

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge Ordinary Level

CANDIDATE NAME								
CENTRE NUMBER					CANDI NUMBI			

COMPUTER SCIENCE

2210/11

Paper 1 Theory

May/June 2016

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

No calculators allowed.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The maximum number of marks is 75.



1 Some software can be described as free, freeware or shareware.

Tick (\checkmark) the appropriate boxes in the table below to show which features apply to these three types of software.

Software feature	Free	Freeware	Shareware
Software source code can be freely accessed and modified as required			
All the features of the full version of the software are not made available; the full version needs to be purchased first			
The original software is subject to all copyright laws			
It is possible to distribute modified versions or copies of the software to friends and family			

		[3]
Hex	adecimal codes are used in MAC addresses.	
(a)	State what is meant by the term MAC.	
		[1]
(b)	Explain what the hexadecimal code in a MAC address represents.	

.....[3]

_		— ·				
3	(a)	Five sensors	s and five	applications	are shown below.	

Draw a line to link each sensor to its most appropriate application.

	Sensor		Application	
	Light sensor		Monitor the pollution levels in a river	
	Moisture sensor		Control the switching off and on of street lights	
	Gas sensor		Detect intruders breaking into a building	
	pH sensor		Monitor the amount of water left in clothes in a dryer	
	Pressure sensor		Monitor acidity levels in the soil in a greenhouse	
(b)			lled by the use of infrared sensors	[4] and a
	Describe ho a person ap	ow the sensors and the microproc	essor are used to automatically open a d	loor as
				[4]

4	(a)		ita wishes to print out some documents and connects her printer to the computer using of the USB ports.
		(i)	Identify what type of data transmission is being used.
			[1]
		(ii)	Give three reasons for using a USB port.
			1
			2
			3
			[3]
		(iii)	The printer runs out of paper while it is printing the documents. A signal is sent to the processor to request that the problem is dealt with.
			Name this type of signal.
			[1]
	(b)		te one suitable application for each printer below. A different application must be given for the printer.
		Inki	et printer
		3D	printer
			[2]

(c)	Name another type of printer and describe one way in which it is different from the printers named in part (b) .
	Give an application for this printer.
	Type of printer
	Description
	Application
	[3]
	[ن]

5 A computer-controlled machine produces plastic sheets. The thickness of each sheet must be within a certain tolerance. The sheets are kept below 50 °C as they move over rollers at 10 metres per second.

Three parameters need to be monitored all the time.

Parameter	Description	Binary value	Conditions
D	sheet thickness	1	thickness of sheet in tolerance
	Sheet thickness	0	thickness of sheet out of tolerance
s	roller apped	1	roller speed = 10 metres/second
5	roller speed	0	roller speed <> 10 metres/second
_	tomporatura	1	temperature < 50°C
'	temperature	0	temperature >= 50 °C

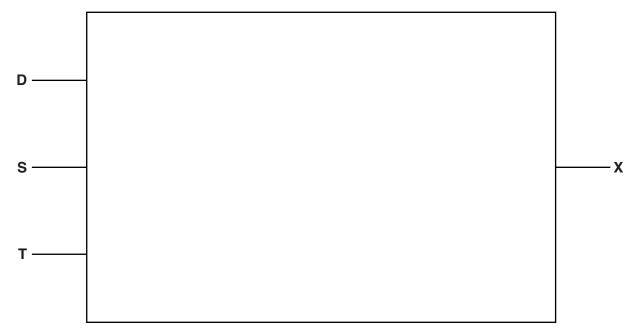
An alarm, **X**, will sound if:

thickness is in tolerance AND (roller speed <> 10 metres/second OR temperature >= 50 °C)

OR

roller speed = 10 metres/second AND temperature >= 50 °C

(a) Draw a logic circuit to represent the above monitoring system.



(b) Complete the truth table for the monitoring system.

D	S	Т	Working Space	Х
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[4]

[3]

6	Sec	ure socket layer (SSL) is used in the security of information on Internet websites.
	(a)	State how it is possible for a user to know that a website is secure by looking at the web address.
	(b)	Describe three of the stages a web browser goes through to detect whether a website is secure.
		1
		2
		2
		3

7 Each seat on a flight is uniquely identified on an LCD above the seat. For example, seat 035C is shown as:



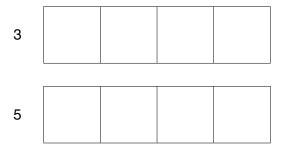
The first three characters are digits that represent the row.

The fourth character is the seat position in that row. This is a single letter, A to F, that is stored as a hexadecimal value.

Each of the four display characters can be stored in a 4-bit register. For example, 0 and C would be represented as:

	8	4	2	1
0:	0	0	0	0
C:	1	1	0	0

(a) Show how the 4-bit registers would store the remaining two characters, 3 and 5.



[2]

(b) Identify which seat is stored in the following 4-bit registers.

0	0	0	1	
1	0	0	1	
0	1	0	0	
1	1	1	0	

[2]

8 A bank offers an online service to its customers. The bank has developed a "SafeToUse" system that asks each customer to enter four randomly chosen characters from their password each time they log in. The customer selects these four characters from drop-down boxes. For example: 2nd character Please select the 5th character 6th character 8th character Explain why it is more secure to use drop-down boxes rather than entering characters (a) (i) using a keyboard. (ii) Give a reason why the system asks for four characters chosen at random.[1] **(b)** Biometrics is an additional form of security. Give two examples of biometrics.

[2]

Che	eck digits are used	ı to e	nsure	tne ac	curacy	or ente	rea data	ł.			
A 7	-digit number has	an ex	ktra di	git on t	he righ	t, called	d the ch	eck digi	t.		
	digit position:	1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
	digit:	-		_	_	-	_	-	_	_ † check digit	
The	check digit is cal	culate	ed as	follows	:						
•	each digit in the the seven results this total is divide the remainder gi	s are ted	then a	added t	ogethe	r			heck digi	t is X)	
(a)	Calculate the ch	eck d	igit fo	r the fo	llowing	numbe	r. Show	all your	working.		
	•	4	2	4	1	5	0	8	•••		
	Check digit										
											[2]
(b)	An operator has	just k	keyed	in the f	ollowin	g numb	er:				
		3	2	4	0	0	4	5	X		
	Circle below cor	rect i	f the o	check o	digit is d	correct	OR inco	orrect if	the chec	k digit is ind	correct.
				corre	ect	inc	orrect				
	Explain your ans	swer.									
											[3]

10 Six security issues and six descriptions are shown below.

Draw a line to link each security issue to its correct description.

Security issue **Description** illegal access to a computer system without the owner's consent or Pharming knowledge software that gathers information by monitoring key presses on a user's Phishing keyboard; the data is sent back to the originator of the software malicious code installed on the hard drive of a user's computer or on a web server; this code will re-direct the user Viruses to a fake website without the user's knowledge creator of code sends out a legitimate-looking email in the hope of gathering personal and financial Hacking information from the recipient; it requires the user to click on the link in the email or attachment a message given to a web browser by a web server; it is stored in a text file; Spyware the message is then sent back to the server each time the browser requests a page from the server program or code that replicates itself; designed to amend, delete or copy Cookies data or files on a user's computer; often causes the computer to crash or

run slowly

11	(a)	Four examples	of optical	storage	media are
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- DVD-RW
- DVD-RAM
- CD-ROM
- Blu-ray disc

The table below shows four features of optical storage media.

Tick (\checkmark) the appropriate boxes in the table to indicate which of the features apply to each example of optical storage media.

	Single track	Many concentric tracks	Blue laser used to read/ write data	Red laser used to read/ write data
DVD-RW				
DVD-RAM				
CD-ROM				
Blu-ray disc				

		[-	4]				
b)	Soli	Solid state drives (SSD) are replacing hard disc drives (HDD) in some computers.					
	(i)	Give three reasons why this is happening.					
		1					
		2					
		3					
		[3]				
	(ii)	Explain why many web servers still use hard disc drive (HDD) technology.					

(a) Name the following type of barcode:



	[1]
(b)	The barcode in part (a) contains the denary value 2 6 4 0
	Convert this value to hexadecimal.
	Write the value as a 12-bit binary number.
	[4]
(c)	An airport uses the type of barcode shown in part (a) to advertise local places of interest.
	Describe how a visitor landing at the airport could use these barcodes to help plan their visit.
	[3]

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