## Software Specifications Context-Free Grammar Example

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## Example

Given the following, find the grammar for B:

$$\Sigma = \{a, b, c, d\}$$

$$B = \{a^i b^{2k} c^k d^{3i} \mid i, k > 1\} \cup \{a^r b^{2r} c^s d^{3s} \mid r, s > 1\}.$$

We can see that in both sets, a, b and c, d are related in the first set and a, b and c, d re related in the second set because of the exponents. Note that union is like saying or. Thus the first rule is

$$S \to X \mid Y$$

now we can continue with defining X and Y.

We can then define X as an option between it's two related parts:

$$S \to aXd^3 \mid aZd^3$$

Note that X is in the first option because it can continue to make a, d until it switches to the Z option where it will make the inner part of the string.

$$Z \rightarrow b^2 Zc \mid b^2$$
.

Where the second option is the terminal string for X

Now we can move on to Y

$$Y \to UW$$
.

Note that capital letters like W,U are variables. The above rule represents the concatenation of the two strings U,W

Now, to define U:

$$U \to aUb^2 \mid ab^2$$
.

which represents U's recursive and terminal strings.

Finally, W is written as

$$W \to cWd^3 \mid cd^3$$
.

Which has a similar form to U

Thus we have found the recursive grammar rules for the union of sets B