

## **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge Ordinary Level

CANDIDATE NAME				
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER		

6257575434

### **BANGLADESH STUDIES**

7094/02

Paper 2 Environment and Development of Bangladesh

May/June 2016

1 hour 30 minutes

Additional Materials: Insert

### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the boxes above.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any sketch maps, diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Write your answer to each question in the space provided.

If additional space is required, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.

### Answer three questions.

You are advised to spend about 30 minutes on each question.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

The Insert contains Photographs A and B for Question 4(a).

The Insert is **not** required by the Examiner.



## Answer three questions.

1 (a) (i) Study Fig. 1, a map showing some physical regions of Bangladesh.

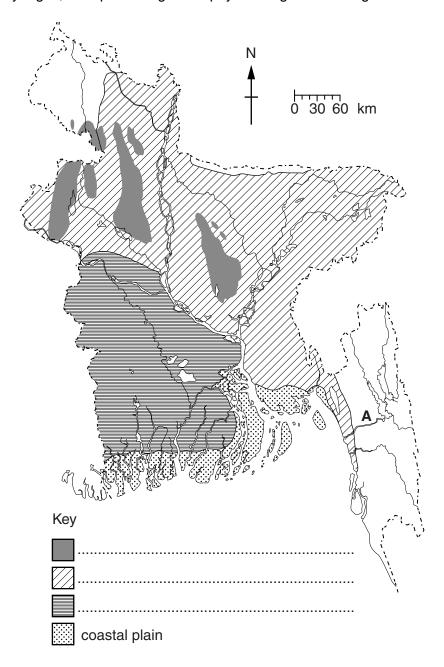


Fig. 1

- deltaic plain
- flood plain
- uplands

[4]

)	Describe the physical characteristics of the deltaic plain and the uplands.	
	deltaic plain	
	uplands	
	Explain how flood plains are formed. You may use a diagram to illustrate your ar	nswe
	Space for diagram	

**(b)** Study Fig. 2 which shows the climate for Bangladesh and the growing seasons of three types of rice.

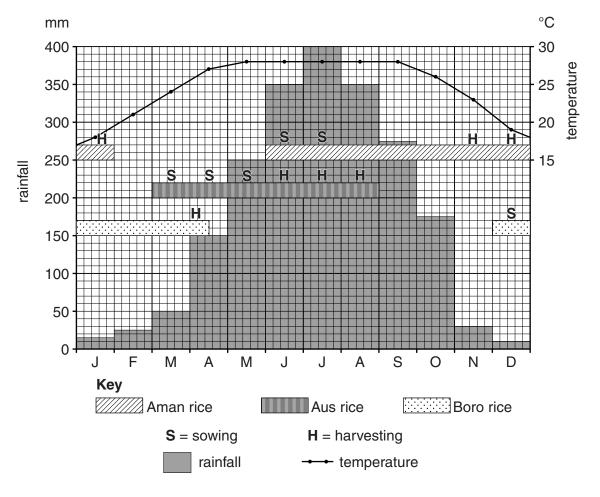


Fig. 2

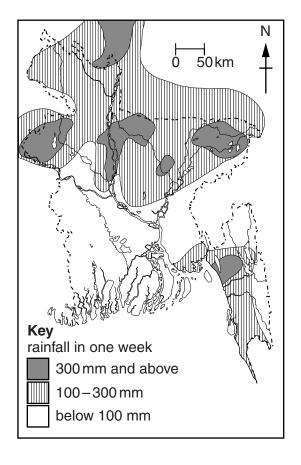
How long is the growing season for Boro rice?

	months	[1]
(ii)	Using Fig. 2, compare the climatic conditions for growing Aus rice with those for g Boro rice.	ırowing

(c)	(i)	Describe the processes involved in preparing the land for the sowing and harvesting of rice in Bangladesh.
	(ii)	Explain how farmers can increase rice production.
		[2]
(d)	Stud	dy the two statements below.
		The topography (physical features) of Bangladesh is very beneficial for the farmers.' The topography (physical features) of Bangladesh presents many problems for the farmers.'
	(i)	Give <b>one</b> piece of evidence which supports statement A.
		[1]
	(ii)	Give <b>one</b> piece of evidence which supports statement B.
		[1]
	(iii)	Which statement do you agree with the most? Give reasons for your answer.
		[3]

[Total: 25 marks] [Turn over 2 (a) Study Fig. 3 and Fig. 4 which show average rainfall and depth of flood water in July in Bangladesh.

### Rainfall in one week



The depth of flood water two weeks later

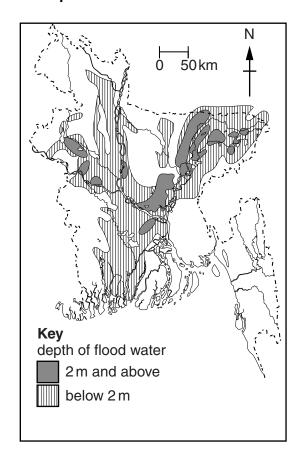


Fig. 3 Fig. 4

(1)	Bangladesh.	directions	only,	describe	wnere	more	ınan	100 mm	OI	rain	ieii in
											[2]
(ii)	Describe the gene	eral patterr	of the	e floods.							
									•••••		

	(iii)	Explain why the floods were so severe two weeks after the week of heavy rain.	
			[3]
(b)	Exp	plain how floods affect the people and the economy of Bangladesh.	
	peo	pple	
	eco	nomy	

(c) (i) Study Fig. 5, a pie chart showing the percentage of air pollution caused by industries.

Complete Fig. 5, showing the five most air polluting industries of Bangladesh, using the following information.

- Cement/clay 16%
- Pulp and paper 14%
- Textile 10%

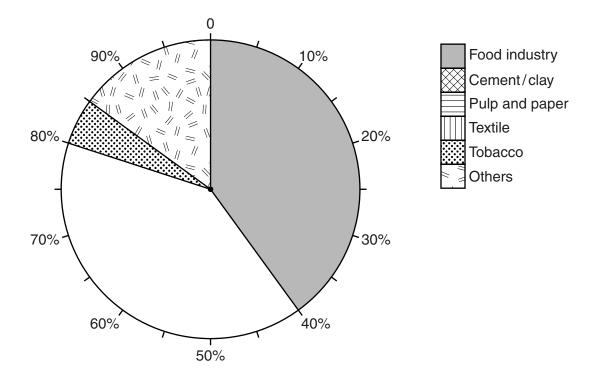


Fig. 5

(ii) What percentage of the total air pollution is caused by the five most polluting industries?

.....%

Apart from an industry, name a major cause of air pollution in Bangladesh.

[1]

[3]

[1]

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(iii)

(d)	Ехр	lain how the government is trying to reduce air pollution in Bangladesh.
		[4]
(e)	Stud	dy the statement below.
	'Cor	ntrolling the flooding of rivers in Bangladesh is almost impossible.
	(i)	Give <b>one</b> piece of evidence which supports this statement.
		[1]
	(ii)	Give <b>one</b> piece of evidence which shows how rivers can be controlled.
		[1]
	(iii)	How far do you agree with the statement? Give reasons for your answer.
		[3]

[Total: 25 marks]

3 (a) Study Fig. 6 which shows gas fields, gas pipelines and fertiliser factories.

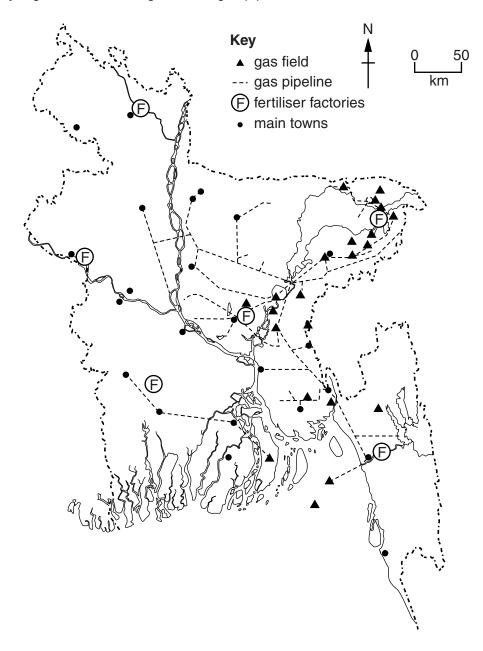


Fig. 6

Describe the general distribution of gas fields and the network of gas pipelines.
gas fields

	gas	pipelines							
									[4]
(b)	Fig.	7 shows the p	percentage	of natural	gas consum	nption by di	fferent sectors.		
	Con	nplete Fig. 7 u	sing the foll	lowing info	rmation.				
	•	industry – 20 domestic use fertiliser man	e – 10%	10%					
							Key		
0		20%	40%	60%	80%	100%	power pro industry domestic fertilisers others		
				I	Fig. 7				
									[3]
(c)	(i)	Using Fig. 6,	suggest on	e reason f	or the distrib	oution of fer	rtiliser factories	in Banglade	esh.
									[1]
	(ii)	Explain the in Bangladesh.	mportance	of the proc	luction of fe	ertilisers to	farmers and to	the econom	ny of
								•••••	
								•••••	
									[3]

)	Ciin	nate change will affect agriculture in Bangladesh.	
	(i)	Name two gases that are causing global warming.	
	(ii)	Explain how human activities cause the increased production of these gases.	
		[	
(	(iii)	Explain the effect climate change will have on agriculture and the food supply Bangladesh.	
		[4	41

(e)	Stud	dy the two statements below.
		Bangladesh is not a major contributor to climate change.' Bangladesh will be one of the countries worst affected by climate change.'
	(i)	Give <b>one</b> piece of evidence which supports statement A.
		[1]
	(ii)	Give <b>one</b> piece of evidence which supports statement B.
		[1]
	(iii)	Do you think other nations should help Bangladesh cope with the effects of climate change? Give reasons for your answer.
		[3]
		[Total: 25 marks]

4 (a) (i) Study Photograph A (Insert) which shows a cottage industry in the Bandarban region.

On Fig. 8, the sketch of Photograph A, add notes to show the characteristics of a cottage industry. One note has been added as an example.

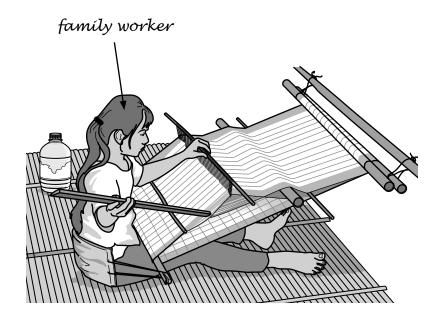


Fig. 8

 [4]

[4]

(b)	(i)	Describe how government policies protect new industries in Bangladesh.					
		[3]					
	(ii)	Explain how Bangladesh can overcome obstacles to industrialisation, other than ways mentioned in <b>(b)(i)</b> .					
		[3]					
(c)	(i)	Explain why the financial sector is important for industry in Bangladesh.					
		[2]					
	(ii)	What is meant by 'micro-credit'?					
		[2]					

	(iii)	Explain why micro-credit has been successful in Bangladesh.
		[2]
(d)	Stu	dy the two statements below.
		Bangladesh's increased economic growth depends on expanding the small scale industrial sector.'
		To maintain economic growth Bangladesh needs to improve its large scale industries.'
	(i)	Give <b>one</b> piece of evidence which supports statement A.
		[1]
	(ii)	Give <b>one</b> piece of evidence which supports statement B.
		[1]
	(iii)	Which statement do you agree with the most? Give reasons for your answer.
		[3]

[Total: 25 marks]

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5 (a) Study Fig. 9A and Fig. 9B, which show population structures for Bangladesh in 1994 and 2014.

### Population structure, Bangladesh 1994

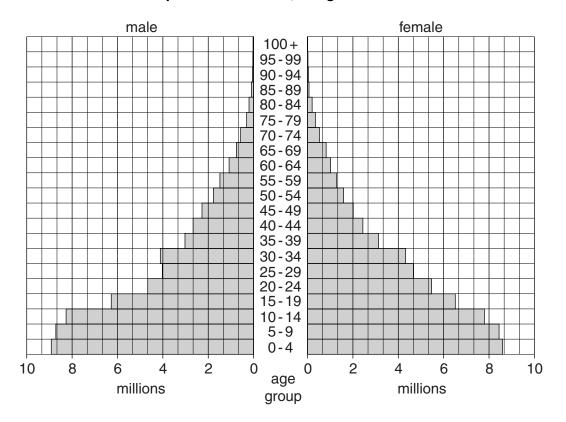
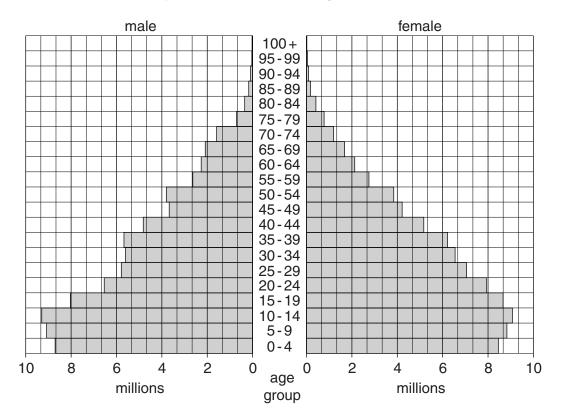


Fig. 9A

### Population structure, Bangladesh 2014



**Fig. 9B** 7094/02/M/J/16

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i)	Describe tl	he differences betw	een the two popula	tion structures	
					[3]
	Suggest re	easons for the differ	ences between the	two population	n structures.
		nere fewer males t A and Fig. 9B?			f 20 and 40 years old in
					[1]
	Study Fig.	10, a table which s	hows the religious s	structure in Bar	ngladesh.
		Muslim	Hindu	Other	
		89%	10%	1%	
			Fig. 10		
	Using the Banglades		draw a graph belo	ow to show th	ne religious structure of
-					Muslim
					Hindu
	20%	6 40%	60% 80%	100%	Other
					[3]

(b)

				20					
(ii)		of the populati ups and wher			not Be	engali. Des	scribe so	me of the	minority
									[3]
(c) (i)		11 which sho lesh and Sou			youths	(aged 15	–24 yeaı	rs) who ar	e literate
	%			- Banglade	esh	Sc	outh Asia	a	
	100								
	80					<u> </u>			
	60								
	40								
	20								
	0 € 066	1992	1996 1998	2000	2004	2006 -	2010	2012 <sup>I</sup>	
	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del> <del>-</del> <del>-</del>	<del>-</del> <del>-</del>	ั ง year	Ñ	ดี ดี	Ñ	Ñ	

Fig. 11

Using Fig. 11, compare the progress of the youth literacy rate of Bangladesh with that of South Asia.

(11)	Explain how an increase in the literacy rate improves the development of Bangladesh.
	rei
	[3]
(iii)	Apart from increasing the literacy rate, describe <b>two</b> other educational challenges for Bangladesh.
	[2]

Please turn over for 5(d)

(d)	Stu	dy the two statements below.
	В'	Improved health care is the best way to slow down population growth in Bangladesh.' Increased educational opportunity is the best way to slow down population growth in Bangladesh.'
	(i)	Give <b>one</b> piece of evidence which supports statement A.
		[1]
	(ii)	Give <b>one</b> piece of evidence which supports statement B.
		[1]
	(iii)	Which statement do you agree with the most? Give reasons for your answer.

.....[3]

[Total: 25 marks]

# **Additional Page**

If you use the following lined page to complete the answer(s) to any question(s), the question number(s) must be clearly shown.					

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