

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

NUMBER		NUMBER		
CENTRE		CANDIDAT	E	
CANDIDATE NAME				

ACCOUNTING 0452/13

Paper 1 October/November 2018

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



1 hour 45 minutes

There are 10 parts to Question 1.

1

For **each** of the parts (a) to (j) below there are four possible answers, A, B, C and D. Choose the **one** you consider correct and place a tick (\checkmark) in the box to indicate the correct answer.

(a)	Wh	ich task would an accountant perform?		
	A	drawing up a trial balance		
	В	entering transactions in the ledger		
	С	preparing financial statements		
	D	writing up the cash book	[.	1]
(b)	Am	ina returned goods to Nadia.		
	Wh	ich document did Amina issue?		
	Α	credit note		
	В	debit note		
	С	invoice		
	D	statement of account		1]
(c)	dep	esa purchased a motor vehicle costing \$23000 on 1 August 2016. Storeciate the motor vehicle using the straight line (equal instalment) methodum.		
		preciation on the motor vehicle of \$4600 was charged to the income statemed led 31 July 2017.	ent for the yea	ar
		w much was charged to the income statement for the year ended 31 preciation on the motor vehicle?	July 2018 fo	or
	A	\$3680		
	В	\$4600		
	С	\$8280		
	D	\$9200		1]

\$ 121 000

35000

9000

(d) A trader provided the following information on 1 October 2018.

Non-current assets

Inventory Bank overdraft

		Trade receivables Trade payables Loan repayable 30 September 2020	29 000 25 000 70 000		
	How	v much was the capital employed?			
	Α	\$30 000			
	В	\$81 000			
	С	\$151000			
	D	\$185000			[1]
(e)	Whi	ch is an intangible asset?			
	Α	goodwill			
	В	inventory			
	С	office fixtures			
	D	trade receivables			[1]
(f)	Mah	nendra designs computer systems. He pr	rovided the f	ollowing information.	
		Fees prepaid by clients at the start of the Fees received from clients during the years owing by clients at the end of the years.	ear	\$ 2120 42150 2840	
	How	w much would be entered for fees in the i	ncome state	ement?	
	A	\$37190			
	В	\$41 430			
	С	\$42870			
	D	\$47 110			[1]

(g)			nd John are in partnershi and losses are shared 2:			
	On ²	1 S	eptember 2017 Amy's cui	rrent account had a debit	balance of \$2100.	
	Wha	at w	vas the credit balance on a	Amy's current account or	1 September 2018?	
	Α	\$1	0700			
	В	\$1	4900			
	С	\$1	6700			
	D	\$2	0 900			[1]
(h)	A sp	ort	s club purchased sports ϵ	equipment.		
	Whe	ere	will this be entered in the	financial statements at the	ne year end?	
					,	ı
			receipts and payments account	income and expenditure account	statement of financial position	
	A	١	✓	✓	✓	
	В	}	✓	✓		
	С	;		✓	√	
	D)	✓		✓	
						[1]
(i)	How	/ is	cost of production calcula	ated?		
	Α	dir	rect material + direct labor	ur		
	В	dir	ect material + direct labor	ur + factory overheads		
	С		ect material + direct labou progress	ur + factory overheads +	increase in work	
	D		rect material + direct labou progress	ur + factory overheads –	increase in work	[1]

(j) A business provided the following information.

	year 1	year 2
percentage of gross profit to revenue	30%	25%
percentage of profit for the year to revenue	12%	8%

The revenue was the same in both years.

Which statements are correct?

- 1 Cost of sales was higher in year 2.
- 2 Cost of sales was lower in year 2.
- 3 Expenses were higher in year 2.
- 4 Expenses were lower in year 2.

A	1 and 3	
В	1 and 4	
С	2 and 3	
D	2 and 4	[1]

[Total: 10]

	e the following table stating the do er of Evie, who sells computers an			ord each trans
	transaction	account to debited	be	account to be credited
obtaine	ed loan from bank			
purcha	sed office fixtures by cheque			
sold co	mputer for cash			
took pr	inter for personal use			
Complet	e reason why a trial balance is pre			
	e the following table, indicating wit	h a tick (✓) wher	e each acc	count would ap
Complet	re the following table, indicating wit	h a tick (√) wher	e each acc	count would ap
Complet	re the following table, indicating with the following table, indicating table, ind	h a tick (✓) wher	e each acc	count would ap
	capital drawings	h a tick (✓) wher	e each acc	count would ap
	capital drawings provision for depreciation	h a tick (✓) wher	e each acc	count would ap
	capital drawings provision for depreciation carriage inwards	h a tick (✓) wher	e each acc	count would ap
	capital drawings provision for depreciation carriage inwards carriage outwards	h a tick (✓) wher	e each acc	count would ap
	capital drawings provision for depreciation carriage inwards	h a tick (✓) wher	e each acc	count would ap

(e)	Give one example of each of the follow	ving errors which will no	t be revealed by a trial	balance.					
	Error of commission								
	Error of omission								
	Compensating error								
(f)	Complete the following sentences.			[3]					
	Money spent on purchasing or improvi	Money spent on purchasing or improving non-current assets is known as							
	Money spent on the day-to-day running		า as						
				[2]					
(g)	Complete the following table by placin the financial statements of Anwar, who		where each item will a	ppear in					
		Income Statement	Statement of Financial Position						
	purchase of motor vehicle								
	charge for delivering motor vehicle								
	insurance for motor vehicle								
	fuel for motor vehicle								
				[4]					

•

[Total: 23]

3 Lefika is a trader. He maintains a three column cash book.

Lefika had the following transactions in August 2018.

- August 5 Received a cheque from Tabia, \$441, in settlement of her account less 2% cash discount
 - Paid Tebago's account of \$280 by cheque after deducting a cash discount of 21/2%
 - 16 Received a cheque from Nyack, \$282, in full settlement of his debt of \$290
 - 28 Cash sales, \$243, of which \$153 was paid directly into the bank
 - 30 Received \$250 cash from the disposal of a non-current asset
 - 31 Lefika took cash, \$200, for personal use
 - 31 Paid all the cash into the bank except \$20

REQUIRED

(a) Complete Lefika's cash book on the page opposite.

Balance the cash book and bring down the balances on 1 September 2018.

[12]

	Bank	1253										
	Cash) :					:	:	:	:	:	
	Discount	θ									:	:
	Details	Balance b/d										
Lefika Cash Book	Date	2018 Aug 1	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	
Lefika Cash Boo	Bank	·										
	Cash	30				:	:	:		:		
	Discount	φ					:		:	:		
	Details	Balance b/d										
	Date	2018 Aug 1	:		:	:	:	:	:	:		

August 8 16 28

On 31 August Lefika's bank statement showed a bank overdraft of \$812. He compared the cash book with the bank statement and found that the bank had not recorded the transactions entered in the bank columns of the cash book on the following dates.

	31	
REC	QUIRED	
(b)	Prepare a bank reconciliation statement at 31 August 2018.	
	Lefika Bank Reconciliation Statement at 31 August 2018	
		. [6]
Lefil	ka's ledger is divided into a sales ledger, a purchases ledger and a nominal (general) ledg	er.
REC	QUIRED	
(c)	State one advantage of dividing the ledger into these three sections.	
		. [1]
(d)	Name the ledger in which each of the following accounts would appear.	
	(i) Nyack (a credit customer) account ledger	
	(ii) Purchases account ledger	
	(iii) Discount received account ledger	
	(iv) Tebago (a credit supplier) account ledger	[4]

4 Ava operates a secretarial agency. Her financial year ends on 31 July.

She provided the following information on 31 July 2018.

- 1 A cheque for \$194 was received from Wilma, a credit customer, whose account had been written off in 2016.
- 2 Gary, a credit customer, paid one third of the amount he owed in cash. The balance is regarded as irrecoverable and should be written off.
- 3 The provision for doubtful debts should be increased by \$150.
- 4 The discount allowed for July 2018 of \$144 should be transferred to the discount allowed account.
- The office equipment cost \$16000 and is being depreciated using the straight line (equal instalment) method at 20% per annum. No office equipment had been bought or sold during the year.

REQUIRED

(a) Record this information in the following accounts in Ava's ledger at 31 July 2018.

Close the accounts by balancing or by making a transfer to an appropriate account.

Some entries have already been made in the accounts during the year.

Ava
Bad debts recovered account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

Bad debts account

Gary account

Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$
2018 July 1	Balance b/d	270			

Provision for doubtful debts account

Date	Details	\$ Date 2017	Details	\$
		 2017 Aug 1	Balance b/d	310

Discount allowed account

Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$
2018 July 1	Total to date	1495			

Provision for depreciation of office equipment account

Date

Details

\$

\$

Details

Date

				2017 Aug 1	Balance	b/d	9600	
							I	[14]
(b)	Name two	accounting principles	s Ava is ap	plying by	maintainin	g a provisi	on for doubt	tful debts.
	1							
	2							[2]
Ava	allows her	trade receivables a cr	edit period	d of 30 da	ys. She pro	vided the	following inf	ormation.
Trac	de receivat	oles collection period		July 201 32 days	7 At	31 July 20 28 days)18	
REG	QUIRED							
(c)	Comment	on Ava's collection pe	eriod for tra	ade recei	vables.			
								[2]
Ava	is proposi	ng to ask clients to pa	y cash ins	tead of o	ffering cred	it terms.		
(d)	Suggest t	wo effects of this prop	osal.					

[Total: 20]

5 Khalid is a furniture wholesaler. His financial year ends on 30 September. All purchases and sales are made on credit terms.

Khalid does not maintain a full set of accounting records but was able to provide the following information.

On 1 October 2017	\$
Inventory Trade receivables	3100 4620
During the year ended 30 September 2018	
Cheques received from trade receivables Discount allowed Bad debts written off Total purchases	47970 1230 115 39200
On 30 September 2018	
Trade receivables	3305

After the warehouse was closed on 30 September a fire broke out and a quantity of the inventory was destroyed. The undamaged inventory was valued at \$1500.

The profit mark-up is 25%.

REQUIRED

(a)	Calculate the sales for the year ended 30 September 2018.
	[6]

(b) Prepare an income statement (trading account section) to calculate the value of the inventory which was destroyed.

Khalid Income Statement (Trading Account section) for the year ended 30 September 2018

		\$	\$	\$	
					[7]
(c) (i)	Calculate the rate of inventory turnor before the fire broke out on 30 Sep		ation should incl	ude the total inver	ntory
	before the life broke out on 30 Sep	itember 2010.			
	The calculation should be correct to	o two decimal p	laces.		
					[2
					ι∽.
(ii)	State what is measured by the rate	of inventory tur	nover.		

Khalid decided that in future he would maintain a full set of double entry records and prepare control accounts at the end of each month.

REQUIRED

(d) Complete the table by using a tick (✓) to show where **each** of the following items would appear in Khalid's purchases ledger control account.

	debit	credit
opening balance owed to credit suppliers		
credit purchases		
cheques paid to credit suppliers		
cash discount received		
contra between sales and purchases ledgers		

[5]

[Total: 21]

6 The financial year of FW Limited ends on 30 September.

The following information is available.

At 1 October 2017

	\$
Ordinary share capital of \$1 shares	100000
5% Debentures (repayable 2024)	40 000
General reserve	15000
Retained earnings	7000

On 30 September 2018

	\$
Issue of \$1 ordinary shares	50000
Profit for the year	28 000
Transfer to general reserve	5000
Payment of ordinary share dividend	9000

REQUIRED

(a) Prepare an extract from the statement of financial position at 30 September 2018 to show the equity and reserves and non-current liabilities.

FW Limited Extract from Statement of Financial Position at 30 September 2018

(i)	Shareholders		
			. [1]
(ii)	Limited liability		
			. [1]
(i)	State one difference between ordinary s	hares and preference shares.	
	ordinary shares	preference shares	
			[2]
(ii)	State two similarities between preference	ce shares and debentures	L
(,			
	2		
	(i)	(i) State one difference between ordinary so ordinary shares State two similarities between preference ordinary shares	(i) State one difference between ordinary shares and preference shares. Ordinary shares preference shares

	The directors of FW Limited	I want to raise	\$60 000 to	purchase	additional	premises.
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The directors are considering two proposals:

Proposal 1 Issuing 5% debentures (repayable 2030)

Proposal 2 Issuing ordinary shares

It is anticipated that the ordinary share dividend will be 6% per annum.

REQUIRED

(d) State how **each** proposal would affect the profit of FW Limited in the next financial year (if at all). Give a reason for your answer in **each** case.

Proposal 1	
Effect on profit	
Reason	
	[2
Proposal 2	
Effect on profit	
Reason	
	[2

The following information was available on 30 September 2018.

	\$
Inventory	42000
Trade receivables	34000
Trade payables	35 000
Cash at bank	36 000
Loan repayable on 1 January 2019	30000

REQUIRED

(e) Calculate the current ratio.

The calculation should be correct to two decimal places.	

(f) Complete the table by placing a tick (✓) in the correct column to indicate the effect **each** would have on the current ratio.

	effect on current ratio		
	increase	decrease	no effect
use the bank balance to repay the loan			
purchase non-current assets on credit			
sell half the inventory at cost price to cash customers			
pay amount owed to trade payables by cheque			

[4]

[Total: 23]

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