

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

2059/02 **PAKISTAN STUDIES**

Paper 2 The Environment of Pakistan

October/November 2013 1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer any three questions.

The Insert contains Photograph A for Question 1, Photograph B for Question 2, Photograph C for Questions 3 and 4, Photographs D and E for Question 4 and Fig. 7 for Question 5.

The Insert is **not** required by the Examiner.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



This document consists of 18 printed pages, 2 blank pages and insert.

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1 (a) Study Photograph A (Insert).

For
Examiner's
Llco

Name the irrigation system shown in the photograph and explain briefly how it works.
Name
How it works
[4]

(b) Study Fig. 1, a map showing the main sugar-cane growing areas.

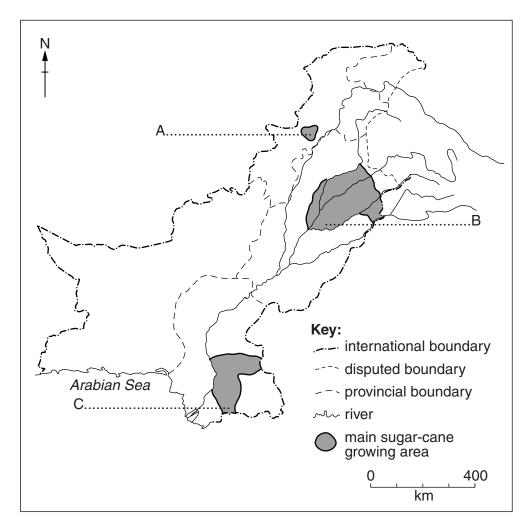


Fig. 1

Name on the map **one** city, town or district in **each** of the areas A, B and C.

[3]

(c)	(i)	What is meant by the following terms?	For
		Subsistence crop	Examiner's Use
		Cash crop	
		[2]	
	(ii)	Describe the climate and soil conditions needed for growing sugar-cane.	
		Climate	
		Soil	
		[4]	
(d)	(i)	Give two reasons why sugar-cane factories should be built as close as possible to the fields where sugar-cane is grown.	
		1	
		2	
		[2]	
	(ii)	Name two by-products from sugar-cane processing and give a use of each of them.	
		1 Use	
		2 Use	
		[4]	

(e)	Name a cash crop, other than sugar-cane, grown in Pakistan. Explain the advantages and disadvantages of increasing its cultivation.	For Examiner's Use
	Name	
	Advantages	
	Disadvantages	
	[6]	
	[Total: 25]	

2 (a) Study Photograph B (Insert) showing a brickworks, and Fig. 2, a diagram showing the main inputs to a brick-making industry.

For Examiner's Use

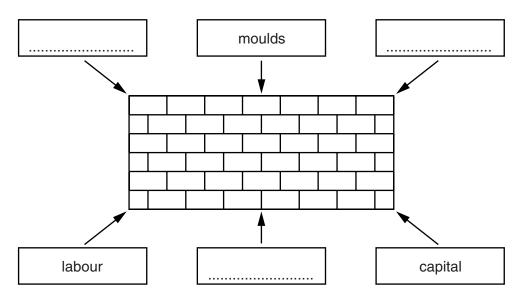


Fig. 2

(ii)

(i) Write the names of **three** other physical inputs in the three empty boxes on Fig. 2 above. [3]

Explain how bricks are made.	
	[3]

(iii) Name **two** types of air pollution that might be produced by a brickworks.

1	2
	[2]

b)	Study Photograph B again. Describe the effects of the pollution created by thi brickworks on people and the environment in the local area.	s

(c) Study Fig. 3, a graph showing cement production in Pakistan.

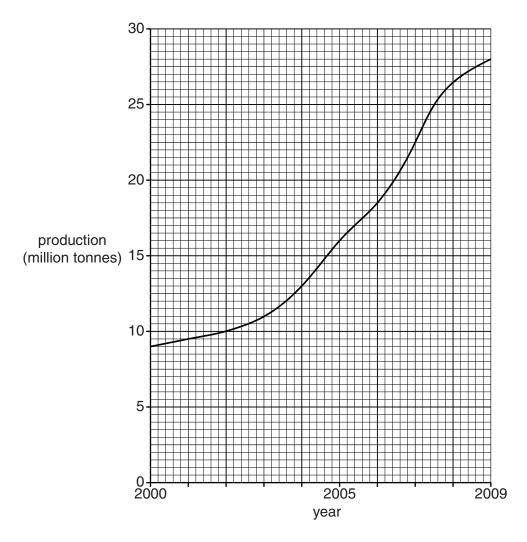


Fig. 3

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	(i)	What was the production of cement in 2009?	For Examiner's
		[1]	Use
	(ii)	By how much did production increase from 2000 to 2009?	
		[1]	
	(iii)	Name the two main raw materials used to make cement.	
		1	
		[2]	
((iv)	Give three reasons for the continuous increase in cement manufacture from 2000 to 2009	
		1	
		2	
		3[3]	
(d)		plain the advantages and disadvantages of expanding the sports goods industry in tistan.	
	Adv	vantages	
	Dis	advantages	
		[6]	
		[Total: 25]	

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3 (a) Study Fig. 4, a graph showing the weight of goods carried by road and rail transport in Pakistan.

For Examiner's Use

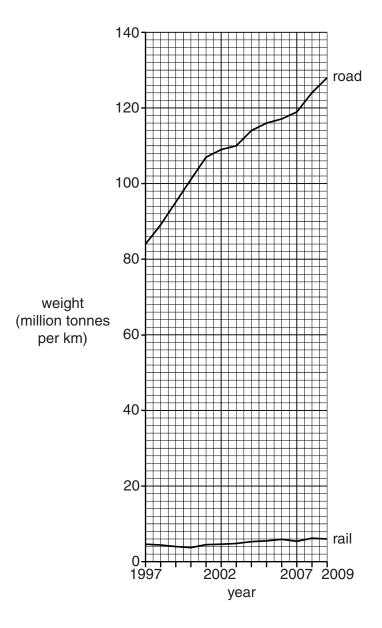


Fig. 4

What is the weight of goods carried by road in 2009?

	[1
(ii)	How much more was carried by road than rail in 2009?

(ii) Trow mach more was carried by road than fall in 2000.

(iii) By how much has the weight of goods carried by road increased from 2002 to 2009?

[1]

(b)	Why has the use of road transport increased more than rail transport since 2000?
	[4]

(c) Study Fig. 5, a map of Pakistan.

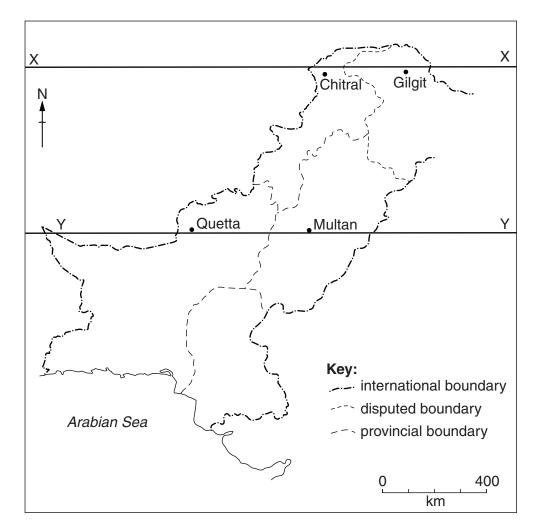


Fig. 5

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For Examiner's Use

For Examiner's Use

(i)	Give the latitude of the lines $X - X$ and $Y - Y$.
	X
(ii)	Explain the effect of latitude on
	Temperature
	Dov longth
	Day length
	[4]
(d) (i)	Study Photograph C.
	Name three attractions to tourists shown in the photograph.
	1
	2
	3[3]
(ii)	Explain how local people can gain income from tourism in mountain areas.
	[3]
	[3]

(e)	To what extent is it possible to increase tourism in Pakistan in the 21st century?	For Examiner's Use
	[6]	

[Total: 25]

4	(a)	Stuc	dy Photographs D and E (Insert).	For
		(i)	Name the type of renewable energy being generated.	Examiner's Use
			D E	
		(ii)	Give three advantages of renewable energy.	
			1	
			2	
			3[3]	
	((iii)	Give three disadvantages of generating energy by either D or E.	
			Choice	
			Disadvantages	
			1	
			2	
			3	

(b) Study Fig. 6, a map of Pakistan.

For Examiner's Use

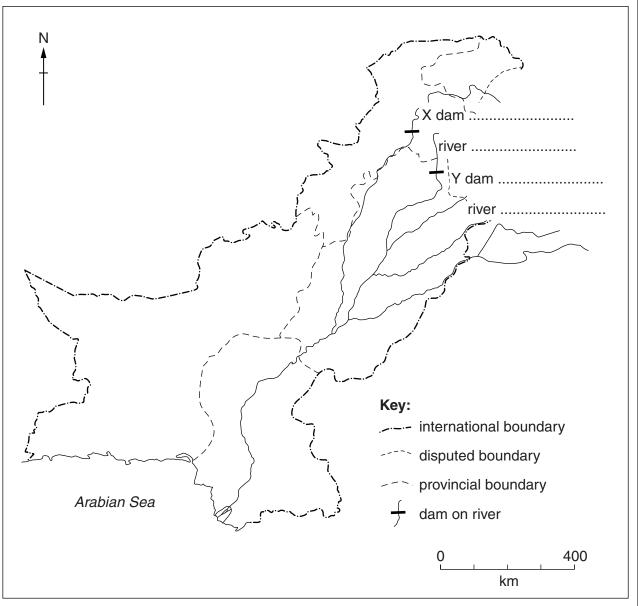


Fig. 6

On the map name the **two** dams shown, and the rivers on which they are situated. [4]

) (1)	possible to build more HEP (hydel) power stations in areas such as that shown in Photograph C (Insert).	
	Water supply	
	Relief (topography)	
	[4]	
410		
(ii)	Give three reasons why it is difficult to develop more HEP (hydel) power stations in Pakistan.	
	1	
	2	
	2 3 [3]	
To v	3	
	3	
	3	
	3	
	3	
To v	3	

[Total: 25]

For Examiner's Use

5

(a)	Stud	Study Fig. 7 (Insert) a map of literacy in Pakistan.		
	(i)	Name a city in each of the three areas shown on the map where literacy is over 60%.		
		[3]		
	(ii)	Name an area where literacy is below 20%. Explain why the literacy rate is low in this area.		
		Area		
		Reason		
		[6]		

(b) Study Fig. 8, pie charts showing literacy rates in Pakistan.

For Examiner's Use

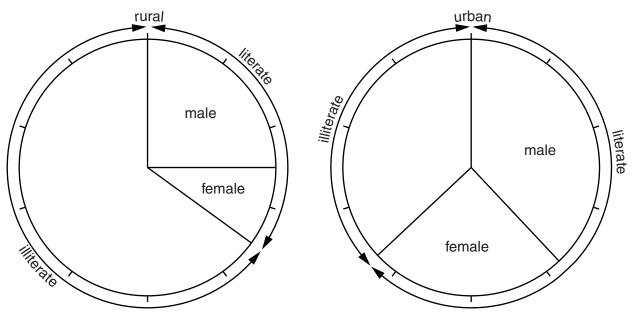


Fig. 8

(i)	What is the percentage of literate males in urban areas?	
		[1]
(ii)	How much larger is this than the percentage of literate males in rural areas?	
		[1]

(c)	(i)	Give an example of tertiary employment for which literacy is not important.	For Examiner's
		[1]	Use
	(ii)	Explain why literacy is important to increase economic development in Pakistan.	
		[6]	

(d)	Stu	dy Fig. 8 again.		
	(i)	What is the percentage of literate females in rural areas?		
		[1]		
	(ii)	To what extent can population growth be influenced by increasing female literacy?		
		[6]		
		[Total: 25]		

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