



#### **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME						
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDI NUMB			

ACCOUNTING 0452/11

Paper 1 May/June 2015

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.



1 hour 45 minutes

There are 10 parts to Question 1.

For **each** of the parts (a) to (j) below there are four possible answers A, B, C and D. Choose the **one** you consider correct and place a tick ( $\checkmark$ ) in the box to indicate the correct answer.

1	(a)	What is the purpose of accounting?							
		Α	to ensure the ca	e bank statement					
		В	to know how lor	ng trade receivables take to pay					
		С	to prepare the fi	nancial statements of the busine	ess				
		D	to write up all th	e ledger accounts			[1]		
	(b)	Whe	ere is discount red	ceived shown?					
		A	credit side of the	e purchases ledger control accou	unt				
		В	debit side of the	purchases ledger control accou	nt				
		С	credit side of the	e sales ledger control account					
		D	debit side of the	sales ledger control account			[1]		
	(c)	Pedi	ro spent \$8410 b	uying a new vehicle. The invoice	showed				
				Vehicle Number plates Insurance for 24 months	\$ 8000 50 360				
		How	much was the ca	apital expenditure?					
		Α	\$8050						
		В	\$8180						
		С	\$8230						
		D	\$8360				[1]		

(d)	Safir bought a machine for \$10 000 and depreciated it at the rate of 30% per annum on the reducing (diminishing) balance basis.					
	Wha	t was the net book value at the end of year 2?				
	Α	\$4000				
	В	\$4900				
	С	\$5100				
	D	\$6000		[1]		
(e)		rt maintains a provision for doubtful debts account. Where is the closing ount included in the financial statements?	g balance on	the		
	Α	as an expense in the income statement				
	В	as a revenue in the income statement				
	С	in the current assets section of the statement of financial position				
	D	in the current liabilities section of the statement of financial position		[1]		
(f)	Why	is inventory valued at net realisable value when this is lower than cost?				
	Α	to calculate the rate of inventory turnover				
	В	to ensure the balancing of the statement of financial position				
	С	to prevent profit being recorded before it is earned				
	D	to recognise losses as soon as they are incurred		[1]		

	(g) Abdul started a business by transferring his own vehicle to the business at a valuation of \$9000 and introducing a sum of cash.						
		e first year of trading profit was \$2000. At the end of the first year that account was \$51000.	he balance on I	his			
	How	much cash did Abdul introduce?					
	Α	\$40 000					
	В	\$44 000					
	С	\$58 000					
	D	\$62 000		[1]			
(h)	A ma	anufacturing business provided the following information.					
		Opening inventory of finished goods 17 000 Closing inventory of finished goods 12 000 Cost of production for the year 100 000 Purchases of finished goods for the year 70 000					
	Wha	t was the cost of sales for the year?					
	Α	\$75 000					
	В	\$105 000					
	С	\$170 000					
	D	\$175 000		[1]			
(i)	Agne	es and Brian operate in similar businesses. They provide the following i	nformation.				
		Agnes Brian Trade receivables collection period 31 days 40 days					
	Whic	ch statement is true?					
	_	Agnes receives money from customers sooner than Brian.					
	Α	Agrics receives money norm editioners seemer than brian.					
	В	Agnes pays her suppliers sooner than Brian.					

<b>(j)</b>	Whe	When is accounting information relevant?					
	Α	when it can be compared with information for other periods					
	В	when it can be understood by the users of the accounts					
	С	when it changes business decisions					
	D	when it is free from error and bias		[1]			

[Total: 10]

**2** (a) Complete the following table. Indicate with a tick (✓) whether each item is an asset or a liability. The first item has been completed as an example.

	Asset	Liability
Office equipment	✓	
Prepaid rent		
Accrued wages		
Bank loan		
Inventory of goods for resale		
Inventory of stationery for office use		
Amount due to creditor		

				_	[6]
(b)	Comp	olete the following sent	ences using the word 'debit' or 'cr	edit'.	
	An as	sset account has a		balance.	
	A liat	oility account has a		balance.	
	An ex	xpense account has a		balance.	
	An in	ncome account has a		balance.	[4]
(c)	Give	one example of an exp	pense account.		
					[1]
(d)	Name	e the financial statemer	nt in which expenses are recorded	d.	
					[1]
(e)	-	olete the following table irst has been complete	e. Enter the word 'true' or 'false' ag d as an example.	gainst each stateme	ent.
		Every transaction has	a two fold aspect	True	
		Costs must be matche	d against related income		
		Revenue can be recor	ded before it is earned		

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Staff expertise can be recorded in the financial statements

[3]

Lamoudi has an accounting year end of 31 December.

On 1 April 2013 he paid \$1200, by cheque, for a year's insurance starting on that date. On 1 April 2014 he paid \$1440, by cheque, for insurance for twelve months to 31 March 2015.

#### **REQUIRED**

(f) Prepare Lamoudi's insurance account for the year ended 31 December 2014. Balance the account and bring down the balance on 1 January 2015.

#### Lamoudi Insurance account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$
				[5]

(g)	State one reason why a trader might prepare a trial balance.	
		[1

Ebenon, a sole trader, extracted the following balances from his books of account on 31 December 2014.

	\$
Motor vehicles	38 000
Provision for depreciation of motor vehicles	10 000
Sales	190 000
Purchases	103 000
Rent	4 000
Wages and salaries	41 000
Sundry expenses	6 800
Drawings	23 000
Trade payables	5 000
Trade receivables	7 000
Bank overdraft	1 500
Cash	100
Purchase returns	600
Inventory	12 000
Capital	?

### **REQUIRED**

(h) Prepare Ebenon's trial balance at 31 December 2014.

## Ebenon Trial Balance at 31 December 2014

	Debit \$	Credit \$
Motor vehicles		
Provision for depreciation of motor vehicles		
Sales		
Purchases		
Rent		
Wages and salaries		
Sundry expenses		
Drawings		
Trade payables		
Trade receivables		
Bank overdraft		
Cash		
Purchase returns		
Inventory		
Capital		

	[Te	otal: 30]
		[1]
(i)	Give the date to which the inventory in the trial balance relates.	
		[8]

(a) Name **two** books of prime (original) entry which a trader may keep. In **each** case name a source document for that book. An example has been provided.

Book of prime (original) entry	Source document
Cash book	Cheque counterfoil

		[4]
(b)	State <b>one</b> reason why a trader might use books of prime (original) entry.	
		[1]
(c)	Name the <b>two</b> accounts which are posted with the totals from a three column cash book.	
	1	[2]
Abc	oulaye received a cheque from Pierre which was subsequently dishonoured.	
RE	QUIRED	
(d)	State what is meant by a dishonoured cheque.	
		LY.
		[1]
(e)	State how Abdoulaye recorded the dishonouring of the cheque.	
	Account debited	
		[2]
(f)	Name the statement prepared by Abdoulaye to ensure that his bank account is free freeror.	om
		[1]

	Abdoular	e has	a bank	overdraft
--	----------	-------	--------	-----------

## REQUIRED

(g)	Explain what is meant by a bank overdraft.												
					[2]								
(h)	-	the following table using a tic statement have a debit or a cre	• •	whether Abdoulay	/e's cash book and								
	Debit balance Credit balance												
		Cash book											
		Bank statement											
					[2]								
Abo	doulaye wit	hdrew \$200 from the bank for	personal use.										
RE	QUIRED												
(i)	State how	this is recorded in the books	of account.										
		Account debited	Accou	unt credited									
					[2]								

[Total: 17]

4 At 1 February 2014, Green Meadow Limited had the following shares and debentures.

250 000 ordinary shares of \$0.50 each 100 000 8% preference shares of \$1 each \$50 000 6% debentures (2019)

The following balances were extracted from the books on 31 January 2015.

	\$	
Retained earnings	65 000	
Plant and equipment (at book value)	184 000	
Motor vehicles (at book value)	87 000	
Trade payables	43 000	
Trade receivables	57 000	
Inventory	63 000	
Bank	2 000	debit
Long term bank loan (5%)		
(taken out in 2013)	10 000	

#### **REQUIRED**

(a) Prepare the statement of financial position at 31 January 2015.

## Green Meadow Limited Statement of Financial Position at 31 January 2015

\$
 •••••

[10]

Following additional information is available:

- 1
- Retained earnings at 1 February 2014 were \$51 500. The interim ordinary dividend paid during the year was \$0.04 per share. The preference dividend was paid on time. 2

#### **REQUIRED**

(b)	Calculate the profit for the year ended 31 January 2015.
	[4]
(c)	Calculate the profit from operations (profit before interest) for the year ended 31 January 2015.
	[4]
	[4]

(d)	Calculate the return on capital employed (ROCE).	
		[4]
(e)	State <b>one</b> reason why the directors would wish to know the ROCE.	3
		[1]
(f)	State why the directors chose to issue debentures rather than issue more ordinary shares.	
		[1]
	[Total:	24]

5	Antoinette	provided the	e following	information.
_				

Revenue for the year ended 30 November 2014	\$1000
Inventory at 1 December 2013	\$60
Inventory at 30 November 2014	\$40
Gross profit margin	40%
Net profit margin	15%

### REQUIRED

1 <b>\</b> L	QUINED									
(a)	) Calculate the following for the year ended 30 November 2014.									
	Gross profit									
	Cost of sales									
		***************************************								
	Purchases	***************************************								
		***************************************								
	Profit for the year	***************************************								
	Expenses									
			[7]							
Ant	oinette's brother, Lo	uis, has a business selling similar type of goods.								
His	gross profit margin i	is 40% and his net profit margin is 20%.								
RE	QUIRED									
(b)	State <b>one</b> reason fo	or the difference in the ratios.								
			[1]							

(c)	Calcu whole			nette's	inven	tory	turno	ver	in	days.	Round	l up	your	answer	to	the	next
		•••••							•••••				•••••		••••		•
		•••••	•••••	•••••		•••••				•••••		•••••	•••••		••••		•
		•••••															[4]
	•••••														•••••		
(d)		est <b>tv</b>	<b>vo</b> rea	sons v	vhy Lo	uis' i	nvento	ory t	urn	over is	faster	han	Antoir	nette's.			
	1																[0]
		•••••	•••••		•••••		•••••	•••••			•••••				•••••		
(e)		two	advan	tages t	to Anto	oinet	te of g	oing	j int	o partr	nership	with	Louis.				
	1																[0]
	2	•••••	••••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••		••••••	•••••	•••••	••••••				: 16]
															-		- 4

**6** The Healthy Ways Sports Club provided the following information.

	At 31 December 2013	At 31 December 2014
	\$	\$
Subscriptions in advance	100	50
Subscriptions in arrears	350	500
Trade payables for café supplies	590	820
Inventory of café supplies	600	800
Sports equipment at valuation	18 700	20 100
Accrued wages for sports club staff	-	300

Receipts and payments during the year ended 31 December 2014 \$ Receipts Subscriptions received 19 100 Café receipts 4 900 **Payments** Café supplies 3 710 New sports equipment 4 600 Staff wages – café 1 800 7 200 sports club Rent and insurance – sports club 4 800 Sundry expenses – sports club 1 850

#### **REQUIRED**

(a) Prepare the subscriptions account for the year ended 31 December 2014. Balance the account and bring down the balances on 1 January 2015.

#### Healthy Ways Sports Club Subscriptions account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

**(b)** Prepare the total trade payables account for the year ended 31 December 2014 to determine the café purchases.

### Healthy Ways Sports Club Total trade payables account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

[4]

(c) Prepare the café income statement for the year ended 31 December 2014.

## Healthy Ways Sports Club Café Income Statement for the year ended 31 December 2014

\$	\$

[6]

(d) Prepare the income and expenditure account for the year ended 31 December 2014.

# Healthy Ways Sports Club Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 December 2014

\$	\$

[7]

[Total: 23]

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