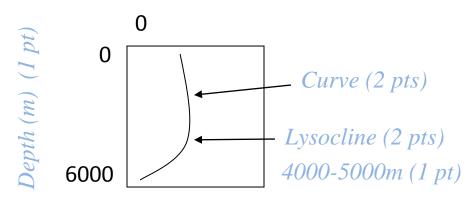
Round: 6A

1. Starting with the mixing of carbon dioxide and water, write out the balanced, stepwise reactions and the overall balanced reaction that represent the oceanic carbonate buffering system.

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Stepwise Equations: Balanced Equation: H_2O + CO_2 \rightarrow H_2CO_3 (1 pt) H_2CO_3 \rightarrow H^+ + HCO_3^- (1 pt) H_2CO_3 \rightarrow H^+ + HCO_3^- \rightarrow 2 H^+ + CO_3^{-2} (1 pt) H_3CO_3 \rightarrow H^+ + HCO_3^- \rightarrow 2 H^+ + CO_3^{-2} (1 pt)
```

2. Please plot a vertical profile of calcium carbonate concentration versus water depth in the Atlantic Ocean. Label all axes and indicate the lysocline at an appropriate depth.

Calcium carbonate concentration (2 pts)



- 3. How would the above plot appear in a more acidic ocean?

 The lysocline would be at a shallower depth (3 pts) and the calcite concentrations would be reduced (3 pts)
- 4. What life stage of a sea urchin is most vulnerable to ocean acidification? *Larval OR Juvenile* (2 pts)

References: Sverdrup, K A, A C Duxbury, and A B Duxbury. 2003. An Introduction to the World's Oceans. McGraw-Hill. Medakovic, D. 2000 Carbonic anhydrase activity and biomineralization process in embryos, larvae and adult blue mussels Mytilus edulis L, Helgoland Marine Res., 54, 1–6.

Raven, J., Caldeira, K., Elderfield, H., Hoegh-Guldberg, O., Liss, P., Riebesell, U., Shepherd, J., Turley, C., and Watson, A. 2005. Ocean acidification due to increasing atmospheric carbon dioxide. The Royal Society policy document 12/05, The Cloyvedon Press, Cardiff, 58 pp.