



# Introducción a las Redes Neuronales con

PYTORCH



# HELLO!



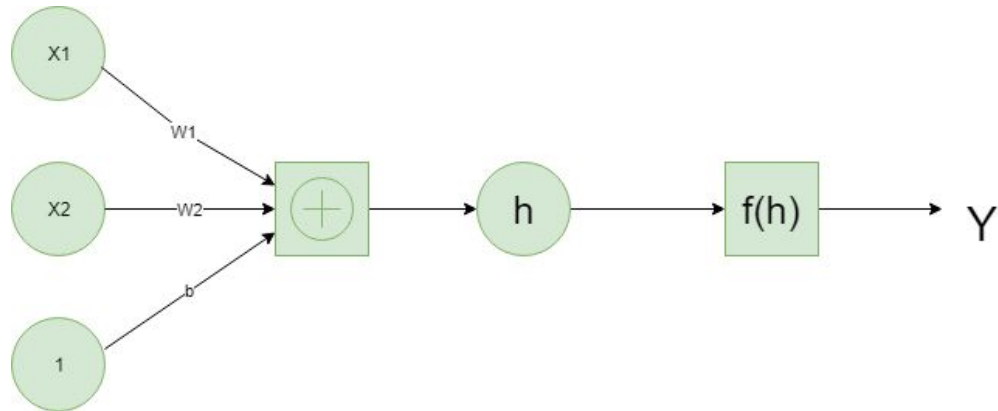
[Linkedin](#)

[calasius@gmail.com](mailto:calasius@gmail.com)

# Agenda

MLP multiplicando matrices	→	redes neuronales en pytorch	→
Clasificador dígitos MNIST	→	Clasificador Fashion MNIST	→
Inferencia y validación	→	Dropout	→
Leer y salvar modelos	→	carga de imágenes	→
Transfer learning convolucionales	→	Que aprenden los filtros de las redes	→

# Simple neuron



$$y = f(w_1x_1 + w_2x_2 + b)$$

$$y = f\left(\sum_i w_i x_i + b\right)$$

$$h = [x_1 \ x_2 \ \cdots \ x_n] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ \vdots \\ w_n \end{bmatrix}$$

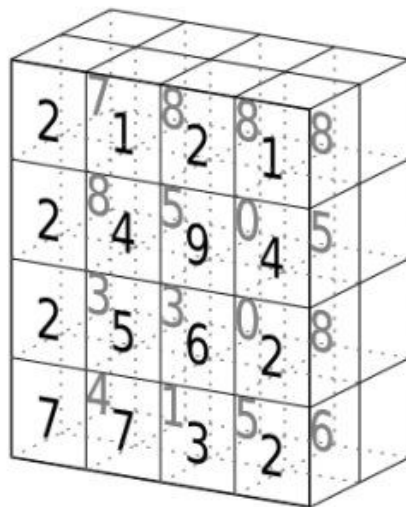
# Tensores

't'
'e'
'n'
's'
'o'
'r'

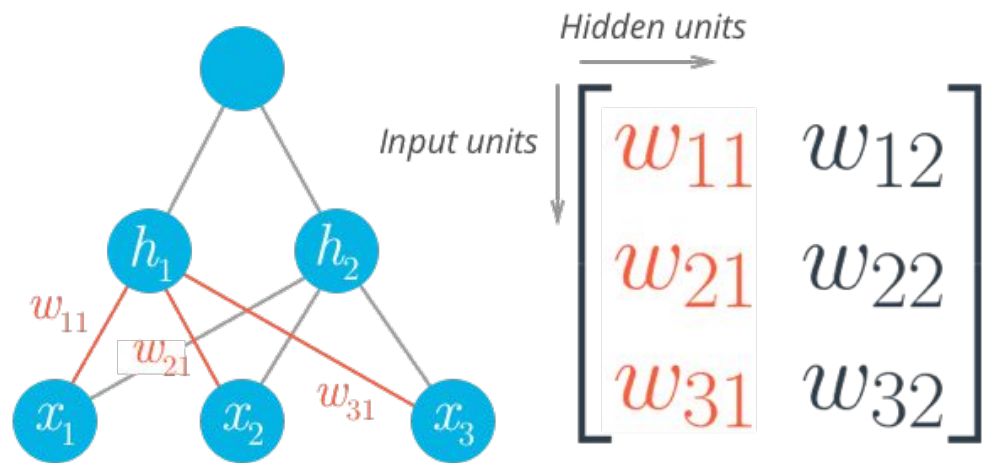
tensor of dimensions [6]  
(vector of dimension 6)

3	1	4	1
5	9	2	6
5	3	5	8
9	7	9	3
2	3	8	4
6	2	6	4

tensor of dimensions [6,4]  
(matrix 6 by 4)



tensor of dimensions [4,4,2]



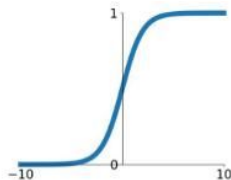
$$\vec{h} = [h_1 \ h_2] = [x_1 \ x_2 \ \cdots \ x_n] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} w_{11} & w_{12} \\ w_{21} & w_{22} \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ w_{n1} & w_{n2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y = f_2( f_1(\vec{x} \mathbf{W}_1) \mathbf{W}_2)$$

# Activation Functions

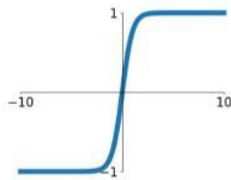
**Sigmoid**

$$\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$$



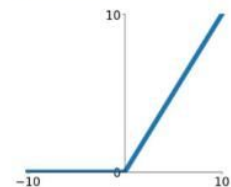
**tanh**

$$\tanh(x)$$



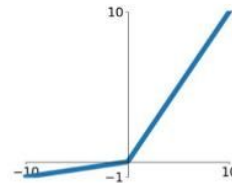
**ReLU**

$$\max(0, x)$$



**Leaky ReLU**

$$\max(0.1x, x)$$

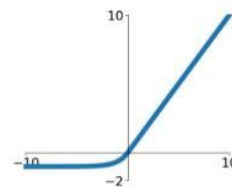


**Maxout**

$$\max(w_1^T x + b_1, w_2^T x + b_2)$$

**ELU**

$$\begin{cases} x & x \geq 0 \\ \alpha(e^x - 1) & x < 0 \end{cases}$$



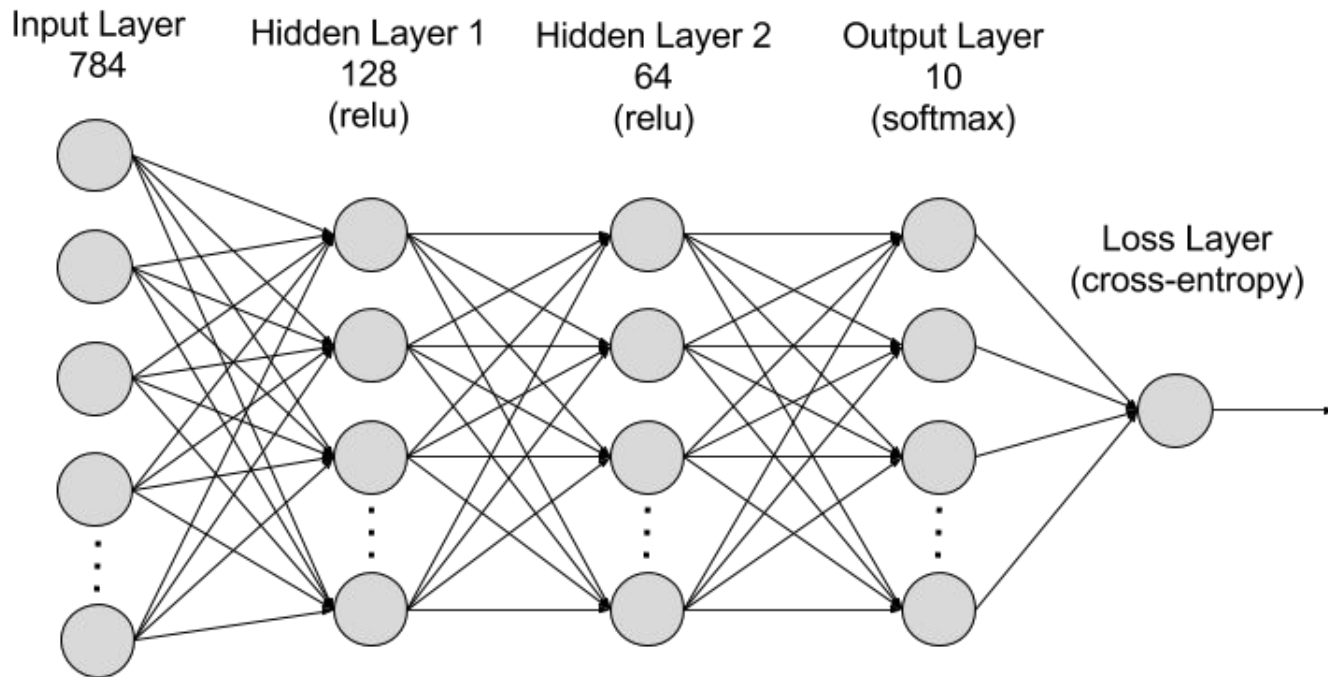


## MNIST dataset

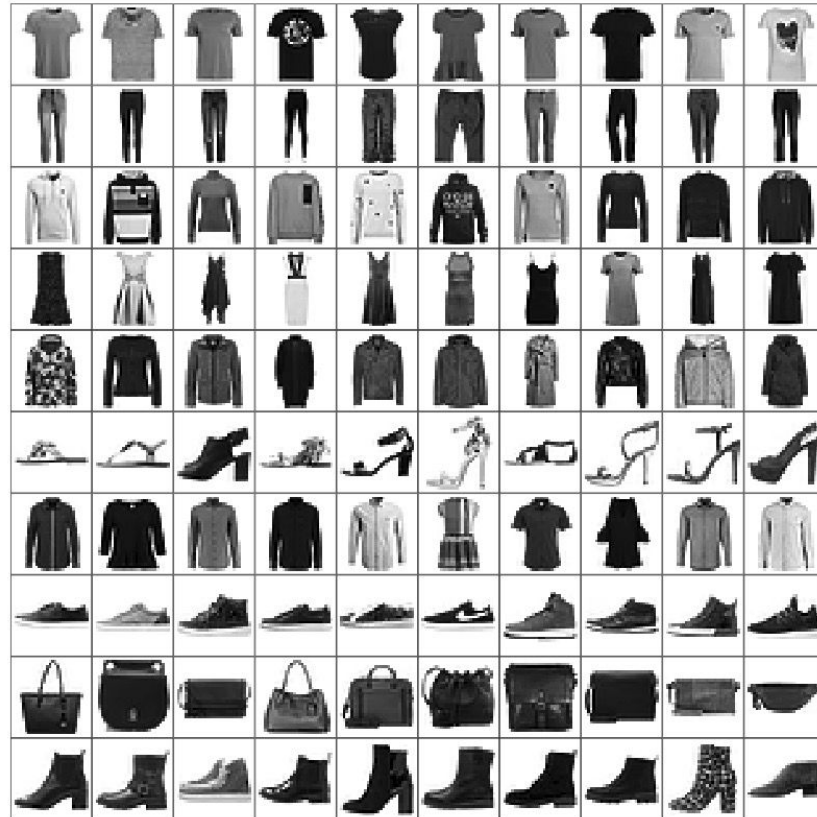




# MLP MNIST



# Fashion MNIST dataset



# Softmax function

**A**

↓

$$WX + b = y$$

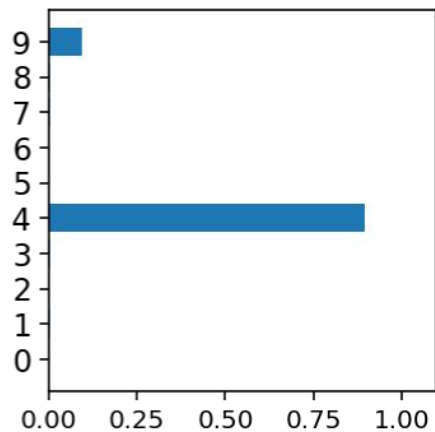
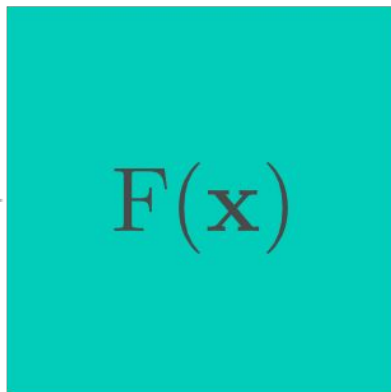
2.0	→	$p = 0.7$
1.0	→	$p = 0.2$
0.1	→	$p = 0.1$



# Softmax function

## SOFTMAX

$$y \begin{bmatrix} 2.0 \\ 1.0 \\ 0.1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \longrightarrow \\ \longrightarrow \\ \longrightarrow \end{matrix} \boxed{S(y_i) = \frac{e^{y_i}}{\sum_j e^{y_j}}} \begin{matrix} \longrightarrow & p = 0.7 \\ \longrightarrow & p = 0.2 \\ \longrightarrow & p = 0.1 \end{matrix}$$

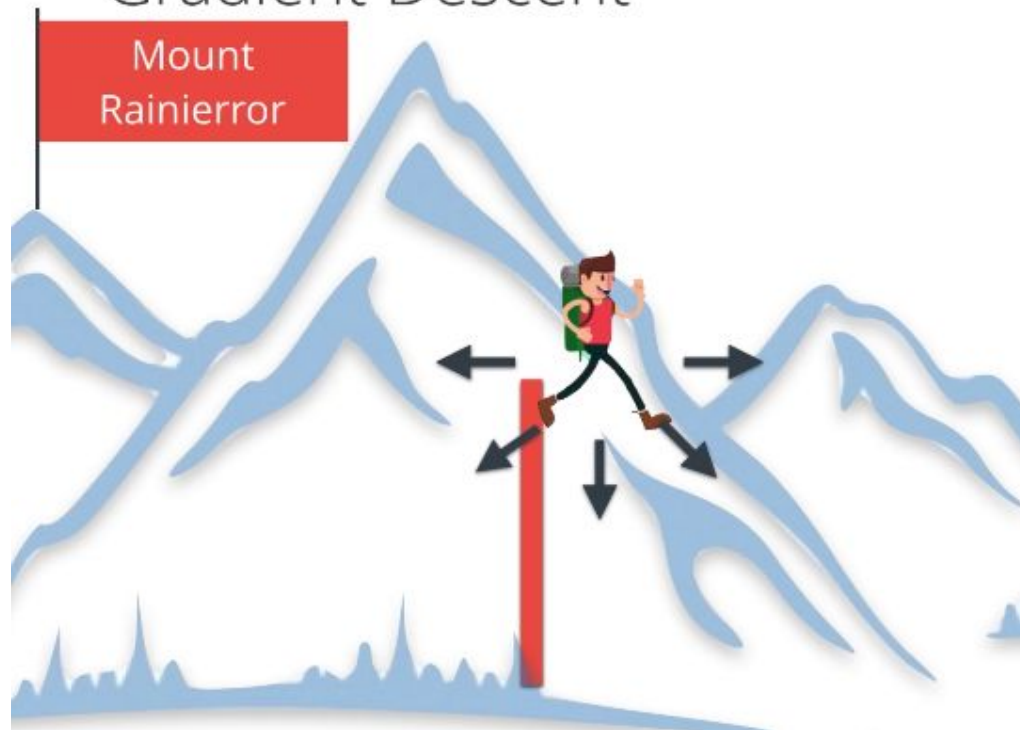


$$\ell = \frac{1}{2n} \sum_i^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

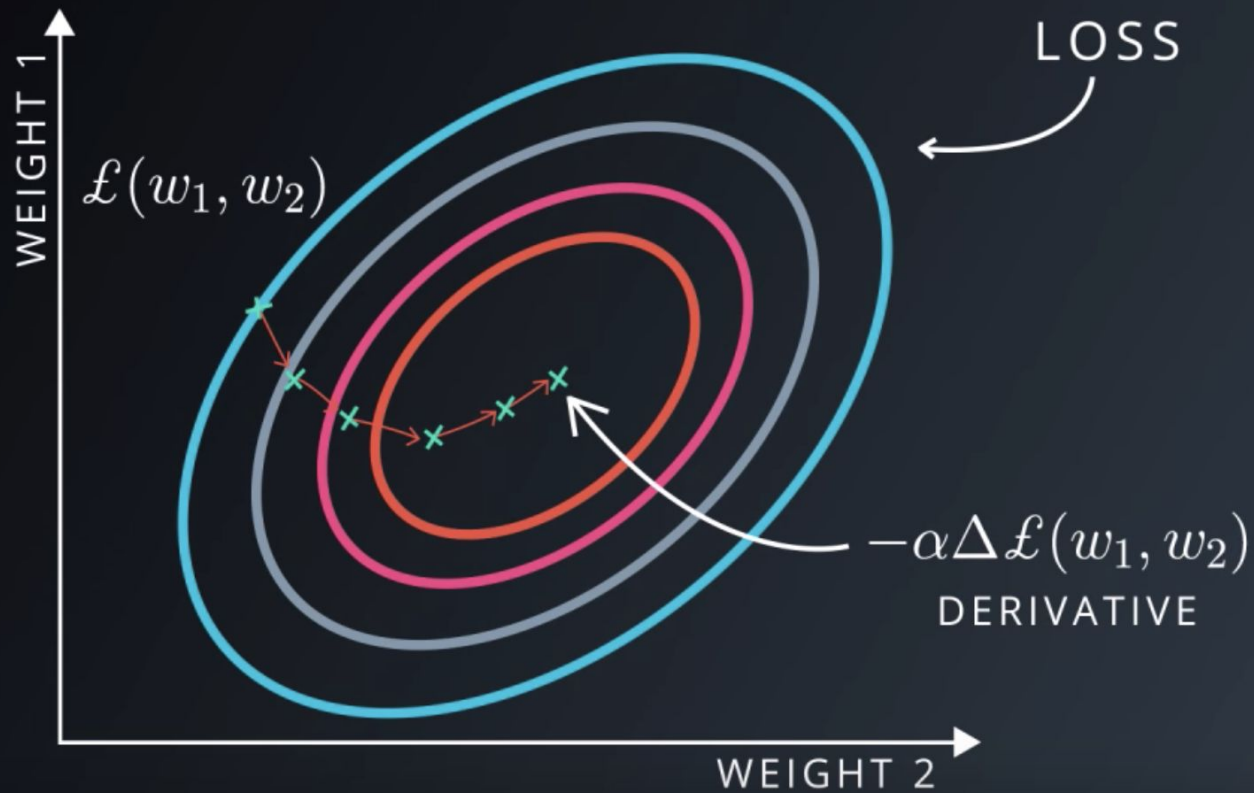
## Cross entropy



# Gradient Descent

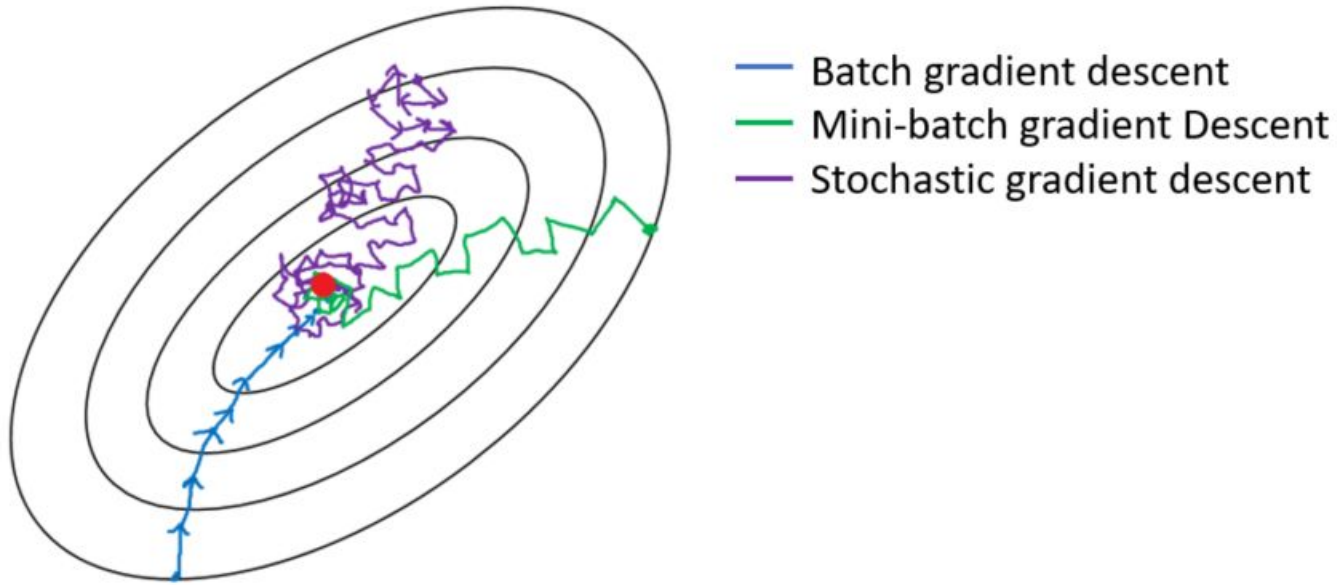


# GRADIENT DESCENT

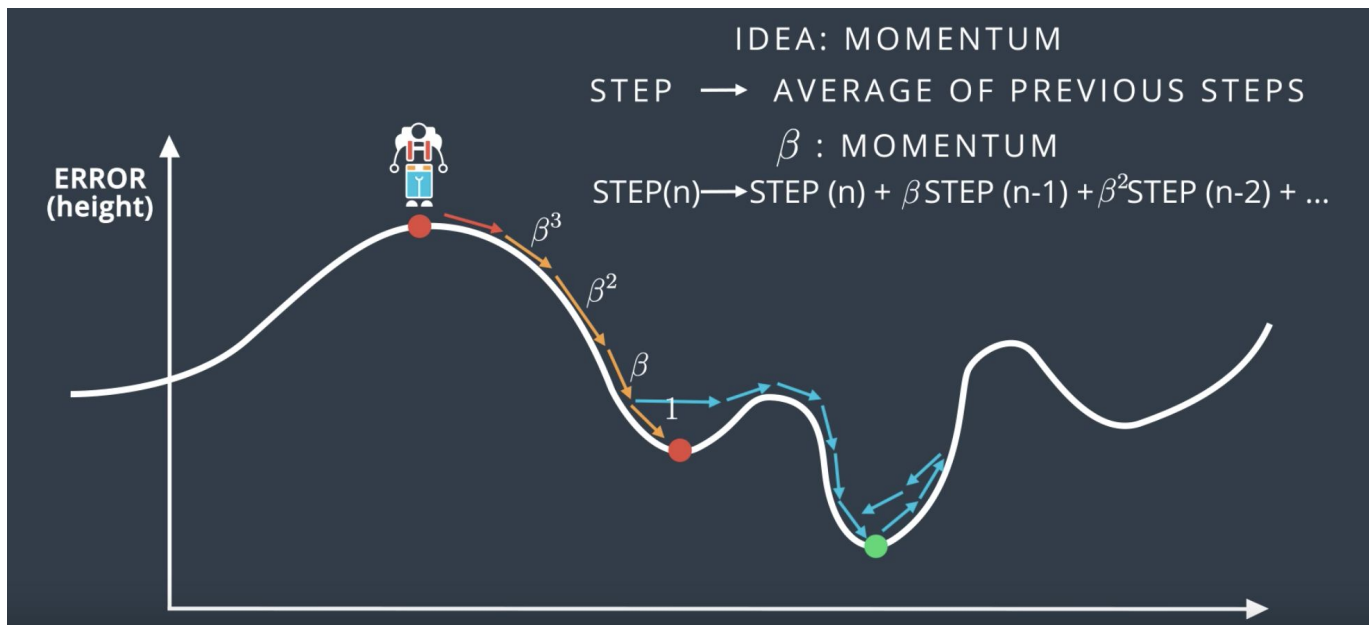




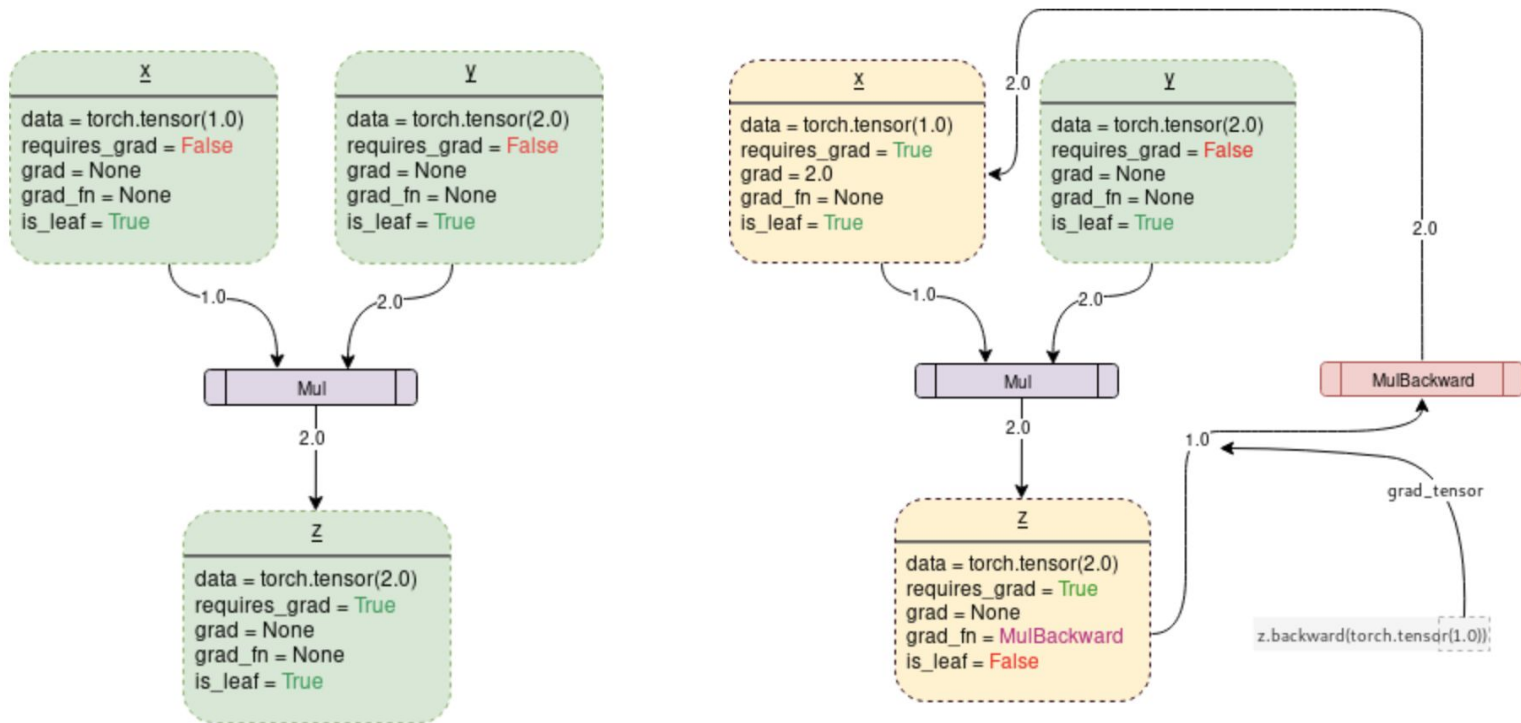
# Comparación de los métodos



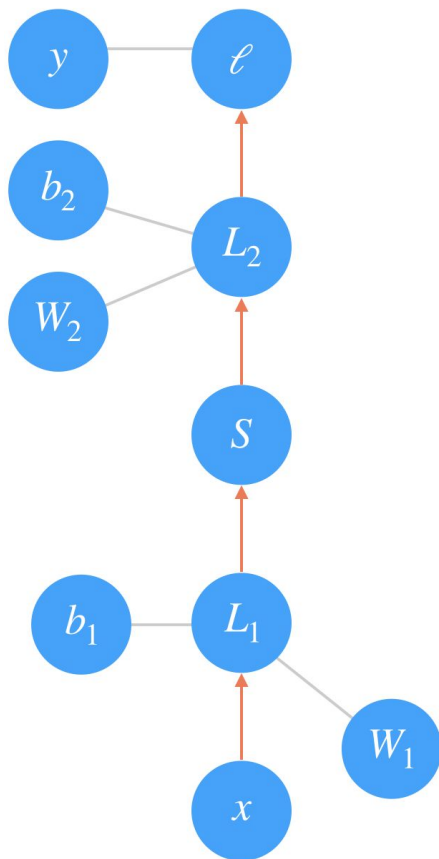
# Momentum



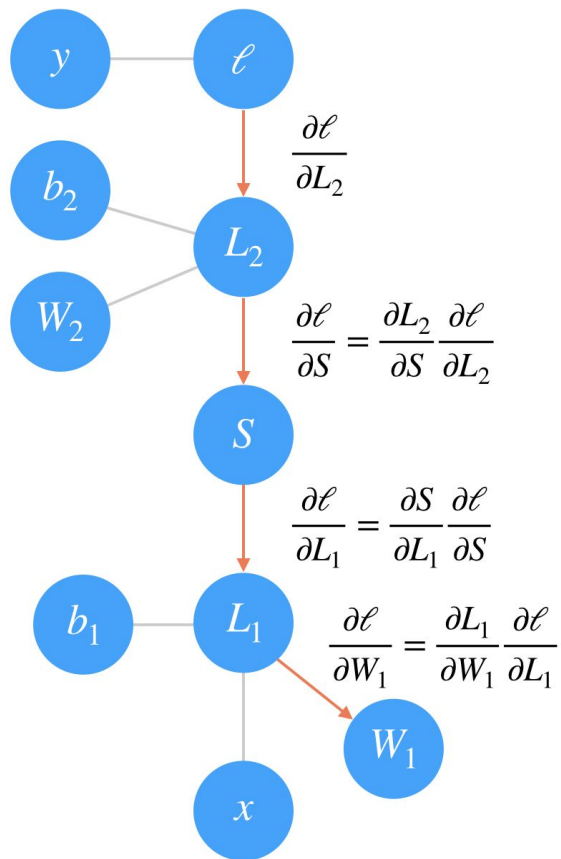
# Autograd



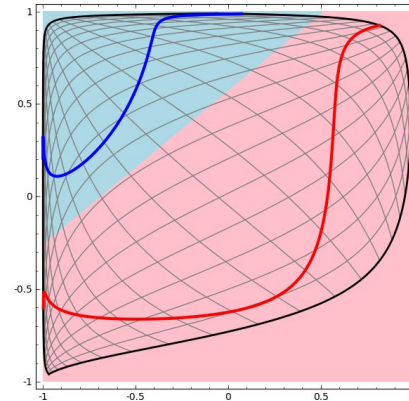
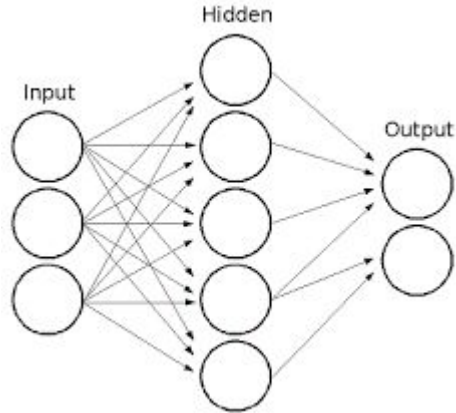
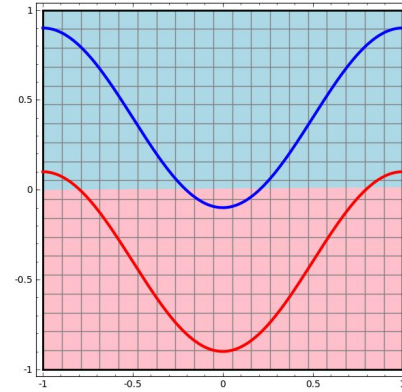
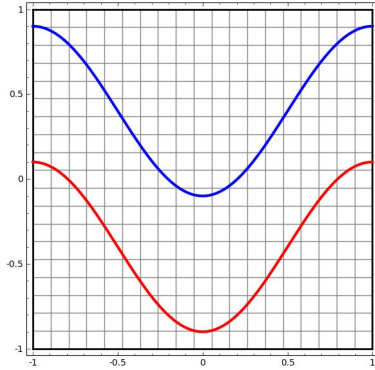
**Forward pass**



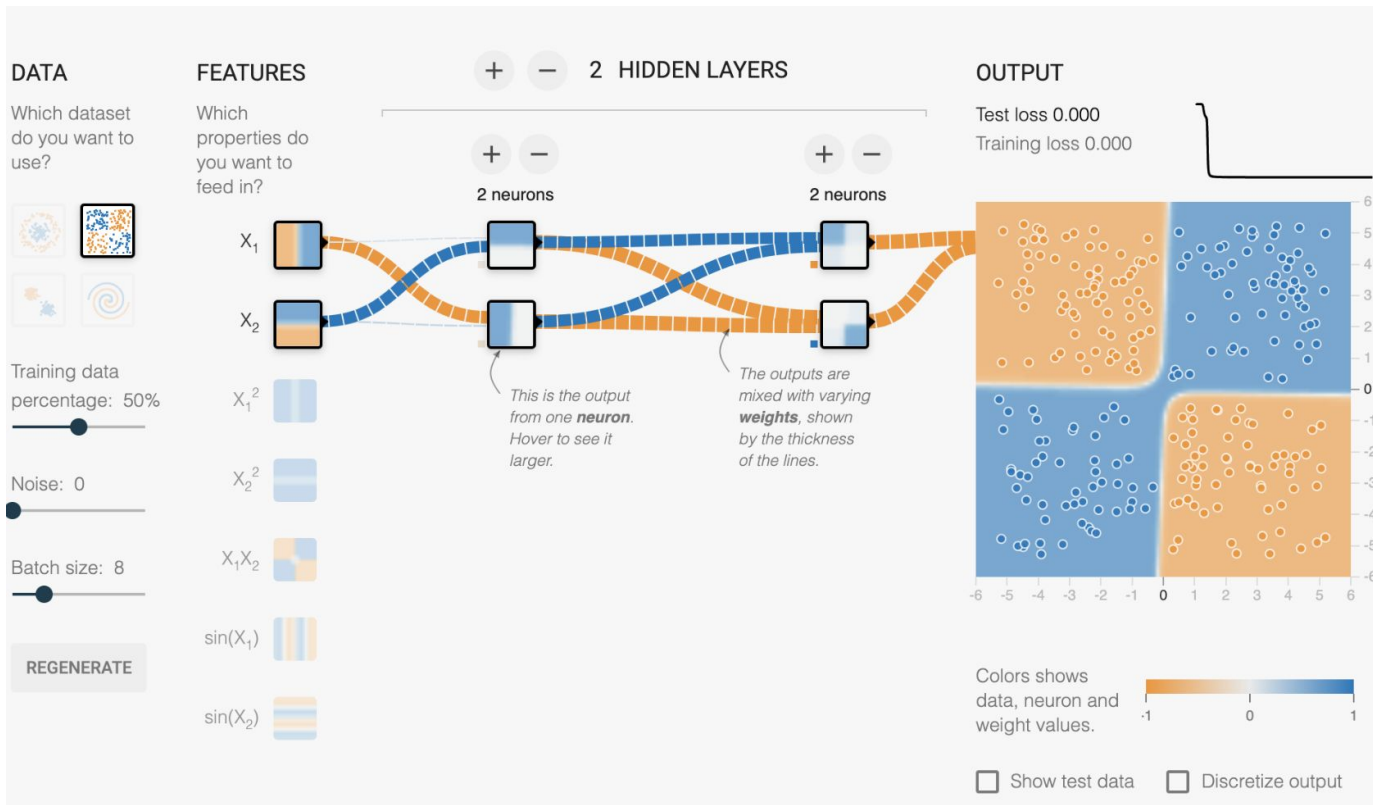
**Backward pass**



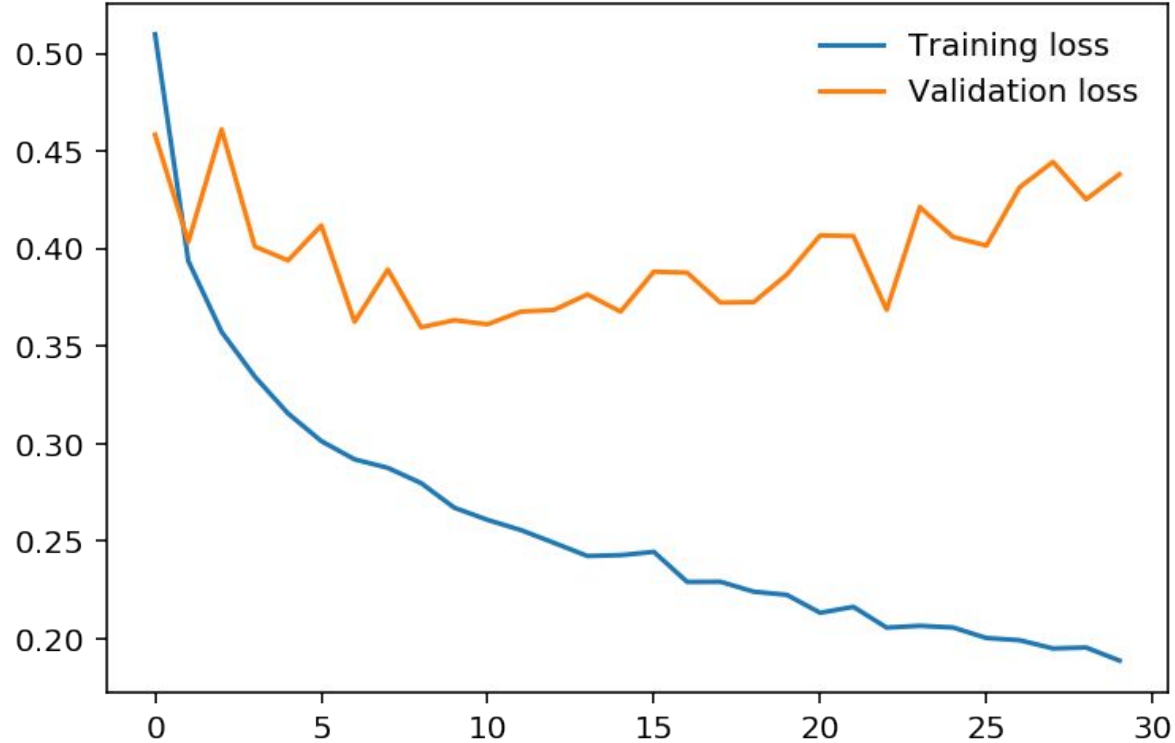
# Que aprenden las capas ocultas



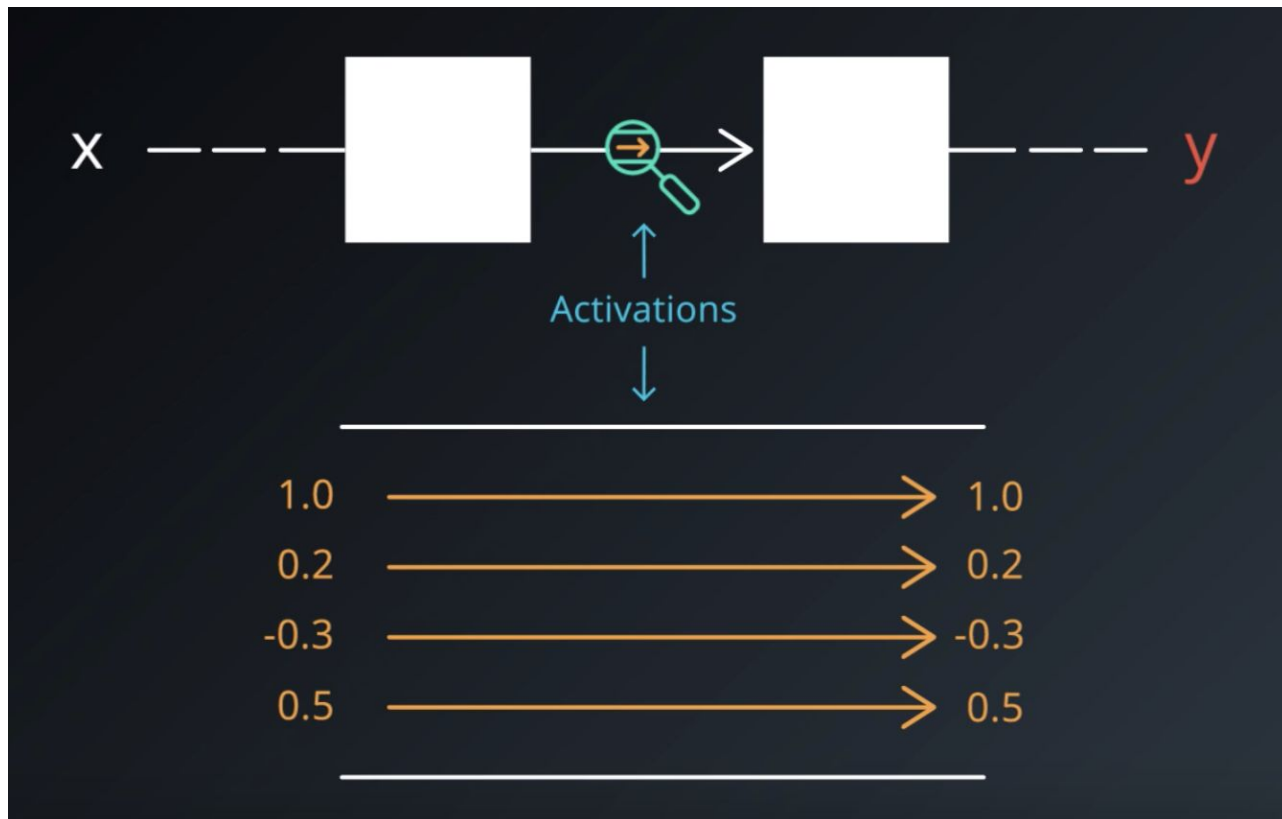
# Neural network playground [link](#)



# Overfitting

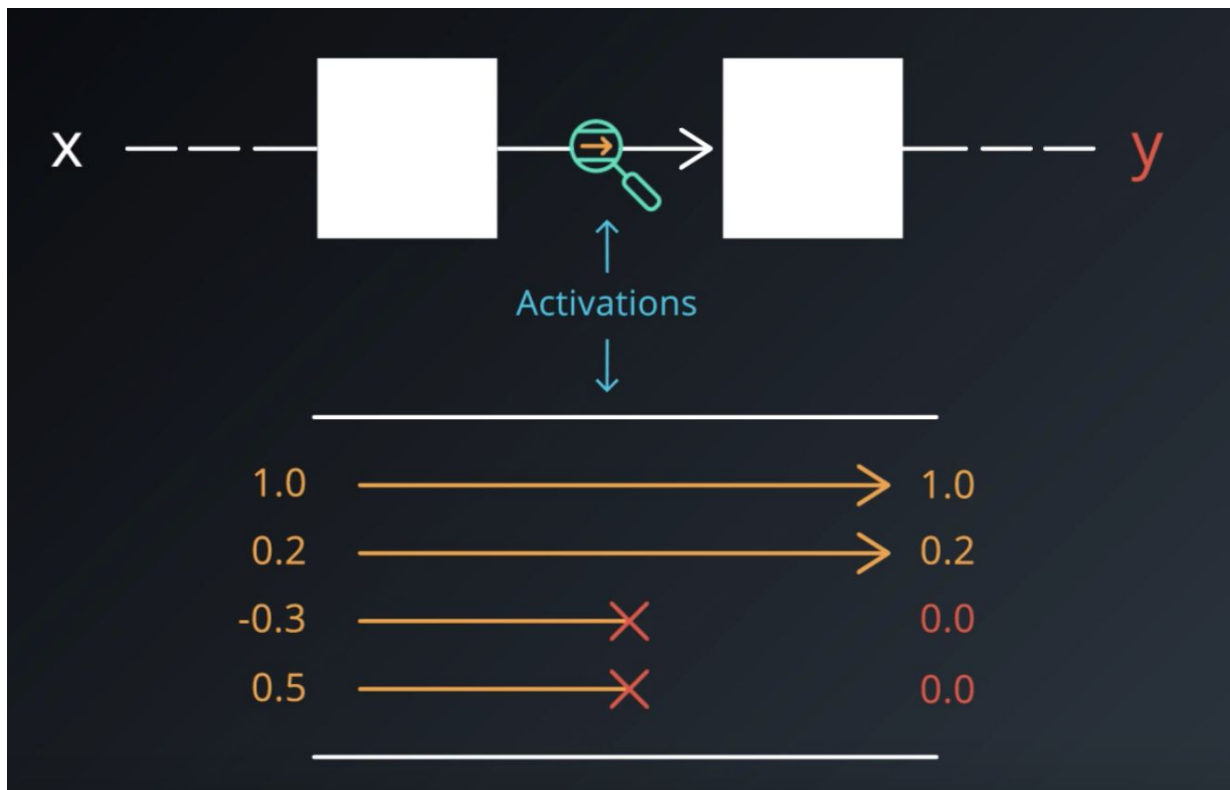


# Regularización (Dropout)

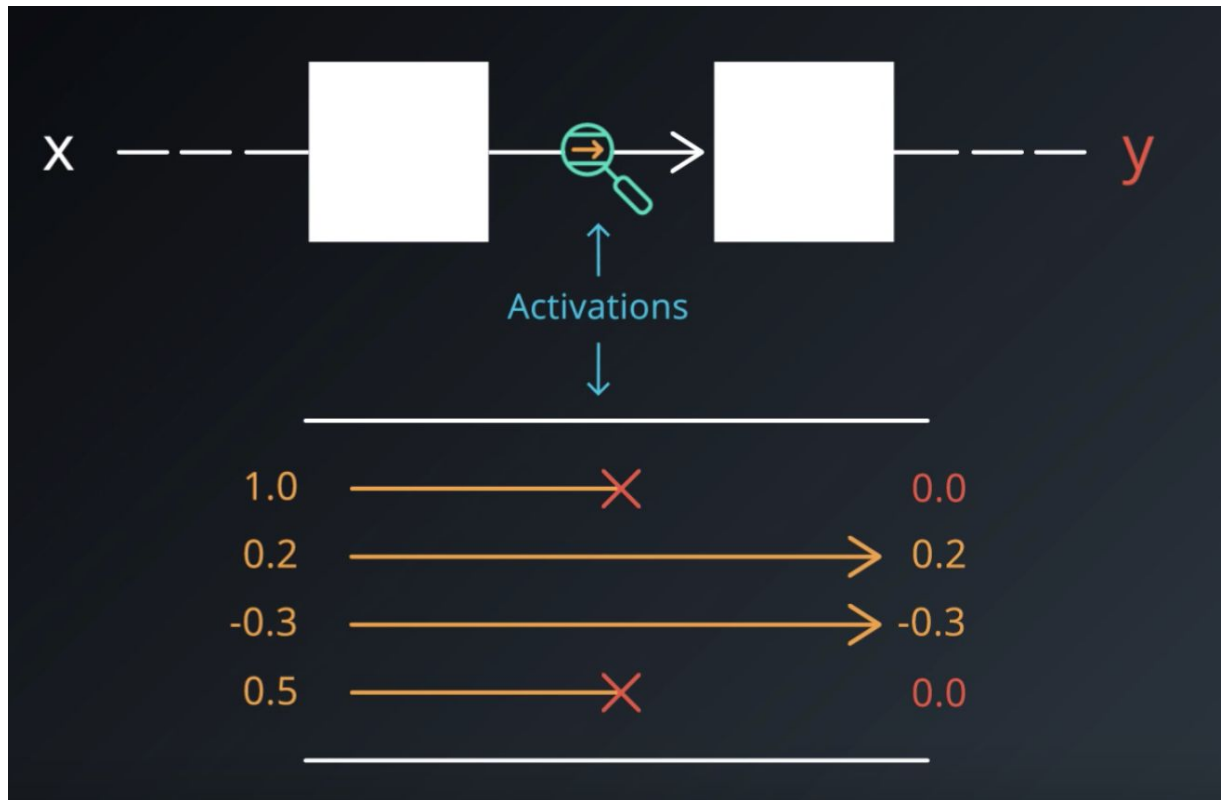




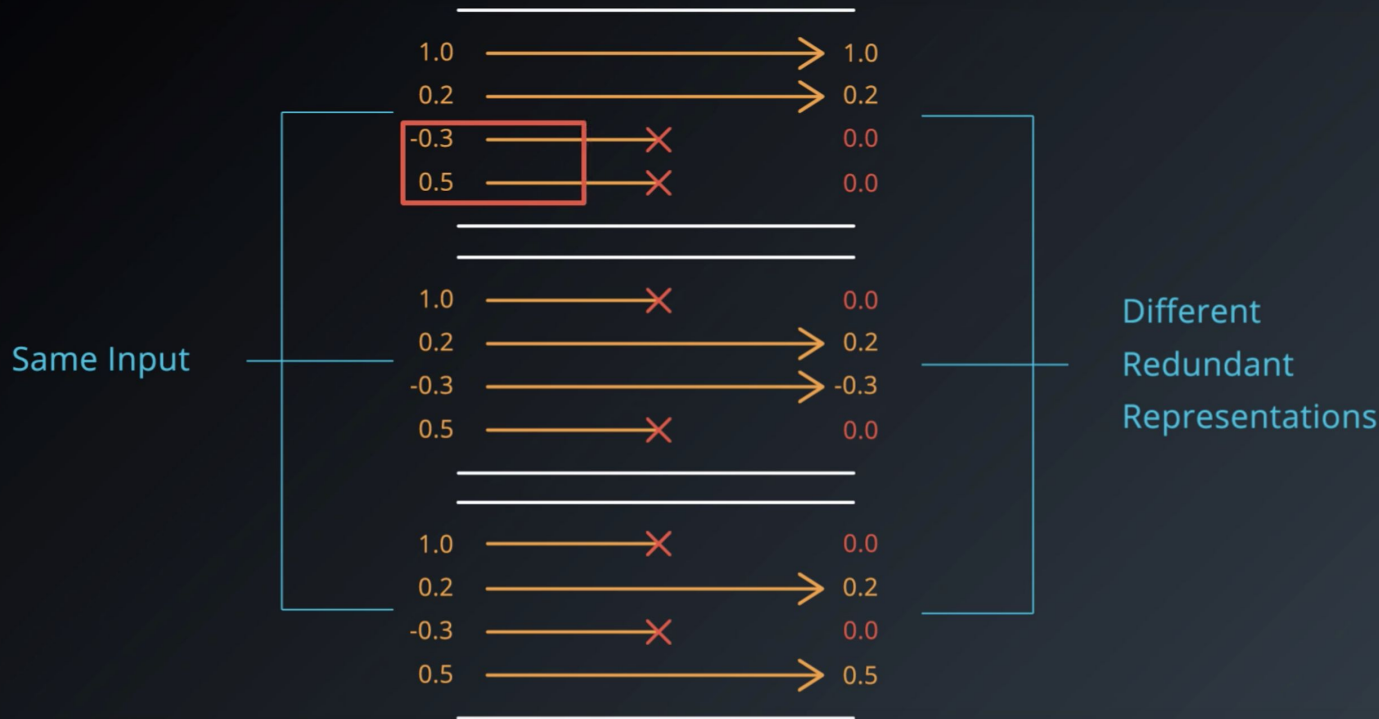
# Dropout



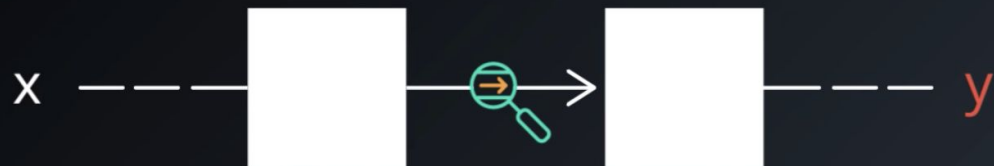
# Dropout



# Dropout



# Dropout

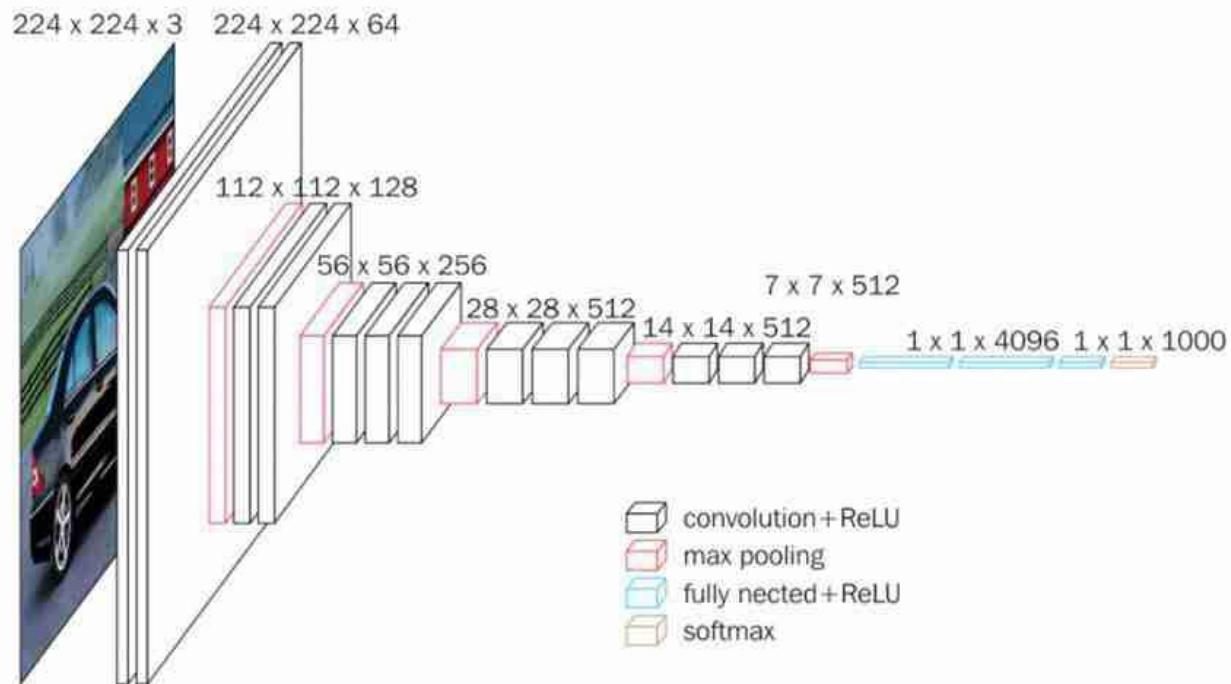


Redundant Representations

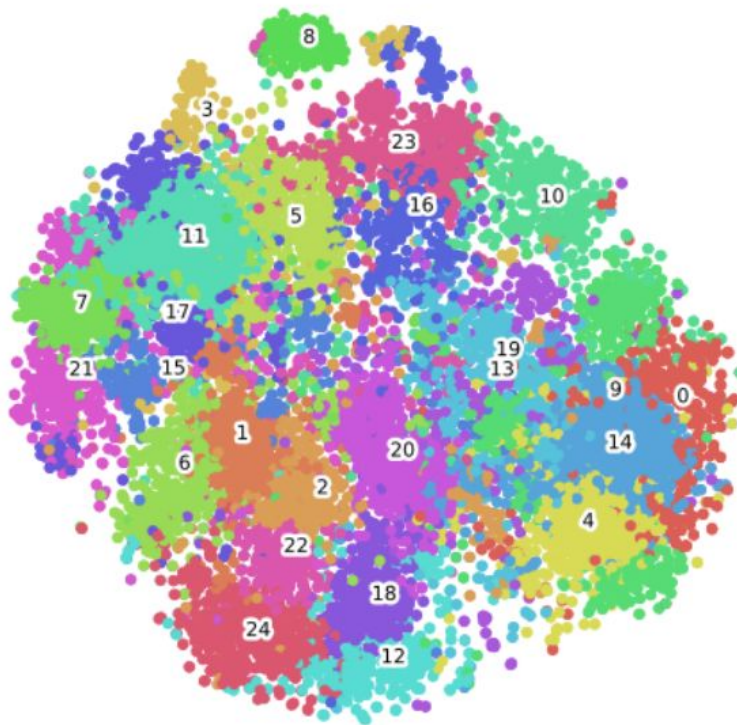


- "It's a cat"
- "I Agree"
- "Me too!"
- "Clearly not a dog..."

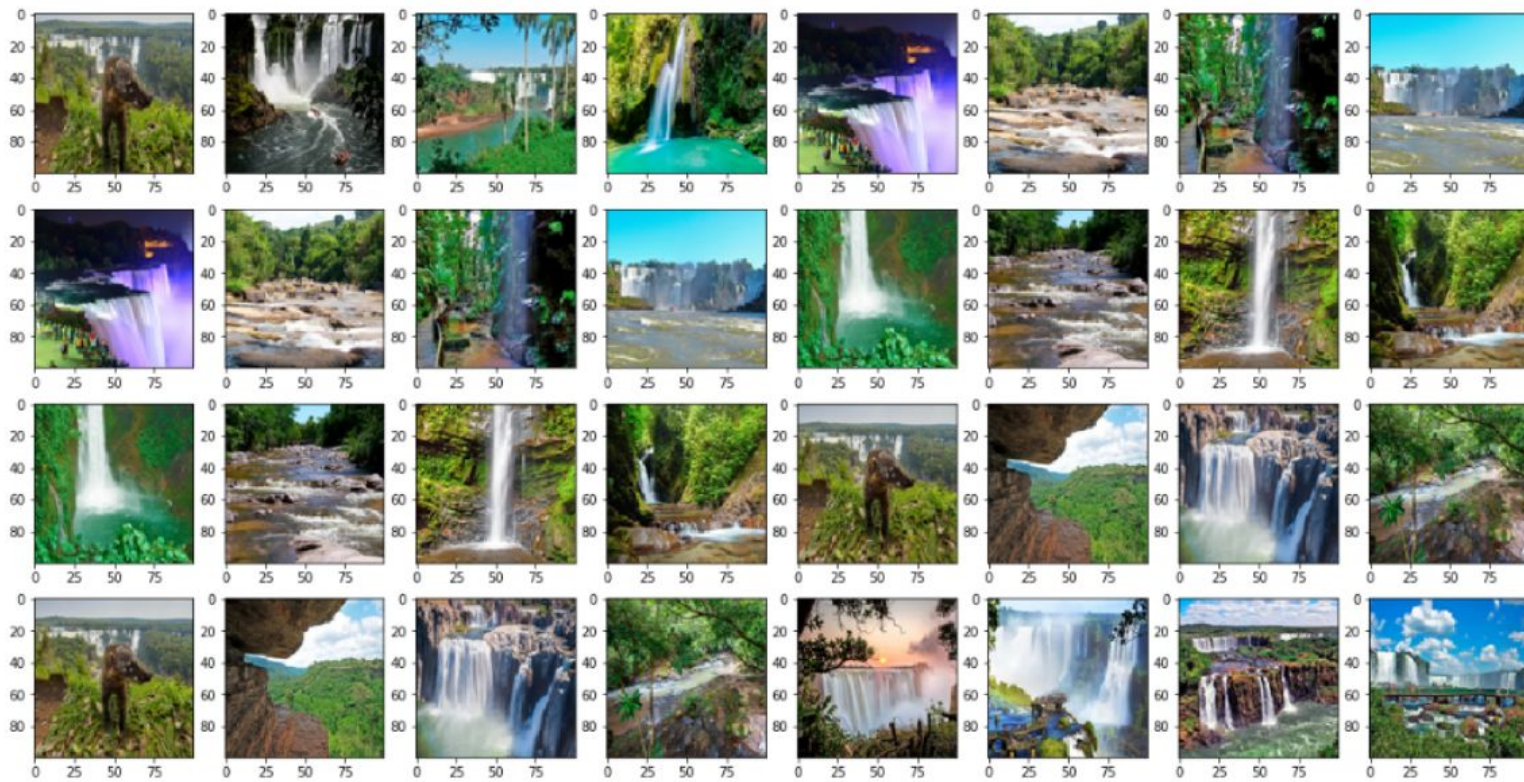
# Transfer Learning



# Embeddings de imágenes + K-means



# Cluster 8



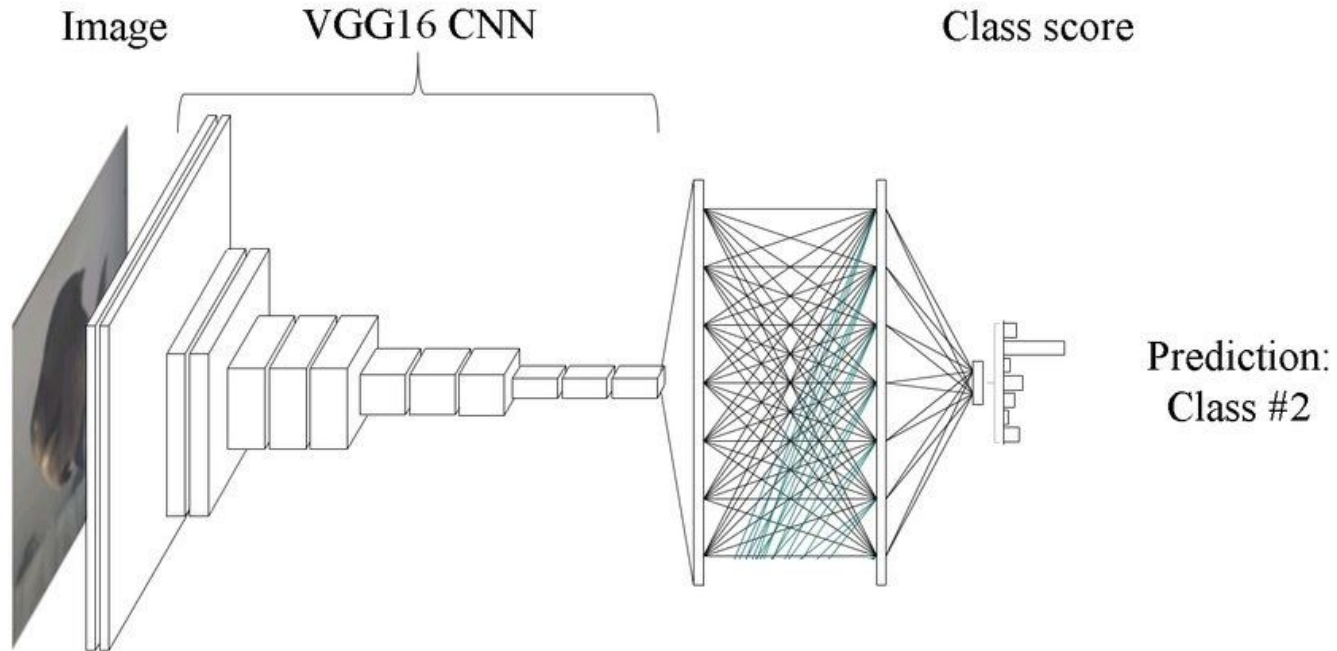


# Cluster 11





# Transferir conocimiento a nuestro nuevo clasificador



# Comparación de los modelos pre entrenados de pytorch





# Bibliografía

- Deep learning book -> <https://github.com/janishar/mit-deep-learning-book-pdf>
- Aplicacion para probar redes neuronales -> <https://playground.tensorflow.org/>
- Un buen blog que explica conceptos de redes neuronales -> <https://colah.github.io/>