

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

COMBINED SCIENCE 5129/01

Paper 1 Multiple Choice October/November 2008

1 hour

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

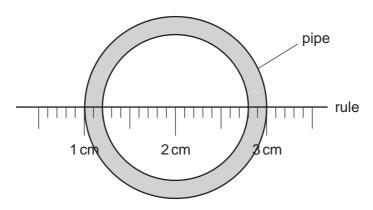
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.



UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE

International Examinations

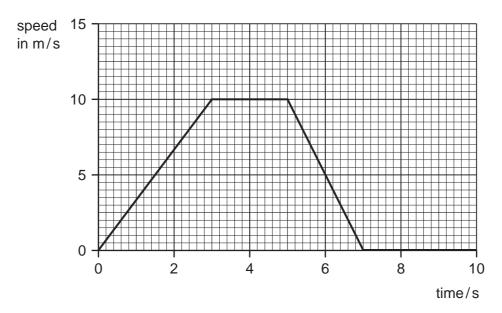
1 A rule is used to measure the internal diameter of a pipe.



What is the internal diameter of the pipe?

- **A** 1.6 cm
- **B** 1.8 cm
- **C** 2.0 cm
- **D** 2.6 cm

2 The graph shows the speed of a car over the first ten seconds of a journey.



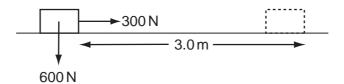
Which statement about the acceleration of the car between 3s and 5s is true?

- A The acceleration decreases.
- **B** The acceleration increases.
- C The acceleration is zero.
- **D** The acceleration is 10 m/s.
- 3 A container is filled with 5 kg of paint. The density of the paint is 2g/cm³.

Which volume of container is needed?

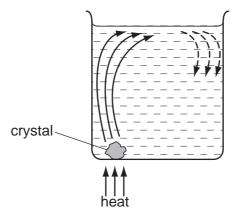
- $\mathbf{A} \quad 10 \, \mathrm{cm}^3$
- **B** 400 cm³
- **C** 2500 cm³
- **D** 10 000 cm³

- 4 Which object will experience an elastic deformation?
 - A a car damaged in a collision
 - B a football being kicked
 - C a log hit by an axe
 - **D** a target hit by an arrow
- 5 When a 300 N force is applied to a box weighing 600 N, the box moves 3.0 m horizontally in 20 s.



What is the average power?

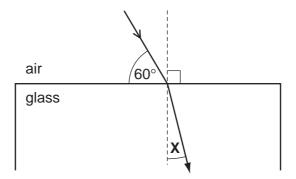
- **A** 45 W
- **B** 90 W
- **C** 900 W
- **D** 1800 W
- **6** The diagram shows a coloured crystal being heated in a beaker of water. The crystal dissolves showing how the water circulates around the beaker.



What is happening to cause the water above the crystal to rise?

- **A** The water contracts and its density decreases.
- **B** The water contracts and its density increases.
- **C** The water expands and its density decreases.
- **D** The water expands and its density increases.

7 A ray of light passes into a glass block of refractive index 1.5.



What is the value of the angle marked X?

- **A** 19.5°
- **B** 25.0°
- **C** 35.0°
- **D** 48.5°

8 The diagram shows a positively charged acetate strip and a negatively charged polythene strip that are freely suspended.



Two rods **X** and **Y** are brought up in turn to these two strips.

Rod **X** attracts the acetate strip but repels the polythene strip.

Rod Y does not repel either the acetate strip or the polythene strip.

Which type of charge is on each rod?

	rod X	rod Y		
Α	negative	positive		
В	negative	ve uncharged		
С	positive	negative		
D	positive	uncharged		

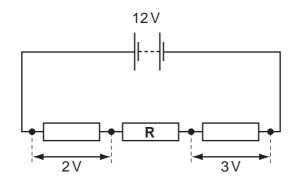
9 A current of 2 A flows through a lamp for 1 minute.

How much charge passes through the lamp?

- **A** 2C
- **B** 30 C
- **C** 60 C
- **D** 120 C

10 A battery of e.m.f. 12 V is connected in series with three resistors.

The p.d. across two of the resistors is shown.



What is the p.d. across the third resistor, R?

- **A** 3.5 V
- **B** 5V
- **C** 7V
- **D** 10 V

11 Electrical equipment should **not** be used in damp conditions.

What is the main hazard?

- A The equipment becomes too hot.
- **B** The fuse keeps 'blowing'.
- **C** The insulation becomes damaged.
- **D** The risk of an electric shock.
- **12** A nuclide of sodium contains 11 protons and 12 neutrons.

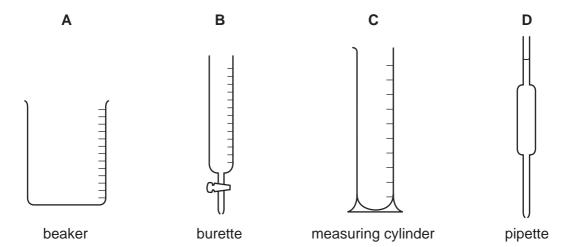
How many electrons are in a neutral atom of this sodium nuclide?

- **A** 1
- **B** 11
- **C** 12
- **D** 23
- **13** A radioactive chemical is used to investigate possible damage within a patient's body. The chemical is injected into the patient's body and the radiation detected outside.

Which source of radiation is the most suitable?

	radiation from source	half-life of source		
Α	beta only	long		
В	beta only	short		
С	C gamma only long			
D	gamma only	short		

14 Which piece of apparatus is used to measure exactly 22.5 cm³ of a liquid?



15 An atom of element X is represented by ${}_{3}^{7}X$.

Which statement about this atom of X is correct?

- **A** It is in Group III of the Periodic Table.
- **B** It is in Group VII of the Periodic Table.
- **C** The total number of protons and electrons is 6.
- **D** The total number of protons and neutrons is 10.
- 16 Element Q has 2 outer shell electrons in its atoms.

Element R has 7 outer shell electrons in its atoms.

Which ions will be present in the compound formed when Q and R react?

- A Q⁺ and R[−]
- **B** Q^{2+} and R^-
- **C** Q[−] and R⁺
- **D** Q^{2-} and R^+

17 The outer electronic structure of compound **J** is shown.

Y and Z are different elements.



Which formula could represent compound **J**?

- **A** C*l*₂O
- B CO₂
- C H₂O
- D SiO₂

18 The formula of an oxide of uranium is UO₂.

What is the formula of the corresponding chloride?

- **A** UCl_2
- B UC1
- \mathbf{C} U_2Cl
- \mathbf{D} U_4Cl

19 Aluminium chloride dissolves in water to form a solution with a pH less than 7.

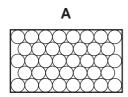
Which ion in the solution makes the solution have a pH less than 7?

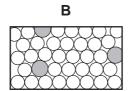
- A aluminium
- **B** chloride
- C hydrogen
- **D** hydroxide

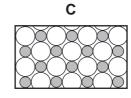
20 Which arrangement of electrons is that of a gas normally used to fill light bulbs?

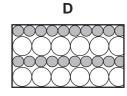
- **A** 2
- **B** 2, 6
- **C** 2, 8, 2
- **D** 2, 8, 8

21 Which diagram represents the structure of an alloy?









22 The metals iron, lead and zinc can be manufactured by the reduction of their oxides with coke.

What is the correct order of the ease of reduction of the metal oxides?

	oxides becoming more difficult to reduce		
Α	$iron \to lead \to zinc$		
В	iron → zinc → lead		
С	$lead \to iron \to zinc$		
D	$zinc \rightarrow iron \rightarrow lead$		

23 Which reaction occurring in the blast furnace is an acid base reaction?

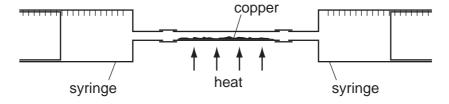
A
$$C + CO_2 \rightarrow 2CO$$

$$\mathbf{B} \quad \mathsf{C} + \mathsf{O}_2 \to \mathsf{CO}_2$$

C
$$CaCO_3 + SiO_2 \rightarrow CaSiO_3 + CO_2$$

D Fe₂O₃ + 3CO
$$\rightarrow$$
 2Fe + 3CO₂

24 In the apparatus shown, 100 cm³ of air are passed backwards and forwards between the two syringes until reaction is complete.



What is the final volume of gas after cooling to the original temperature?

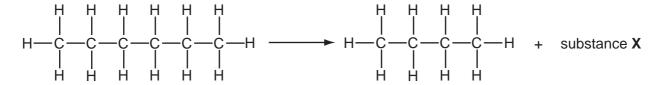
- **A** 20 cm³
- **B** 28 cm³
- **C** 32 cm³
- **D** 80 cm³

25 The table shows the names of four fractions from petroleum and their uses.

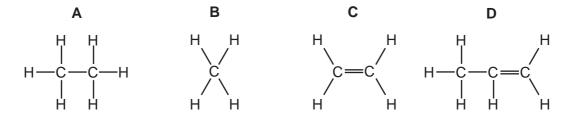
Which fraction is paired correctly with its use?

	fraction	use
A lubricating oil source of polishes and waxe		source of polishes and waxes
B kerosene lubricant		lubricant
С	diesel	making road surfaces
D	gasoline	feedstock for the chemical industry

26 The equation shows a molecule of hexane being cracked into two smaller molecules by heating to a high temperature.

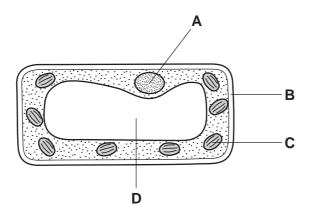


What is likely to be the structure of substance **X**?

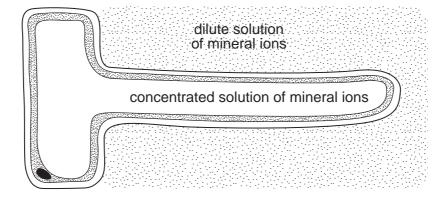


- 27 Yeast is used to convert simple sugars to
 - A ethanoic acid and oxygen.
 - B ethanol and carbon dioxide.
 - **C** ethanol and oxygen.
 - **D** starch and carbon dioxide.
- 28 A plant is grown in bright sunshine. After a few hours, a leaf from this plant is stained with iodine solution. The diagram shows what is seen when a cell from this leaf is placed under a microscope.

Which structure will be stained blue/black?



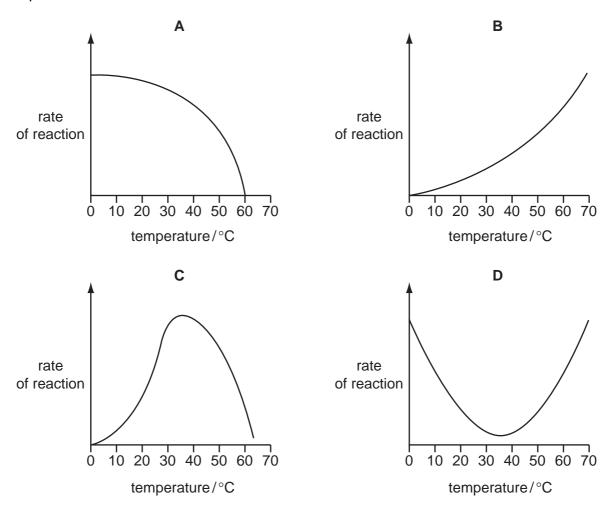
29 The diagram shows a root hair, surrounded by a dilute solution of mineral ions.



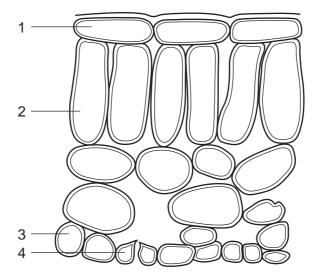
Which statement describes what happens?

- A Water molecules move into the root hair because their concentration is lower inside.
- **B** Water molecules move into the root hair because their concentration is lower outside.
- **C** Water molecules move out of the root hair because their concentration is lower inside.
- **D** Water molecules move out of the root hair because their concentration is lower outside.

30 Which graph shows how an enzyme catalysed reaction in the alimentary canal varies with temperature?



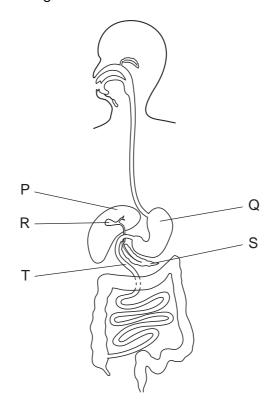
31 The diagram shows the arrangement of cells inside the leaf of a green plant. (No cell contents are shown.)



Which cells normally contain chloroplasts?

- **A** 1 and 2
- **B** 1 and 4
- **C** 2 and 3
- **D** 2 and 4

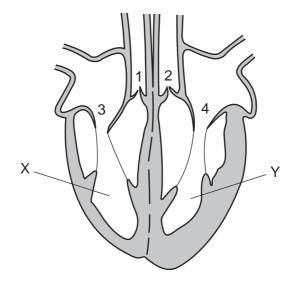
32 The diagram shows the human gut.



Where is bile made, where is it stored and where does it act?

where it is made		where it is stored	where it acts	
Α	Р	Q	R	
В	Р	R	Т	
С	Q	S	Р	
D	Q	Т	S	

33 The diagram shows a section through the heart.



While chambers X and Y are emptying, which valves are open and which are closed?

	valves 1 and 2	valves 3 and 4		
Α	closed	closed		
B closed		open		
С	open closed			
D	D open ope			

34 What are the products of aerobic and anaerobic respiration in muscle tissue?

	aerobic respiration	anaerobic respiration		
Α	carbon dioxide and water	ethanol		
В	carbon dioxide and water	lactic acid		
С	ethanol	carbon dioxide and water		
D	lactic acid	carbon dioxide and water		

35 Which organ excretes most carbon dioxide from the human body?

- **A** kidney
- **B** lung
- C rectum
- **D** skin

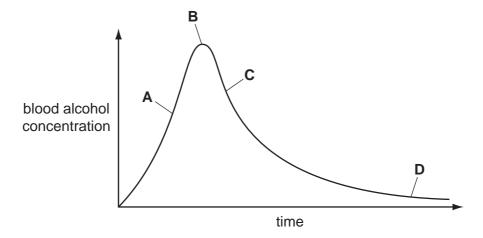
36 What happens in the eye when a person walks from a dark room into sunlight?

	radial muscles of the iris	circular muscles of the iris	pupil size
Α	contract	relax	decreases
В	contract	relax	increases
С	relax	contract	decreases
D	relax	contract	increases

37 Samples of blood are taken every half hour from a person who has been drinking alcohol.

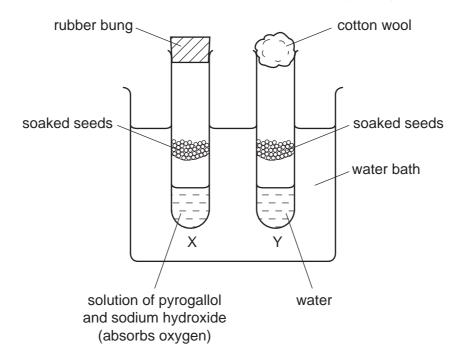
The graph shows the amount of alcohol in the person's blood.

During which period is alcohol removed fastest from the blood?



- **38** What happens to energy after it has flowed through a food chain?
 - A It is lost as heat.
 - **B** It is recycled.
 - **C** It is stored as carbohydrate.
 - **D** It is used to power metabolic processes.

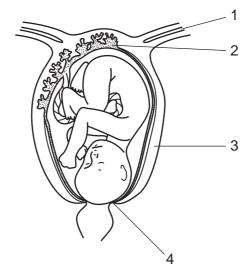




Which change should be made for tube Y to be an effective control?

- A Add soda lime at the bottom of tube Y.
- **B** Do not soak the seeds in tube Y.
- **C** Replace the cotton wool in tube Y with a rubber bung.
- **D** Replace the soaked seeds in tube Y with seeds that have been boiled.

40 Where are the uterus and the cervix?



	uterus	cervix		
Α	1	2		
В	2	1		
С	3	4		
D	4	3		

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DATA SHEET
The Periodic Table of the Elements

	0	4 He Helium	20 Neon 10 Argon 18 Argon 18	84 Krypton 36	131 Xe Xenon Xenon 54	Rn Radon 86		175 Lu Lutetium 71	Lr Lawrencium 103
	IIA		19 Fluorine 9 35.5 C1 Chlorine	80 Br Bromine 35	127 I lodine 53	At Astatine 85		Yb Ytterbium 70	Nobelium 102
	N		16 Oxygen 8 32 Sulphur 16	79 Selenium 34	128 Te Tellurium 52	Po Polonium 84		169 Tm Thulium 69	Md Mendelevium 101
	^	>	14 Nitrogen 7 31 31 Phosphorus 15	AS As Arsenic	Sb Antimony 51	209 Bi Bismuth 83		167 Er Erbium 68	Fm Fermium
	IV		12 Carbon 6 Siicon 14	73 Ge Germanium 32	119 Sn Tin	207 Pb Lead		165 Ho Holmium 67	ES Einsteinium 99
	III		11 BB Boron 5 27 Al Muminium	70 Ga Gallium 31	115 In Indium 49	204 T 1 T T Thallium		162 Dy Dysprosium 66	Californium 98
				65 Zn Zinc 30	112 Cd Cadmium 48	201 Hg Mercury 80		159 Tb Terbium 65	BK Berkelium 97
				64 Copper 29	108 Ag Silver 47	197 Au Gold		157 Gd Gadolinium 64	Cm Curium
Group				59 Nickel	106 Pd Palladium 46	195 Pt Platinum 78		152 Eu Europium 63	Am Americium 95
פֿ			_	59 Cobalt 27	103 Rh Rhodium 45	192 Ir Iridium 77		Samarium 62	Pu Plutonium 94
		1 Hydrogen		56 Fe Iron	Ru Ruthenium 44	190 Os Osmium 76		Pm Promethium 61	Np Neptunium 93
				Mn Manganese 25	Tc Technetium 43	186 Re Rhenium 75		144 Na Neodymium 60	238 U Uranium 92
				52 Cr Chromium 24	96 Mo Molybdenum 42	184 W Tungsten 74		141 Pr Praseodymium 59	Pa Protactinium 91
				51 Vanadium 23	Niobium 41	181 Ta Tantalum 73		140 Ce Cerium	232 Th Thorium
				48 Ti Titanium	91 Zr Zirconium 40	178 Hf Hafnium		1	nic mass ibol nic) number
				Scandium 21	89 ×	139 La Lanthanum 57 *	Actinium t	d series series	a = relative atomic mass X = atomic symbol b = proton (atomic) number
	=		Be Berylium 4 24 Magnesium 12	40 Ca Calcium	Strontium	137 Ba Barium 56	226 Ra Radium 88	*58-71 Lanthanoid series 190-103 Actinoid series	« × ∞
	_		7 Lithium 3 23 Na Sodium 11	39 K Potassium 19	Rb Rubidium	133 Cs Caesium 55	Fr Francium 87	*58-71 L	Key

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24\,\mathrm{dm}^3$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

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