

Cambridge International AS & A Level

PHYSICAL EDUCATION 9396/33

Paper 3 May/June 2021

2 hours 30 minutes

You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 90.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].



Answer all questions.

Section A: Exercise and sport physiology

- 1 (a) Compare the ATP/PC system with the aerobic system in terms of:
 - specific site of reaction
 - controlling enzymes
 - · energy yield.

[3]

- (b) Explain, using an example from sport, periodisation of training. [4]
- (c) State three types of training that are commonly used to develop aerobic capacity. [3]
- (d) Explain how strength is dependent on the type of muscle fibre involved. [5]
- (e) (i) Define each of the following terms:
 - static flexibility
 - dynamic flexibility.

ii) Describe how a recognised test is conducted to evaluate flexibility. [4]

- (f) Ergogenic aids are used to enhance performance but may also have some unwanted side-effects.
 - (i) Describe the effects of caffeine on an endurance athlete. [4]
 - (ii) Describe the effects of creatine supplements on a sports performer. [5]

[Total: 30]

[2]

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Section B: Psychology of sport performance

2	(a)	Des	scribe the trait perspective of personality.	[3]
	(b)		lain, using a practical example, the links between the components of a positive attitude behaviour.	ude [3]
	(c)	Out	line four characteristics of a need-to-achieve (NACH) approach to performance.	[4]
	(d) Fiedler's model suggests that the leadership style that is most effective of favourableness of the situation.		dler's model suggests that the leadership style that is most effective depends on burableness of the situation.	the
		(i)	Describe the characteristics of a highly favourable situation.	[2]
		(ii)	State the leadership style that is most effective in highly favourable situations.	[1]
	(e)	Sug	gest the psychological benefits of goal setting in sport.	[3]
	(f)	Des	scribe, using sporting examples, causes of anxiety.	[4]
	(g)	Ехр	lain the frustration-aggression hypothesis.	[4]
	(h)	(i)	Describe the term <i>social inhibition</i> in relation to sports performance.	[1]
		(ii)	Suggest strategies that a coach could use to reduce the effects of social inhibition.	[5]
			[Total:	30]

Section C: Olympic Games: a global perspective

- **3** (a) The IOC aims to promote an appreciation of cultural diversity and to challenge discrimination in all its forms.
 - (i) Suggest how an appreciation of cultural diversity may be achieved at the Olympic Games.
 - (ii) Suggest two forms of discrimination.
 - **(b)** The modern Olympic Games contains some of the sporting events from the ancient Olympic Games.
 - (i) Outline other similarities between the ancient Olympic Games and the modern Olympic Games. [4]
 - (ii) Describe differences, other than the types of sporting event, between the ancient Olympic Games and the modern Olympic Games. [3]
 - (c) Describe ways that Olympic athletes have been used to promote a political ideology. [3]
 - (d) Outline the sources of funding that a country may use to cover the costs of hosting the Olympic Games. [4]
 - (e) Explain how the IOC promoted a concept of amateurism but failed to operate a policy to support its promotion. [3]
 - (f) Suggest ways that a win-at-all-costs ethic may lead to dysfunctional aspects of performance.
 [4]
 - (g) Suggest reasons for:
 - removing medal counts from the Olympic Games
 - revising the Olympic Motto (Citius, Altius, Fortius).

[4]

[2]

[Total: 30]

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