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ECE 6370 Homework 8

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```
clear all; close all;
```

Problem 1

Admittance Matrix

```
% Read in currents from NEC output
I1 = dlmread('hw811.txt');
I2 = dlmread('hw812.txt');
I3 = dlmread('hw813.txt');

Y11 = I1(6,1) + j*I1(6,2);
Y12 = I1(6+11,1) + j*I1(6+11,2);
Y13 = I1(6+11*2,1) + j*I1(6+11*2,2);

Y21 = I2(6,1) + j*I2(6,2);
Y22 = I2(6+11,1) + j*I2(6+11,2);
Y23 = I2(6+11*2,1) + j*I2(6+11*2,2);

Y31 = I3(6,1) + j*I3(6,2);
Y32 = I3(6+11,1) + j*I3(6+11,2);
Y33 = I3(6+11*2,1) + j*I3(6+11*2,2);

% Calculate admittance matrix
Y = [Y11 Y12 Y13;
      Y21 Y22 Y23;
      Y31 Y32 Y33];

% Print admittance matrix in magnitude/angle pairs
admit = sprintf([' 1. Admittance matrix Y = \n'...
    '[ %2.5f <%2.5f \t %2.5f <%2.5f \t %2.5f <%2.5f \n' ...
    ' %2.5f <%2.5f \t %2.5f <%2.5f \t %2.5f <%2.5f \n'...
    ' %2.5f <%2.5f \t %2.5f <%2.5f \t %2.5f <%2.5f ]\n\n'],...
    abs(Y11), angle(Y11), abs(Y12), angle(Y12), abs(Y13),
    angle(Y13), ...
```

```

        abs(Y21), angle(Y21), abs(Y22), angle(Y22), abs(Y23),
        angle(Y23), ...
        abs(Y31), angle(Y31), abs(Y32), angle(Y32), abs(Y33), angle(Y33));
disp(admit)

1. Admittance matrix Y =
[ 0.00867 <-0.41036    0.00410 <0.71744    0.00075 <-1.97439
  0.00410 <0.71744    0.00756 <-0.23012    0.00410 <0.71744
  0.00075 <-1.97439    0.00410 <0.71744    0.00867 <-0.41036 ]

```

Problem 2

Impedance Matrix

```

% Calculate impedance matrix
Z = inv(Y);

% Print impedance matrix in magnitude/angle pairs
imped = sprintf(['2. Impedance matrix Z = \n'...
    '[ %2.5f <%2.5f \t %2.5f <%2.5f \t %2.5f <%2.5f \n' ...
    ' %2.5f <%2.5f \t %2.5f <%2.5f \t %2.5f <%2.5f \n'...
    ' %2.5f <%2.5f \t %2.5f <%2.5f \t %2.5f <%2.5f ]\n\n'],...
    abs(Z(1,1)), angle(Z(1,1)), abs(Z(1,2)), angle(Z(1,2)),
    abs(Z(1,3)), angle(Z(1,3)), ...
    abs(Z(2,1)), angle(Z(2,1)), abs(Z(2,2)), angle(Z(2,2)),
    abs(Z(2,3)), angle(Z(2,3)), ...
    abs(Z(3,1)), angle(Z(3,1)), abs(Z(3,2)), angle(Z(3,2)),
    abs(Z(3,3)), angle(Z(3,3)));
disp(imped);

2. Impedance matrix Z =
[ 96.98921 <0.53202    46.01923 <-1.37875    28.32859 <2.68076
  46.01923 <-1.37875    97.77180 <0.54888    46.01923 <-1.37875
  28.32859 <2.68076    46.01923 <-1.37875    96.98921 <0.53202 ]

```

Problem 3

Ordinary Endfire Array Voltage

```

% Calculate Vn
I0 = 0.1; % [A]
lambda = 3e8/1.5e9; % [m]
k = (2*pi)/lambda; % [rad/m]
d = 7.5e-2; % [m]

In = zeros(3,1);
for n=1:3
    In(n) = I0 * exp(-j * (n-1) * k * d);
end

```

```

Vn = Z*In;

% Print magnitude and angle of Vn
showVn = sprintf(['3. Ordinary Endfire Array Voltage Vn = \n' ...
    '[ %2.5f <%2.5f \n %2.5f <%2.5f \n %2.5f <%2.5f ] \n\n'], ...
    abs(Vn(1)), angle(Vn(1)), abs(Vn(2)), ...
    angle(Vn(2)), abs(Vn(3)), angle(Vn(3)));
disp(showVn)

3. Ordinary Endfire Array Voltage Vn =
[ 5.94476 <0.98567
 13.50564 <-1.33884
 16.60422 <2.31706 ]

```

Problem 4

Driving Point Impedance

```

% Calculate Zdn
Zdn = Vn/In;

% Print magnitude and angle of Zdn
showZdn = sprintf(['4. Driving Point Impedance Zdn = \n' ...
    '[ %2.5f <%2.5f \n %2.5f <%2.5f \n %2.5f <%2.5f ] \n\n'], ...
    abs(Zdn(1)), angle(Zdn(1)), abs(Zdn(2)), ...
    angle(Zdn(2)), abs(Zdn(3)), angle(Zdn(3)));
disp(showZdn)

4. Driving Point Impedance Zdn =
[ 59.44764 <0.98567
 135.05640 <-1.33884
 166.04223 <2.31706 ]

```

Problem 5

3D Pattern with Vn

```

% Print real and imaginary parts of Vn
showVn2 = sprintf(['5. Ordinary Endfire Array Voltage Vn = \n' ...
    '[ %2.5f + i%2.5f \n %2.5f + i%2.5f \n %2.5f + i%2.5f ] \n
\n'], ...
    real(Vn(1)), imag(Vn(1)), real(Vn(2)), imag(Vn(2)), ...
    real(Vn(3)), imag(Vn(3)));
disp(showVn2)

5. Ordinary Endfire Array Voltage Vn =
[ 3.28333 + i4.95580
 3.10466 + i-13.14395

```

$-11.27266 + i12.19128]$

Problem 6

3D Pattern with $\sim V_n$

```
Vn16 = Z(1,1)*In(1);
Vn26 = Z(2,2)*In(2);
Vn36 = Z(3,3)*In(3);

Vn6 = [Vn16; Vn26; Vn36];

% Print magnitude and angle of Vapprox
showVn6mag = sprintf(['6.1. Approximated Voltage  $\sim V_n = \backslash n$  ...
    '[ %2.5f <%2.5f \n %2.5f <%2.5f \n %2.5f <%2.5f ] \n\n'], ...
    abs(Vn16), angle(Vn16), abs(Vn26), ...
    angle(Vn26), abs(Vn36), angle(Vn36));
disp(showVn6mag)

% Print real and imaginary parts of Vapprox
showVn6RI = sprintf(['6.2. Approximated Voltage  $\sim V_n = \backslash n$  ...
    '[ %2.5f + i%2.5f \n %2.5f + i%2.5f \n %2.5f + i%2.5f ] \n
    \n'], ...
    real(Vn6(1)), imag(Vn6(1)), real(Vn6(2)), imag(Vn6(2)), ...
    real(Vn6(3)), imag(Vn6(3)));
disp(showVn6RI)

disp(['Problem 6 shows the approximated  $V_n$  gives bigger back and
    side' ...
    'lobes than Problem 5 plots with actual  $V_n$ .'])

6.1. Approximated Voltage  $\sim V_n =$ 
[ 9.69892 <0.53202
  9.77718 <-1.80732
  9.69892 <2.10281 ]

6.2. Approximated Voltage  $\sim V_n =$ 
[ 8.35839 + i4.92000
 -2.29101 + i-9.50497
 -4.92000 + i8.35839 ]
```

Problem 6 shows the approximated V_n gives bigger back and sidelobes than Problem 5 plots with actual V_n .

Problem 7

```
% Element Pattern
l = 0.05; % [cm]
eta = 377; % [Ohms]
```

```

r = 1; % [m]
theta = linspace(-pi,pi,5000);
elementE = (j*eta*I0*exp(-j*k*r)) / (2*pi*r) * ( cos(k.*l.*cos(theta))
- cos(k.*l) ) ./ sin(theta);
figure;
polarplot(theta, abs(elementE));
title('7. Element Pattern')

% Array Factor
del = k.*d.*cos(theta-pi/2) - k.*d; % subtract pi/2 to flip pattern
N = 3;
arrayFactor = abs(sin(N.*del./2) ./ sin(del./2));
figure;
polarplot(theta, arrayFactor);
title('7. Array Factor')

% Pattern from Theory
arrayTheory = elementE .* arrayFactor;

% Pattern from NEC
necE_theta = dlmread('hw85.out', '', [201,8,201+360/2,8]);
necTheta = deg2rad(0:2:360);
figure;
polarplot(theta, abs(arrayTheory), '-', necTheta,
abs(necE_theta), '--');
title('7. Theoretical Antenna Pattern vs NEC Pattern');
legend('Theoretical Pattern (solid)', 'NEC Pattern (dashed)')

```

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