the quality of performance.
		phy	sical activity
		nan	ne of theory
		ехр	lanation
			[4]
	(b)	Sug	gest <b>two</b> different causes of anxiety for a sprinter waiting to start an Olympic final.
		1	
		2	
			[2]
			[Total: 6]
			· ·

9 (a) The diagram shows part of the pathway of air into the body.



(i)	Identify the structures labelled <b>A</b> , <b>B</b> and <b>C</b> .
	A
	В
	c
	[3]
(ii)	Describe <b>one</b> function and <b>two</b> characteristics of structure <b>D</b> .
	function
	characteristic 1
	characteristic 2
	[3]

	(a)	Describe the mechanics of breatning during inspiration and expiration at rest.
		inspiration
		expiration
		OXPITUIOTI
		[5]
		[Total: 11]
		[Total: 11]
10	(a)	Suggest possible negative effects for a performer who receives limited extrinsic feedback.
		[2]
	(b)	Explain <b>two</b> benefits of intrinsic feedback.
	(2)	
		1
		2
		[2]
	(c)	Identify <b>two</b> types of feedback other than extrinsic and intrinsic.
		1
		2
		[2]

[Total: 6]

11	Bef	ore physical activity performers may warm up and use relaxation techniques.
	(a)	State <b>two</b> phases of a warm up and explain a different physiological benefit of each phase for a performer.
		phase 1
		benefit
		phase 2
		benefit
		[4]
	(b)	State <b>two</b> relaxation techniques that a performer might use before a physical activity.
		1
		2
		[2]
	(c)	After exercise performers will need to recover.
		Describe how Excess Post-exercise Oxygen Consumption (EPOC) aids recovery after a period of anaerobic exercise.
		[3]
		[Total: 9]

12	Explain, using named physical activities, different ways performance may be improved from using each of the following types of prohibited performance-enhancing drug.
	anabolic steroids
	physical activity
	explanation
	diuretics
	physical activity
	explanation
	beta blockers
	physical activity
	explanation
	[3]
13	Describe a function of each of the following components of blood:
	white blood cells
	plasma
	[2]

14	The	ere are three stages of learning.
	(a)	Identify each of the <b>three</b> stages of learning. Describe, using examples from a named physical activity, a characteristic of a performer at each stage of learning.
		physical activity
		stage 1
		characteristic
		stage 2
		characteristic
		stage 3
		characteristic
		[6]
	(b)	Describe, using examples from a named physical activity, how the following types of guidance can be used:
		physical activity
		visual
		mechanical.
		[2]
		[Total: 8]

15	Describe, from a named physical activity, an open skill and a closed skill. Justify each of your answers.											
	physical activity											
	open skill											
	justification											
	closed skill											
	justification											
		[4]										
16	Weight training is a method of training.											
	(a) Describe <b>two</b> advantages and <b>two</b> disadvantages of using this method of training.											
	advantages											
	1											
	2											
	disadvantages											
	1											
	2											
		[4]										

(b)	Describe how programme.	two	named	principles	of	overload	can	be	applied	to	а	weight	training
	principle 1												
	application												
	principle 2												
	application												
													[4]

[Total: 8]

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