

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME						
CENTRE NUMBER				CANDIDATE NUMBER		

GEOGRAPHY 0460/23

Paper 2 October/November 2018

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Ruler

> Plain paper Calculator

1:25 000 Survey Map Extract is enclosed with this Question Paper.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces provided.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Write your answer to each question in the space provided.

If additional space is required, you should use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.

Answer all questions.

The Insert contains Figs. 2.1 and 2.2 for Question 2, and Fig. 3.1 for Question 3 and Question 4.

The Survey Map Extract and the Insert are **not** required by the Examiner.

Sketch maps and diagrams should be drawn whenever they serve to illustrate an answer.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

This syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate. This document consists of 15 printed pages, 1 blank page and 1 Insert.



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- 1 Study the map extract, which is for Mjølkeråen, Norway. The scale is 1:25 000. Fig. 1.1 shows some of the features in the northern part of the map extract.
 - (a) Study Fig. 1.1 and the map extract and answer the questions below.

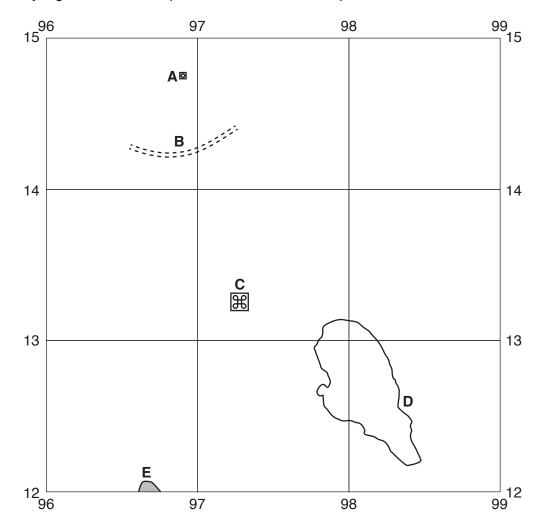
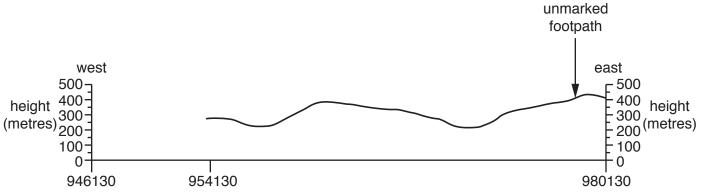


Fig. 1.1

Identify the following features shown on Fig. 1.1:

(i)	the type of building A ;	[1]
(ii)	feature B;	[1]
(iii)	feature C;	[1]
(iv)	the height of the contour at D ; metres	[1]
(v)	the land use at E.	[1]

(b) Fig. 1.2 shows an incomplete cross section along northing 13 from the coast at 946130 to 980130.



9	4613	0 954130		980130
		Fig. 1	.2	
	(i)	Complete the cross section on Fig. 1	2.	[2]
	(ii)	On Fig. 1.2, using labelled arrows mark	the positions of:	
		- a power line (use label P);		
		- an area of cultivation (use label C).		[2]
(c)	Des	cribe the distribution of the built-up area	s north of northing 14.	
				[2]
(d)		e the six-figure grid reference of the boat the boat shed is shown by a small black.		kje in the north

(e) Complete the description of the relief and drainage of grid square 9711.

The highest point is over metres.

Hilltop slopes are more sloping than lower slopes.

towards the and one towards the [5]

(f) Fig. 1.3 shows the positions of two grid squares, 9613 and 9813 on the map extract.

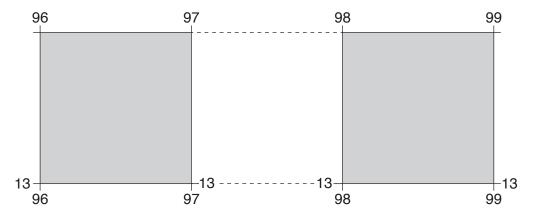


Fig. 1.3

The table below compares features of the two grid squares. Complete the table by putting a tick (\checkmark) in each box to indicate whether the feature appears in that grid square. Three examples have been completed.

Feature	9613	9813
open area	1	✓
land over 400 metres		1
farm		
marsh		

[2]

[Total: 20]

2

(a)	Stu	dy Fig. 2.1	(Insert), which i	s a photograph of a	a volcano in the Canary	/ Islands.
	(i)	Name the	type of volcano	shown in Fig. 2.1.		
						[1]
	(ii)	State one	piece of evider	nce for your answer	to (a)(i) .	
						[1]
	(iii)	volcano sł	hown is likely to	erupt.	t it is important to give	-
						[3]
(b)	Stu		! (Insert), which	n shows readings	from instruments used	d to monitor volcanic
	(i)		word or words activity shown.		hat is most likely to ha	ve caused the pattern
			ash fall	earthquake	lava flow	[1]
	(ii)	Which gas	s had the highe	st reading?		
						[1]
	(iii)			measures how a sl ur just before the vo	ope of a volcano is cha olcano erupts.	anging shape.
						[Total: 8]

Stu	dy Fig. 3.1 (Insert), which is a photograph of a rural settlement in Lesotho, southern Africa.
(a)	State how the following appear to have influenced the location of the settlement in Fig. 3.1:
	relief (height and slope)
	accessibility
	water supply.
	[E]

(b) Study Fig. 3.2, which shows the locations of settlements in the area. The only shop in settlement **B** is a general store.

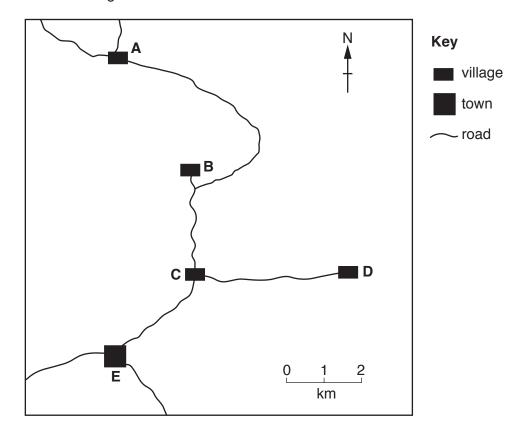


Fig. 3.2

to buy furniture? Circle your answer in the list below.

		Α	В	С	D	Е	[1]
(ii)	Explain w	hy you have	chosen the s	ettlement yo	u have identif	fied in (b)(i) .	
	•••••						
							[2]

[Total: 8]

To which settlement on Fig. 3.2 are people who live in settlement **B** most likely to travel

4

(a)	Give evidence from Fig. 3.1 which shows that soil erosion has occurred in the area.	
		[2
(b)	Use evidence from Fig. 3.1 to describe ways in which the farmers are trying to reduprevent soil erosion in the area.	ice and
		[3]
(c)	Fig. 4.1 gives information about the area.	
	dry season from April to September	
	wet season with heavy showers from October to March	
	crops are planted in October	
	crops are harvested April to July	
	Fig. 4.1	
		own ir
	Study Figs. 3.1 and 4.1 and suggest reasons why the people living in the area sharper Fig. 3.1 may be unable to prevent soil erosion. The photograph shown in Fig. 3.1 was in September.	

[Total: 8]

TURN PAGE FOR QUESTION 5

5 Study Fig. 5.1, which shows the mean monthly rainfall for Lagos, Nigeria, and Figs. 5.2 and 5.3, which show where rain falls in the Intertropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ) in June and December.

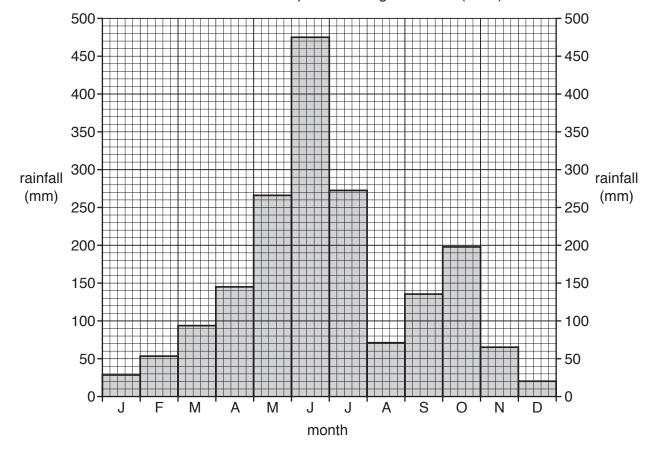


Fig. 5.1

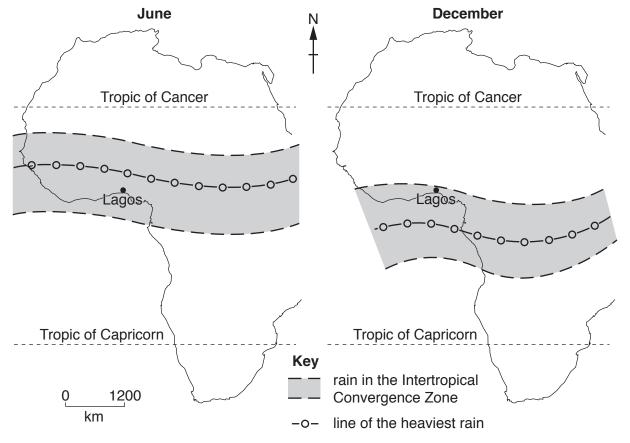
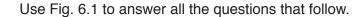


Fig. 5.2 Fig. 5.3

(a)		scribe the variations in monthly rainfall over the year at Lagos, as shown on Fig. 5.1. not give a month by month account. There is no need to quote figures.)
		[3]
(b)		Use Figs. 5.2 and 5.3 to explain the difference in rainfall amounts in Lagos in June and December.
	(ii)	State the number of times the line of heaviest rain passes over Lagos in a twelve month period from December to December.
		[1]
(c)		st of the rainfall in Lagos falls from cumulonimbus clouds. Describe two characteristics of nulonimbus clouds that help to identify them.
		rol
	۷	[2]
		[Total: 8]

6 Study Fig. 6.1, which shows electricity production from various sources between 1980 and 2013 for a country in Asia.



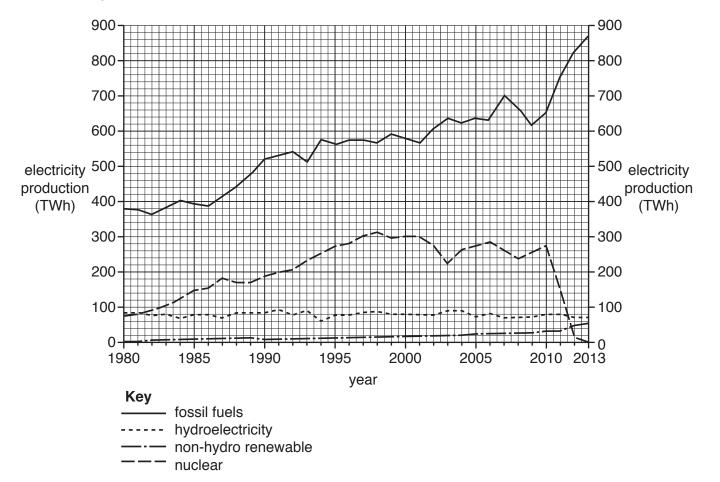


Fig. 6.1

(i)	State the amount of hydroelectricity produced in the country in 1993.	
	TWh	[1]
(ii)	Compare the use of fossil fuels and nuclear as sources of electricity production in country between 1980 and 2013.	the

Suggest possible reasons for the difference in the use of fossil fuels and nuclear as source of electricity in the country since 2010.)S
[3	3]
[Total: 8	3]

Additional Pages

If you use the following lined pages to complete the answer(s) to any question(s), the question number(s) must be clearly shown.

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