CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/31

Paper 31 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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Mark schemes will use these abbreviations

separates marking points

/ alternatives

• R reject

• A accept (for answers correctly cued by the question)

I ignore as irrelevantEcf error carried forward

• **AW** alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)

AVP alternative valid point

• <u>underline</u> actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)

• () the word / phrase in brackets is not required but sets the context

• D, L, T, Q quality of: drawing / labelling / table / detail as indicated

• max indicates the maximum number of marks

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	Answers					Marks	Guidance for Examiners
1 (a)	group of vertebrates	scaly skin	external ear (pinna)	feathers	mammary glands		
	birds	✓	×	√	*		
	bony fish	✓	×	×	× ;		
	amphibians	×	×	×	x ;		
	reptiles	√	*	×	× ;		
	mammals	×	√	×	✓;	[4]	
(b)		fruit is soft are hard / th	ick / have a har	d / thick / pro	tective covering	1-3	I refs to teeth
		ymes to dige	est, testa / seed	l coat / seed ;		[2]	

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	Ans	swers	Marks	Guidance for Examiners
(c)	1 2 3 4 5 6	wind (dispersal); 'hairs' / wing(s), on seed / fruit, to aid dispersal; self- (dispersal); explosive, pods / fruits; water (dispersal); float / buoyant;		A parachute / light I fur I pollination
			[max 2]	
(d)		gen ; mth / warm temperature ; er ;	[max 2]	A suitable quoted warm temp, 15–30 °C I humidity
(e)	1 2 3 4 5	(cassowaries are large birds) so need large, territory / habitat / feeding area / lots of space; cannot fly so cannot move easily from one area to another; need many trees to produce enough fruit; cassowaries are dependent on many (tree) species; need suitable nesting areas;	[max 3]	
			[Total: 13]	

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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			Answers	Marks	Guidance for Examiners
2	(a)	(i)	provides, sufficient energy / energy for needs;		
			provides, molecules / materials, for metabolism / equivalent;		A substances
			provides, nutrients / named nutrients i.e. CPFVM H ₂ O fibre ;		fibre – accept roughage and non-starch polysaccharide. A minimum of any three named nutrients A contains (all the) food, groups / types / classes R 'substances'
			in correct / right, quantities / proportions / amounts;	[max 3]	A adequate / sufficient R 'equal'
	(ii)	age; sex / gender; activity / exercise; pregnancy / lactation; growth / body building; ambient temperature / climate / weather; disease / medical condition / illness; allergy / food intolerance; size / body mass / build;	[max 3]	A weight I height
	(b)	(i)	horizontal line at 180 mg per 100 cm ³ ;	[1]	A tolerance of half-square up or down
	(ii)	60 to 300 minutes Units essential	[1]	A 240 minutes / 4 hours
	(i	ii)	increases after time when glucose is ingested, decreases, but stays below or touches 180 / line from b(i) throughout;	[1]	
	(c)		insulin secreted / produced / released; by pancreas; glucose absorbed (by liver / muscles); stored as / converted to , glycogen;	[max 3]	
				[Total:12]	

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			Answers	Marks	Guidance for Examiners
3	(a)	(i)	amylase;	[1]	
		(ii)	pH is a factor that influences / affects enzyme activity / AW; to give the optimum pH; extreme pH could denature enzyme / AW ;	[max 1]	ORA
	(b)		idea that protease, would break down, enzymes / enzyme 2;		
	(c)		stable at high temperatures / does not denature at 60°C / optimum temperature near 60°C;		I bears / tolerates hot temperatures I heat resistant I ref to denatures > 60 °C
	(d)		 1 (bacteria grown in) fermenters; 2 (bacteria provided with) substrate / food (substances) / glucose / minerals / whey / waste substances / nutrients / culture medium / AW; 3 oxygen / aerobic conditions; A air bubbled through (bacteria) grow / reproduce / increase in number; 5 enzymes, secreted / released / AW; 6 enzymes separated from, bacteria / mixture; A ref to filtration AVP; e.g. conditions – 26 °C / pH 5–6 	[max 3]	A extracted by crushing bacteria
	(e)		extracts more juice / speeds up juice extraction; pectin converted to sugars; so juice is sweeter; cell wall material is removed from juice / pectin digested to soluble product(s); so the juice is clearer; AVP; humans don't produce pectinase i.e. humans can digest the juice.	[max 3]	I easier
			Γ	Total:10]	

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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		Answers	Marks	Guidance for Examiners
4	(a)	<pre>1 (red blood cells) get stuck in capillaries / do not flow smoothly / capillaries blocked; reduce, supply of, oxygen / nutrients (to tissues / cells / muscles); reduce, removal of, carbon dioxide / wastes, (from tissues / cells muscles); ref to respiration (in tissues); cause sickle cell crises; pain; increased chance of, thrombosis / blood clotting; death of tissues / cells; AVP;</pre>	[max 4]	ignore less haemoglobin A carries less oxygen / nutrients A carries less carbon dioxide I reduced life expectancy
	(b) (i)	allele(s);	[1]	
	(ii)	H^{A} , H^{S} + H^{A} , H^{S} ; $(H^{A}H^{A}$, $H^{A}H^{S}$, $H^{A}H^{S}$) $\underline{H^{S}H^{S}}$;		Could be in Punnett square A just A and S A just S and S
	(iii)	0.25 / 25 % / ½ / 1 in 4 ;	[1]	I ratios

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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	Ans	wers	Marks	Guidance for Examiners
(c) (i)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	malaria, is severe disease / may be fatal; idea that it is the selective agent / ref to natural selection; HAHA / homozygous dominant, susceptible to malaria; HAHS / heterozygous, resistant; AHSHS resistant; HAHS survive / HAHA more likely to die before have children; HAHS have children and pass on, the allele / HS; (if HAHS x HAHS) 1 in 4 chance of, HSHS / homozygous recessive; 2 in 4 / ½, have advantage of resistance to malaria; AVP; e.g. ref to malarial parasite / AVP; e.g. ref to transmission of malaria	[max 4]	A sickle cell trait / carrier for H ^S H ^A throughout the answer R immune
(ii)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	malaria not very serious / not a severe strain of malaria; people have other genetic protection from malaria; malaria has only recently spread to these areas / no malaria before; mutation not occurred in populations of these areas; people with mutation / have sickle cell allele, have not migrated here; (majority of) population in Australia has not lived there for long; came from areas where no malaria, is / was, present; AVP; AVP;	[max 2]	E.g. Thalassemia A mutation described I gene, for allele
	[Total:14]			

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	Answers		Guidance for Examiners	
5 (a)	<pre>1 eye, light; 2 ear, sound / noise; 3 ear, gravity / acceleration / movement; 4 tongue, taste / chemicals / flavours in food; 5 nose, smell / chemicals in the air / odours; 6 skin, touch / pressure; 7 skin, temperature; 8 skin, pain;</pre>	[max 3]		
(b) (i)	response / reaction , to stimulus ; occurs without having to, think / use the brain / make decision ;	[2]	I reflex A not conscious of action until it has happened	
(ii)	receptor(s) / sensory cells / nerve ending , detects heat / stimulus ; (nervous / electrical) impulses ; generated by (skin) receptor ; travels to spinal cord along sensory neurone(s) ; within spinal nerve ; synapse ; relay / connector / inter—, neurone ; motor neurone to effector / biceps / muscle ; biceps contracts ;	[max 5]	R messages, signals R spinal cord	
(iii)	fast; automatic; protective / defensive / avoid injury; removes (part of) body from source of danger;			
(c)	hormones / chemical messengers; secreted into the blood / which travels in blood; stimulate target, cells / tissues / organs;		A endocrines I endocrine system	
	[Tota			

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	Answers	Marks	Guidance for Examiners
6 (a) (i)	amino acid / protein / RNA / DNA / AW;		A named protein, both plant and animal
(ii)	secondary (consumer) / carnivore / predator;		R third / tertiary
(iii)	excretion;		
(iv)	nitrification;		A oxidation
(b)	 idea that (fixed) nitrogen is in limited supply; idea that if not recycled is not available for plants to absorb; needed for many biological compounds; (required by organisms to make) amino acids / proteins / DNA / chlorophyll; for growth / for repair / for enzymes / for genes / AW; 	[max 3]	
(c)	 not ideal habitat / not well adapted to habitat / conditions not favourable; any suitable reason; e.g. too dry / wrong soil / wrong pH / wider leaves / larger leaf surface (area) (seedlings) eaten by impala / herbivores; much tastier than grass / better nutritional content; competition with grasses; for any resource; e.g. light / nutrients / minerals / water slow growing; AVP; e.g. few seeds produced, lack of suitable pollinators, lack of suitable / required symbiont, soil contains plenty of nitrate (so no advantage to being a nitrogen fixer, because of much animal dung) / poor seed dispersal Connectionlightning and nitrogen in soil; 	[max 3]	I competition with self A lack of light / minerals / water

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	Ans	Answers		Guidance for Examiners
(d)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	killed by local people as they feed on animals; reference to balanced ecosystem / food chain / food web; cheetahs do not eat, all impalas / all parts of an impala 'lose energy', in respiration / as heat to environment; and in movement / excretion / egestion / reproduction; offspring killed / die (while growing) by other predators / their prey	[max 4]	
(e)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<pre>idea of interdependence; if one species is lost others may become extinct; rely indirectly on plants; impala eat a variety of plants; cheetahs eat a variety of other prey animals; idea of conserving habitats; to ensure species continue for future generations to, enjoy / use; biodiversity reference;</pre>	[max 3]	A idea of knock-on effect / AW A tourism
	[Tot		Total:17]	