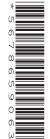


UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		



STATISTICS 4040/23

Paper 2 October/November 2011

2 hours 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the question paper.

Additional Materials: Mathematical tables

Pair of compasses

Protractor

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

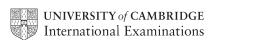
Answer **all** questions in Section A and not more than **four** questions from Section B.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

The use of an electronic calculator is expected in this paper.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



Section A [36 marks]

Answer all of the questions 1 to 6.

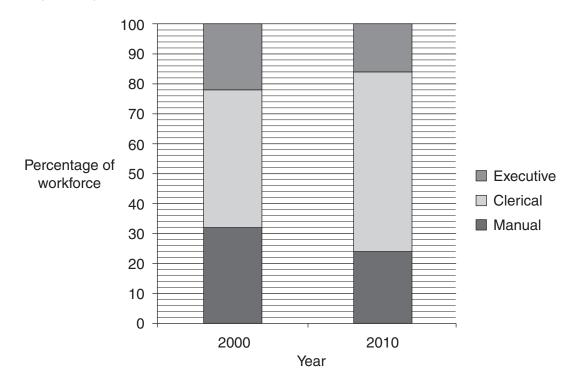
1	When a children's choir had ten members the averages (measures of central tendency) of their
	ages were as follows.

Mean = 11.2 years Median = 11.5 years Mode = 13 years

Two new children aged 7 years and 13 years joined the choir. Find the mean, median and mode of the ages of the twelve members of the choir.

Mean =	 years	
Median =	 years	
Mode =	 years	[5]

2 The component percentage bar chart below shows the breakdown of the workforce at a particular company in the years 2000 and 2010.



In the year 2000 there were 250 employees at the company.

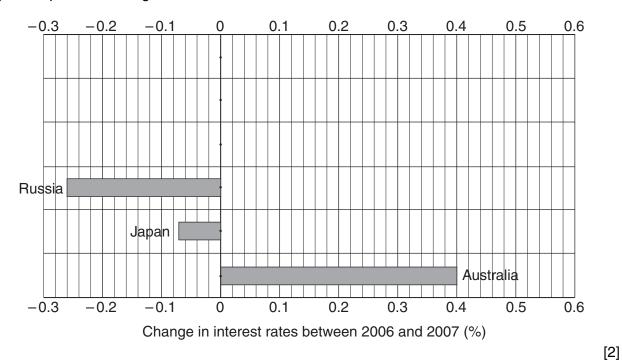
(i) Find the number of each type of worker in the year 2000.

	Executive
	Clerical
	Manual [3]
(ii)	A student looking at the graph states that the number of clerical workers at the company has increased between the years 2000 and 2010.
	State, giving a reason, whether the student's statement is correct.

3 The table below shows the long-term interest rates for 2006 and 2007 in various countries.

	Interest rate (%)			
	2006	2007		
Australia	5.62	6.02		
Japan	1.74	1.67		
Russia	6.98	6.72		
South Africa	7.94	7.99		
United Kingdom	4.50	5.01		
United States	4.79	4.63		

(i) Complete the change chart below.



(ii) Give one advantage and one disadvantage of displaying data using a change chart.

antage	
advantage	
	[0]

4	(i)	Explain, in words, the meaning of the term 'mutually exclusive events'.	
	(ii)	Events A and B are mutually exclusive. $P(A) = 0.3$ and $P(A \cup B) = 0.8$. Find $P(B)$.	
	(iii)		1]
		Find	
		(a) P(D),	
		(b) P(C∪D).	?]
		[2	2]

5 A variable V with the frequency distribution below has mean m and standard deviation s.

V	1	2	3	4	5
Frequency	g	h	i	j	k

(i)	Find the	mean	and	standard	deviation,	in	terms	of	m and	S,	of
-----	----------	------	-----	----------	------------	----	-------	----	-------	----	----

(a) the variable W with the frequency distribution

W	5	6	7	8	9
Frequency	g	h	i	j	k

Mean =	
ivicaii —	

(b) the variable *X* with the frequency distribution

X	4	8	12	16	20
Frequency	g	h	i	j	k

(ii) *m* and *s* are found to be 3.18 and 1.12 (correct to 2 decimal places). Give an estimate of the mean and standard deviation of the continuous variable *Y* with the grouped frequency distribution

Y	10≤ <i>y</i> <12	12≤ <i>y</i> <14	14≤ <i>y</i> <16	16≤ <i>y</i> <18	18≤ <i>y</i> <20
Frequency	g	h	i	j	k

Mean =	
N/102h —	
IVICALI —	

EXTRACT FROM A RANDOM NUMBER TABLE

15 37 72 50 37 02 49 91 21 82 16 94 54 09 65 98 73 11 02 30 33 91 47 28 19 28 56 04 22 51 83 24

(i)	Αs	ampl	ation has a size of 60, and the individuals in that population are numbered 00 to 59. e is to be selected from the population and no individual may be selected more than any one sample.
	(a)		e the random number table above, starting at the beginning of the first row and workinging the row, to find a simple random sample of size five.
	(h)		Use the second row of the table to find the first number for a systematic sample of
	(b)	(i)	size five.
		(!!\	[1]
		(ii)	Write down the numbers of the other members of the sample.
			[1]
	(c)	size	e population consists of 19 males and 41 females. A sample stratified by gender , of e five, is to be taken. Calculate how many males and females will be required in the apple.
			Males
			Females[2]
(ii)			population has a size of 600. Explain how the random number table above could be select a sample from this population.
			[0]

Section B [64 marks]

Answer not more than **four** of the questions 7 to 11.

Each question in this section carries 16 marks.

7 The owner of a small taxi firm classified the expenditure on her business into three categories, as shown in the table.

The price relatives, taking 2008 as the base year, are also given in the table.

	F	Price relative	es
	2008	2009	2010
Maintenance	100	96	112
Wages	100	a =	113
Fuel	100	b=	116

(i)	Explain what the value 96 for maintenance in 2009 indicates.
	[2]
(ii)	Explain what the value 112 for maintenance in 2010 indicates.
(iii)	Calculate, to the nearest whole number, the price relative for maintenance for 2010 taking
	2009 as the base year.
	[2]
(iv)	The wage rates of her employees increased by 7% between 2008 and 2009. Insert the value of a in the table. [1]
(v)	The price of fuel rose from \$1.90 per litre in 2008 to \$2.09 per litre in 2009. Calculate the

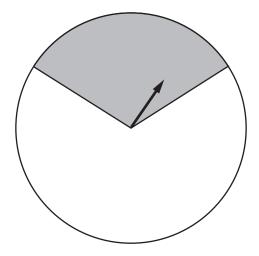
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value of *b* and insert it in the table.

In 2 fuel	2008, she spent 15% of her total expenditure on maintenance, 35% on wages and 50% on l.
(vi)	Calculate, to one decimal place, a weighted aggregate cost index for 2010 using 2008 as the base year.
	[3]
(vii)	Her total expenditure on the business came to \$6420 in 2008. Use your answer to part (vi) to estimate, to the nearest dollar, her total expenditure on the business in 2010.
	\$[2]
(viii)	Give two possible reasons why this estimate might be very inaccurate.
	Reason 1
	Decem 0

8 In this question give all probabilities as exact fractions.

A turn at a fairground game involves spinning an arrow once. Each turn costs \$1. A player wins a prize of \$2 if the arrow lands in the shaded area, otherwise the player loses. The probability of landing in the shaded area is $\frac{1}{3}$.



Three friends Amir, Baljit and Cody, each with \$2, decide to play.

(i) Amir decides to have two turns

(a)	Find the	nrohability	that Amir	wine on	both turns.
(a)	rina ine	DIODADIIIV	mai Amii	wins on	DOIN JUINS.

(b) Find the probability that Amir wins exac	[2]
	[3]

(c) Let X represent the money possessed by Amir after playing. Find the expectation of X.

\$.....[2]

(ii) The second friend, Baljit, decides to stop playing if he wins. Let *Y* represent the money possessed by Baljit after playing. Using *W* for win and *L* for lose, the possible outcomes are listed in the table below.

Outcome	W	LW	LL
Probability			
Y			

			Probability					
			Υ					
	(a)	Calculate	e the probabil	ity of each out	come and ente	er it in the above	e table.	
								[3]
	(b)	Remembabove ta	-	aljit arrived wit	h \$2, for each	outcome enter	the value of	Y in the [1]
	(c)	Which o	f Amir and Ba	aljit had the be	etter strategy fo	or winning more	e money? Jus	tify your
								[2]
(iii)			-	cides to keep er than five tur		long as he stil	I has money.	Find the

9	(a)	Some students were asked about their journey to school on a particular day and the following
		data was collected.

- (i) The length of time taken on their journey to school.
- (ii) The method of transport they used for their journey.
- (iii) The number of people they travelled with.

For each, state whether the data collected is qualitative or quantitative and whether it is discrete or continuous.

	Qualitative or Quantitative	Discrete or Continuous	
(i)			[1]
(ii)			[1]
(iii)			[1]

(b) The following data was collected regarding the length of time, **to the nearest minute**, that 120 students took on their journey to school.

Time taken (minutes)	Number of pupils	Cumulative frequency
0 - 9	1	
10 – 19	14	
20 – 24	30	
25 – 29	29	
30 – 34	21	
35 – 39	12	
40 – 49	7	
50 – 59	3	
60 – 69	3	

(i)	Explain why the true class limits of the 20 – 24 class are 19.5 and 24.5.	
		[1]
(ii)	Insert the cumulative frequencies in the table.	[1]
(iii)	State the class which contains the median.	
		[1]

(iv)	Calculate, using linear interpolation, an estimate of the median, correct to one decima place.
(v)	Explain why this value is an estimate.
(•)	
	[1]
(vi)	Without any further calculation, state whether an estimate of the mean would be higher or lower than your result in part (iv). Give a reason for your answer.
	[2]
(vii)	Calculate, using linear interpolation, an estimate of the number of pupils who took over 45 minutes to get to school.
	[4]

10 In this question give all answers as exact fractions or as decimals correct to 3 decimal places.

The two-way table below shows the number of siblings (brothers and sisters) and the gender of the children in a class.

	0	TOTAL			
Male	2	5	7	2	16
Female	1	7	3	1	12
TOTAL	3	12	10	3	28

For	exan	nple, there are 3 females who each have 2 siblings.				
(i)	Find	Find the probability that a child chosen at random from the class				
	(a)	is male and has one sibling,				
		[1]				
	(b)	has fewer than two siblings,				
		[1]				
	(c)	is female, given that they have one sibling.				
		[1]				
ii)	The	members of a committee of two children are chosen at random. Find the probability that				
	(a)	they both have two siblings,				

Γ0
 ၂૩

	(b)	one male and one female are chosen,
	(c)	they have altegether a total of two siblings.
	(c)	they have altogether a total of two siblings.
		[3]
(iii)		ommittee of three children is chosen at random. Find the probability that exactly two of m have no siblings.
	11101	Thave no distinge.
		[4]

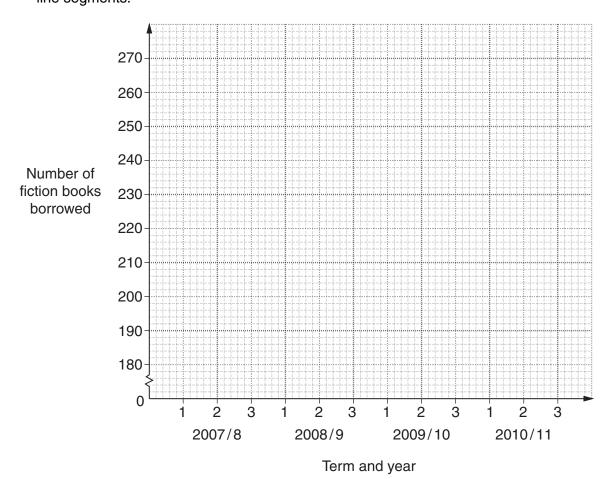
11 In a particular country the academic year runs from September in one year to July in the following year, and is split into three terms.

The numbers of fiction books borrowed from a college library in that country are given in the table below.

		Year			
		2007/8	2008/9	2009/10	
	1	242	254	269	
Term	2	239	258	268	
	3	184	193	204	

(i)	Describe the seasonal variation and suggest a possible reason for it.			

(ii) Use the data above to plot a time series graph on the grid below, joining the plots with straight line segments.



(iii)	Explain	the purpose of plotting movi	ng average v	alues.			
							[2]
(iv)	Setting y data.	your work out in an appropri	iate table, find	d the 3-point	moving aver	age values fo	r this
							[3]
(v)		3-point moving average value points.	alues on you	r time series	graph and	draw a trend	l line [3]
The	seasona	ıl components for this data a	re summaris	ed in the tabl	e below.		
			Term 1	Term 2	Term 3		
		Seasonal components	23.8	q	-44.3		
(vi)	Calculat	e the value of q .					
				<i>q</i> =			[2]
(vii)		our trend line and the approp nat will be borrowed in term 2			t, estimate th	e number of f	iction
							[2]

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