

Caitlin Snyder
Flat Iron - Data Science
Module 5



#### DengAl: Predicting Disease Spread





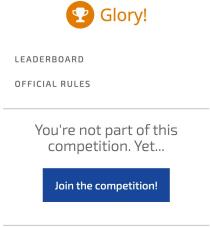


#### Challenge Summary



#### Can you predict local epidemics of dengue fever?

Dengue fever is a mosquito-borne disease that occurs in tropical and sub-tropical parts of the world. In mild cases, symptoms are similar to the flu: fever, rash, and muscle and joint pain. In severe cases, dengue fever can cause severe bleeding, low blood pressure, and even death.

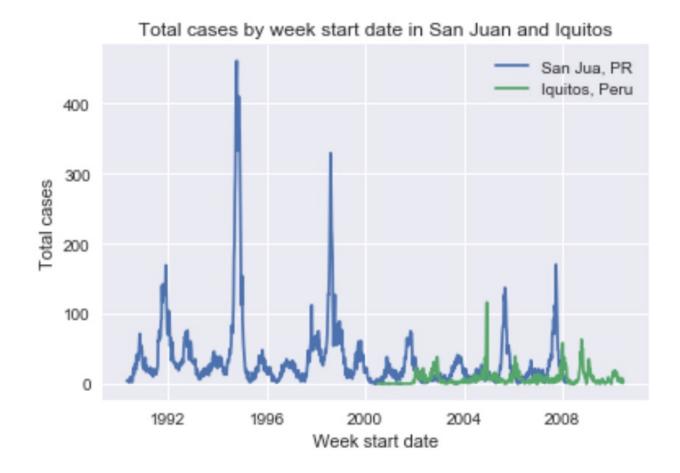


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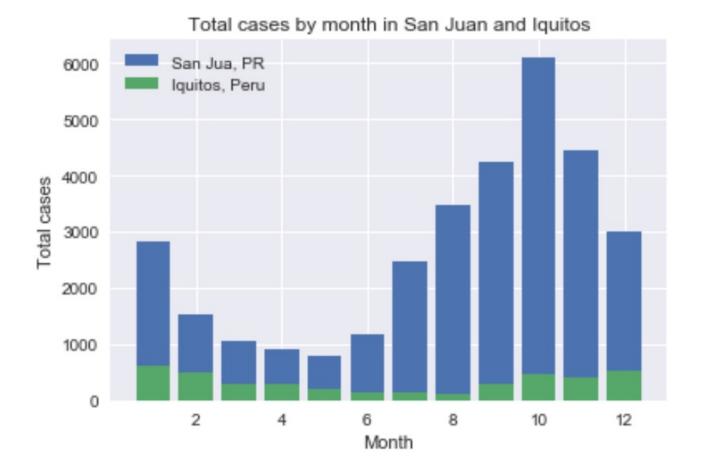
#### **Research Question**

Given weekly dengue case counts in Puerto Rico and Peru, can we accurately predict future weekly case counts?

Assessing the overall picture



Assessing the overall picture



Introducing
outside variables
using domain
knowledge



Global warming phases



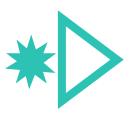
# Compared models



### Linear

Train r^2: 0.771
Train MSE: 6.78303
Train MAE: 2.20818

Test r^2: 0.75631 Test MSE: 7.10791 Test MAE: 2.25338



## GradientBoost

Train r^2: 0.8886 Train MSE: 3.29981 Train MAE: 1.50684 Test r^2: 0.80121 Test MSE: 5.79827 Test MAE: 2.00905



### AdaBoost

Train r^2: 0.79614 Train MSE: 6.03833 Train MAE: 2.12837 Test r^2: 0.765 Test MSE: 6.85441 Test MAE: 2.26498

## Take-aways

- Cooler, drier conditions are less likely to see high dengue case counts.
- If you have a choice, avoid travel to tropical climates during wet season or take proper precautions.

Future avenues for exploration

- What is the influence of population density?
- What is the influence of mosquito net distributions?

#### Sources

- https://history.aip.org/climate/timeline.htm
- https://machinelearningmastery.com/how-to-usestatistics-to-identify-outliers-in-data/
- http://68.183.140.86:57267/notebooks/dsc-regression-assumptions-online-ds-sp-000/index.ipynb
- https://github.com/learn-co-curriculum/dsc-olsstatsmodels-lab/tree/solution

## Thank you!