

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			ANDIDATE JMBER		

ACCOUNTING 0452/22

Paper 2 February/March 2018

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



1 Kamika is a clothing wholesaler who buys and sells on both cash and credit terms. She maintains a full set of accounting records and prepares monthly control accounts.

REQUIRED

(a)	State two advantages to Kamika of preparing a monthly sales ledger control account.
	1
	2
	[2]
(b)	State two reasons why it is possible for Kamika to have a credit balance on her sales ledger control account.
	1
	2
	[2]
	[2]

(c) Complete the following table. Place a tick (✓) to show where **each** item would appear in Kamika's **purchases ledger control account**. If the item would not appear, place a tick (✓) in the no entry column.

	debit	credit	no entry
opening balance owed to credit suppliers			
credit purchases			
cash purchases			
cash discount received			
trade discount received			
cheques paid to credit suppliers			
interest charged by credit suppliers			
returns to credit suppliers			
contra between sales and purchases ledgers			

[9]

Kamika applies all the accounting principles when maintaining accounting records and preparing financial statements.

REQUIRED

(d) Name the accounting principle applied in **each** of the following situations.

	principle
Kamika uses the double entry system of book-keeping when recording transactions in her ledgers.	
Kamika adjusted the charge for insurance in the income statement for an amount prepaid at the year-end.	
Kamika adjusts her provision for doubtful debts at the end of each year so it is always 3% of her trade receivables.	
Kamika intends to trade for several years and values her premises at net book value, not expected sales value, in her statement of financial position.	
Kamika did not make any entry in her accounting records when a competitor reduced his prices even though it may affect her sales.	
Kamika did not make any entry in her accounting records when a customer asked for goods to be put aside for him to collect sometime in the future.	

[6]

Kamika purchases fuel for her motor vehicles in bulk and stores it on her own premises.

Her transactions for the year ended 31 January 2018 included the following:

2017 March 31	Paid by cheque the balance owed to Fuel2go less 2½% cash discount	\$
June 4	Purchased fuel for motor vehicles and paid by cheque	210
December 10	Purchased fuel for motor vehicles on credit from Fuel2go	3200

On 31 January 2018 Kamika's inventory of fuel was \$1100.

REQUIRED

(e) Enter the transactions in the following accounts in Kamika's ledger for the year ended 31 January 2018.

Close the accounts by balancing or by making a transfer to the income statement.

Kamika Fuel2go account

Date	Details	\$	Date <i>2017</i>	Details	\$
			Feb 1	Balance b/o	800
		•••••			

Fuel expenses account

Date 2017	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$
Feb 1	Balance b/d	950			

[9]

[Total: 28]

2	Dipak is a	manufacturer.	His	financial	vear	ends	on :	30	November.
---	------------	---------------	-----	-----------	------	------	------	----	-----------

Dipak depreciates all his non-current assets at the end of each year.

REQUIRED

Explain how providing for depreciation of non-current assets is an application of the principle of prudence.
[2]

Dipak depreciates his motor vehicles using the reducing (diminishing) balance method at 20% per annum on all motor vehicles held at the end of each financial year. No depreciation is charged in the year of disposal.

On 1 December 2015 Dipak owned motor vehicle A, which had cost \$40 000 and had been depreciated by \$14 400.

On 1 August 2016 Dipak purchased motor vehicle B on credit from ZY Motors for \$50000.

REQUIRED

(b) Prepare a journal entry to record the purchase of motor vehicle B.

A narrative is **not** required.

Dipak Journal

Debit \$	Credit \$

[2]

Calculate tl 30 Novembe					Α	for	each	of	the	two	years	ended
Calculate ti				or vehicle								-
30 Novembe											,	
Prepare a jo	urnal entry	y to reco	rd the tra	nsfer to the	e inc	come						-
on motor vel A narrative is		-	enaea 3	u Novemb	er 20	017.						
7 (Harrative is	o not requ	mou.		Dipak								
				lournal								
								Deb	oit		Cred	it

Dipak sold motor vehicle A on 31 December 2017.

depreciation account.

Narratives are required.

REQUIRED

(f)	Cal	culate the total depreciation provided on motor vehicle A up to the date of disposal.	
		[2	2]
(g)	Pre	pare journal entries to record the following:	
	1	the transfer of the original cost of motor vehicle A from the asset account	
	2	the transfer of the accumulated depreciation on motor vehicle A from the provision for	r

Dipak Journal

	Debit \$	Credit \$
1		
2		

[6]

PLEASE TURN OVER

3 The ND Sports Club was formed on 1 January 2017.

As well as providing sporting facilities for members the club also has a café for members and guests. Café supplies are purchased on credit and all café sales are made on cash terms.

The treasurer provided the following information on 31 December 2017.

		\$
Receipts during the year	Subscriptions	14850
	Receipts from café sales	9520
	Net income from competition	710
	Interest-free loan from Sport4U	5000
		30080
Payments during the year	Sports equipment	6200
	Café fixtures and fittings	3500
	Wages – sports coach	6000
	café assistant	4000
	General club expenses	540
	Rent and insurance	3700
	Café suppliers	5760
		29700

Additional information

- At 31 December 2017
 Café inventory was valued at \$970.
 Café suppliers were owed \$130.
 Café assistant's wages accrued amounted to \$160.
- 2 The payment for rent and insurance included \$1200 for 12 months to 31 January 2018.
- 3 One quarter of the rent and insurance is to be allocated to the café.
- 4 The club has 300 members. The annual subscription is \$50. On 31 December 2017 subscriptions were outstanding from 10 members and 7 members had already paid their subscription for 2018.
- 5 Sports equipment and café fixtures and fittings are to be depreciated by 20% on cost.

REQUIRED

(a) Prepare the café income statement for the year ended 31 December 2017.

ND Sports Club Café Income Statement for the year ended 31 December 2017

\$	\$

[7]

(b) Prepare the income and expenditure account for the year ended 31 December 2017.

ND Sports Club Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 December 2017

		\$	\$	
			[Ş	9]
(c)	State one item in the list of receipts and payments whexpenditure account. Give a reason for your answer.	nich does not appe	ar in the income an	d
	Item			
	Reason			
			_	

(d)	State one item in the income and expenditure account which does not appear in the list of receipts and payments. Give a reason for your answer.
	Item
	Reason
	[2]
	nember of the club has suggested that any surplus made by the club should be distributed ong the members.
REG	QUIRED
(e)	Comment on this suggestion.
	[2]
	owner of the premises rented by the club has offered to sell them to the club for \$90000. ecision has to be made by 31 August 2018.
	nember of the committee has suggested increasing subscriptions and holding fund-raising nts in order to raise the necessary finance.
REG	QUIRED
(f)	State why the member's suggestions are not suitable methods of raising the necessary finance.
	[1]
(g)	Suggest one way in which the club could raise the necessary finance.
	[1]
	[Total: 24]

4 Amaira is an office equipment wholesaler. Her financial year ends on 31 January.

Amaira has little knowledge of accounting but attempted to prepare financial statements on 31 January 2018.

The statement of financial position (containing errors) which Amaira prepared on 31 January 2018 was as follows.

	\$
Premises at cost	85000
Fixtures and fittings at cost	40 000
Trade receivables	14000
Drawings	7000
Inventory at 1 February 2017	18000
Bank overdraft	7241
	171 241
Conital at 1 Fabruary 2017	100000
Capital at 1 February 2017	100 000
Profit for the year	14735
Provision for doubtful debts at 1 February 2017	450
Provision for depreciation of fixtures and fittings at 31 January 2018	19520
Trade payables	15144
Loan from EasyLoans (repayable 30 June 2018)	20000
	169849
Balance	1392
	171 241

The opening inventory was \$2000 lower than the closing inventory.

In addition to the obvious errors in the statement of financial position the following errors were discovered.

- On 1 August 2017 a motor vehicle costing \$11 000, was purchased by cheque. This was only recorded in the cash book. The motor vehicle should be depreciated by 25% per annum from the date of purchase.
- 2 No entry has been made for bank charges, \$150.
- 3 No adjustment has been made to the provision for doubtful debts which should be maintained at 3% of trade receivables at the end of each financial year.
- 4 The balance of the petty cash book, \$90, was not included in the statement of financial position.

REQUIRED

(a) Prepare a corrected statement of financial position at 31 January 2018.

The calculation of the corrected profit for the year should be shown within the statement or as a separate calculation.

You may use the space provided on page 16 for your workings.

Amaira Corrected Statement of Financial Position at 31 January 2018

\$	\$ \$

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	RED pare Amaira's capital acco		led 31 January 2018. Bala	ance the ac
		aira account		
Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$
stat 1	ggest two reasons why A tements.	 		

[Total: 24]

PLEASE TURN OVER

5 ABC Limited has a share capital consisting of ordinary shares. The financial year ends on 31 December.

The accountant prepared the income statement for the year ended 31 December 2017 which showed a profit of \$21000.

The accountant started to prepare a statement of changes in equity but was taken ill before it was completed.

REQUIRED

(a) Complete the following statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2017.

ABC Limited
Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2017

	Ordinary share capital \$	General reserve	Retained earnings	Total \$
On 1 January 2017	180 000	25 000	9500	214500
Share issue	20 000			
Profit for the year				
Final dividend paid for year ended 31 December 2016				(7200)
Interim dividend for the year ended 31 December 2017				(6000)
Transfer to general reserve		2000		
At 31 December 2017				

[6]

ABC Limited provided the following information.

Year ended 31 December

	2016	2017
Percentage of gross profit to revenue (gross profit margin)	32%	30%
Percentage of profit for the year to revenue (net profit margin)	12%	14%

REQUIRED

(b)	Suggest two reasons for the change in the percentage of profit for the year to revenue.
	1
	2
	[2]
(c)	State the year in which ABC Limited had better control of the expenses. Give a reason for your answer.
	Year
	Reason
	[2]

One of the directors has made four proposals for increasing the percentage of profit for the year to revenue.

REQUIRED

(d) Complete the following table by placing a tick (✓) to indicate the effect on the percentage of profit for the year to revenue of **each** proposal.

proposal	effect on percentage of profit for the year to revenue			
	increase	decrease	no effect	
reduce number of employees to reduce the wages bill				
purchase supplies in bulk to get trade discount				
purchase supplies on a cash basis only				
delay payment of rent of premises				

[4]

ABC Limited makes all purchases and sales on credit terms.

Credit customers are allowed a credit period of 30 days and credit suppliers allow a credit period of 24 days.

2016

28 days

2017

38 days

ABC Limited provided the following information.

Collection period for trade receivables

	Payment period for trade payables	22 days	30 days			
REQUIRED						
(e)	Comment on the effect on the liquidity of ABC Limited of the change in the collection period for trade receivables and the change in the payment period for trade payables.					
			[2]			
(f)	Suggest two ways in which ABC Limited receivables.	could reduce	the collection period for trade			
	1					
	2					

.....[2]

(g) Suggest two ways in which ABC Limited could reduce the possibility of bad debts.

(h)	Suggest one disadvantage to the trade payables of the change in the payment period.				
(i)	Suggest one advantage to the trade payables of the change in the payment period.				
	[1]				
	C Limited's return on capital employed (ROCE) for the year ended 31 December 2017 was er than that of the previous few years.				
REC	QUIRED				
(j)	State what is measured by the return on capital employed (ROCE).				
	[1]				
	e of the directors has made three proposals for increasing the return on capital employed CE).				

REQUIRED

(k) Complete the following table by placing a tick (✓) to indicate the effect on the return on capital employed (ROCE) of **each** proposal.

proposal	effect on return on capital employed (ROCE)		
	increase	decrease	no effect
reduce cost of insuring motor vehicles			
issue more ordinary shares			
obtain a short-term interest-free loan from a director			

[3]

[Total: 26]

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