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ENVIRONMEN	NTAL MA	NAGEME	NT			0680/4	2			
Alternative to 0	Coursewo	ork				May/June 2012				
						1 hour 30 minute	es:			
Candidates an	swer on t	the Questi	on Paper							
Additional Mate	erials:	Ruler								
READ THESE	INSTRU	CTIONS F	IRST							
•		•	late number	and name on all t	he work you hand in.					
	Write in dark blue or black pen.									
•	ou may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working. To not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.									
	O NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.									

Answer all questions.

Study the appropriate Source materials before you start to write your answers.

Credit will be given for appropriate selection and use of data in your answers and for relevant interpretation of these data. Suggestions for data sources are given in some questions.

You may use the source data to draw diagrams and graphs or to do calculations to illustrate your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use

This document consists of 12 printed pages.



Answer **all** the questions.







Map of Nigeria



Area of Nigeria: over 900 000 sq km

Population: 150 million Children per woman: 4.82 Life expectancy: 51.9 years

Currency: Naira (150 Naira =1US\$)

Languages: English, Housa, Yoruba, Igbo, Fulani Climate: Equatorial in the south, savanna in the north

Terrain: Southern lowlands with central hills and plateaus. The coastline around Lagos is

dominated by a large lagoon of shallow water, partly fresh and partly salty.

Main exports: Petroleum and oil products.

Nigeria is the twelfth largest producer of petroleum in the world. It has well developed financial services and a rapidly growing telecommunications sector. Manufacturing includes leather, textiles and cars as well as a developing film industry. Only recently has mining begun even to exploit very large deposits of other valuable minerals. However sixty percent of the population still work in agriculture. Half the population live in poverty.

Lagos is located on the edge of a lagoon and has expanded greatly in the last ten years as large numbers of people have migrated from rural villages. Many people have to live in shanty towns with inadequate services.

© UCLES 2012 0680/42/M/J/12 1 (a) The Benin River flows into the Lagos lagoon. The river has many sawmills on its banks. Trees are cut in the forests in the southern lowlands and floated down to the sawmills. Sawmill waste is dumped in the river. Local fishermen complained that they were finding it hard to make a living now the sawmills have been set up.

For Examiner's Use

A scientist carried out a survey of the river at points 1, 2 and 3. He used a canoe and fishing line. He fished for one hour at each sample station and then took a water sample for analysis. The results are shown in the table.

Sample points

1

2

3

	20 km upstream from sawmills	sawmill zone	4km downstream from sawmills
Number of fish caught	244	110	204
Number of fish species	22	10	19
Phosphate (ppm)	0.65	0.85	0.58
Nitrate (ppm)	0.58	0.49	0.85
Biological oxygen demand (BOD) (milligrams per litre)*	2.8	13.6	2.8
pH of water	7.3	6.6	7.3

^{*}BOD shows the amount of oxygen used by bacteria in the water.

(1)	the table, in the river.
	[5]
(ii)	Does the data suggest sawmill waste is having an effect on the river? Use information from the table to support your answer.
	[3]

For Examiner's Use

		4
(b)	tow	ny people have migrated to Lagos from rural areas but are forced to live in shanty ns without services. State one reason why people might migrate from rural villages agos.
		[1]
(c)	pop lago	ne people are forced to build their houses on stilts in the lagoon which is densely ulated. They reach the mainland by canoe. An unemployed man living over the on decided to make some money from selling fish. He built a small pen to grow fish. en the fish had grown he planned to smoke them and sell them at a local market.
	•	He built a small pen 3×3m (cost 300 Naira).
	•	He bought 100 small tilapia fish (cost 250 Naira).
	•	He fed them every day with kitchen waste.
	•	After twelve weeks he caught 75 fish and cooked and smoked them using wood chips from the sawmill waste.
	•	He sold all the fish for 1100 Naira.
	(i)	What % profit did he make?
		[1]

(d) A researcher wanted to find out how well the fish grow in lagoon pens compared to pens built in river water. She kept some factors the same between the two locations:

(ii) Why are fish an important food to keep people healthy?

- Natural water temperature 26°C
- Size of pen 3x3 m
- 100 newly hatched fish added at day 1
- All the same species of fish

She selected 5 fish at random every 10 days to record their weight. Then she calculated the average weight. The results are shown in the table.

	Days from start	10	20	30	40	50
Average	River water	20	50	85	115	140
weight per fish (g)	Lagoon water	10	25	40	55	70

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(e)



[4]

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(ii)	What is the difference in weight between fish grown in the two types of water at 50 days?
	[1]
(iii)	What is similar and different about the pattern shown by the data for the two types of water?
	similarity
	difference[2]
(iv)	Suggest one reason for the difference in fish growth in lagoon water compared with river water.
	[1]
Sor	ne people think that eating fish produced from this lagoon is dangerous.
Sug	gest a reason why they think this.

2 (a) There is a great demand for building materials in Lagos because the city is growing rapidly. Building blocks are made from sharp river sand and cement. Cement imports are banned and cement production in Nigeria has recently doubled.

For Examiner's Use

To obtain river sand young men take wooden boats with sails made from rice sacks out into the lagoon early in the morning. They dive into the lagoon and fill the boat with sand one bucket at a time. At midday they return to Lagos and sell the sand. A bucket holds 10 kg of sand and is worth 25 Naira.

(i)	The sand collected on one day sold for 2000 Naira. Calculate how many buckets had been collected. Show your working.
	[2]
(ii)	Explain why collecting sand by hand is likely to be a sustainable activity.
	[2]
(iii)	The government wants to make collecting sand by this method illegal. Suggest reasons why.
	[2]

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(b) Many small scale factories make concrete blocks from sharp sand and cement. Using a moulding machine and a supply of water many blocks can be made each day. The blocks need to dry for three days before being moved. If rain hits them within three hours of being made, they break down. Workers are paid by the number of blocks they make each day.

For Examiner's Use

The traditional method of building with blocks involves using a mortar of sand and cement to bind the blocks together. To reduce costs a small factory started making hollow blocks and adding some waste rice husks from nearby farms so less cement is used. These blocks take longer to dry out.

(i) Look at the climate data for this area in the table.

Month	Average minimum temperature °C	Average maximum temperature °C	Total rainfall (mm)	Number of wet days per month
January	23	31	28	3
February	25	32	46	3
March	26	32	102	7
April	25	32	150	10
May	24	31	269	16
June	23	29	460	20
July	23	28	279	16
August	23	28	64	10
September	23	28	140	14
October	23	29	206	16
November	24	31	69	7
December	24	31	25	2

	Which months are best and worst for block making? Give a brief reason for each.
	best
	worst[2]
(ii)	Many of the small factory owners would like to increase production when weather conditions are ideal. Suggest reasons why they are unable to do this.
	[2]

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	(iii)	Explain the environmental and economic advantage of the blocks being
		hollow,
		made with some waste rice husks.
(c)		is grown in fields that are surrounded by low earth banks. Rice husks can be used ake compost, as animal fodder or to make building blocks.
	(i)	Looking at the sketch describe what has been done to enable irrigation to take place.
		[1]
	(ii)	Describe how composting rice husks could benefit the farmers.
	(iii)	Explain why rice farmers often suffer from malaria in this area.
		[3]

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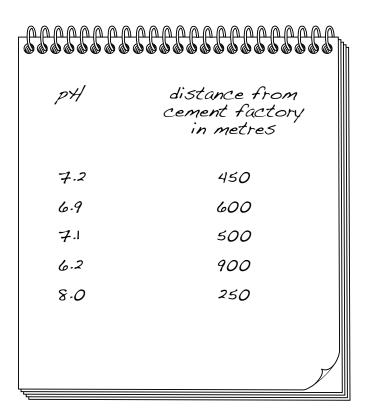
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3 (a)	To the north of Lagos lagoon is an agricultural region with two cement factories. Most of the food grown is sold in Lagos. Some farmers complained to the government that the cement dust was affecting their crops. A researcher was asked to carry out a survey of farming villages to find out more about crop yields using a questionnaire. Complete the questionnaire by writing three further questions to find out more in the region from the farmers.					
	Distance from cement factory?					
	Less than 1 km	more the	an 5km			
	Less than 1 Ha	1-3Ha	more the	nan 3 Ha		
	2					
(b)	4 The researche	[4] , 15 were less than 1 km the results are shown in				
	Average value of profit per farm					
		Villages at least 5 km from cement factory	Villages near a cement factory	difference		
Profit from selling crops (Naira)		272 000	190 610			
Profit for labour costing 1 Naira		4.70	2.10			

(i) Calculate the difference and complete the table. [2]

(ii) After the rice is harvested from the fields a crop of Lagos spinach is grown without irrigation. It is in high demand all year and is most expensive in the dry season. A student suspected that changes in soil pH altered the growth of Lagos spinach. She decided to take soil samples from different locations and test the pH. She followed the easy paths to the sample sites and recorded her findings in the order shown in the notebook.

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In the space below rearrange the data in a better way for analysis.

[3]

	(iii)	Describe what the data	shows.					
					[1]			
	The student decided to grow some Lagos spinach in two containers. One container had cement dust added, the other did not. The following method was used. 50 seeds were planted in each container. Both containers had the same volume and type of soil. The same volume of water was added to each container. I leaves were measured every five days.							
	3g (of cement dust was add	ed to one container ev	ery 3 days.				
				•				
	The	experiment ended after	[·] 35 days. The results a	are shown in the table.				
		Average length of leaves (cm)						
		days from planting	no cement dust	cement dust added every 3 days				
		5	5	3				
		10	7	5				
		15	10	8				
		20	11	9				
		25	13	11				
		30	14	12				
		35	15	13				

State another measure of plant growth the student could have recorded.

(iii)

d) The diagram shows some of the factors that will affect the quality of life in the futur this farming region north of Lagos.					
cement dust can be reduced by electrostatic precipitators fitted to chimneys	Lagos spinach supplies vitamins A, B and C to the diet				
demand for building materials in Lagos will be high until 2017	the population of Nigeria is increasing by about 3 million a year				
searching for new valuable mineral deposits is just beginning in Nigeria	rice feeds many people, it provides carbohydrate but is low in vitamins				
Use your knowledge and the information next 5 years for the farming region north	n given to suggest a development plan for the of Lagos.				
Allowed developments:					
Restrictions or bans:					

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