

### **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CENTRE NUMBER CANDIDATE NUMBER	
CANDIDATE NAME	

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.

### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

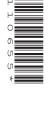
You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.



There are 10 parts to Que	estion	1.
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For **each** of the parts (a) to (j) below there are four possible answers A, B, C and D. Choose the **one** you consider correct and place a tick ( $\checkmark$ ) in the box to indicate the correct answer.

1	(a)	Hov	v is profit for the year ca	alculate	ed?					
		Α	closing capital + draw	ings – d	ppening capital					
		В	closing capital – drawi	ings – c	ppening capital					
		С	opening capital + drav	vings –	closing capital					
		D	opening capital – drav	vings –	closing capital					[1]
	(b)		ram received \$100 fro ount of Sally.	m Sasl	na, a credit custome	r. He cı	edited	l bank	and debite	d the
		Wh	ch entries correct this	error?						
			account debited	\$	account credited	\$				
		Α	bank	100	Sally	100				
		В	bank	200	Sally Sasha	100 100				
		С	Sasha	100	Sally	100				
		D	suspense	200	Sally Sasha	100 100				[1]
	(c)		ank statement balance ich items arise from tim 1 bank charg 2 bank errors 3 uncredited	ing diffe Jes	erences?	not agr	ee.			
			4 unpresente	ed cheq	ues					
		Α	1 and 2 only							
		В	1, 2, 3 and 4							
		С	2, 3 and 4 only							
		D	3 and 4 only							[1]

(d)	Whi	Which item appears on the debit side of a sales ledger control account?				
	Α	discount received				
	В	dishonoured cheque fro	om customer			
	С	provision for doubtful de	ebts			
	D	sales returns		[1]		
(e)	The	purchase of a motor ve	hicle for business use has be	een treated as revenue expenditure.		
	Whi	ch item in the statement	of financial position was und	derstated?		
	Α	capital				
	В	current assets				
	С	current liabilities				
	D	non-current liabilities		[1]		
(f)	Omar's financial year ended on 30 September 2015.					
		had paid \$2000 on 31 Nil 12015 to January 2016.		advertisements to run monthly from		
	How did this appear in his financial statements?					
	income statement  statement of financial position					
	Α	\$800 expense	\$1200 current asset			
	В	\$800 expense	\$1200 current liability			
	С	\$1200 expense	\$800 current asset			
	D	\$1200 expense	\$800 current liability	[1]		
	С	\$1200 expense	\$800 current asset			

(g) A trader provided the following information.

	at 31 March 2015	at 31 March 2016
trade receivables	\$40 000	\$46 000
rate of provision for doubtful debts	5%	4%

Which entry for provision of doubtful debts appeared in his income statement for the year ended 31 March 2016?

A \$160 as an expense

^	Too as an expense	
В	\$160 as an income	
С	\$240 as an expense	
D	\$240 as an income	[1]

(h) Edison expects to sell the goods he holds in inventory at a mark up of 40%.

How should he value inventory in his statement of financial position?

Α	at cost	
В	at cost less selling expenses	
С	at selling price	
D	at selling price less selling expenses	[1]

(i) Benjamin and Cody's partnership agreement states that Benjamin is to receive an annual salary of \$10 000 and that profits and losses are to be shared in the ratio 3:2. The partnership's profit for the year is \$45 000.

What is Benjamin's total allocation of profit?

A	\$14000	
В	\$23000	
С	\$27000	
D	\$31 000	

[1]

(j) Ajith manufactures all the goods he sells. He provided the following information for the year.

	\$
Opening inventory of raw materials	4000
Closing inventory of raw materials	6200
Opening inventory of work-in-progress	8100
Closing inventory of work-in-progress	10050
Purchases	121700
Carriage inwards	3500
Carriage outwards	4900

What was the cost of raw materials consumed?

Α	\$119500	
В	\$121 050	
С	\$123000	
D	\$124400	[1]

[Total: 10]

(a)	State the accounting equation.		
			[1]
Sac	eed is a trader. He took cash from the busin	oss for his own uso	
		ess for this own use.	
	QUIRED		
(b)	State how the taking of the cash was reco	rded in Saeed's books of ac	count.
	account debited	account credited	
			<sup>]</sup> [2]
(c)	State whether this transaction increased of	or decreased Saeed's capita	I.
			[1]
(d)	Name <b>one</b> form (other than in cash or fro drawings.	m the bank) in which a bus	iness owner might take
			[4]
			[1]
(e)	State how capital employed is calculated.		
			[1]
(f)	State what is meant by the term book-kee	ping.	
			[1]
(m)	Ctata and advantage of maintaining heals	of puipes (quiginal) autur	
(g)	State <b>one</b> advantage of maintaining books	s or prime (original) entry.	
			[1]

**(h)** Complete the following table naming **one** source document for **each** book of prime (original) entry. The first has been completed as an example.

book of prime (original) entry	source document
cash book	cheque counterfoil
sales journal	
sales returns journal	
purchases journal	
petty cash book	

	purchases journal		
	petty cash book		
,			[4]
(i)	State <b>one</b> transaction recorded in the gen	neral journal.	
			[1]
(j)	Name the accounting principle applied used.	when the double entry system of book-keep	ping is
			[1]
		[Tot	al: 14]

3

(a)	Define an income statement.
	[2]
(b)	State <b>one</b> reason why a business owner prepares an income statement.
	[1]
(c)	Name <b>one</b> user of the financial statements (other than the owner) who would be interested in them. State <b>one</b> reason why that user would be interested.
	User
	Reason
	[2]
(d)	State <b>one</b> reason why a book-keeper would prepare a trial balance.
	[1]
(e)	Complete the following table, indicating with a tick ( ) whether <b>each</b> account would appear on the debit side or the credit side of a trial balance.

	debit side	credit side
machinery		
bank overdraft		
inventory		
capital		
purchases		
discount received		
carriage outwards		
trade receivables		

[4]

(f)	Sta	te which accounts from the table in (e) are
	(i)	assets
	(ii)	liabilities
		[3]
(g)	Nar	ne the account which is opened when a trial balance fails to agree.
		[1]
(h)	Nar	ne and explain <b>two</b> errors which would <b>not</b> affect the balancing of the trial balance.
	Erro	or 1
	Nar	ne
	Exp	lanation
	Erro	or 2
	Nar	ne
	Exp	lanation
		[4]
		[Total: 18]

4 Virginia depreciates motor vehicles at the rate of 25% per annum using the reducing (diminishing) balance method. She provides a full year's depreciation in the year of purchase and none in the year of disposal. Her accounting year end is 31 December.

She purchased a motor vehicle, cost \$10000, on 1 April 2013, and sold it on 28 May 2015 for \$7210 cash. On the same date she bought a new motor vehicle for \$17000, paying by cheque.

### **REQUIRED**

(a)	Calculate the depreciation which had been provided on the old motor vehicle at the date of disposal.
	[3]
(b)	Prepare the following ledger accounts for the year ended 31 December 2015.

### Virginia Motor vehicles account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

## Provision for depreciation of motor vehicles account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

## Motor vehicle disposal account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

	[14]
(c)	Name the financial statement in which the provision for depreciation appears. State in which section it appears.
	Name of financial statement
	Section[2]
(d)	State how providing depreciation is an application of the accounting principle of accruals (matching).
	[2]
(e)	Name <b>one</b> other accounting principle which is applied when depreciation is provided.
( <b>f</b> )	State the type of asset for which the revaluation method of depreciation is suitable.
	[1]
	[Total: 23]

		· <b>-</b>		
5	(a)	State three reasons why a sole trader might wis	h to turn his business into a limit	ed company
		1		
		2		
		3		[3]
	(b)	State the term used to describe <b>each</b> of the follo	wing.	
		definition	term	
		the value of shares which a company has requested from its shareholders		
		the value of shares for which the company has received cash		
				[2]
		AC Industries Limited provided the following info	rmation.	
		·	\$	
		At 31 March 2015	Ψ	
		Ordinary shares of \$1 each	100 000	
		General reserve	20 000	
		Retained earnings	36800	
		During the year ended 31 March 2016		
		Profit for the year	19300	
		Transfer to general reserve	5 000	
		Interim dividend paid	7000	
		New shares issued	10 000	
		Long-term bank loan received	15000	
		At 31 March 2016		
		Inventory	17800	
		Trade receivables	8 000	
		Bank overdraft	2500	

?

1.2 : 1

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Trade payables

Current ratio

### **REQUIRED**

(c) Complete the following statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2016.

AC Industries Limited
Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2016

Details	Share capital \$	General reserve \$	Retained earnings \$	Total \$
On 1 April 2015				
Share issue				
Profit for the year				
Dividend paid				
Transfer to general reserve				
On 31 March 2016				

[6]

(d) Prepare the statement of financial position at 31 March 2016 in as much detail as possible. (Non-current assets will be the balancing figure.)

# AC Industries Limited Statement of Financial Position at 31 March 2016

\$	\$
***************************************	

(e)	Suggest <b>one</b> reason why the directors might have taken out the loan.				
	[1]				
(f)	Name and calculate <b>one</b> ratio (other than the current ratio given) which would help the directors assess the liquidity position of the company. Your calculation should be to <b>two</b> decimal places.				
	Name of ratio				
	Calculation				
	[4]				
(g)	Comment on the liquidity position of the company on 31 March 2016.				
	[4]				
	[Total: 30]				

6 The Cambridge Club is a football club which also runs a shop for members. It provided the following information.

\$	
6100	debit
200	
350	
710	
3600	
10100	
3550	
2800	
3920	
2400	
2750	
1880	
?	
100	
510	
560	
5920	
	6100 200 350 710 3600 10100 3550 2800 3920 2400 2750 1880 ? 100 510 560

### **REQUIRED**

(a)	Calculate the closing balance on the receipts and payments account for the year ended 31 March 2016.
	[4]

**(b)** Prepare the subscriptions account for the year ended 31 March 2016. Bring down the balance on 1 April 2016.

### Cambridge Club Subscriptions account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

(c) Calculate the shop profit for the year ended 31 March 2016.

[5]

(d) Prepare the income and expenditure account for the year ended 31 March 2016.

## Cambridge Club Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 March 2016

		\$	\$		
			[8]		
The	The committee of the Cambridge Club were disappointed with the profit earned by the shop.				
REC	QUIRED				
(e)	Suggest two ways in which the shop profit could be increased	ased.			

[Total: 25]

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