



# **Cambridge IGCSE™**

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**LITERATURE IN ENGLISH**

**0475/11**

Paper 1 Poetry and Prose

**May/June 2020**

**1 hour 30 minutes**



You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)

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**INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer **two** questions in total:  
Section A: answer **one** question.  
Section B: answer **one** question.
- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

**INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- All questions are worth equal marks.

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This document has **28** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

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## CONTENTS

### Section A: Poetry

<b>text</b>	<b>question numbers</b>	<b>page[s]</b>
<i>Songs of Ourselves Volume 1</i> : from Part 3	1, 2	pages 4–5
<i>Songs of Ourselves Volume 2</i> : from Part 2	3, 4	pages 6–7
Carol Ann Duffy: from <i>New Selected Poems</i>	5, 6	pages 8–9

### Section B: Prose

<b>text</b>	<b>question numbers</b>	<b>page[s]</b>
Charlotte Brontë: <i>Jane Eyre</i>	7, 8	pages 10–11
Anita Desai: <i>In Custody</i>	9, 10	pages 12–13
Charles Dickens: <i>Hard Times</i>	11, 12	pages 14–15
Zora Neale Hurston: <i>Their Eyes Were Watching God</i>	13, 14	page 16
John Knowles: <i>A Separate Peace</i>	15, 16	pages 18–19
George Orwell: <i>1984</i>	17, 18	pages 20–21
Alan Paton: <i>Cry, the Beloved Country</i>	19, 20	pages 22–23
from <i>Stories of Ourselves</i>	21, 22	pages 24–25

## SECTION A: POETRY

Answer **one** question from this section.

### ***SONGS OF OURSELVES VOLUME 1: from Part 3***

**Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.**

**Either 1** Read this poem, and then answer the question that follows it:

#### *Marrysong*

He never learned her, quite. Year after year  
 that territory, without seasons, shifted  
 under his eye. An hour he could be lost  
 in the walled anger of her quarried hurt  
 on turning, see cool water laughing where  
 the day before there were stones in her voice. 5  
 He charted. She made wilderness again.  
 Roads disappeared. The map was never true.  
 Wind brought him rain sometimes, tasting of sea –  
 and suddenly she would change the shape of shores 10  
 faultlessly calm. All, all was each day new;  
 the shadows of her love shortened or grew  
 like trees seen from an unexpected hill,  
 new country at each jaunty helpless journey.  
 So he accepted that geography, constantly strange. 15  
 Wondered. Stayed home increasingly to find  
 his way among the landscapes of her mind.

(Dennis Scott)

How does Scott strikingly portray the relationship in this poem?

- Or      2 In what ways does Dixon vividly contrast her childhood and her present life in *Plenty*?

*Plenty*

When I was young and there were five of us,  
all running riot to my mother's quiet despair,  
our old enamel tub, age-stained and pocked  
upon its griffin claws, was never full.

Such plenty was too dear in our expanse of drought  
where dams leaked dry and windmills stalled.  
Like Mommy's smile. Her lips stretched back  
and anchored down, in anger at some fault –

of mine, I thought – not knowing then  
it was a clasp to keep us all from chaos.  
She saw it always, snapping locks and straps,  
the spilling: sums and worries, shopping lists

for aspirin, porridge, petrol, bread.  
Even the toilet paper counted,  
and each month was weeks too long.  
Her mouth a lid clamped hard on this.

We thought her mean. Skipped chores,  
swiped biscuits – best of all  
when she was out of earshot  
stole another precious inch

up to our chests, such lovely sin,  
lolling luxuriant in secret warmth  
disgorged from fat brass taps,  
our old compliant co-conspirators.

Now bubbles lap my chin. I am a sybarite.  
The shower's a hot cascade  
and water's plentiful, to excess, almost, here.  
I leave the heating on.

And miss my scattered sisters,  
all those bathroom squabbles and, at last,  
my mother's smile, loosed from the bonds  
of lean, dry times and our long childhood.

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(Isobel Dixon)

**SONGS OF OURSELVES VOLUME 2: from Part 2**

**Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.**

**Either 3** Read this poem, and then answer the question that follows it:

*You will Know When You Get There*

Nobody comes up from the sea as late as this  
in the day and the season, and nobody else goes down

the last steep kilometre, wet-metalled where  
a shower passed shredding the light which keeps

pouring out of its tank in the sky, through summits,  
trees, vapours thickening and thinning. Too

credibly by half celestial, the dammed  
reservoir up there keeps emptying while the light lasts

over the sea, where it ‘gathers the gold against  
it’. The light is bits of crushed rock randomly

glinting underfoot, wetted by the short  
shower, and down you go and so in its way does

the sun which gets there first. Boys, two of them,  
turn campfirelit faces, a hesitancy to speak

is a hesitancy of the earth rolling back and away  
behind this man going down to the sea with a bag

to pick mussels, having an arrangement with the tide,  
the ocean to be shallowed three point seven metres,

one hour’s light to be left, and there’s the excrescent  
moon sponging off the last of it. A door

slams, a heavy wave, a door, the sea-floor shudders.  
Down you go alone, so late, into the surge-black fissure.

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(*Allen Curnow*)

In what ways does Curnow use words and images to powerful effect in this poem?

Or      4 How does Larkin movingly convey his feelings in *Coming*?

*Coming*

On longer evenings,

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And starts to be happy.

(*Philip Larkin*)

CAROL ANN DUFFY: from *New Selected Poems*

**Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.**

**Either 5** Read this poem, and then answer the question that follows it:

*War Photographer*

In his darkroom he is finally alone  
 with spools of suffering set out in ordered rows.  
 The only light is red and softly glows,  
 as though this were a church and he  
 a priest preparing to intone a Mass.  
 Belfast. Beirut. Phnom Penh. All flesh is grass. 5

He has a job to do. Solutions slop in trays  
 beneath his hands, which did not tremble then  
 though seem to now. Rural England. Home again  
 to ordinary pain which simple weather can dispel,  
 to fields which don't explode beneath the feet  
 of running children in a nightmare heat. 10

Something is happening. A stranger's features  
 faintly start to twist before his eyes,  
 a half-formed ghost. He remembers the cries  
 of this man's wife, how he sought approval  
 without words to do what someone must  
 and how the blood stained into foreign dust. 15

A hundred agonies in black and white  
 from which his editor will pick out five or six  
 for Sunday's supplement. The reader's eyeballs prick  
 with tears between the bath and pre-lunch beers.  
 From the aeroplane he stares impassively at where  
 he earns his living and they do not care. 20

How does Duffy powerfully convey the effect that war has on the photographer?

- Or      6      Explore the ways in which Duffy movingly conveys the passing of time in *Recognition*.

*Recognition*

Things get away from one.  
I've let myself go, I know.  
Children? I've had three  
and don't even know them.

I strain to remember a time  
when my body felt lighter.  
Years. My face is swollen  
with regrets. I put powder on,

but it flakes off. I love him,  
through habit, but the proof  
has evaporated. He gets upset.  
I tried to do all the essentials

on one trip. Foolish, yes,  
but I was weepy all morning.  
Quiche. A blond boy swung me up  
in his arms and promised the earth.

You see, this came back to me  
as I stood on the scales.  
I wept. Shallots. In the window,  
creamy ladies held a pose

which left me clogged and old.  
The waste. I'd forgotten my purse,  
fumbled; the shopgirl gaped at me,  
compassionless. Claret. I blushed.

Cheese. Kleenex. *It did happen.*  
I lay in my slip on wet grass,  
laughing. Years. I had to rush out,  
blind in a hot flush, and bumped

into an anxious, dowdy matron  
who touched the cold mirror  
and stared at me. Stared  
and said I'm sorry sorry sorry.

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## SECTION B: PROSE

Answer **one** question from this section.

**CHARLOTTE BRONTË: Jane Eyre**

**Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.**

**Either 7** Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

'Where are you going now, Mrs Fairfax?' for she was moving away.

'On to the leads; will you come and see the view from thence?' I followed still, up a very narrow staircase to the attics, and thence by a ladder and through a trap-door to the roof of the hall. I was now on a level with the crow colony, and could see into their nests. Leaning over the battlements and looking far down, I surveyed the grounds laid out like a map; the bright and velvet lawn closely girdling the gray base of the mansion; the field, wide as a park, dotted with its ancient timber; the wood, dun and sere, divided by a path visibly overgrown, greener with moss than the trees with foliage; the church at the gates, the road, the tranquil hills, all reposing in the autumn day's sun; the horizon bounded by a propitious sky, azure, marbled with pearly white. No feature in the scene was extraordinary, but all was pleasing. When I turned from it and repassed the trap-door, I could scarcely see my way down the ladder; the attic seemed black as a vault compared with that arch of blue air to which I had been looking up, and to that sunlit scene of grove, pasture, and green hill of which the hall was the centre, and over which I had been gazing with delight.

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Mrs Fairfax stayed behind a moment to fasten the trap-door. I, by dint of groping, found the outlet from the attic, and proceeded to descend the narrow garret staircase. I lingered in the long passage to which this led, separating the front and back rooms of the third story – narrow, low, and dim, with only one little window at the far end, and looking, with its two rows of small black doors all shut, like a corridor in some Bluebeard's castle.

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While I paced softly on, the last sound I expected to hear in so still a region, a laugh, struck my ear. It was a curious laugh – distinct, formal, mirthless. I stopped. The sound ceased, only for an instant. It began again, louder – for at first, though distinct, it was very low. It passed off in a clamorous peal that seemed to wake an echo in every lonely chamber, though it originated but in one, and I could have pointed out the door whence the accents issued.

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'Mrs Fairfax!' I called out – for I now heard her descending the great stairs. 'Did you hear that loud laugh? Who is it?'

'Some of the servants, very likely,' she answered; 'perhaps Grace Poole.'

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'Did you hear it?' I again inquired.

'Yes, plainly; I often hear her. She sews in one of these rooms. Sometimes Leah is with her; they are frequently noisy together.'

The laugh was repeated in its low, syllabic tone, and terminated in an odd murmur.

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'Grace!' exclaimed Mrs Fairfax.

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I really did not expect any Grace to answer, for the laugh was as tragic, as preternatural a laugh as any I ever heard; and, but that it was high noon, and that no circumstance of ghostliness accompanied the

curious cachination; but that neither scene nor season favoured fear, I  
should have been superstitiously afraid. However, the event showed me I  
was a fool for entertaining a sense even of surprise.

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The door nearest me opened, and a servant came out – a woman  
of between thirty and forty; a set, square-made figure, red-haired, and  
with a hard, plain face: any apparition less romantic or less ghostly could  
scarcely be conceived.

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'Too much noise, Grace,' said Mrs Fairfax. 'Remember directions!' Grace curseyed silently and went in.

'She is a person we have to sew and assist Leah in her housemaid's  
work,' continued the widow; 'not altogether unobjectionable in some points,  
but she does well enough. By the bye, how have you got on with your new  
pupil this morning?'

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The conversation, thus turned on Adèle, continued till we reached the  
light and cheerful region below. Adèle came running to meet us in the hall,  
exclaiming –

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'Mesdames, vous êtes servies!' adding, 'J'ai bien faim, moi!'

We found dinner ready, and waiting for us in Mrs Fairfax's room.

*[from Chapter 11]*

In what ways does Brontë make this such an intriguing moment in the novel?

**Or**      **8**      Explore how Brontë makes Mr Brocklehurst such a hateful character.

**ANITA DESAI: *In Custody***

**Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.**

**Either 9** Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

The door led into an inner courtyard, a small and private one that he had not known lay behind the outer one into which all visitors were admitted.

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And she wants to stop it.'

*[from Chapter 7]*

How does Desai strikingly convey Deven's experience at this moment in the novel?

- Or** **10** Explore **two** moments in the novel in which Desai vividly conveys that Deven feels trapped.

Do **not** use the passage printed in **Question 9** in answering this question.

CHARLES DICKENS: *Hard Times*

**Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.**

**Either 11** Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

'Harthouse!' cried Mr Bounderby. 'Have you heard?'

'Heard what?' said Harthouse, soothing his horse, and inwardly favouring Mr Bounderby with no good wishes.

'Then you *haven't* heard!'

'I have heard you, and so has this brute. I have heard nothing else.'

Mr Bounderby, red and hot, planted himself in the centre of the path before the horse's head, to explode his bombshell with more effect.

'The Bank's robbed!'

'You don't mean it!'

'Robbed last night, sir. Robbed in an extraordinary manner. Robbed with a false key.'

'Of much?'

Mr Bounderby, in his desire to make the most of it, really seemed mortified by being obliged to reply, 'Why, no; not of very much. But it might have been.'

'Of how much?'

'Oh! as a sum – if you stick to a sum – of not more than a hundred and fifty pound,' said Bounderby, with impatience. 'But it's not the sum; it's the fact. It's the fact of the Bank being robbed, that's the important circumstance. I am surprised you don't see it.'

'My dear Bounderby,' said James, dismounting, and giving his bridle to his servant, 'I do see it; and am as overcome as you can possibly desire me to be, by the spectacle afforded to my mental view. Nevertheless, I may be allowed, I hope, to congratulate you – which I do with all my soul, I assure you – on your not having sustained a greater loss.'

'Thank'ee,' replied Bounderby, in a short, ungracious manner. 'But I tell you what. It might have been twenty thousand pound.'

'I suppose it might.'

'Suppose it might! By the Lord, you *may* suppose so. By George!' said Mr Bounderby, with sundry menacing nods and shakes of his head, 'it might have been twice twenty. There's no knowing what it would have been, or wouldn't have been, as it was, but for the fellows' being disturbed.'

Louisa had come up now, and Mrs Sparsit, and Bitzer.

'Here's Tom Gradgrind's daughter knows pretty well what it might have been, if you don't,' blustered Bounderby. 'Dropped, sir, as if she was shot when I told her! Never knew her do such a thing before. Does her credit, under the circumstances, in my opinion!'

She still looked faint and pale. James Harthouse begged her to take his arm; and as they moved on very slowly, asked her how the robbery had been committed.

'Why, I am going to tell you,' said Bounderby, irritably giving his arm to Mrs Sparsit. 'If you hadn't been so mighty particular about the sum, I should have begun to tell you before. You know this lady (for she *is* a lady), Mrs Sparsit?'

'I have already had the honour –

'Very well. And this young man, Bitzer, you saw him too on the same occasion?' Mr Harthouse inclined his head in assent, and Bitzer knuckled his forehead.

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'Very well. They live at the Bank. You know they live at the Bank, perhaps? Very well. Yesterday afternoon, at the close of business hours, everything was put away as usual. In the iron room that this young fellow sleeps outside of, there was never mind how much. In the little safe in young Tom's closet, the safe used for petty purposes, there was a hundred and fifty odd pound.'

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'A hundred and fifty-four, seven, one,' said Bitzer.

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'Come!' retorted Bounderby, stopping to wheel round upon him, 'let's have none of *your* interruptions. It's enough to be robbed while you're snoring because you're too comfortable, without being put right with *your* four seven ones. I didn't snore, myself, when I was your age, let me tell you. I hadn't victuals enough to snore. And I didn't four seven one. Not if I knew it.'

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Bitzer knuckled his forehead again, in a sneaking manner, and seemed at once particularly impressed and depressed by the instance last given of Mr Bounderby's moral abstinence.

*[from Book 2 Chapter 8]*

In what ways does Dickens make this moment in the novel so entertaining?

Or

12 To what extent does Dickens persuade you to change your view of Mr Gradgrind?

**ZORA NEALE HURSTON: *Their Eyes Were Watching God***

**Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.**

**Either 13** Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

She was stretched on her back beneath the pear tree soaking in the alto chant of the visiting bees, the gold of the sun and the panting breath of the breeze when the inaudible voice of it all came to her.

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That was the end of her childhood.

*[from Chapter 2]*

Explore how Hurston strikingly depicts this significant moment in Janie's life.

**Or 14** How does Hurston vividly portray the suffering of Janie and Tea Cake after he is bitten by the dog?

**TURN OVER FOR QUESTION 15.**

JOHN KNOWLES: *A Separate Peace*

**Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.**

**Either 15** Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

Finny turned toward me. "You were down at the bottom, weren't you?" he asked, not in the official courtroom tone he had used before, but in a friend's voice.

I had been studying very carefully the way my hands wrinkled when tightly clenched, but I was able to bring my head up and return his inquiring look. "Down at the bottom, yes." 5

Finny went on. "Did you see the tree shake or anything?" He flushed faintly at what seemed to him the absurdity of his own question. "I've always meant to ask you, just for the hell of it."

I took this under consideration. "I don't recall anything like that ..." 10

"Nutty question," he muttered.

"I thought you were in the tree," the platform voice cut in.

"Well of course," Finny said with an exasperated chuckle, "of course I was in the tree—oh you mean Gene?—he wasn't in—is that what you mean, or—" Finny floundered with muddled honesty between me and my questioner. 15

"I meant Gene," the voice said.

"Of course Finny was in the tree," I said. But I couldn't make the confusion last, "and I was down at the bottom, or climbing the rungs I think ..." 20

"How do you expect him to remember?" said Finny sharply. "There was a hell of a lot of confusion right then."

"A kid I used to play with was hit by a car once when I was about eleven years old," said Brinker seriously, "and I remember every single thing about it, exactly where I was standing, the color of the sky, the noise the brakes of the car made—I never will forget anything about it." 25

"You and I are two different people," I said.

"No one's accusing you of anything," Brinker responded in an odd tone.

"Well of course no one's *accusing* me—"

"Don't argue so much," his voice tried for a hard compromise, full of warning and yet striving to pass unnoticed by the others. 30

"No, we're not accusing you," a boy on the platform said evenly, and then I stood accused.

"I think I remember now!" Finny broke in, his eyes bright and relieved. "Yes, I remember seeing you standing on the bank. You were looking up and your hair was plastered down over your forehead so that you had that dumb look you always have when you've been in the water—what was it you said? 'Stop posing up there' or one of those best-pal cracks you're always making." He was very happy. "And I think I did start to pose just to make you madder, and I said, what did I say? something about the two of us ... yes, I said 'Let's make a double jump,' because I thought if we went together it would be something that had never been done before, holding hands in a jump—" Then it was as though someone suddenly slapped him. "No, that was on the ground when I said that to you. I said that to you on the ground, and then the two of us started to climb ..." he broke off. 35

"The two of you," the boy on the platform went on harshly for him, "started to climb up the tree together, was that it? And he's just said he was on the ground!" 40

"Or on the rungs!" I burst out. "I said I might have been on the rungs!"

"Who else was there?" said Brinker quietly. "Leper Lepellier was there, wasn't he?"

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"Yes," someone said, "Leper was there."

"Leper always was the exact type when it came to details," continued Brinker. "He could have told us where everybody was standing, what everybody was wearing, the whole conversation that day, and what the temperature was. He could have cleared the whole thing up. Too bad."

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No one said anything. Phineas had been sitting motionless, leaning slightly forward, not far from the position in which we prayed at Devon. After a long time he turned and reluctantly looked at me. I did not return his look or move or speak. Then at last Finny straightened from this prayerful position slowly, as though it was painful for him. "Leper's here," he said in a voice so quiet, and with such quiet unconscious dignity, that he was suddenly terrifyingly strange to me. "I saw him go into Dr. Carhart's office this morning."

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"Here! Go get him," said Brinker immediately to the two boys who had come with us. "He must be in Carhart's rooms if he hasn't gone back home."

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I kept quiet. To myself, however, I made a number of swift, automatic calculations: that Leper was no threat, no one would ever believe Leper; Leper was deranged, he was not of sound mind and if people couldn't make out their own wills when not in sound mind certainly they couldn't testify in something like this.

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*[from Chapter 11]*

How does Knowles make this such a dramatic and significant moment in the novel?

Or

- 16** Explore the ways in which Knowles vividly depicts how life at Devon School changes from summer to winter.

## GEORGE ORWELL: 1984

**Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.**

**Either 17** Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

Winston picked his way up the lane through dappled light and shade, stepping out into pools of gold wherever the boughs parted. Under the trees to the left of him the ground was misty with bluebells. The air seemed to kiss one's skin. It was the second of May. From somewhere deeper in the heart of the wood came the droning of ringdoves.

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He was a bit early. There had been no difficulties about the journey, and the girl was so evidently experienced that he was less frightened than he would normally have been. Presumably she could be trusted to find a safe place. In general you could not assume that you were much safer in the country than in London. There were no telescreens, of course, but there was always the danger of concealed microphones by which your voice might be picked up and recognised; besides, it was not easy to make a journey by yourself without attracting attention. For distances of less than a hundred kilometres it was not necessary to get your passport endorsed, but sometimes there were patrols hanging about the railway stations, who examined the papers of any Party member they found there and asked awkward questions. However, no patrols had appeared, and on the walk from the station he had made sure by cautious backward glances that he was not being followed. The train was full of proles, in holiday mood because of the summery weather. The wooden-seated carriage in which he travelled was filled to overflowing by a single enormous family, ranging from a toothless great-grandmother to a month-old baby, going out to spend an afternoon with 'in-laws' in the country, and, as they freely explained to Winston, to get hold of a little black-market butter.

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The lane widened, and in a minute he came to the footpath she had told him of, a mere cattle-track which plunged between the bushes. He had no watch, but it could not be fifteen yet. The bluebells were so thick underfoot that it was impossible not to tread on them. He knelt down and began picking some, partly to pass the time away, but also from a vague idea that he would like to have a bunch of flowers to offer to the girl when they met. He had got together a big bunch and was smelling their faint sickly scent when a sound at his back froze him, the unmistakable crackle of a foot on twigs. He went on picking bluebells. It was the best thing to do. It might be the girl, or he might have been followed after all. To look round was to show guilt. He picked another and another. A hand fell lightly on his shoulder.

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He looked up. It was the girl. She shook her head, evidently as a warning that he must keep silent, then, parted the bushes and quickly led the way along the narrow track into the wood. Obviously she had been that way before, for she dodged the boggy bits as though by habit. Winston followed, still clasping his bunch of flowers. His first feeling was relief, but as he watched the strong slender body moving in front of him, with the scarlet sash that was just tight enough to bring out the curve of her hips, the sense of his own inferiority was heavy upon him. Even now it seemed quite likely that when she turned round and looked at him she would draw back after all. The sweetness of the air and the greenness of the leaves daunted him. Already on the walk from the station the May sunshine had made him feel dirty and etiolated, a creature of indoors, with the sooty dust

of London in the pores of his skin. It occurred to him that till now she had probably never seen him in broad daylight in the open. They came to the fallen tree that she had spoken of. The girl hopped over it and forced apart the bushes, in which there did not seem to be an opening. When Winston followed her, he found that they were in a natural clearing, a tiny grassy knoll surrounded by tall saplings that shut it in completely. The girl stopped and turned.

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'Here we are,' she said.

He was facing her at several paces' distance. As yet he did not dare move nearer to her.

'I didn't want to say anything in the lane,' she went on, 'in case there's a mike hidden there. I don't suppose there is, but there could be. There's always the chance of one of those swine recognising your voice. We're all right here.'

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He still had not the courage to approach her. 'We're all right here?' he repeated stupidly.

'Yes. Look at the trees.' They were small ashes, which at some time had been cut down and had sprouted up again into a forest of poles, none of them thicker than one's wrist. 'There's nothing big enough to hide a mike in. Besides, I've been here before.'

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*[from Part 2]*

How does Orwell memorably convey Winston's thoughts and feelings at this moment in the novel?

Or

**18** In what ways does Orwell's portrayal of the Proles contribute to the impact of the novel?

**ALAN PATON: *Cry, the Beloved Country***

**Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.**

**Either 19** Read this passage, and then answer the question that follows it:

Kumalo returned to Mrs Lithebe's tired and dispirited. The two women were silent, and he had no desire to speak to them, and none to play with his small nephew. He withdrew into his room, and sat silent there, waiting till he could summon strength enough to go to the Mission House. But while he sat, there was a knock at his door, and Mrs Lithebe stood there with the young white man. Fresh from the pain of their encounter, Kumalo shrank from him; and at that sign, the young man frowned, and spoke to Mrs Lithebe in Sesuto, so that she withdrew.

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Kumalo stood up, an old bowed man. He sought for humble and pleading words, but none came to him. And because he could not look at the young man, he fixed his eyes on the floor.

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– Umfundisi.

– Sir?

The young man looked angrier than ever. I am sorry, umfundisi, that I spoke such angry words, he said. I have come to speak to you about this matter of a lawyer.

15

– Sir?

Indeed it was hard to speak to a man who stood thus before one. Umfundisi, do you wish me to speak to you?

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Kumalo struggled within himself. For it is thus with a black man, who has learned to be humble and who yet desires to be something that is himself.

– Sir, he said again.

– Umfundisi, said the young man patiently, I know how it is. Will you not sit down?

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So Kumalo sat down, and the young man, still frowning angrily, stood and talked to him.

– I spoke like that because I was grieved and because I try to give myself to my work. And when my work goes wrong, I hurt myself and I hurt others also. But then I grow ashamed, and that is why I am here.

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And then because Kumalo was still silent, he said, Do you understand?

And Kumalo said, Yes, I understand. He turned his face so that the young man could see that the hurt was gone out of it. I understand completely, he said.

The young man stopped frowning. About this lawyer, he said. I think you must have a lawyer. Not because the truth must not be told, but because I do not trust your brother. You can see what is in his mind. His plan is to deny that his son and the third man were with your son. Now you and I do not know whether that will make matters worse or not, but a lawyer would know. And another thing also, Absalom says that he fired the revolver because he was afraid, with no intention of killing the white man. It needs a lawyer to make the court believe that that is true.

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– Yes, I see that.

– Do you know of any lawyer, of your Church maybe?

– No, sir, I do not. But it was my plan to go to see Father Vincent at the Mission House, when I had rested for a while.

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– Are you rested now?

– Your visit has put a fresh heart into me, sir. I felt ...

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– Yes, I know.

The young man frowned and said, as if to himself, It is my great fault.  
Shall we go then?

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So they walked to the Mission House, and were shown into Father Vincent's room, and there they talked for a long time with the rosy-cheeked priest from England.

– I think I could get a good man to take the case, said Father Vincent.  
I think we are all agreed that it is to be the truth and nothing but the truth,  
and that the defence will be that the shot was fired in fear and not to kill.  
Our lawyer will tell us what to do about this other matter, the possibility,  
my friend, that your nephew and the other young man will deny that they  
were there. For it appears that it is only your son who states that they were  
there. For us it is to be the truth, and nothing but the truth, and indeed, the  
man I am thinking of would not otherwise take the case. I shall see him as  
soon as possible.

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– And what about the marriage? asked the young man.

– I shall ask him about that also. I do not know if it can be arranged,  
but I should gladly marry them if it can be.

60

So they rose to separate, and Father Vincent put his hand on the old  
man's arm. Be of good courage, he said. Whatever happens, your son  
will be severely punished, but if his defence is accepted, it will not be the  
extreme punishment. And while there is life, there is hope for amendment  
of life.

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– That is now always in my mind, said Kumalo. But my hope is little.

– Stay here and speak with me, said Father Vincent.

– And I must go, said the young white man. But umfundisi, I am ready  
to help if my help is needed.

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*[from Book 2 Chapter 15]*

How does Paton make this such a moving moment in the novel?

Or

20 How does Paton powerfully convey James Jarvis's changing attitude to Ndotsheni?

from *Stories of Ourselves*

**Remember to support your ideas with details from the writing.**

- Either 21** Read this passage from *The Fall of the House of Usher* (by Edgar Allan Poe), and then answer the question that follows it:

No sooner had these syllables passed my lips, than – as if a shield of brass had indeed, at the moment, fallen heavily upon a floor of silver – I became aware of a distinct, hollow, metallic, and clangorous, yet apparently muffled reverberation. Completely unnerved, I leaped to my feet; but the measured rocking movement of Usher was undisturbed. I rushed to the chair in which he sat. His eyes were bent fixedly before him, and throughout his whole countenance there reigned a stony rigidity. But, as I placed my hand upon his shoulder, there came a strong shudder over his whole person; a sickly smile quivered about his lips; and I saw that he spoke in a low, hurried, and gibbering murmur, as if unconscious of my presence. Bending closely over him, I at length drank in the hideous import of his words.

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'Not hear it? – yes, I hear it, and *have* heard it. Long – long – long – many minutes, many hours, many days, have I heard it – yet I dared not – oh, pity me, miserable wretch that I am! – I dared not – I *dared* not speak! *We have put her living in the tomb!* Said I not that my senses were acute? I now tell you that I heard her first feeble movements in the hollow coffin. I heard them – many, many days ago – yet I dared not – I *dared not speak!* And now – to-night – Ethelred – ha! ha! – the breaking of the hermit's door, and the death-cry of the dragon, and the clangour of the shield! – say, rather, the rending of her coffin, and the grating of the iron hinges of her prison, and her struggles within the coppered archway of the vault! Oh whither shall I fly? Will she not be here anon? Is she not hurrying to upbraid me for my haste? Have I not heard her footstep on the stair? Do I not distinguish that heavy and horrible beating of her heart? MADMAN!' – here he sprang furiously to his feet, and shrieked out his syllables, as if in the effort he were giving up his soul – 'MADMAN! I TELL YOU THAT SHE NOW STANDS WITHOUT THE DOOR!'

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As if in the superhuman energy of his utterance there had been found the potency of a spell – the huge antique panels to which the speaker pointed, threw slowly back, upon the instant, their ponderous and ebony jaws. It was the work of the rushing gust – but then without those doors there DID stand the lofty and enshrouded figure of the lady Madeline of Usher. There was blood upon her white robes, and the evidence of some bitter struggle upon every portion of her emaciated frame. For a moment she remained trembling and reeling to and fro upon the threshold, then, with a low moaning cry, fell heavily inward upon the person of her brother, and in her violent and now final death-agonies, bore him to the floor a corpse, and a victim to the terrors he had anticipated.

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From that chamber, and from that mansion, I fled aghast. The storm was still abroad in all its wrath as I found myself crossing the old causeway. Suddenly there shot along the path a wild light, and I turned to see whence a gleam so unusual could have issued; for the vast house and its shadows were alone behind me. The radiance was that of the full, setting, and blood-red moon which now shone vividly through that once barely-discernible fissure of which I have before spoken as extending from the roof of the building, in a zigzag direction, to the base. While I gazed,

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this fissure rapidly widened – there came a fierce breath of the whirlwind – the entire orb of the satellite burst at once upon my sight – my brain reeled as I saw the mighty walls rushing asunder – there was a long tumultuous shouting sound like the voice of a thousand waters – and the deep and dank tarn at my feet closed sullenly and silently over the fragments of the 'HOUSE OF USHER'.

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Explore the ways in which Poe makes this such a frightening ending to the story.

- Or      **22** In the story *The Bath* (by Janet Frame), how does Frame movingly depict the old woman's life?





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