

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

Paper 2		May/June 2016
ACCOUNTING		0452/21
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER	
CANDIDATE NAME		

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



1 hour 45 minutes

1 Katie is a trader. She maintains a full set of accounting records. Her financial year ends on 30 April.

Katie's transactions for the year ended 30 April 2016 included the following.

2015 May 12	Paid cash for stationery	\$ 95
June 16	Received commission by cheque	1680
July 9	Paid A1 Stationers, by cheque, the balance due on 1 May	
Sept 10	Received commission by cheque	1710
Nov 30	Purchased stationery on credit from A1 Stationers	217
Dec 6	Returned damaged stationery to A1 Stationers	53
On 30 April	2016 Inventory of stationery Commission receivable outstanding	196 1590

REQUIRED

(a) Enter the transactions in the following accounts in the ledger of Katie for the year ended 30 April 2016.

Make the transfers to the income statement. Balance the accounts and bring down the balances on 1 May 2016.

Katie Stationery account

Date 2015	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$
	Balance b/d	182			

A1 Stationers account

Date	Details	\$ Date 2015	Details	\$
		 May 1	Balance b/d	114

Commission receivable account

Date 2015	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$	
May 1	Balance b/d	1680				

[14]	
------	--

(b)	Name the ledger in which the commission receivable account would appear.
	[1]
(c)	Name the section of the statement of financial position on 30 April 2016 in which the balance on the commission receivable account would appear. Give a reason for your answer.
	Section of statement of financial position
	Reason
	[C]

[Total: 17]

2 Sue is a trader. Her financial year ends on 31 December.

She provided the following information about her inventory for the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

	Cost	Net realisable value
	\$	\$
Inventory 1 January	6800	7100
Inventory 31 December	8200	7800

REQUIRED

(a)	Def	ine the following terms.
	(i)	cost
	(ii)	net realisable value
		[2]
(b)	net	lain why the inventory at 31 December 2014 was included in the financial statements at realisable value rather than cost.
		[2]

After the preparation of the income statement for the year ended 31 December 2014 it was discovered that the inventory on 1 January had been included at net realisable value.

REQUIRED

(c) Complete the following table to indicate the effect of this error on the cost of sales and the profit for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Place a tick (\checkmark) under the correct heading to indicate whether each item would be overstated or understated.

	overstated	understated
cost of sales		
profit for the year		

[2]

Sue provided the following information for the year ended 31 December 2015.

	\$
Cost of sales	49 900
Average inventory	7 500

REQ	UI	R	Ε	D
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(d)	(i)	State the formula for the calculation of the rate of inventory turnover.	
	(ii)	Calculate the rate of inventory turnover for the year ended 31 December 2015. The calculation should be correct to two decimal places. Show your workings.	[1]
	's rat QUIR	e of inventory turnover for the previous year was 8.15 times. ED	
(e)		e whether you consider that Sue would be satisfied with the change in the rate of invento over. Give a reason for your answer.	ry
	Sati	sfied?	
		son	
(f)		gest one way in which the rate of inventory turnover could be improved.	2]

Sue's cash book for the month of April 2016 was as follows.

Sue Cash Book

Date 2016	Details	Dis.*	Cash \$	Bank \$	Date 2016	Details	Dis.*	Cash \$	Bank \$
April 1	Balance b/d	·	120	·	April 1	Balance b/d	·		3842
9	Bank loan			3000	9	J Foy (cheque			
19	A Meyer	8		392		dishonoured)			116
28	Sales		1940		14	K Mzolo	15		585
29	Cash			2000	21	Repairs		58	
					24	Bank charges			211
					29	Bank		2000	

^{*}Dis. stands for Discount

REQUIRED

g) (i)	State the significance of each of the balances on 1 April 2016.
	Balance in cash column
	Balance in bank column
	[2]
(ii)	Suggest two possible reasons why the cheque from J Foy was dishonoured on 9 April.
	1
	2[2]
(iii)	State whether Sue allowed or received the discount on 14 April.
	[1]
(iv)	Calculate the percentage the discount on 14 April represents correct to two decimal places.
	[1]
(v)	Explain the entries on 29 April.
	[2]

(vi)	State whether the total of the discount col debited or credited to the discount account of	
		[1]
(vii)	Calculate the balances which would appear whether they would be debit or credit balance	
	Balance in cash column on 1 May	\$
	Type of balance	(debit or credit)
	Balance in bank column on 1 May	\$
	Type of balance	(debit or credit)

[Total: 23]

3 The financial year of the Hillcrest Athletics Club ends on 30 April.

In addition to providing training facilities for members, the club also runs a café for members and visitors.

The treasurer provided the following information.

	At 1 May 2015 \$	At 30 April 2016 \$
Subscriptions prepaid	1045	-
Subscriptions accrued	760	285
Rent, rates and insurance prepaid	155	180
Café inventory	790	850
Café suppliers	1292	1137

During the year ended 30 April 2016:

Amounts received	\$	Amounts paid	\$
Subscriptions	16910	Café suppliers	7998
Café sales	10430	Rent, rates and insurance	4860
Proceeds of sale of old		New equipment	16300
equipment	1 059	General expenses	14794

During the year, all the equipment was sold and was replaced by new equipment. At the date of sale, the net book value of equipment was \$956.

Equipment is depreciated by 15% per annum on the cost of equipment held at the end of each year. No deprecation is charged in the year of disposal.

REQUIRED

(a) Prepare the income statement for the café for the year ended 30 April 2016.

Hillcrest Athletics Club Café Income Statement for the year ended 30 April 2016

\$	\$

(b)	Calculate the subscriptions for the year ended 30 April 20	16.	
			[{
(c)	Prepare the income and expenditure account for the year	ended 30 April 20)16.
	Hillcrest Athletics Club Income and Expenditure Account for the year end	ded 30 April 2016	
	moome and Expenditure recountries are year one	\$	\$
			[9

[Total: 21]

4 At the end of the financial year on 29 February 2016 Nyeko Limited provided the following information.

On 28 Februar	y 2015:	\$	
	4% Debentures	80 000	
	Equity and reserves Ordinary shares of \$1 each General reserve Retained earnings	$ 200000 \\ 34000 \\ \underline{8000} \\ \underline{242000} $	
During the yea	r ended 29 February 2016:		
2015 March 1	Issue of ordinary shares of \$1 each	\$ 50000	
May 1	Payment of final dividend on ordinary shares for the financial year ended 28 February 2015	8 000	
November 1	Payment of interim dividend on ordinary shares for the financial year ended 29 February 2016	6250	
2016 February 29	Transfer to general reserve	6000	
	Proposed final ordinary share dividend for the financial year ended 29 February 2016	5000	
For the year er	nded 29 February 2016:	Φ.	
	Revenue Profit for the year before debenture interest	\$ 180200 19360	
REQUIRED			
(a) Calculate	the profit for the year ended 29 February 2016 after o	debenture interest.	
			.[2]
	ulate the percentage (%) final ordinary share debruary 2015. Show your workings.	·	

Nyeko Limited uity for the ye	e year ended 2 ar ended 29 Fe		
uity for the ye Ordinary	ar ended 29 Fe	ebruary 2016	
share capital	General reserve	Retained earnings	Total
\$	\$	\$	\$

	(ii)	Suggest two ways in which the profit for the year as a percentage of revenue could be improved.
		1
		2
		[2]
(e)	(i)	Calculate the profit for the year ended 29 February 2016 after debenture interest as a percentage of equity and reserves on 28 February 2015. The calculation should be to two decimal places. Show your workings.
		[2]
	(ii)	Suggest two ways in which the profit for the year as a percentage of equity and reserves could be improved.
		1
		2
		[2]
		ctors of Nyeko Limited wish to raise additional funds to finance a programme of expansion. e considering raising \$60,000 by an issue of 5% preference shares of \$1 each.
RE	QUIF	RED
(f)		te two ways in which the ordinary shareholders may be affected if Nyeko Limited raised additional funds by the issue of preference shares.
	1	
	2	
		[2]

[Total: 23]

Question 5 is on the next page.

5 Samar is a trader. His financial year ends on 30 April. He maintains a provision for doubtful debts of 2½% of the trade receivables at the end of each year.

On 1 May 2015 Samar's provision for doubtful debts amounted to \$474. On 30 April 2016 his credit customers owed \$17440.

REQUIRED

Current assets

(a) Prepare the provision for doubtful debts account for the year ended 30 April 2016. Balance the account and bring down the balance on 1 May 2016.

Samar Provision for doubtful debts account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

[4]

(b) Prepare an extract from the statement of financial position on 30 April 2016 to show the trade receivables.

Samar Extract from Statement of Financial Position at 30 April 2016

		[2]
(c)	State the difference between a bad debt and a provision for doubtful debts.	
		[2]

(d)	Explain how Samar is applying the accounting principle of prudence by maintaining a provision for doubtful debts.
	[2]
(e)	State one other accounting principle which Samar is applying by maintaining a provision for doubtful debts.
	[1]
(f)	Suggest two ways in which Samar could reduce the risk of bad debts. 1
	2
	[2]
	10 May 2016 Samar received a cheque, \$49, from M Khan, whose account had been written n 2014.
REC	QUIRED

(g) Prepare a journal entry to record the recovery of the bad debt. A narrative is required.

Samar Journal

Debit \$	Credit \$

[3]

[Total: 16]

6 Wasim is a trader. His financial year ends on 31 March.

The totals of his trial balance on 31 March 2016 did not agree. The difference was a shortage on the debit side of \$495. This was entered in a suspense account.

The following errors were later discovered.

- 1 The total of a page of the purchases account, \$3842, had been carried forward as \$3824.
- 2 A cheque received from DEC Limited, \$150, had been credited to the account of DDE Limited.
- 3 The balance of the petty cash book, \$100, had been omitted from the trial balance.
- 4 Repairs to motor vehicle, \$283, had been debited to the motor vehicles account.
- 5 Purchase of fixtures, \$2200, on credit from Office Supplies Company, had been debited to Office Supplies Company and credited to fixtures account.
- The total of the discount allowed column in the cash book, \$250, had been credited to the discount received account in the ledger.
- 7 The total of the analysis column for stationery in the petty cash book, \$67, had not been transferred to the stationery account in the ledger.

REQUIRED

(a) Prepare the suspense account. Start with the balance arising from the difference on the trial balance. The account should be balanced or totalled as necessary.

Wasim Suspense account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

(b) Prepare journal entries to correct **two** of the errors which do **not** require correcting by means of the suspense account. Narratives **are** required.

Wasim Journal

Error number	Debit \$	Credit \$

L	О)

(c)	Name	the	type	of	error	made	in	Error	2.
-----	------	-----	------	----	-------	------	----	-------	----

[1
•

Wasim prepared draft financial statements for the year.

REQUIRED

(d) Complete the following table by placing a tick (✓) in the correct column to indicate whether the profit for the year would be affected by **each** of the errors.

The first one has been completed as an example.

error number	affects profit for the year	does not affect the profit for the year
1	✓	
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		

[6]

[Total: 20]

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