

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
	TAL MANAGEMENT		0000/4

381179316

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/11

Paper 1

May/June 2018

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.

Electronic calculators may be used.

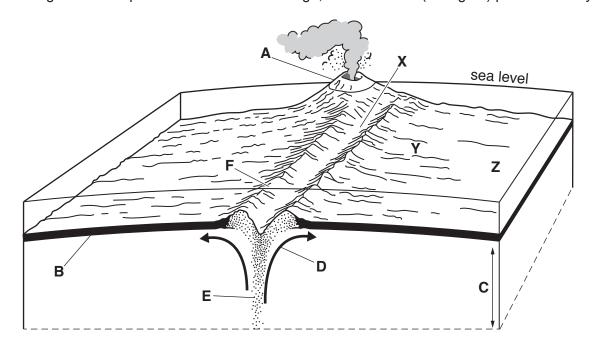
You may lose marks if you do not show your working or if you do not use appropriate units.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



1 The diagram shows part of the Mid-Atlantic Ridge, a constructive (divergent) plate boundary.



(a) (i) Complete the table using letters $\bf A$ to $\bf F$ from the diagram.

feature	letter
convection currents	
crust	
mantle	
ridge	
rising magma	
volcano	

[3]

(ii) X, Y and Z on the diagram mark three positions of rock formed from cooled lava.

Which rock, **X**, **Y** or **Z**, is the oldest?

rock[1]

(b)	Describe the tectonic processes that occur at a constructive (divergent) plate boundary.	
		.[3]
(c)	Suggest three benefits for people living near a volcano.	
	1	
	2	
	3	
		[3]

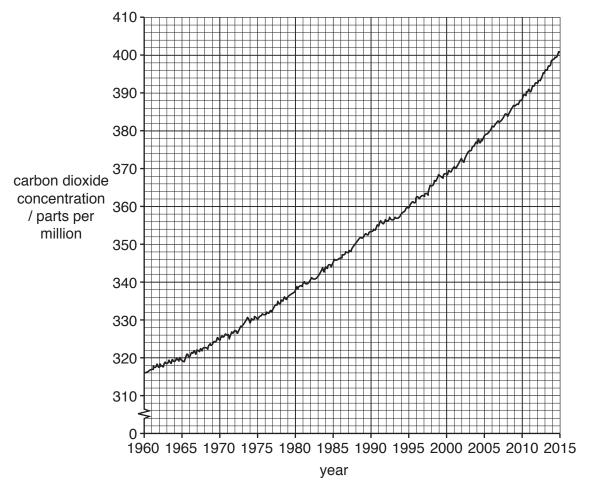
2 The table shows data for some world water stores.

world water stores	volume / million km ³	percentage of total water	percentage of total water that is fresh water	
oceans	1370.00	97.25	0.00	
ice	29.00	2.05	74.94	
deep groundwater > 750 m	5.30	0.38	13.67	
shallow groundwater < 750 m	4.20	0.30	10.85	
lakes	0.13	0.01	0.32	
soil moisture	0.07	< 0.01	0.17	
atmosphere	0.01	< 0.01	0.03	

(a)	Use the table to answer these questions.				
	(i) Name the largest water store that is saline.				
		[1]			
	(ii)	Name two stores that people can easily use for supplies of fresh water.			
		1			
		2			
		[1]			
	(iii)	State the percentage of fresh water that is frozen.			
		% [1]			
(b)	Sug	gest ways a country could increase supplies of fresh water.			

(c)	Give reasons why fresh water is often not safe to drink.
	ſΔΊ

3 The graph shows carbon dioxide concentration in the atmosphere between 1960 and 2015.



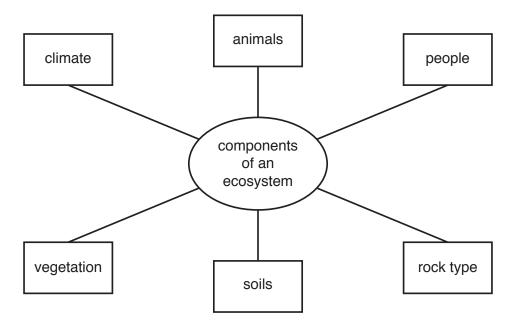
(a)	(i)	Describe the trend in carbon dioxide concentration in the atmosphere between 1960 and 2015.
		[1]
	(ii)	Calculate the change in carbon dioxide concentration in the atmosphere between 1960 and 2015.

(iii)	Explain the trend in carbon dioxide concentration in the atmosphere between 1960 and 2015.
	[2]

..... parts per million [1]

(iv)	State	State two ways of reducing carbon dioxide emissions.							
(iv)									
	1	1							
	2								
				[2]					
		shows the percentage of warr e as a result of people's activitie		are causing in the					
		greenhouse gas	percentage of warming						
		carbon dioxide	64						
		methane	18						
		chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs)	14						
		nitrogen oxides	4						
		0	Key						
			$\begin{vmatrix} x & x \\ x & x \end{vmatrix}$ carbon dioxide						
			methane						
1	•	+	0 0	(050.)					
		•	o o chlorofluorocar	bons (CFCs)					
7			nitrogen oxides	;					
`									
(i)	Comp	lete the pie graph using the key	and the data in the table.						
	·			[2]					
(ii)		nat extent will limiting carbon phere?	dioxide emissions reduce	the warming of the					

4 The diagram shows the components of an ecosystem.



(a)	(i)	Name t	wo living	components	of an ecos	vstem.	shown in	the diagram

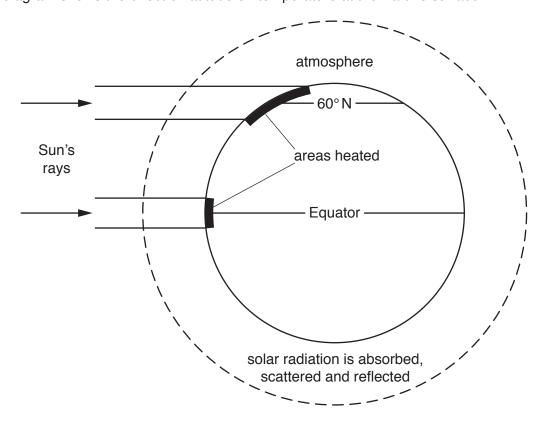
1	
^	
2	[1]

(ii) Name two physical components of an ecosystem, shown in the diagram.

2	
	[1

(b)	The	world's natural vegetation zones (biomes) are large ecosystems.	
	(i)	Name two of the world's natural vegetation zones.	
		1	
		2	
	(ii)	Give reasons why people have destroyed much of the world's natural vegetation.	[1]
			[4]
(c)	Sug	gest strategies for conserving a large forest covering an area of 5000 km ² .	
			[3]

5 The diagram shows the effect of latitude on temperature at the Earth's surface.

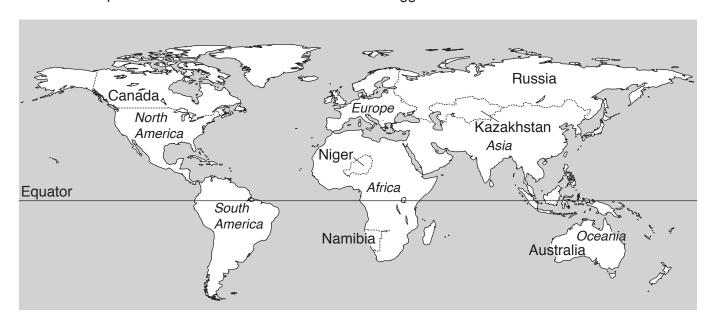


(a) Use the information on the diagram to complete the passage, which explains why surface temperatures decrease between the Equator and 60°N.

At the Equator, the Sun's are perpendicular to the Earth's
surface and heat a area than at 60° N. At 60° N the Sun's rays
are at an angle and have a surface area to heat.
At 60°N, the Sun's rays travel a distance through the
than those at the Equator. This means more energy is
absorbed, scattered and so there is less energy to heat the
Earth's surface.

(b)	Solar power is an example of an alternative energy source.								
	(i)	Suggest three reasons why many countries are increasing their use of solar power.							
		1							
		2							
		3							
			[3]						
	(ii)	Give reasons why relying on solar power as a source of energy can be a problem.							
			[3]						
(c)	Sta	te two other alternative energy sources.							
	1								
	2		 [1]						

6 The map and table show information about the ten biggest uranium mines in the world in 2014.



Key-----international boundary

(ii)

rank	country	type of mining used	percentage of world uranium production
1	Canada	underground mine	13
2	Kazakhstan	in-situ leaching	8
3	Australia	underground mine	6
4	Niger	open-pit mine	5
5	Kazakhstan	in-situ leaching	4
5	Kazakhstan	in-situ leaching	4
5	Russia	underground mine	4
5	Namibia	open-pit mine	4
9	Kazakhstan	in-situ leaching	3
9	Kazakhstan	in-situ leaching	3

(a)	Use the r	nap and	table to	answer	tnese	questions	٠.
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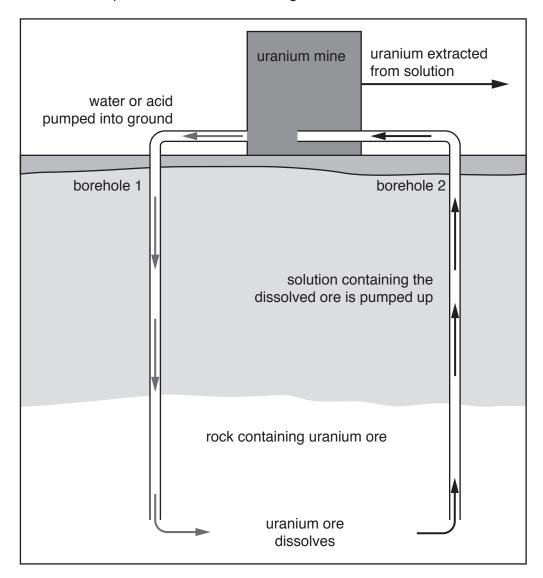
Name three countries with underground uranium mines.

1	
2	
3	
	[1]
State the type of uranium mining in Africa.	

(iii)	Calculate the	percentage	of	world	uranium	production	that	comes	from	the	mines	in
	Kazakhstan											

0/ 1	

(iv) In 2014, over half of the world's uranium was mined using in-situ leaching. A borehole is drilled into the rock containing uranium ore. Water or an acid is pumped down to dissolve the uranium ore. Uranium ore in solution is pumped up as a liquid from a second borehole. The process is shown in the diagram.



Suggest **two** advantages of the in-situ leaching method of mining.

1.	 		 	 	 						
2											
۷.	 	•••••	 	 •••••	 						
•••	 		 	 	 [2]						

(D)	wost dramum is used in nuclear power stations to generate electricity.
	Suggest reasons why the Chinese government made plans to build 40 nuclear power stations between 2016 and 2020.
	[2]
(c)	Explain why some people do not want to live near nuclear power stations.
	[3]

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