UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/04

Paper 4 (Extended), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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Page 2	Page 2 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
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		1		1	1	,
1	(a)		5h 21 min seen	M1		Subtracting times (321 M1)
			5.35 h seen	M1		Converting minutes part to hours (may be later) $(340 \div 321 \text{ M1})$
			340 ÷ 5.35 seen	M1		$340 \div \text{their time}$ (× 60 M1)
			63.551 or $63\frac{59}{107}$	B1	[4]	
	(b)	(i)	54.0 (54.01 – 54.02)	B2	[2]	If B0, M1 for 0.85 × 63.55 oe
		(ii)	19 18 ft	B3 ft	[3]	minutes added to 13 00 If B0, M1 for 340 \div their (i) (6.29) or 5.35 \div 0.85 or 321 \div 0.85 \div 60 M1 (dep) for changing decimal part to minutes
						[9]
2	(a)	(i)	93 312	B1	[1]	Accept 93 300 or 93 310
		(ii)	9.3312×10^4 ft	B1 ft	[1]	ft their (i) B1 for 9.331, 9.33 or 9.3 all $\times 10^4$
	(b)		$9.69(0)$ to 9.691×10^{-3}	B2	[2]	B1 for 0.00969(0) to 0.009691 implied by
						9.69^{-03} SC1 for 9.7×10^{-3} or 9.69×10^{3}
	(c)		4.57 or 4.573	B1	[1]	
	(d)		4.72 or 4.722 to 4.723	B2	[2]	If B0, M1 for log2000 ÷ log5 or graph clearly sketched showing intersection [7]
3	(a)		Sketch of U-shaped parabola	M1		If M1 A0, SC1 for -3.2 or - 3.236 and
3	(a)		intersecting <i>x</i> -axis twice or full correct use of formula with $a = 1$,	IVII		1.2 or 1.236 If M0, SC2 for – 3.24 and 1.24
			$b = 2$ and $c = -4 \left(\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{20}}{2} \right)$ or correct			
			use of completing the square –3.24, 1.24	A1 A1	[3]	or SC1 for -3.2 or - 3.236 and 1.2 or 1.236
	(b)		$-3.24 \le x \le 1.24$ ft	B1 ft B1 ft	[2]	ft only if two solutions to part (a) Condone < used and allow in words, if clear [5]
4	(a)		Line joining 5 on each axis approx Horizontal line roughly through 1 Line through origin at more than 45° to <i>x</i> -axis	B1 B1 B1	[3]	All may be freehand
	(b)		R in correct region oe	Bldep		dep on B3
					[1]	[4]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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5	(a)		5 2 3 2.875 (allow 2.87, 2.88 or 2.9) 4	B1 B1 B1 B1 B1	[5]	
	(b)		2	B2	[2]	If B0, M1 for attempting to find a fraction with denominator 72
	(c)	(i)	$\frac{1}{8}$ cao	B2	[2]	If B0, B1 for $\frac{9}{72}$ o.e.
		(ii)	45 ft	B1 ft	[1]	ft their (i) if answer is integer accept $\frac{45}{360}$ [10]
6	(a)		1.15	В3	[3]	If B0, M1 for $20t + 8(3t - 1)$ and M1 (dep) for this equal to 42.6
	(b)	(i)	$\frac{15}{y} + \frac{9}{y+2} = 8$	M2		Allow M1 for l.h.s.
			15(y+2)+9y = 8y(y+2) or $15y+30+9y = 8y^2 + 16y$	M1		Could still be all over $y(y+2)$ and not expanded or partly or fully expanded
			$8y^2 - 8y - 30 = 0$ $\therefore 4y^2 - 4y - 15 = 0$	E1	[4]	Correctly established. Need to see 1 correct line and final answer
		(ii)	(2y-5)(2y+3)	B2	[2]	Allow SC1 for any other $(2y \pm 5)(2y \pm 3)$
		(iii)	2.5(0) ft	B1 ft	[1]	ft a positive root from (ii) if the only one from two possible roots.
						[10]
7	(a)		Real numbers oe	B1	[1]	
	(b)		3, 90	B1 B1	[2]	Allow either way round
	(c)	(i)	Stretch Factor 2 <i>x</i> -axis invariant	B1 B1 B1	[3]	Independent
		(ii)	Translation $\begin{pmatrix} -60\\0 \end{pmatrix}$	B1 B1	[2]	Must be translation Independent – Allow description in words [8]
8	(a)	(i)	Triangle at $(-4, 4), (-1, 4), (-1, 5)$	B2	[2]	If B0, SC1 for any translation
		(ii)	Triangle at $(-1, -2)$, $(-1, -5)$, $(-2, -5)$	B2	[2]	If B0, SC1 if two vertices correct
	(b)		Enlargement, (factor) 2, (centre) (4, 0)	B1 B1	B1 [3]	Each B is independent
	(c)		Translation $\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$	B1 B1	[2]	B's independent Must be translation but allow description in words [9]

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				1		7
9	(a)		2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19	B1	[1]	
	(b)		All 8 points correctly placed	В3	[3]	B2 for 7 correct and B1 for 6 correct isw extras
	(c)		3, 11, 17, 19 ft	B1 ft	[1]	ft their Venn diagram
	(d)		3 ft	B1 ft	[1]	ft their Venn diagram
	(e)		B only shaded (i.e. parts in A and C	B1	[1]	
			not shaded)			[7]
10	(a)	(i)	One pair of angles equal with reason	R1		Reasons can only be angles in same
	(4)	(1)	Second pair of angles equal with	R1		segment oe and vertically opposite oe, the
			reason	R1	Г 2 Т	second only used once
			Angles of triangles equal	Kı	[3]	Accept anything suggesting angles same Each R is independent
		(ii)	18	B2	[2]	If B0, M1 for 2^2 or 0.5^2 seen
	(b)	(i)	50	B1	[1]	
		(ii)	98	B2	[2]	If B0, M1 for 180 – (32 + their (i)) or for
						angle QPR = 32 seen or for angle PQY = 58 seen (may be on diagram)
		(iii)	5.14 (2)	B2	[2]	If B0, M1 for $\cos 50 = RY \div 8$ oe
		(iv)	4	B1	[1]	II Bo, WI for cosso - KI + o de
		(11)	•	D1	[1]	[11]
11	(a)		3 points correct 2mm accuracy	P2	[2]	P1 for 2 correct
	(b)		Negative	B1	[1]	Allow description e.g. cold goes down as
						hot goes up
	(c)	(i)	y = -0.565x + 58.5	B1 B1	[2]	Must be in form $mx + c$, allow -0.57 or -0.5652 to -0.5651 for m and 58 or
						58.48 for <i>c</i>
		(ii)	30 or 31 cao	B2	[2]	Must be integer
						If B0, M1 for using their linear regression equation with $x = 50$
						equation with $x = 30$
12	(-)		0.9222	D2	[2]	SC2 for ⁵ 0.92 0.922 0.9222 imm if
12	(a)		0.8333	В3	[3]	SC2 for $\frac{5}{6}$, 0.83, 0.833, 0.8333 isw if
						angle given $\sin C = \sin 30$
						If B0 and SC0, M1 for $\frac{\sin C}{10} = \frac{\sin 30}{6}$ oe
						(can be implicit)
	(b)	(i)	Two accurate points marked C_1 and C_2	B1 B1	[2]	2 mm accuracy
		(ii)	56.4, 123.6	B1 B1	[2]	
		(iii)	67.2 ft	B1 ft	[1]	ft the difference between their answers in (ii)
						[8]

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13 (a)	982 (981.7 – 981.9)	B2 [2]	If B0, M1 for $0.5 \times \pi \times 25^2$
(b)	295 000 (294 500 – 294 600) ft	B2 ft [2]	ft their (a) × 300 If B0, M1 for their (a) × 300
(c) (i)	106.3 (106.2 – 106.3)	B3 [3]	Allow 106
			If B0, M1 for $\cos = \frac{15}{25}$ oe
			then M1 dep for × 2
(ii)	299.9 to 300.4 ft	B2 ft [2]	ft their (i) If B0, M1 for $0.5 \times 25^2 \times \sin(\text{their}(i))$ or for $0.5 \times 2 \times 20 \times 15$ oe
(iii)	577.8 to 580 ft	B2 ft [2]	ft their (i) If B0, M1 for their (i) \div 360 \times π \times 25 ²
(iv)	277 – 280.1 ft	B1 ft [1]	ft their (iii) – their (ii)
(v)	83.1 to 84.03 ft	B2 ft [2]	ft their (ii) \times 0.3 oe If B0, M1 for their (ii) \times 0.3 oe
			[14]
14 (a)	One curve reasonable shape, roughly approaching $y = 1$ both ends One max in negative x region One minimum just to right of y -axis or on it	B1 B1 B1 [3]	
(b)	(-5.19, 1.24) (-5.193 to -5.192, 1.238 to 1.239)	B2 [2]	Allow –5.2 and 1.2
(c)	0.161 to 1.24 (0.1614 to 0.1615 and 1.238 to 1.239)	B3 [3]	Allow 0.16 and 1.24 If B0, B1 for top value their y-coord of (b) and M1 (indep) for evidence of finding minimum point
(d)	y = 1	B1 [1]	
(e)	-1.62(4)	B2 [2]	If B0, M1 for line with $c = 1$ and positive gradient added to sketch (may be freehand) [11]