-----#CISC235 A1 ReadMe#------

Question 1 =======

|running the code:

in order to run the code for q1 all one must do is openql.py and run the ' main ' method.

in pycharm all one has to do is click the green play buttonbeside said method.

to change the parameters alter the [n] and [k start] variables inthe main method

|lowest k:

in order to test what the lowest [k] could be i created 2functions, test() and experiment() where test could test eachalgorithm with the specified data (n = [1000, 5000, 10000]; targets = [half are from list to be searched]) and experimentlogged the time it took to search through an ever increasingnumber of targets until the time it took to complete algorithm bwas less than the time for algorithm a.

my results were:

	n		1000	5000	10,000
	====	= =			======
k smal	lest		108	740	1460
k aver	age		~150	~850	~1700

Question 2 ========

in order to run tis program all one must do is find the main method in q2.py and run it.

the tests are printed in the console. the display is meant to show if the Stack class and its methods are working

correctly. if they are, the 'result' and 'control' values in each row should be the same.

for example:

pop test:			
results	control		
['world']	['world']		
[]	[]		
world	world		

shows the original list followed by the list after being popped and the value obtained from using pop

NOTE: the control output is constant so if one were to change the parameters in the functions, the 'results' and 'control' would not match up.

Question 3

the operation of this program is straightforward: go to q3.py and run the main method.

the program will output a series of Circular Queues with operations applied to them.

first, a queue is created and tested for elements by dequeue-ing it and printing it.

second the queue is enqueued until it is full. finally, the queue is dequeued until it is empty.

```
HEAD-[]-TAIL [] [] [] [] ...enqueue...

HEAD->[0]->TAIL [1] [2] [3] [4] ...dequeue...

HEAD->[]->TAIL [] [] [] []
```

the test parameters can largely be changed by altering the variable that dictates the range of the loops.