CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/43 Paper 4 (Extended), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2015 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	0607	43

Abbreviations

cao correct answer only

dep dependent

FT follow through after error isw ignore subsequent working

oe or equivalent SC Special Case

nfww not from wrong working

soi seen or implied

1	(a)	13 h 35 mins or 13 h 34.8 to 35 mins	3	M1 for 11585 ÷ 852.9 A1 for 13.58
	(b)	[0]7 50 oe	2	B1 for 13 50 or 17 20 or 25 50
	(c)	825 or 825.0 to 825.1	3	B1 for 28.08 hours or $28\frac{5}{60}$ oe M1 for 23170 ÷ <i>their</i> 28.08
2	(a) (i)	Triangle (-1, 1), (-1, 2) (-3, 1)	2	SC1 for rotation 90° clockwise about (0, 0) or rotation 90° anticlockwise about another point
	(ii)	Triangle $(-1, -1)$, $(-1, -2)$, $(-3, -1)$	2FT	FT their (i) or SC1FT for reflection in $x = 0$
	(iii)	Reflection $y = -x$	1 1	
	(b)	Stretch [stretch factor] 3 Invariant line $x = 0$ oe	1 1 1	
3	(a) (i)	74.4[0]	2	M1 for 80 × 0.93 oe
				or SC1 for 18.4[0]
	(ii)	21.7 or 21.73 to 21.74	4	M1 for 80 × 0.88 oe A1 for reduction = \$4
				M1A1 implied by 70.4[0] or 14.4[0]
				M1 for $\frac{their \text{ reduction}}{18.4} \times 100$
	(b) (i)	132.5[0]	2	M1 for 143.1 ÷ 1.08
	(ii)	2.33 or 2.332	2FT	M1 for $22 \times (1.431 - their 1.325)$ oe

Page 3	Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	0607	43

4	(a)	(-4, 11)	1, 1	or M1 for $\binom{2}{7} + \binom{-6}{4}$ or SC1 for $(8, 3)$
	(b)	7.21 or 7.211 or $2\sqrt{13}$	2	M1 for $\sqrt{4^2+6^2}$
	(c)	$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 4 \text{ oe}$	2	B1 for gradient = $-\frac{2}{3}$
	(d)	(3, 2)	1	or SC1 for $y = mx + 4$
	(e)	$y = \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{5}{2} \text{ oe}$	3	M1 for grad = $\frac{-1}{their}$ gradient
				M1 for subs of <i>their</i> (d) into $y = mx + c$ oe
	(f)	Kite	1	
5	(a)	$x(40-2x)(30-2x)$ $1200-80x-60x+4x^2$	2 1	or B1 for $40 - 2x$ or $30 - 2x$ indep
	(b)		2	B1 for any cubic curve $(+x^3)$ with max & min
	(c)	2.19 or 2.192 10 22.8 or 22.80 to 22.81	1 1 1	
	(d)	22.8 would produce negative width/length	1	oe
	(e)	3030 or 3032 to 3032.3	1	
		28.7 or 28.68 to 28.69 or 18.7 or 18.68 to 18.69	1	
6	(a) (i)	4n-2	2	B1 for $4n + k$
	(ii)	$(4n-2) \times 10^{(n+1)}$ oe	1FT	their (a) $\times 10^{(n+1)}$
	(b) (i)	$2 \times 10^{[1]}, 2 \times 10^{-1}, 2 \times 10^{-3}, 2 \times 10^{-5}$	2	B1 for 2 correct or 2×10^{-3} , 2×10^{-1} , $2 \times 10^{[1]}$, 2×10^{-3}
	(ii)	$(2n-1)\times 10^{(3n-2)}$	3	B1 for $2n - 1$ B2FT for $10^{(3n-2)}$ or M1 for $10^{(n+1)-(3-2n)}$ FT dep on (a)(ii) in correct form

Page 4	Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	0607	43

			ı	
7	(a)	86 [.0] or 86.03 to 86.04	2	M1 for $\frac{AB}{150} = \cos 55$ oe
	(b)	246° or 245.5 to 245.6	4	M2 for [cos =] $\frac{120^2 + 150^2 - 235^2}{2 \times 120 \times 150}$ (120.6)
				or M1 for $235^2 = 120^2 + 150^2 - 2 \times 120 \times 150 \cos \theta$
				M1 for 125 + <i>their</i> 120.6
	(c)	13 000 or 13 030 to 13 035	3	M2 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 150 \times their 86 \times \sin 55$ oe
				$+\frac{1}{2} \times 120 \times 150 \times \sin(theirDAC)$ oe
				or M1 for 1 of above areas soi by 5283 to 5285 or 7746
8	(a)	6.8 or 6800	2	M1 for clear evidence of midpoints used soi by figs 68
	(b)	Correct plotting 7 correct points and drawing smooth curve	5	All FTS dep on increasing curve B2 for correct cfs seen 8, 29, 60, 83, 93, 98, 100 or SC1 for correct cfs with 1 error
				B1FT for 7 corrects height plotted B1FT for points plotted at 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12 B1 dep FT for smooth curve dependent on increasing and dependent on B1 for heights
	(c) (i)	10	2FT	B1 dep for 90 FT dependent on increasing curve
	(ii)	1600 to 1900	2FT	B1dep FT for 5.8 (or 5800) or 7.6 (or 7600) seen or answer 1.8 dependent on increasing curve
9	(a) (i)	$\frac{x}{x+40} = \frac{15}{20}$ oe	1	
		$20x = 15x + 40 \times 15$ oe	1	Accept 600 for 40 × 15
	(ii)	121 or 120.9 or $15\sqrt{65}$	2	M1 for $\sqrt{120^2 + 15^2}$
	(iii)	40.3 or 40.24 to 40.35 or $5\sqrt{65}$	2FT	M1 for their (a)(i) $\times \frac{40}{120}$ oe

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	0607	43

	(b) (i)	38 700 or 38 740 to 38 752	3	M2 for $\frac{1}{3}\pi \times 20^2 \times 160 - \frac{1}{3}\pi \times 15^2 \times 120$ oe
				or M1 for either $\frac{1}{3}\pi \times 20^2 \times 160$
				or $\frac{1}{3}\pi \times 15^2 \times 120$
	(ii)	5140 or 5139 to 5142	4	M3FT for $\pi \times 20 \times (their (\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{ii}) + their(\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{iii}))$ - $\pi \times 15 \times (their(\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{ii})) + \pi \times 15^2$
				or M2FT for $\pi \times 20 \times (their (\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{ii}) + their(\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{iii})) - \pi \times 15 \times (their(\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{ii}))$
				or M1 for for $\pi \times 20 \times (their (\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{ii}) + their(\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{iii}))$ or $\pi \times 15 \times (their(\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{ii}))$
10	(a)	$\frac{6}{10}, \frac{4}{10}$ oe	1	
		$\frac{4}{9}$, $\frac{3}{9}$, $\frac{2}{9}$ correctly positioned twice	1	
	(b) (i)	$\frac{18}{90}$ oe	2	M1 for $\frac{6}{10} \times \frac{3}{10}$
	(ii)	$\frac{24}{90}$ oe	3	M2 for $\frac{6}{10} \times \frac{2}{9} + \frac{4}{10} \times \frac{2}{9}$
				or M1 for one of above products
	(iii)	$\frac{64}{90}$ oe	3	M2 for $1 - their$ (b)(i) $-\frac{4}{10} \times \frac{3}{9}$ oe
				M1 for one of $\frac{6}{10} \times \frac{4}{9}$, $\frac{6}{10} \times \frac{2}{9}$, $\frac{4}{10} \times \frac{4}{9}$, $\frac{4}{10} \times \frac{3}{9}$
11	(a)			
			3	M1 Basic shape A1 RH branch cuts both +ve axes
			3	A1 asymptotes approximately right with no overlap
	(b)	$ \begin{aligned} x &= -3 \\ y &= -2 \end{aligned} $	1 1	
	(c)	$-2 < y \le \frac{1}{3}$	2	May be separate, B1 for either

Page 6	Mark Scheme		Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2015	0607	43

	(d)		2	Correct shape B1 for reflection of any part of (a) in <i>x</i> -axis
	(e)	-4.75 -2.125 or -2.12 or -2.13	1 1	
12	(a) (i)	-2	1	
	(ii)	- 7	1FT	
	(b) (i)	6-6x oe	2	B1 for $4 - 2(3x - 1)$
	(ii)	$\frac{4-x}{2}$ or $2-\frac{x}{2}$ oe	2	B1 for $x = 4 - 2y$ or $2x + y = 4$
	(iii)	$\frac{11-13x}{(3x-1)(4-2x)}$	3	M2 for $\frac{2(4-2x)-3(3x-1)}{(3x-1)(4-2x)}$
				or B1 for $2(4-2x)-3(3x-1)$
				or SC2 for $\frac{5-13x}{(3x-1)(4-2x)}$ or M1 for common denominator $(3x-1)(4-2x)$