CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/21

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0452	21

(a) 1

Saira Rehman – Petty Cash Book

Total received	Date	Details	Total paid	Postage & stationery	Catering supplies	Cleaning	Ledger accounts
\$ 56 144 (1)	2013 Oct 1	Balance b/d Bank/cash	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
3 (1)	4 10 14 18 23 28	Stamps and stationery Refund for personal postage Abdul Shakeel Tea and coffee Syed Arshad Cleaning	19 34 9 16 80	19 (1)	9 (1)	80 (1)	34 (1) 16 (1)
	31	Balance c/d	158 45	19	9	80	50
203		Balance b/d	203				
45 (1) OF 155 (1) OF	Nov 1	Balance b/d Bank/cash					

Dates (1)
OF Totals of analysis columns (1)
OF Totals of total columns (1)

[12]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0452	21

(b) Debit Abdul Shakeel account \$34 (1) Debit Syed Arshad account \$16 (1)

[2]

(c) Credit Postage and stationery account (2)

[2]

(d) The amount available for the day-to-day running of the business (1)

The difference between the current assets and the current liabilities (1)

[2]

(e)

Transaction	Effect on working capital	Reason
Returned damaged goods, \$35, to Annie Khan, a credit supplier	No effect (1)	Inventory (current assets) decreases by \$35 Trade payables (current liabilities) decrease by the same amount (1)
Paid Loans & Co \$2015, representing repayment of a \$2000 short-term loan and \$15 interest	Decrease \$15 (1)	Bank (current assets) decreases by \$2015 Other payables (current liabilities) decrease by \$2000 (1)
Received a cheque for \$190 from Uzma Ali, a credit customer, in full settlement of \$200 owing	Decrease \$10 (1)	Current assets decrease by \$10 (bank increases by \$190 and trade receivables decrease by \$200) (1)

[6]

[Total: 24]

rage	4	IVIAI	k Scheme		Syllabus	Paper	
		IGCSE – Octo	ber/November 2	2013	0452	21	
(a) (i)							
		Ş	Susan Kunaka a	ccount			
			\$			\$	
	20		00	2013	,	450 (4)	
	Ju		20	July 24 Ba	ınk ıd debts	150 (1)	
		4 Sales (1)	<u>192</u> 212	30 Ba	ia debis	<u>62</u> (1) <u>212</u>	
			<u>Z 1Z</u>			<u> </u>	[3]
							[-]
(ii))						
			Bad debts acc	ount		•	
	00	40	\$	0040		\$	
	20	ne 30 Debtors	420 (4)	2013	aoma		
		ly 30 S Kunaka	420 (1) <u>62</u> (1)	July 31 Ind	atement	<u>482</u> (1)	OF
	u	iy 00 0 Nanaka	<u>32</u> (1) 482	310	atomont	482 (1)	O I
							[3]
(iii))	D					
		Вас	debts recovere	d account		\$	
	20	13	Φ	2013		Ψ	
		ly 31 Income		July 16 Ca	ash		
		statement			Y Stores)	103 (1)	
	(O	R bad debts)	<u>103</u> (1)	•	,		
			<u>103</u>			<u>103</u>	
							[2]
(iv)	\						
(14)	'	Provisi	on for doubtful d	ebts account	t		
			\$			\$	
	20	13		2012			
	Ju	ly 31 Income		Aug 1 Bala	ance b/d	1200 (1)	
		statement	360 (1)				
		Balance c/d	<u>840</u> (1)			1200	
			<u>1200</u>	2013		<u>1200</u>	
				Aug 1 Bala	ance b/d	840 (1)	OF
						(.)	[4]

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

Page 4

Alternatively the total of the bad debts recovered account could be transferred to the bad debts account (1)

The net amount of bad debts transferred to the income statement would then be \$379 (1)

Page 5		Scheme		Syllabus	Paper			
	IGCSE – Octobe	er/November 2013		0452	21			
(-) (!) A14-								
(a) (i) Alte	rnative presentation	san Kunaka account						
	Su	Debit	Cred	li4 [Balance			
20	13	Деріі \$	\$	וונ נ	\$			
		ν 20	Ф		ர 20 Dr			
Jui	ly 1 Balance 4 Sales				20 Dr 212 Dr			
		192 (1)	4 5	0 (4)				
	24 Bank			0 (1)	62 Dr			
	30 Bad debts		О	2 (1)	0	F 01		
						[3]		
/:: \								
(ii)	r	Dad dabta assaumt						
	t	Bad debts account	O	1:4 F	D-1			
20	12	Debit	Crec	וו ו	Balance			
20	ne 30 Balance	\$	\$		\$ 420 Dr			
		420 (1)						
Jui	ly 30 S Kunaka	62 (1)	40	0 (4) 0 E	482 Dr			
	31 Income statement		40	2 (1)OF	0	F23		
						[3]		
/iii\								
(iii)	Pod d	ebts recovered accou	nt					
	Bau u		Crec	li4 [Balance			
20	12	\$	\$	ווע נ	\$			
		Ψ		2 (4)	φ 103 Cr			
Jul	y 16 Cash (XY Stores) 31 Income statement		10	3 (1)	103 CI			
		102 (4)			0			
	(OR bad debts)	103 (1)			U	[2]		
						[2]		
(iv)								
(iv)	V) Provision for doubtful debts account							
	FIOVISION	Debit	Cred		Balance			
20	10	\$	\$	וונ [\$			
20	12	Ψ	Ψ		Ψ			

Alternatively the total of the bad debts recovered account could be transferred to the bad debts account (1)

360 (1)

1200 **(1)**

1200 Cr

840 Cr (2)C/F (1))O/F

[4]

Aug 1 Balance

July 31 Income statement

2013

The net amount of bad debts transferred to the income statement would then be \$379 (1)

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0452	21

(b)

	Overstated \$	Understated \$
Profit for the year ended 31 July 2013 Current assets at 31 July 2013	-	360 (2)O/F 360 (2)O/F

[4]

(c) (i) <u>Trade receivables</u> × <u>365</u> Credit sales 1

[1]

(ii) $\underline{28\ 000} \times \underline{365} (1) = 45.6 = 46 \text{ days (1)}$

[2]

(iii) May not be able to pay creditors on time

May be refused further supplies on credit

May overdraw on bank account

May not be able to take advantage of business opportunities

Or other suitable comment Any 1 comment (2)

[2]

[Total: 21]

	Page 7		Mark Sch		Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – October/N	ovember 2013	0452	21
2	(-)					
3	(a)		C	teven Wright		
			Income Statement for th	•	əmher 2013	
			moonic otatement for ti	\$	\$	\$
		Re	venue	Ψ	169 000 (1)	Ψ
			ss Sales returns		<u>5 000</u> (1)	164 000
			ss Cost of sales		,	
			ening inventory		9 000 (1)	
			rchases	132 000 (1)	101.000	
		Les	ss Goods for own use	<u>1 000</u> (1)	131 000 140 000	
		Lo	se Closing inventory		140 000	
		Le:	ss Closing inventory		<u>17 000</u> (2)C/F (1)O/F	
					(1)0/1	<u>123 000</u>
		Gro	oss profit			41 000 (2)
			mmission received			<u>1 215(1)</u>
						42 215
			ss Wages		0= 0=5 (5)	
			(26 500 + 750)		27 250 (1)	
			General expenses		2 900 (4)	
			(3970 – 170) Provision for doubtful debts		3 800 (1)	
			$((2\% \times 14\ 200) - 260)$		24 (2)	
			Loan interest		-· (-)	
			(6% × 6000 × 6 months)		180 (1)	
			Depreciation – Equipment		` '	
			(20% × 30 00		6 000 (1)	
			Motor vehicle		/	
		_	(25% × (16 0	100 – 7000))	2 250 (1)	39 504
		Pro	ofit for the year			2 711 (1) O/F
		НΛ	rizontal format acceptable			(1)O/F
		110	mzontai ioimat acceptable	·		[18]
						[.0]

(b) Consistency (1)

Matching (accurals) (1)

Accounting (business) entity (1)

[Total: 21]

[3]

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0452	21

4 (a)

Sar	mira El Badry		
Sus	pense account		
	\$		\$
2013	2	2013	
Aug 31 Difference on	,	Aug 31 Amrik Bhatti	36 (1)
trial balance	116 (1)	31 Rent received	200 (1)
Purchases returns	100 (1)	Rent paid	200 (1)
Discount received	<u>286</u> (1)	Balance c/d	<u>66</u>
	502		502
2013			
Sept 1 Balance b/d	66 (1) O /F		

Alternative presentation

,	Samira Ei Badry						
Suspense account							
	Debit	Credit	Balance				
2013	\$	\$	\$				
Aug 31 Difference on	116 (1)		116 Dr				
trial balance							
Purchases returns	100 (1)		216 Dr				
Discount received	<u>286</u> (1)		502 Dr				
Amrik Bhatti	 、 ,	36 (1)	466 Dr				
Rent received		200 (1)	266 Dr				
Rent paid		200 (1)	66 Dr				
·		. ,	(1)O/F				

[7]

(b) It would appear that not all the errors have been discovered (1) as there is still a balance on the suspense account (1)

Or - if the candidate's suspense account is closed -

It would appear that all the errors have been discovered (1) as there is no balance remaining on the suspense account (1) [2]

(c) Only errors that affect the balancing of the trial balance are corrected using a suspense account. (1)

Error 3 (The omission of goods for own use) does not affect the balancing of the trial balance and so is not corrected using that account. (1) [2]

(d)	(i)	August 6 Purchases Explanation – Samira El Badry has purchased goods on credit from Tahir Stores Ltd (2) Double entry – Debit purchases account (1) [3]	
	(ii)	August 6 Carriage Explanation – Tahir Stores Ltd have charged Samira El Badry for the cost of delivering goods to her premises (2) Double entry – Debit carriage inwards account (1) [3]	_
	(iii)	August 31 Interest Explanation – Tahir Stores Ltd have charged Samira El Badry interest on the amount she owes (2) Double entry – Debit interest payable account (1) [3	
(e)	Lial	pility [1]
		[Total: 21]
(a)	(i)	Share losses Share responsibilities Share risks Share decision-making Additional finance may be available Additional skills and experience are available Or other suitable comment Any 1 comment (1)	1
	(ii)	Share profits Decisions must be recognised by all partners Decisions may take longer to implement One partner's actions can bind the other partners Disagreements can occur All partners are responsible for the debts of the business Or other suitable comment Any 1 comment (1)]
		-	-
(b)	То	avoid misunderstandings and disagreements later [1]

Mark Scheme IGCSE – October/November 2013

Page 9

5

Syllabus 0452

Paper 21

Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0452	21

(c)

Carol Cher	Current account
------------	-----------------

	\$		\$
2012		2013	
Nov 1 Balance b/d	5 100 (1)	Oct 31 Int. on capital	2 000}
2013		Salary	15 000 }(1)
Oct 31 Drawings	20 400}	Profit share	7 560 (1)
Int. on drawings	<u>612}(1)</u>	Balance c/d	1 552
	26 112		26 112
2013			
Nov 1 Balance b/d	1 552 (1)O/F		

Alternative presentation

Carol Chen Current account

2012	Debit \$	Credit \$	Balance \$
Nov 1 Balance b/d	5 100 (1)		5 100 Dr
2013			
Oct 31 Drawings	20 400}		25 500 Dr
Int. on drawings	612 } (1)		26 112 Dr
Int. on capital		2 000}	24 112 Dr
Salary		15 000 }(1)	9 112 Dr
Profit share		7 560 (1)	1 552 Dr
			(1)O/F

[5]

(d) The balance represents the amount owing by Carol Chen to the business.

Or appropriate answer based on candidate's answer to (c)

[2]

(e)

account to be debited	account to be credited
Tony Chen current account (1)	Tony Chen capital account (1)

[2]

(f) Financial information is only relevant if it can be used –
To confirm or correct prior expectations about past events
To assist in forming, revising or confirming expectations about the future
As the basis for financial decisions
In time to be able to influence decisions

Explanation of any 1 point (2)

[2]

[Total: 14]

Page 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0452	21

6 (a)

Percentage of gross profit to revenue					
Formula	Workings to one decimal place	Answer			
Gross profit × 100 (1) Revenue 1	$\frac{(220\ 000 - 185\ 900)}{220\ 000} \times \frac{100}{1} =$ $\frac{34\ 100}{220\ 000} \text{ (1)} \times \frac{100}{1}$	15.5% (1)			
Per	centage of profit for the year to reve	nue			
Formula	Workings to one decimal place	Answer			
Profit for the year × 100 Revenue 1 (1)	$\frac{(34\ 100 - 20\ 240)}{220\ 000} \times \frac{100}{1} =$ $\frac{13\ 860}{220\ 000} \text{ (1)} \times \frac{100}{1}$ $220\ 000 \text{ 1}$	6.3% (1)			
Return on capital employed (ROCE)					
Formula	Workings to one decimal place	Answer			
Profit for the year × 100 Capital employed 1 (1)	<u>13 860</u> O/F × <u>100</u> 110 880 1	12.5% (1)OF			

Page 12		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – October/November 2013	0452	21
(b) (i)	Has Is se Has Is tal Is all Or o	a higher selling price a higher selling price elling goods at a higher mark-up a lower cost price king advantage of bulk buying owing customers a lower rate of trade discount ther suitable reason 1 reason (2)		[2]
(ii)	Has Has Has Has Or o	higher expenses less control over expenses different types of expenses (fixed/variable) lower amount of other income ther suitable reason 1 reason (2)		[2]
	Any	1 reason (2)		[2]
(c) (i)	The	shows the profit earned for each \$100 used in the higher the percentage the more efficiently the capital		ed. (1) [2]
(11)		ck Murphy		[4]
Sho The The The The It m	ould could c	ompare with a business of approximately the same ompare with a business of the same type (sole tradicial statements may be for one year which will not a notial statements may be for one year which is not a notial year may end on different dates (when invento nesses may operate different accounting policies ements do not show non-monetary factors of be possible to obtain all the information needed to a suitable points oints (2) each	er) show trends typical year ries are high/low)	[1] s [Total: 19]
				[10tal: 19]