

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

MUSIC 0410/13

Paper 1 Listening May/June 2021

Approximately 1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Insert (enclosed)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions in Sections A, B and C.
- Section D: answer all questions on the one Set Work you have studied, in the space provided.
- There will be time for you to look at the questions before you hear each extract of music. You may find it helpful to make notes on the music as you listen.
- Use a black or dark blue pen.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use an HB pencil for any music.
- The insert contains the scores for Music C1 and your chosen Set Work in Section D.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 70.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

SECTION A [16 marks]

You will hear two examples of music, selected from the Baroque, Classical or Romantic periods or the Twentieth Century.

Each extract will be played **four** times, with a pause between each playing.

Music A1

You will hear an extract for voice and instruments. The words used are printed below. Read through questions 1 to 7.

- 1 In this shady blest retreat
- 2 I've been waiting for my dear [Orchestra]
- 3 I've been waiting for my dear.
- 4 Hark I hear
- 5 Hark I hear his welcome feet
- 6 Tell the lovely charmer near
- 7 Hark I hear his welcome feet
- 8 Tell the lovely charmer near
- 9 Tell the lovely charmer near
- 10 Tell the lovely charmer
- 11 The lovely charmer near
- 12 Tell the lovely charmer near
- 13 Tell the lovely charmer near

1	Which of the following best describes the melody of line 1?	
	Ascending major scale	
	Ascending minor scale	
	Descending major scale	
	Descending minor scale	[1]
2	What type of voice is heard in this extract?	
		[1]
3	How many beats are there in each bar?	
		[1]
4	What is played by the orchestra between lines 2 and 3?	
		[1]

5	What instrument is heard at the end of line 6 and in the middle of line 7 (after 'Hark I hear')?	
		[1]
6	What vocal effect does the singer use on the word 'charmer' in line 10?	
		[1]
7	This music was written in the Classical period. What features of the music suggest this?	
		[2]

Music A2

You will hear an extract from an instrumental piece. Read through questions 8 to 11.

8	Nar	me the instrument.	[4]
			[1]
9	Wha	at is the texture of the music?	
			[1]
10	(a)	Which of the following best describes this music?	
		Concerto	
		March	
		Minuet	
		Waltz	[1]
	(b)	Give two reasons for your answer.	
			[2]

11	(a)	When was this music written?	
		Baroque	
		Classical	
		Romantic	
		Twentieth Century	[1]
	(b)	Give a reason for your answer.	ניו
	(c)	Who composed this music?	. [.]
		Handel	
		Haydn	
		Schumann	
		Stravinsky	[1]

SECTION B [22 marks]

You will hear three extracts of music from around the world. Each extract will be played **four** times, with a pause between each playing.

Music B1

You will hear an extract for voices and drum. Read through questions 12 to 13.

12	(a)	Describe in detail the music in the first part of the extract (before the drum enters).	
			[2]
	(b)	What happens in the second part of the extract?	
			••••
			[3]
13	Whe	ere does this music come from?	
			[1]

Music B2

You will hear an extract from a piece for instruments. Look at the skeleton score below and read through questions 14 to 15.



14	(a)	Name one of the instruments which play the printed melody.	
			[1]
	(b)	Describe the accompaniment in these bars.	
			[2]
15	(a)	Where does this music come from?	
			[1]
	(b)	Apart from the instruments used, give two reasons for your answer.	
			[2]

Music B3 (World Focus: Caribbean Music)

Matilda, Matilda, Matilda

[Extract continues]

She take me money and run Venezuela

1

2

You will hear an extract from a calypso. The words of the first two lines are printed below. Read through questions **16** to **22**.

16	Describe briefly wh	at is heard betweer	n the words 'Matilda	' in line 1.	
					[1]
17	it is sung? Chord I Chord II Chord IV	/latilda is sung first t	to chord I, then cho	rd IV. Which chord i	s used the third time
	Chord V				[1]
18	Complete the table	below to show the	structure of this ext		
	Chorus			Instrumental	
					[1]
19	Name the instrume	nt which plays the s	solo in the instrume	ntal section.	
					[1]
20	What features of th	e metre, tempo and	d rhythm of this son	g are typical of caly	pso?
					[3]

21	Wha	at is the mode of this song?	
			[1]
22	(a)	Where in the Caribbean did calypso originate?	
			[1]
	(b)	In what type of venue was calypso originally sung?	
			[1]

SECTION C [16 marks]

You will hear one extract of music. The extract will be played **four** times, with a pause between each playing.

Music C1

You will hear an extract for instruments. Look at the skeleton score, which you will find in the separate Insert, and read through questions **23** to **30**. Answer the questions in this booklet.

23	Wha	at is the texture of the music in bars 1–3?	
			[1]
24	Wha	at instrument plays the printed music in bars 4–5 ¹ ?	
			[1]
25		e melody is incomplete in bar 10. Fill in the missing notes on the stave below. The rhythmen given to help you.	has
			[3]
26	Nar	me the compositional device used in bars 14 ⁴ –16 ³ .	
			[1]
27	Nar	me the bracketed interval in bar 18.	
			[2]
28	(a)	Name the key and cadence in bar 21.	
		Key:	
		Cadence:	[2]
	(b)	What is the relationship of this key to the tonic key of the extract?	
			[1]

29	Wha	at type of piece is this?	
		Concerto	
		Oratorio	
		Sonata	
		Symphony	[1]
30	(a)	When was this music written?	
		Baroque	
		Classical	
		Romantic	
		Twentieth Century	[1]
	(b)	Give three reasons for your answer.	

SECTION D [16 marks]

Set Work

Answer all the questions on **one** set work: either Mozart: Piano Concerto No. 21 (questions 31 to 39) or Mendelssohn: Calm Sea and Prosperous Voyage (questions 40 to 48)

Mozart: Piano Concerto No. 21

You will hear two extracts. Each extract will be played twice, with a pause between each playing.

Music D1

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Look at the skeleton score, which you will find in the separate Insert, and read through questions 31

to 3	5.	
31	In the extract the upper string part is marked Con sordino. What does this mean?	[4]
32	Describe in detail what is played by the 2 nd violins, violas, cellos and basses in the extract.	[1]
		[2]
33	(a) What size is the interval between the first two notes in bar 8?	[4]
	(b) Discuss the use of this interval throughout the movement as a whole.	[1]
34	What do the horns play in bars 11–16?	[2]
~ ·		[1]
35	From which section of the movement is this extract taken?	
		[1]

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Music D2

Look at the skeleton score, which you will find in the separate Insert, and read through questions 36 to 39.

36	(a)	How is the theme in bars 1–9 different from when it was first played in the movement (the recorded extract)?	before
	(b)	What does the piano play in bars 11–15?	
			[1]
37	On	the stave below, write the first two notes of the viola part in bar 62 in the treble clef.	
			[2]
38	(a)	Name precisely the chord in bar 64.	[4]
	(b)	What is heard next in the movement (immediately after the recorded extract)?	[1]
			[1]
39	Whe	ere was the first performance of this piano concerto?	
		Prague	
		Salzburg	
		Vienna	
		Warsaw	[1]

Mendelssohn: Calm Sea and Prosperous Voyage

You will hear two extracts. Each extract will be played twice, with a pause between each playing.

Music D3

Look at the skeleton score, which you will find in the separate Insert, and read through questions 40 to 43.

40	(a)	Briefly explain the harmony of bars 1–20.	
	(b)	What section of the overture begins in bar 21?	[1]
44	(0)	All of the strings in her 20 are instructed to play margets. What does this man?	ניו
41	(a)	All of the strings in bar 29 are instructed to play <i>marcato</i> . What does this mean?	[1]
	(b)	Where is this melody derived from?	
			. [1]
42	On t	the stave below, write the first two notes of the viola part in bar 31 in the treble clef.	
	2	+ +	
			[2]
43	Wha	at rhythmic effect is created from bar 37?	
			[1]

Music D4

Look at the skeleton score, which you will find in the separate Insert, and read through questions 44 to 48.

44	This extract is the transition theme from the recapitulation. Describe three differences between this appearance of the theme and how it appeared earlier in the movement (before the recorded extract).
	[3]
45	How is the melody in bars 41–43 ² related to music from earlier in the overture (before the recorded extract)?
	[11]
	[1]
46	The serpent plays in this extract. What is this instrument, and what would be most likely to play its part in a modern performance?
	[2]
47	Explain what is unexpected about the music which follows this section (after the recorded extract).
	[1]
48	What is the tempo marking of this part of the overture?
	[1]

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