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CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		



PAKISTAN STUDIES

Paper 2 The Environment of Pakistan

October/November 2020

1 hour 30 minutes

0448/02

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Insert (enclosed)

Ruler

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer three questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined pages at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- The insert contains additional resources referred to in the questions.

1 (a) Study Fig. 1.1, a map of Pakistan.

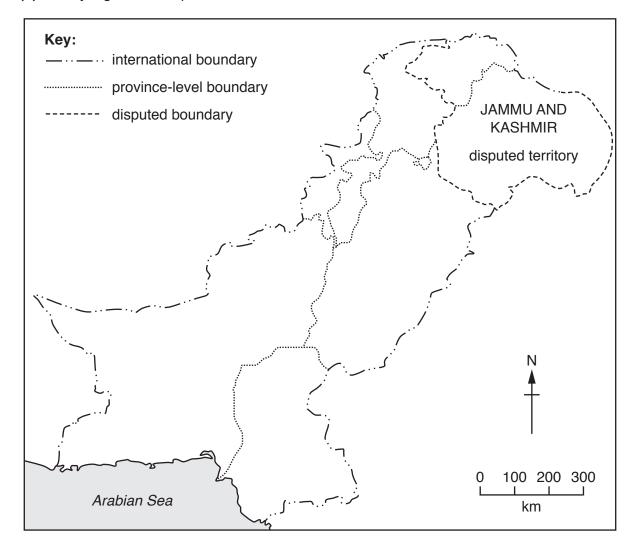


Fig. 1.1

(i) On Fig. 1.1, **shade one** area where apples are grown in Pakistan. [1]

(ii) State one reason why apples are grown in this area and one important use of apples.

Use[2]

		3
(b)	(i)	Study Fig. 1.2 (Insert), a photograph of livestock in Pakistan. Using Fig. 1.2 only , identify the type of livestock shown.
	(ii)	Study Fig. 1.3, a diagram showing a type of lift irrigation.
		Fig. 1.3
		Describe how water is obtained for irrigation using this method.
		[4]
	(iii)	List two ways the livestock shown in Fig. 1.2 can be used other than as draught power for irrigation.
		1

[2]

1			
2			
) Contras	wheat production on a small-scale su	bsistence farm and a	a cash crop far
	small-scale subsistence farm	cash crop far	m
contrast 1			
contrast 2			
contrast 2			
contrast 2			
	waterlogging? Tick (✔) one correct ans	swer from the list bel	low:
	waterlogging? Tick (✔) one correct ans	swer from the list bel	low:
	waterlogging? Tick (✓) one correct ans Dams trap water in rivers.		low:
			low:
	Dams trap water in rivers.		low:

agricultural production	two views about initia n in Pakistan.	tives that have be	en implemented to	improve
А		E	3	
Land reforms the most in agricultural p	npact on	The use of has had impact on a produ	the most agricultural	
	agree with more? Giv			
examples you have s	tudied. You should con	Sider view A and vi	ew bill your answe	I.
				•••••
				[6]

[Total: 25]

2	(a)	(i)	Study Fig. 2.1 (Insert), a map showing the location of New Islamabad International Airport in Islamabad-Rawalpindi.
			Using Fig. 2.1 only, describe the location of New Islamabad International Airport.
			[2]
		(ii)	Describe three factors that encourage the location and development of airports in Pakistan.
			1
			2
			3
			[3]
		(iii)	Suggest two disadvantages of air transport for people and two disadvantages of air transport for the movement of goods.
			people
			1
			2
			movement of goods
			1
			2
			[4]

(b)	(i)	Study Fig. 2.2 (Insert), a photograph of a seaport in Pakistan. Using Fig. 2.2 only , describe the features of the seaport shown.
		[3]
	(ii)	Name three main seaports in Pakistan.
		1
		2
		3
		[3]
(c)	_	plain the importance of the development of seaports to Pakistan. You should develop your wer.

(d)	The New Islamabad International Airport opened in 2018 with a capacity of nine million passengers per year expanding to 25 million passengers per year by 2025.
	Evaluate whether building major new infrastructure projects such as international airports is the best way to encourage further economic development in Pakistan. Give reasons to support your judgement and refer to examples you have studied. You should consider different points of view in your answer.
	[6]
	[Total: 25]

3 Study Fig. 3.1, a diagram showing oil prospecting and drilling.

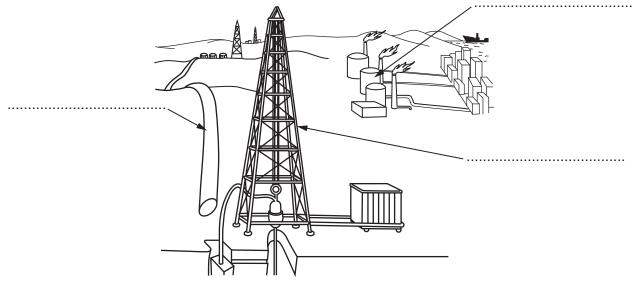


Fig. 3.1

(a) (i) Complete the labels on Fig. 3.1 by choosing the correct words from the list below.

derrick drill pipe refinery valves [2]

(ii) Study Fig. 3.2, a line graph showing daily oil consumption in Pakistan from 2007 to 2017.

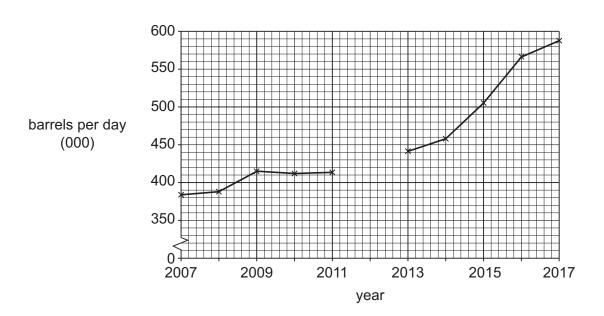


Fig. 3.2

Complete Fig. 3.2 by plotting daily oil consumption in 2012 using the information below.

year	barrels per day (000)
2012	410

(iii)	How many barrels of crude oil v	vere produce	ed per day in Pakistan i	n 2019?
	Circle the correct answer.			
	69 000	91000	113 000	[1]
(iv)	State two ways that oil is transp	oorted on lar	nd in Pakistan.	
	1			
	2			[2]
(b) (i)	Define the term 'refined'.			[2]
(ii)	Study Fig. 3.3 (Insert), a photo describe the features of the oil i	graph of an refinery shov	oil refinery in Pakistan	. Using Fig. 3.3 only ,
				[3]
(iii)	Name two oil refineries in Pakis	stan and stat	e where each one is lo	cated.
	name of oil refinery		location of oil refinery	
	1	1.		
	2	2.		
				[4]

(c)	Explain how oil is used to generate electricity in a thermal power station. You should develop your answer.
	[4]

(d) In 2017 Pakistan discovered its largest oil and gas reserve at Jhandial Well. It is expected

Evaluate whether Pakistan should develop new oil and gas reserves. Give your judgement and refer to examples you have studied. You should points of view in your answer.	reasons to support consider different
	[6]
	[Total: 25]

4 Study Fig. 4.1, a pie graph showing the percentage share of Pakistan's total forest cover by province-level area.

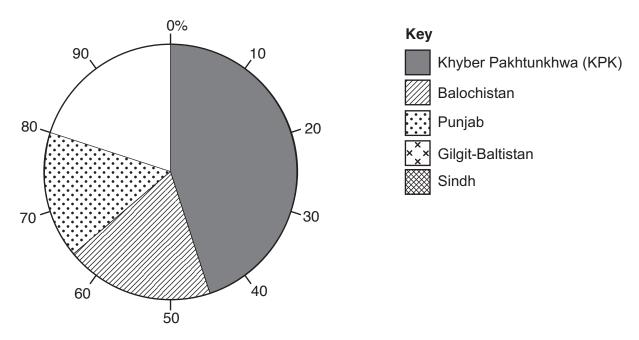


Fig. 4.1

(a) (i) Complete the pie graph in Fig. 4.1 to show the percentage of total forest cover found in Gilgit-Baltistan and Sindh. Use the information below and the key provided:

province-level area	percentage (%)
Gilgit-Baltistan	11
Sindh	9

[3]

(ii) Complete the passage below about reasons for the variations in the percentage share of forest cover shown in Fig. 4.1. Choose the correct words from the list and place them in the spaces provided.

KPK has the largest percentage share of forest cover in Pakistan because the
is more suitable for growing trees. There are fewer
trees in Punjab because the land is needed for
Some areas may have suffered more from than
others.

afforestation	altitude	climate
cultivation	deforestation	recreation

[3]

(b) (i)	State	three fu	unctions o	f forests	s in Pak	distan.					
	1	•••••									
	2	•••••									
	3										[3]
(ii)			erence be		•			•			
	prote	ction for	ests								
											[2]
(iii)	Study	/ Fig. 4.2	2, a diagra	m shov	wing ho	w altitud	de affe	cts vege	tation t	ype.	
		5000 -	7								
		4000 -			alpine	forest				– snow-	ine
	ude	3000 -	_								
(r	n)	2000 -			conife fore						
		1000 -		su	tropical th lb-tropical riverain/b irrigated mangrov	d forest	est			– sea le	vel
					Fig.	4.2					
	Using	g Fig. 4. int of ve	.2 and yo getation in	ur own Pakist	knowl		sugges	t how a	ıltitude	affects t	he type and

(c)	Explain two effects of deforestation on the natural environment of Pakistan. You should develop your answer.
	1
	2
	2
	[4]

(d)	The United Nations environment programme supports Pakistan's initiatives with forest owners, the timber industry and forest-dependent communities to keep its forests alive and healthy by controlling deforestation and degradation.
	To what extent can initiatives on forests encourage further sustainable development in Pakistan? Give reasons to support your judgement and refer to examples you have studied. You should consider different points of view in your answer.
	[6]
	[Total: 25]

5	(a) (i)	Define the term 'migration'.	
			[1]
	(ii)	Suggest four push factors that lead to rural–urban migration.	
		1	
		2	
		3	
		4	
			[4]
	(iii)	Describe the impacts of rural–urban migration on rural areas of Pakistan.	
			[3]

(b) (i) Study Fig. 5.1, a map showing the distribution of urban population in Pakistan in 2018.

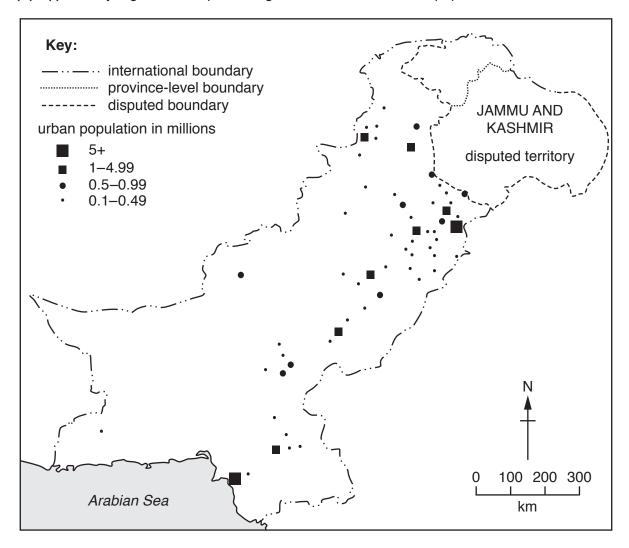


Fig. 5.1

Using Fig. 5.1 only , describe the distribution of urban population in Pakistan.
[3

(ii) Study Fig. 5.2, a bar graph showing the percentage of the population living in urban centres by province in 2018.

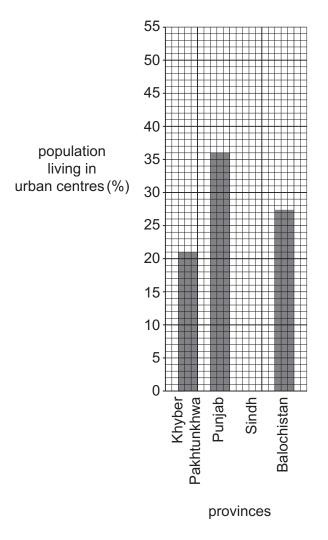


Fig. 5.2

Complete Fig. 5.2 by drawing the bar for Sindh using the information below.

province-level area	percentage (%)
Sindh	52

[1]

(iii) Using Fig. 5.2 **only** list the provinces in rank order by the percentage of their population living in urban centres.

1	 highest percentage
2	 †
3	
4	 ▼ lowest percentage

[1]

(i	iv)	State two problems which occur when large numbers of people live in urban areas.
		1
		2
		[2]
	-	lain two physical factors that affect the population distribution of Pakistan. You should elop your answer.
	1	
	2	
		[4]

(d)	Read the following two	views ab	out the	impact of	of migration	on	Pakistan's	future	economic
	development.								

A B

The emigration of working-age people from Pakistan will encourage further economic development.

The immigration of skilled and professional people to Pakistan will encourage further economic development.

[Total: 25]

which view do you agree with more? Give reasons to support your answer and refer to examples you have studied. You should consider View A and View B in your answer.
[6]

Additional Pages

If you use number(s)				to com	plete	the a	nswer(s	s) to	any	questi	on(s),	the	question
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