

### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Level

**SOCIOLOGY** 9699/32

Paper 3 Social Change and Differentiation

May/June 2011

3 hours

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer three questions, each from a different section.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.



## **Option A: Families and Households**

Answer either Question 1 or Question 2.

1	(a)	(i)	Define the phrase stabilisation of the adult personality.	[3]				
		(ii)	Identify and briefly describe <b>two</b> consequences of failure to stabilise the adult personal	ality. [6]				
	(b)	Eva	lluate the view that the family performs positive functions both for the individual and soci	iety. [16]				
2	(a)	(i)	Define the term domestic labour.	[3]				
		(ii)	Identify and briefly describe <b>two</b> ways in which domestic labour can be seen exploitative.	as [6]				
	(b)	Eva	luate the view that family life is characterised by equality.	[16]				
	Option B: Education							
Answer either Question 3 or Question 4.								
3	(a)	(i)	Define the term <i>cultural reproduction</i> .	[3]				
		(ii)	Identify and briefly describe <b>two</b> examples of the process of cultural reproduction.	[6]				
	(b)	Eva	luate the Marxist view that the education systems legitimise social inequality.	[16]				
4	(a)	(i)	Define the term material deprivation.	[3]				
		(ii)	Identify and briefly describe <b>two</b> ways in which middle class children experie educational advantages.	nce [6]				
	(b)		Evaluate the view that the home circumstances of pupils have the most significance on their educational achievements. [16]					

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# Option C: Religion

## Answer either Question 5 or Question 6.

5	(a)	(i)	Define the term fundamentalism in relation to religion.	[3]
		(ii)	Identify and briefly describe two fundamentalist religious groups.	[6]
	(b)	Eva	luate the view that the main function of religion is to promote social order.	[16]
6	(a)	(i)	Define the term sect.	[3]
		(ii)	Identify and briefly describe <b>two</b> reasons why a sect may become a denomination.	[6]
	(b)		luate the view that religious organisations are losing power and influence in moustrial societies.	dern [16]
			Option D: Crime and Deviance	
			Answer either Question 7 or Question 8.	
7	(a)	(i)	Define the term <i>master status</i> .	[3]
		(ii)	Identify and briefly describe <b>two</b> causes of a master status.	[6]
	(b)	Eva	luate the view that the working class commit more crime than other groups.	[16]
8	(a)	(i)	Define the term deviancy amplification.	[3]
		(ii)	Identify and briefly describe <b>two</b> sociological examples of the process of deviamplification.	ancy [6]
	(b)	'Wh	at is seen as deviant is no more than a matter of interpretation.' Evaluate this claim.	[16]

### **Option E: Work and Leisure**

Answer either Question 9 or Question 10.

9 (a) (i) Define the term scientific management. [3] Identify and briefly describe two characteristics of the human relations school of (ii) management. [6] (b) 'Of all the factors that influence the experience of work the most significant is that of gender.' Evaluate this view. [16] 10 (a) (i) Define the term *leisure*. [3] Identify and briefly describe two differences between the leisure patterns of men and (ii) women. [6] **(b)** Evaluate the view that some groups have more power than other groups in the workplace. [16] **Option F: Mass Media** Answer either Question 11 or Question 12. (a) (i) Define the term media manipulation. [3] Identify and briefly describe two factors that influence the content of the media. (ii) [6] (b) Evaluate the contribution of pluralist theories to our understanding of the nature and role of the mass media. [16] Define the term mass culture. 12 (a) (i) [3] (ii) Identify and briefly describe two ways in which the media may influence the behaviour of audiences. [6] (b) 'The mass media has a major influence on the outcome of elections.' Evaluate this claim. [16]

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