CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the March 2015 series

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/12

Paper 12, maximum raw mark 120

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Glossary for Q1

- (a) A 29 500 18 100 + 11 300 15 000 = 7700
 - B 29 500 + 18 100 11 300 15 000 = 21 300
 - C 29 500 18 100 + 11 300 + 15 000 = 37 700
 - D 29 500 + 18 100 11 300 + 15 000 = 51 300
- (d) A $(750/15) \times 4$ months
 - B $(750/12) \times 4$ months
 - C $(750/12) \times 8$ months
 - D (750/15) × 11 months
- (e) A 78 22 6
 - B 78 22
 - C from question
 - D from question

Mark scheme

- 1 (a) B
 - (b) C
 - (c) D
 - (d) D
 - (e) A
 - **(f)** B
 - (g) A
 - (h) C
 - (i) C
 - (j) A

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2 (a) An item which an organisation owns/which is owed to the organisation (1) [1]

(b) A statement of financial position is a statement of all the assets and liabilities of an organisation (1) at a specific date (1). An income statement is a statement of all the revenues and costs of an organisation (1) for a specific period (1).

[4]

(c)

| | Debit | Credit |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------|
| Cash | ✓ | |
| Capital | | √ (1) |
| Bonnie – a credit customer | √ (1) | |
| Loan from the bank | | √ (1) |
| Other operating expenses | √ (1) | |
| Purchases returns | | √ (1) |

[5]

(d)

| Feb | Account to be debited | \$ | Account to be credited | \$ |
|-----|-----------------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------|
| 1 | Purchases | 600 | Abdul | 600 |
| 2 | Cash | 150 (1) | Sales | 150 (1) |
| 3 | Bank | 100 (1) | Cash | 100 (1) |
| 4 | Drawings | 50 (1) | Cash | 50 (1) |
| 5 | Sara | 510 (1) | Sales | 510 (1) |
| 6 | Abdul | 600 (1) | Bank | 600 (1) |

[10]

(e)

John

Cash book (bank columns)

| Date Feb 1 3 7 | Details Balance b/d Cash Balance c/d | \$ 450 (1) 100 (1) 50 | Date Feb 6 | Details Abdul | \$ 600 (1) |
|-------------------------|---|--|---------------|------------------|------------------------|
| | | 600 | Feb 8 | Balance b/d | 600 50 (1of) |

+1 for dates

[5]

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(f) Drawings (1) [1]

[Total: 26]

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3 (a) (i)

Alex Provision for depreciation account

| | • • | OVIDION NOT AC | D. C. C. C. C. C. | | |
|--------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Date 2014 | Details | \$ | Date 2014 | Details | \$ |
| Apr 1 | Disposal account | 6 800 (1) | Jan 1 | Balance b/d | 6 800 (1) |
| Dec 31 | Balance c/d | 9 600 | Dec 31 | Income statement | 9 600 (1) |
| | | 16 400 | | | 16 400 |
| | | | 2015 | | |
| | | | Jan 1 | Balance b/d | 9 600 |
| | | | | | (1of) |

+1 for dates

[5]

(ii)

Alex
Disposal account

| | | Dispos | ai accoui | IL . | |
|-------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|------------------|
| Date | Details | \$ | Date | Details | \$ |
| 2014 | | | 2014 | | |
| Apr 1 | Motor vehicle | 17 000 (1) | Apr 1 | Prov depreciation | 6 800 |
| | | | | | (10F) |
| | | | | Bank | 9 400 (1) |
| | | | | Income statement | 800 (1of) |
| | | | | | |
| | | 17 000 | | | 17 000 |
| | | | | | |
| | | • | • | • | [· |

(b)

Alex

Statement of Financial Position (extract) at 31 December 2014

Non-current assets (1)

| (-, | Cost | Accumulated depreciation | Net book value |
|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Motor vehicles | 24 000 (1) | 9 600 (1of) | 14 400 (1of) |

[4]

(c) $14\ 400\ (1of) \times 40\% = 5\ 760\ (1of)$

[2]

(d) general journal (1) cash book (1)

[2]

(e) Money spent on day to day running expenses (1) Suitable example (1)

[2]

[Total: 19]

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4 (a) Total sales = 165 600 + 44 400 = 210 000 (1) Cost of sales = 210 000 × 2/3 (1) = 140 000 (1of) Purchases = 140 000 – 21 600 (1) + 28 800 (1) = 147 200 (1of) [6]

(b)

| | | | | Kriti | | | |
|------------|--------------|---------|-------|------------|------------------|---------|-----|
| | | Sales | ledge | er control | account | | |
| 2014 | | \$ | | 2014 | | \$ | |
| Jan 1 | Balance b/d | 13 400 | | Jan 1 | Balance b/d | 120 | |
| | | (1 for | | | | | |
| | | both) | | | | | |
| Dec 31 | Credit sales | 165 600 | (1) | Dec 31 | Bad debts | 2 800 | (1) |
| | Bank | 90 | (1) | | Bank | 155 010 | (1) |
| | Balance c/d | 200 | | | Discount allowed | 4 560 | (1) |
| | | | | | PLCA | 1 300 | (1) |
| | | | | | Balance c/d | 15 500 | |
| 2015 | | 179 290 | | 2015 | | 179 290 | |
| Jan 1 | Balance b/d | 15 500 | (1of) | Jan 1 | Balance b/d | 200 | (1) |
| +1 for dat | es | | - | | | | |

(c) Check for errors in sales ledger May reduce fraud

Provides quick total of trade receivables

Provides summary of trade receivables transactions

Any two reasons (1) each

[2]

[10]

(d) Customer overpays

Customer returns goods after payment

Customer did not deduct discount before payment

Any one reason (1)

[1]

(e) A provision for doubtful debts does not affect an individual debtor's account (1) [1]

[Total: 20]

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5 (a)

| Cost | Overhead section of the manufacturing account | Income statement |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------|
| Office rent | | ✓ |
| Factory rent | √ (1) | |
| Carriage outwards | | ✓ (1) |
| Depreciation of machinery | ✓ (1) | |
| Depreciation of office equipment | | ✓ (1) |
| Discount allowed | | ✓ (1) |
| Salesman's salary | | ✓ (1) |
| Administration costs | | ✓ (1) |

[7]

(b)

| Harringt | on | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Manufacturing Account (extract) for the year ended 31 December 201 | | | | |
| \$ | | \$ | | |
| | | | | |
| | | 5 600 | | |
| 71 100 | | | | |
| 1 000 | (1) | | | |
| 70 100 | | | | |
| 2 000 | (1) | | | |
| 68 100 | | | | |
| 2 100 | (1) | | | |
| | . , | 70 200 | | |
| | | 75 800 | | |
| | 71 100 1 000 70 100 2 000 68 100 | \$ 71 100 1 000 70 100 2 000 68 100 (1) | | |

Inventory of raw materials at

31 December 2014 Cost of raw materials consumed (1)

4 200 (1) for both 71 600 **(10F)** 52 550 **(1)**

Direct labour Prime cost (1)

124 150 (1of)

[9]

(c) To set prices OR to compare the cost of manufacturing with the cost of buying the goods in. **(1)** [1]

(d) 4200 (1) + 1800 (1) + 5500 (1) = 11 500 [3]

[Total: 20]

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6 (a)

| <i>'</i> | | | |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| | Increase \$ | Decrease \$ | \$ |
| Draft profit | | | 26 200 |
| Error 1 | 400 (1) | | |
| Error 2 | | 600 (1) | |
| Error 3 | 2 000 (1) | | |
| Error 4 | <u>50 (1)</u> | | |
| | <u>2 450</u> | 600 | <u>1 850</u> |
| Corrected profit | | | 28 050 (1of) |

[5]

(b)

Arun Statement of Financial Position at 31 January 2015

Non-current assets 20 800 Fixtures and fittings Motor vehicles 12 100 32 900 **(1) Current assets** Inventory 15 900 **(1)** Trade receivables (8700 - 600) 8 100 (1) Other receivables 400 (1) <u>1 150</u> (1) Cash and cash equivalents (1100 + 50) 25 550 Total assets 58 450 Capital at 1 February 2014 28 400 (1) 28 050 (1of) Profit for the year 56 450 Drawings 10 000 (1) + 2000 (1) 12 000 Capital at 31 January 2015 44 450 **Current liabilities** 14 0<u>00</u> **(1)** Trade payables **Total liabilities** 58 450

[10]

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(c) Accruals (matching)

Costs and revenues should be matched (1) within an accounting period (1) Any suitable example (1)

Business entity

The business is treated as being separate from the owner (1). The business records are from the viewpoint of the business (1).

Any suitable example (1) [6]

(d)

| | Increase | Decrease |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------|
| Gross profit margin | √ (1) | |
| Rate of inventory turnover (in days) | √ (1) | |
| Net profit margin | √ (1) | |
| Return on capital employed | √ (1) | |

[4]

[Total: 25]