

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMBINED SCIENCE 0653/62

Paper 6 Alternative to Practical

March 2017

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 60

Published

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Question	Answer			Marks		
1(a)	reagent	Benedict's	biuret	iodine solution		3
	nutrient tested fo	r reducing sugar ;	protein ;	starch;		
1(b)	reagent	Benedict's	biuret	iodine solution		max 3
	solution A	yellow/green/orange/red	blue	blue-black		
	solution B	blue;	lilac ;	blue-black ;		
	(mark vertically i.e. colours correct for both)					
1(c)	wore goggles/tied back hair/used tongs and chemical tests or hot water;			max 1		
1(d)		ool and water added ; ignore other safety precautions)	;			3
					Total:	10

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Question	Answer				Marks
2(a)	add water and stir ; filter mixture ; diagram with at least two labels ;				3
2(b)(i)	no bubbles/no effervescence ;				1
2(b)(ii)	chloride ;			1	
2(b)(iii)	test 1 (add sodium hydroxide solution) 2 (heat the mixture from test 1 and test any gases with damp litmus papers)	observations no ppt.; red to blue;	conclusion about cation (not Cu ²⁺ , Fe ²⁺ , Fe ³⁺ , Zn ²⁺) ammonium/NH ₄ ⁺ ;		3
2(c)(i)	reacts quicker ;			1	
2(c)(ii)	dark blue (solution);				1
				Total:	10

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Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	1.2(V); 0.18(A);	2
3(b)(i)	5.2/5.24 and 6.7/6.67; both <i>R</i> values consistent to 2/3 significant figures;	2
3(b)(ii)	11.9 (Ω) ; ecf (i)	1
3(c)(i)	correct series connection ; voltmeter position unchanged ;	2
3(c)(ii)	8.1(3) c.a.o. ;	1
3(d)	(statement matching results – expect NO) results used for justification with reference to the idea of experimental accuracy;	1
3(e)	resistance changes/wires get hot/bulbs get hot/battery runs down;	max 1
	Total:	10

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Question	Answer	
4(a)	time and minutes; pulse rate/beats and 15 seconds;	2
4(b)(i)	41 and 44 ;	1
4(b)(ii)	148 and 164 ;	1
4(c)	axes labelled with units; suitable linear scale using at least half the grid; at least 4 points plotted correctly; best-fit curve;	4
4(d)	increases;	1
4(e)	correct reading from graph as marked ;	1
	Total:	10

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Question	Answer	
5(a)	any 3 from: copper doesn't react with acid; delivery tube is under level of liquid in conical flask/cannot gather gas; no bung in conical flask/gas escapes out of top of conical flask; measuring cylinder should be underwater/should contain water/cannot collect gas;	max 3
5(b)(i)	4; slower reaction/takes more time;	2
5(b)(ii)	1 ; twice as much gas ;	2
5(c)	same/30 cm³ and same amount of metal/metal in excess;	1
5(d)	heat or evaporating dish/beaker and burner ;	max 1
5(e)	lighted splint and pop;	1
	Total:	10

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)(i)	15.4 (cm);	1
6(a)(ii)	15.4 ÷ 10 = 1.54 ;	1
6(a)(iii)	$\frac{\pi (1.54)^2}{4} = 1.86 \text{ (cm}^2);$	1
6(b)(i)	3.1 (cm);	1
6(b)(ii)	5.8/5.77 (cm ³);	1
6(c)	55. <u>0</u> (g);	1
6(d)	$55.0/5.77 = 9.5(3)(g/cm^3)$;	1
6(e)	idea that it allows more accurate measurement as uncertainty is a smaller percentage/fraction of measurement;	1
6(f)	the volume calculated will be too large; so this will make the value of the density too small;	2
	Total:	10

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