Name

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/02

Paper 2

October/November 2004

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.
Additional Materials: Rule (cm/mm)
Protractor

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen in the spaces provided on the Question Paper. You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

If you have been given a label, look at the details. If any details are incorrect or missing, please fill in your correct details in the space given at the top of this page.

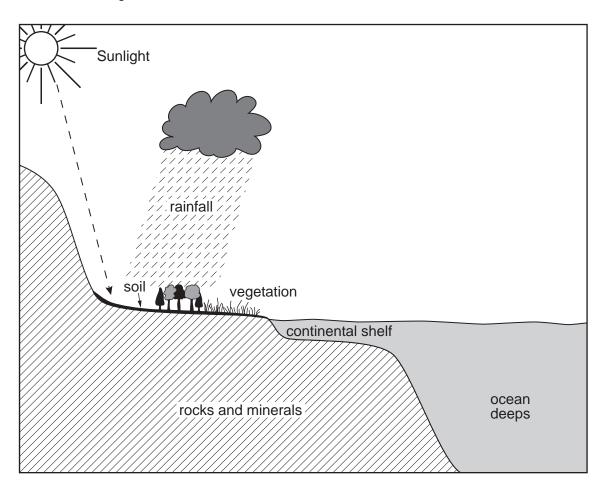
Stick your personal label here, if provided.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE

1
2
TOTAL

This document consists of **15** printed pages and **1** blank page.

1 Look at the diagram below which shows some of the Earth's natural resources.



(a)	Why	ny are (i) sunlight and (ii) rainfall essential to life on Earth?							
	(i)	sunlight			•••••				
					•••••				
	(ii)	rainfall							
								[4]	
(b)	Son	ne examples	of rocks c	ommonly fou	nd near the	e Earth's surfac	ce are listed be	elow.	
		basalt	granite	limestone	marble	sandstone	slate		
	(i)	From this lis	st, name o	ne example o	of each of the	he following typ	oes of rock.		
		Igneous							

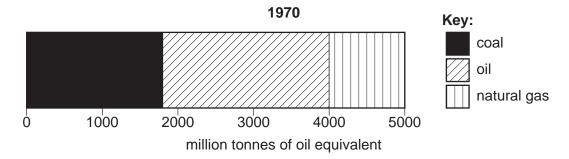
Sedimentary

Metamorphic[3]

(11)	Choose one of the rocks named and describe ways in which it is useful to people.
	Name of rock,
	Uses,
	[2]
(iii)	How is the formation of metamorphic rock different from igneous rock?
	[2]
(iv)	State one way in which soil is different from rock.
	[4]
	[1]
(c) The	continental shelf is marked on the diagram.
(i)	What is the continental shelf?
	[1]
<i>(</i> **)	
(ii)	Name two different types of natural resources obtained by people from continental shelves.
	1
	2[2]
(iii)	Explain why people find it more difficult to exploit the natural resources of seas and oceans than those of the land.
	oceans than those of the land.
	[3]

(d)	Nat	ural resources include coal, oil and natural gas.
	(i)	State two similarities of these three natural resources.
		1
		2
		[2]

The graph below shows amounts of coal, oil and natural gas consumed in the world (ii) in 1970.



The amounts consumed in 2000 are given below.

resource	amount (million tonnes oil equivalent)			
coal	2200			
oil	3500			
natural gas	2300			

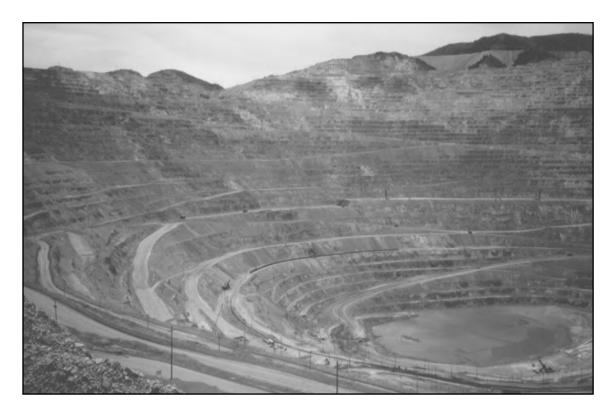
Draw another graph of the same type for 2000 in the space below. Complete the key.

2000

0	million tonnes of oil equivalent	Key:	8000
			[4]

(iii)	State reasons why consumption of all three has increased, but for some more than others.
	All three have increased,
	Some more than others,
	[5]

(e) Look at the photograph which shows a copper mine in the USA.

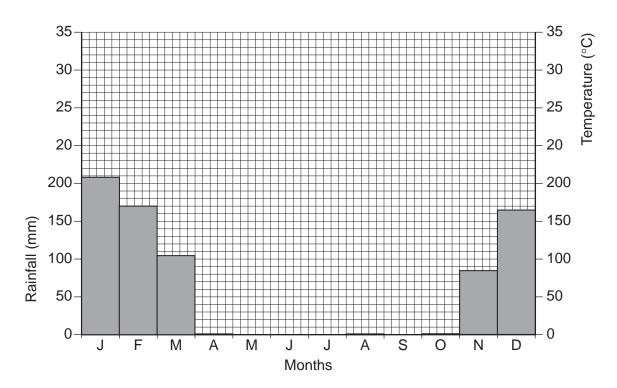


(i)	Name the type of mining shown and describe the methods used in this type of mining.
	[3]
(ii)	Known world reserves of copper will last for 55 years at present rates of use. Is the mining shown on the photograph an example of sustainable development? Explain your answer.
	[2]

(f)	(i)	Name some of the strategies for conservation and management of the Earth's fuel and mineral resources.
	(ii)	Explain some of the problems of putting such strategies into practice successfully.
		[6]
		Total [40]

[4]

2 (a) Look at the climate graph for Zumbo in Mozambique (latitude 15°S).



(i) On this graph, plot and draw in a line to show the temperature values for Zumbo given below.

	J	F	M	Α	M	J	J	Α	S	0	Ν	D
°C	27	27	27	26	24	21	21	22	27	31	30	28

(ii) How do the temperatures show that Zumbo lies south of the Equator?

F.4.1
111

(iii) Between which months is the dry season in Zumbo?

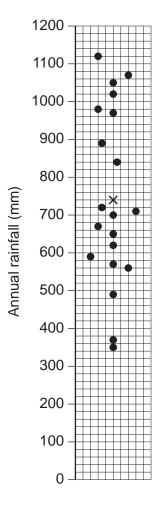
	-
11	

(iv) Name the type of tropical climate in Zumbo.

(v) At what time of the year are farmers living in the area around Zumbo likely to be most busy? Explain your answer.

.....[2]

(b) Although the average total rainfall per year in Zumbo is 742mm, total rainfall varies greatly from year to year. Look at the graph below which shows totals of rainfall per year during a period of 20 years.



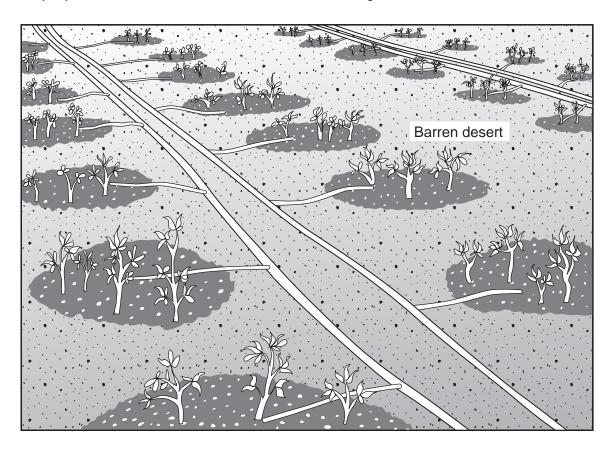
Key:

- × Average rainfall (742mm)
 - Total rainfall in one of the years

(i)	State the highest and lowest totals of rainfall during the 20 years.
	[1]
(ii)	Calculate the difference between them.
	[1]
iii)	Explain why in certain years there is a high risk of farming being disrupted by flooding.

Why is it likely that farmers around Zumbo need to use irrigation water in may years to obtain enough food? Quote values from the graph to support your answ Name one area in the world where farmers use irrigation water to increase for output. Describe how the water is collected and used. Name of area,	Why is it likely that farmers around Zumbo need to use irrigation water in may years to obtain enough food? Quote values from the graph to support your answer. Name one area in the world where farmers use irrigation water to increase for output. Describe how the water is collected and used. Name of area,	such as this.
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(viii) One of the more sustainable methods of irrigation is shown below.



Why is this method of irrigation better for the environment.?		
[2	2]	

(c) Another way in which some people believe that food output can be increased is by genetic engineering to grow GM (genetically modified) crops. Some information about this is given below.

GM crops

What are they?

Scientists, mainly working in the USA, have transferred genes from one organism to another to create different plant varieties and new seeds for new varieties of crops. The three main GM crops are corn (maize), cotton and soya beans.

Where are they?

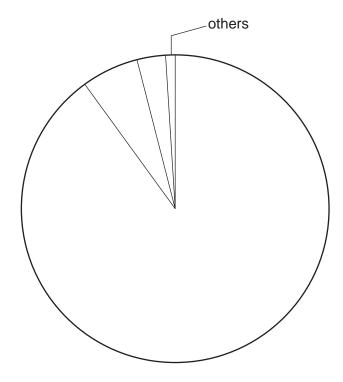
Over 50 million hectares of GM crops are grown in 13 countries around the world.

The highest percentages are grown in

- the USA (68%)
- Argentina (22%)
- Canada (6%)
- China (3%)

(i)	How are seeds used for GM crops different from seeds that have been used by farmers for thousands of years?
	[2]

(ii) Complete the pie graph below for percentage growth of GM crops to show percentages for the USA and Argentina. Name the countries.



[2]

(111)	What percentage i above?	s grown in th	e nine countrie	s shown as '	others' in the pi	e graph
						[1]

(iv) Name the country which dominates in the science and production of GM crops.

.....[1]

(d) People hold different views about GM crops.

What do supporters of GM crops say?

- Higher food output and foods that can offer higher levels of nutrients and vitamins.
- Disease resistant, which means higher output and less pesticide use. (There is less leakage of chemicals into rivers and seas as well).
- Herbicide tolerant, which means that farmers can use weed killers and control weeds without damaging their crops.
- Hunger in developing countries will be reduced.
- More efficient use of existing farm land, so that fewer forests will need to be cleared in the future for new farm land.

One scientist says, 'The world cannot afford to miss the new opportunities created by new scientific discoveries and technologies'.

What do people opposed to GM crops say?

- It is dangerous to use genetic engineering to create plant and animal varieties that could not have been created in nature.
- This may create 'super weeds' without controls, replacing existing varieties of plants and animals from the ecosystem and reducing biodiversity.
- Use of natural crop varieties will be reduced, also reducing biodiversity.
- Greater use of herbicides (weed killers) will result in a higher concentration of chemicals in food and water run off from the land.
- Increases in food output have not been as great as supporters have claimed.

One environmentalist says, 'New organisms can never be removed from the environment once they have been created, so that these scientists are gambling with the natural world'.

(1)	explain more fully why the scientist supports GM crops and the environmentalist opposes their use.
	Scientist - for their use.
	Environmentalist - against their use.
	[4]
(ii)	Who do you agree with most? Explain your answer.
	[4]
	Total [40] Total for paper [80]
	iolai ioi papei jouj

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Question 1e Photograph: John Pallister

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