Name

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/01

Paper 1

May/June 2004

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. Additional Materials: Ruler (cm/mm)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen in the spaces provided on the Question Paper. You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

If you have been given a label, look at the details. If any details are incorrect or missing, please fill in your correct details in the space given at the top of this page.

Stick your personal label here, if provided.

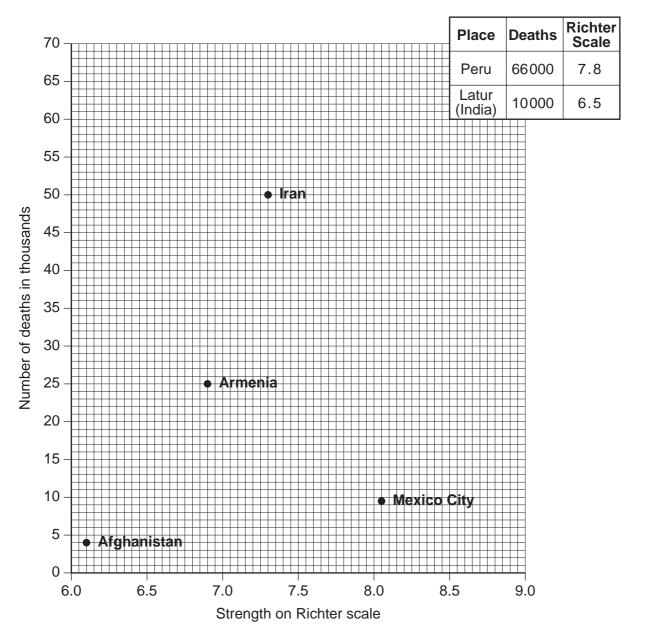
This document consists of **12** printed pages.



1 (a) (i) What is an earthquake?

r	
	11

(ii) The graph below shows information about four major earthquakes which have occurred since 1970. Plot the information given for the Latur and Peru earthquakes on the scattergraph.



[2]

(iii) Which earthquake caused the greatest loss of life?

....[1]

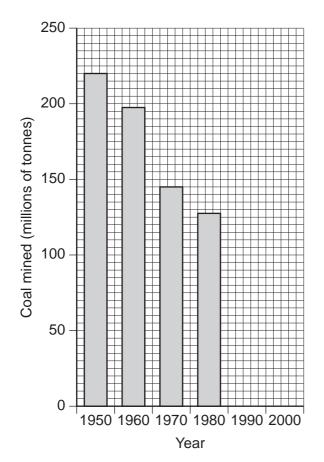
(iv) Which earthquake was the strongest?

.....[1]

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(b)	The strongest earthquakes do not always cause the greatest loss of life. Give two reasons for this.
	[2]
(c)	Describe strategies that governments might adopt to help people prepare for an earthquake.
	[3]
	Total [10]

2 (a) (i) The information below shows coal production for the United Kingdom between 1950 and 2000. Complete the graph by plotting the figures for 1990 and 2000.



Year	Amount of coal mined (millions of tonnes)
1990	81
2000	43

[2]

(ii) Between which years was the greatest decrease in coal production? Circle the correct answer.

1950-60

1960-70

1970-80

1980-90

1990-2000

[1]

(iii) Calculate the decrease in coal production for the period you have chosen.

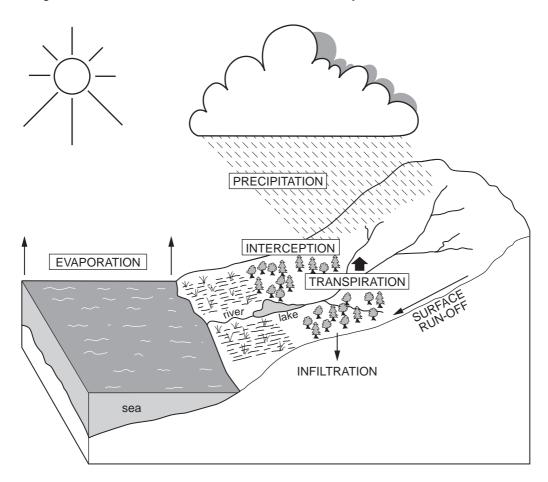
.....million tonnes [1]

(b) (i) Suggest **two** reasons for the decrease of coal mining in a country.

.....[2

	(ii)	Name	two alte	rnative for	ms of ene	gy that ar	e renewab	le.		
										[1]
(c)	Sug	gest str	ategies	that would	help to co	nserve no	n-renewat	ole energy s	sources.	
										[3]
									Tota	l [10]

3 The diagram below shows some features of the water cycle.



(a)	(1)	vvnich two processes refer to the transfer of water to the air?			
	(ii)	What causes these processes to occur?			
(b)	Wh	at is the difference between infiltration and surface run-off?			

(c)	What is interception, and how is it changed by deforestation?
	[3]
(d)	Explain how building towns and cities increases the risk of flooding.
	[3]
	Total [10]

4 (a) (i) Look at the world map below. Describe where areas of hot desert are located.

	n and	Lake
/.	3 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
2001		E. J. F.
-30°N	Mexico Sahara Arabian	
/10°N		1-1-2
-0°		
\\ 10°S		The same of the sa
	Atacama Kalahari and Namib	Australian
√-30°S	Namib	Australian
\.	Regular St.	
	The state of the s	Key:
		Prevailing wind
		Hot deserts
		101
		[2]
(ii)	Explain why hot desert areas are difficult to farm.	
		[2]
4.5 = 1		
(b) Expla	ain why solar power is a suitable energy source in areas w	ith hot desert climates.
		[2]

(c) (i)	Name one human activity which may lead to an increased level of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere.
	[1]
(ii)	Suggest ways in which the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere may be reduced.
	[3]
	Total [10]

5 The table below shows information for six countries which have areas of tropical rain forests.

Country	Remaining forested area (km²)	Forested area lost per year (km²)
Colombia	464 000	9000
Ivory Coast	45 000	5000
Nigeria	60000	4000
Thailand	92000	4000
Venezuela	319000	3000
Democractic Republic of the Congo	1058000	4000

(a)	(1)	willon country has the largest area of lorest remaining?	
		[1]
	(ii)	Which country is least at risk from losing all its rain forests?	
		[1]
	(iii)	At present rates of removal, which country will be the first to lose all its rain forests and in how many years?	,
		Country	
		Number of years[2]
(b)	Give	e two reasons why tropical rain forests are being cut down.	
		[2]
(c)	Stat	e two environmental changes caused by rain forest destruction.	
		[2]	1

(d)	Describe one sustainable way of managing areas of tropical rain forests.		
	[2]		
	Total [10]		

[2]

6 (a) The table gives information about population in three countries. Complete the table.

Country	Birth Rate (per thousand)	Death Rate (per thousand)	Natural Increase %
Niger	51	20	3.1
Cuba	19	8	
Finland	12		0.2

(b)	(i)	What is meant by:
		infant mortality;
		life expectancy?
		[2]
		Explain why life expectancy is usually lower in developing countries than in developed countries.
		[2]
		Give two reasons why birth rates are usually higher in developing countries than in developed countries.
		[2]
(c)	Give	two reasons why death rates might decrease in a country.
		[2]
		Total [10]

Total for paper [60]