UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

8685 SPANISH LANGUAGE

8685/21

Paper 21 (Reading and Writing), maximum raw mark 70

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Rubric: Busca expresiones en el texto que sean equivalentes a las que aparecen abajo:					
(a) no cumple con las exigencias	(no satisface los requisitos)	[1]			
(b) (cada vez) contribuyen más accept omission of <i>cada vez</i>	(tienen una creciente influencia)	[1]			
(c) pertenecer a un determinado conjun	to de empleados (encajar en un cierto grupo de trabajadores)	[1]			
(d) con frecuencia desentona	(contrasta muchas veces con el entorno)	[1]			
(e) quieren ascender	(desean mejorar su empleo)	[1]			
	[Total: 5 pu	ntos]			
	guientes frases, expresando las mismas ideas, o las palabras que aparecen entre paréntesis ().	•			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	y in which the answers could be expressed. And he same meaning, and contain all the elements of				
(a) esta frase que con frecuencia vemos en los clasificados [línea 3] (suele) esta frase que se <u>suele</u> ver (con frecuencia) en los clasificados accept: suele verse / suele ser vista / suele aparecer / suele encontrarse etc refuse omission of se when grammatically wrong					
(b) se exige el uso de corbata [línea 1 es preciso que se use/usen corbata accept: se utilice/utilicen / sea usad la corbata es preciso que la	la/utilizada / se haga (el) uso de / la corbata	[1]			
(c) ¿Toda inversión hecha en la apariencia está plenamente justificada? [línea 20] (justificar) ¿Se puede justificar (plenamente) toda inversión hecha en la apariencia? [1]					
(d) las oportunidades de empleo com (ya) no hay / ya no disfrutan de tanta accept: tantas oportunidades de tra no son tantas las oportunida ya no quedan tantas oportu	as oportunidades de trabajo/empleo bajo se reducen/comienzan a reducirse ades de trabajo	[1]			
(e) necesitan de un rostro joven y frese les hace <u>falta</u> un rostro joven y frese accept: les falta / les hace falta (de)		[1] ntos]			

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Paper 21

Syllabus

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Rubric: Contesta en español las siguientes preguntas, sin copiar frases completas (n de 4 palabras consecutivas) del texto.	nás
NB. Lifting = more than 4 consecutive words taken from the text and will usually invalidate ans unless further original explanation is offered.	wer
(a) Explica el significado de 'sitio deseado' en este contexto y por qué no se llega a e 'sitio deseado'. <i>(párrafo 1)</i>	ste
un puesto de trabajo refuse: <i>una meta</i>	[1]
la falta del aspecto adecuado refuse: a causa de la discriminación / a causa de la presentación	[1]
(b) (i) Según Angélica Suárez, ¿cuáles son las características que se buscan en candidato hoy en día? <i>(párrafo 2)</i>	un
la apariencia física / arreglo personal	[1]
el carácter / la personalidad etc	[1]
(ii) Según Angélica, la frase 'proceso de selección' equivale a la pala 'discriminación'. ¿Por qué? <i>(párrafo 2)</i>	bra
porque suelen rechazar a quienes cuyo aspecto no les agrada	[1]
(c) (i) ¿Cómo explica Fernando Córdova el término 'excelente presentación'? (párrafo hay que cumplir con la moda de vestir de la profesión deseada / encajar en un cierto grupo de trabajadores	3) [1]
(ii) Según Fernando, ¿cómo se puede distinguir un banquero de un programad (párrafo 3)	or?
un banquero lleva pelo corto / corbata	[1]
(either / or unless one is wrong eg <i>pelo largo</i>) un programador sobresaldría con corbata	[1]
(d) ¿Cuál es la tendencia que se identifica? y según Fernando Córdova, ¿por qué surgido esta tendencia? <i>(párrafo 4)</i>	ha
la gente gasta (cada vez) más dinero en su apariencia	[1]
(idea of 'investment' / 'spending money' needed for mark) es más fácil negociar / tratar con una persona de apariencia agradable	[1]
co mao raon nogodiar / tratar com ana porcoma do apanonola agradabio	1.1
(e) ¿Por qué acuden muchas personas mayores de 30 años al cirujano plástico Vío Gómez? <i>(párrafo 5)</i>	
no hay tantas oportunidades de trabajo	[1]
para mejorar sus oportunidades de trabajo para presentarse con imagen más joven	[1] [1]
(f) ¿Qué se requiere para un sistema más justo de contratación de empleo? (párrafo 6))
que el gobierno introduzca legislación	[1]
que haya cambios / menos discriminación en la cultura laboral	[1]
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[Total: 20 puntos]

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Quality of Language: Accuracy (same as for questions 4 and 5)

[5]

5 Very good

Consistently accurate. Only very few errors of minor significance. Accurate use of more complex structures (verb form, tenses, prepositions, word order.)

4 Good

Higher incidence of error than above, but clearly has a sound grasp of the grammatical elements in spite of lapses. Some capacity to use more accurately more complex structures.

3 Sound

Fair level of accuracy. Common tenses and regular verbs mostly correctly formed. Some problems in forming correct agreement of adjectives. Difficulty with irregular verbs, use of prepositions.

2 Below average

Persistent errors in tense and verb forms. Prepositions frequently incorrect. Recurrent errors in agreement of adjectives.

1 Poor

Little or no evidence of grammatical awareness. Most constructions incomplete or incorrect. Consistent and repeated errors.

For question 3 and 4, the 5 marks for the quality of language will be awarded globally for the whole performance on each set of answers. With regard to **length**, a concise answer containing all mark-bearing components for content is scored on the full range of marks for language, i.e. length does not determine the quality of the language mark. An answer scoring 0 for content cannot score **any** language marks, and the total available on the whole set of answers will therefore be affected. The final total for language will be reduced on the following scale:

Answer(s) worth 2 or 3 scoring 0 for content: reduce final assessment by -1

Answer(s) worth 4 or 5 scoring 0 for content: reduce final assessment by -2

Answer(s) worth 6 or 7 scoring 0 for content: reduce final assessment by -3

Answer(s) worth 8 or 9 scoring 0 for content: reduce final assessment by -4

Note: A minimum of 1 mark for quality of language should be awarded if there are any content marks at all (i.e. 0 language marks only if 0 content marks).

[Total: 20]

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4 Rubric: Contesta en español las siguientes preguntas, sin copiar frases completas (más de 4 palabras consecutivas) del texto.

NB. Lifting = more than 4 consecutive words taken from the text and will usually invalidate answer unless further original explanation is offered.

(a)	(i)	¿Qué acciones deberían tomar las instituciones de un país? (párrafo 1) quitar obstáculos de las vidas de los que sufren desventaja accept: idea of 'must help disabled / certain members of population' etc por ninguna culpa suya	[1] [1]
	(ii)	¿Qué trato reciben los discapacitados en la actualidad? (párrafo 1) son rechazados en público las autoridades no han conseguido cambiar esta actitud	[1] [1]
(b)	un acc	n qué consiste 'la discriminación educativa'? (párrafo 2) 85% de los alumnos discapacitados no van a las escuelas sept: la gran mayoría / muchos etc que estas no han sido adaptadas para admitirlos	[1] [1]
(c)	(i)	¿Qué es lo que entiendes por la expresión 'violencia arquitectónica'? (párrafe edificios que no han sido modificados para los discapacitados	o 3) [1]
	(ii)	¿Qué dificultades podría encontrar un discapacitado al desplazarse por la ca	pital?
		(párrafo 3) las aceras están en malas condiciones no hay semáforos para los ciegos refuse: omission of para los ciegos	[1] [1]
		hay pocas facilidades para sillas de ruedas en los autobuses	[1]
(d)	2 m	uál es la situación de los discapacitados en cuanto al empleo? <i>(párrafo 4)</i> nillones de discapacitados están en paro ept: muchos	[1]
	má	s compañías ofrecen trabajo a personas discapacitadas mucho prejuicio	[1] [1]
	-	rechazan a discapacitados que podrían hacer el trabajo	[1]
(e)	can ade	ué les hace falta a los discapacitados en el terreno del trabajo? (párrafo 5) npañas que promocionen el empleo de discapacitados ecuados programas de formación cept: instrumentos para su inserción (if only 4 words)	[1] [1]

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- 5 Rubric: Escribe en español un máximo de 140 palabras para completar las dos tareas siguientes.
 - (a) Escribe un resumen de lo que se dice en los dos textos sobre cómo se discrimina y cómo se podría remediar esto. [10]
 - (b) ¿Vives en una sociedad muy discriminatoria? Da tus opiniones. [5] accept: if interpreted as 'global' society

(NOTA: Escribe un máximo de 140 palabras)

Length of response

- Examiners make a rough estimate of the length by a quick calculation of the number of words on a line.
- If the piece is clearly too long, calculate the length more precisely.
- Then put a line through that part of the summary which exceeds 160.
- Marks will be totalled at the bottom in the following sequence:

Out of 10 for points scored in summary Out of 5 for personal response Out of 5 for language Total ringed out of 20

Content marks: Summary

[10]

The summary could include the following points (award 1 mark for each point covered):

discriminaciones laborales:	 la apariencia física / el carácter la manera de vestirse / la edad
contra los incapacitados:	no pueden ir a las escuelasno pueden desplazarseno pueden trabajar
remedios:	 legislación del gobierno cambiar la cultura laboral adaptar los edificios mejorar las condiciones de las veredas instalar semáforos para los ciegos incluir plazas para sillas de ruedas en los autobuses campañas publicitarias para emplear a los discapacitados más programas de formación / inserción políticas adecuadas por parte de las autoridades concientización del público etc etc

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Content marks: Response to the Text

[5]

Mark like a mini-essay according to the variety and interest of the opinions and views expressed, the response to the original text stimulus and the ability to express a personal point of view.

5 Very good

Varied and interesting ideas, showing an element of flair and imagination, a capacity to express a personal point of view.

4 Good

Not the flair and imagination of the best candidates, but work still shows an ability to express a range of ideas, maintain interest and respond to the issues raised.

3 Sound

A fair level of interest and ideas. May concentrate on a single issue, but there is still a response to ideas in the text.

2 Below average

Limited range of ideas; rather humdrum. May disregard the element of response to the text, and write a largely unrelated free-composition.

0-1 Poor

Few ideas to offer on the theme. Banal and pedestrian. No element of personal response to the text. Repeated error.

Quality of Language: **Accuracy** (same as for questions 3 and 4)

[5]

5 Very good

Consistently accurate. Only very few errors of minor significance. Accurate use of more complex structures (verb forms, tenses, prepositions, word order).

4 Good

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