



Install using tridentctl

Astra Trident

NetApp

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Table of Contents

- Install using tridentctl 1
 - Install using tridentctl 1
 - Customize tridentctl installation 4

Install using tridentctl

Install using `tridentctl`

You can install Astra Trident using `tridentctl`. This process applies to installations where Trident and CSI images are located in a `docker.io` and `registry.k8s.io` or a private, mirrored registry. To customize your `tridentctl` deployment, refer to [Customize tridentctl deployment](#).

Critical information about Astra Trident 23.01

You must read the following critical information about Astra Trident.

Critical information about Astra Trident

- Kubernetes 1.26 is now supported in Trident. Upgrade Trident prior to upgrading Kubernetes.
- Astra Trident strictly enforces the use of multipathing configuration in SAN environments, with a recommended value of `find_multipaths: no` in `multipath.conf` file.

Use of non-multipathing configuration or use of `find_multipaths: yes` or `find_multipaths: smart` value in `multipath.conf` file will result in mount failures. Trident has recommended the use of `find_multipaths: no` since the 21.07 release.

Install Astra Trident using `tridentctl`

Review [the installation overview](#) to ensure you've met installation prerequisites and selected the correct installation option for your environment.

Before you begin

Before you begin installation, log in to the Linux host and verify it is managing a working, [supported Kubernetes cluster](#) and that you have the necessary privileges.



With OpenShift, use `oc` instead of `kubectl` in all of the examples that follow, and log in as **system:admin** first by running `oc login -u system:admin` or `oc login -u kube-admin`.

1. Verify your Kubernetes version:

```
kubectl version
```

2. Verify cluster administrator privileges:

```
kubectl auth can-i '*' '*' --all-namespaces
```

3. Verify you can launch a pod that uses an image from Docker Hub and reach your storage system over the pod network:

```
kubectl run -i --tty ping --image=busybox --restart=Never --rm -- \
ping <management IP>
```

Step 1: Download the Trident installer package

The Astra Trident installer package creates a Trident pod, configures the CRD objects that are used to maintain its state, and initializes the CSI sidecars to perform actions such as provisioning and attaching volumes to the cluster hosts. Download and extract the latest version of the Trident installer from [the Assets section on GitHub](#). Update `<trident-installer-XX.XX.X.tar.gz>` in the example with your selected Astra Trident version.

```
wget https://github.com/NetApp/trident/releases/download/v23.01.0/trident-
installer-23.01.0.tar.gz
tar -xf trident-installer-23.01.0.tar.gz
cd trident-installer
```

Step 2: Install Astra Trident

Install Astra Trident in the desired namespace by executing the `tridentctl install` command. You can add additional arguments to specify image registry location.



To enable Astra Trident to run on Windows nodes, add the `--windows` flag to the install command: `$./tridentctl install --windows -n trident.`

Standard mode

```
./tridentctl install -n trident
```

Trident and CSI images in one mirrored registry

```
./tridentctl install -n trident --image-registry <your-registry>  
--autosupport-image <your-registry>/trident-autosupport:23.01 --trident  
-image <your-registry>/trident:23.01.0
```

Trident and CSI images in different mirrored registries

You must append sig-storage to the imageRegistry to use different registry locations.

```
./tridentctl install -n trident --image-registry <your-registry>/sig-  
storage --autosupport-image <your-registry>/netapp/trident-  
autosupport:23.01 --trident-image <your-  
registry>/netapp/trident:23.01.0
```

Your installation status should look something like this.

```
....  
INFO Starting Trident installation.                namespace=trident  
INFO Created service account.  
INFO Created cluster role.  
INFO Created cluster role binding.  
INFO Added finalizers to custom resource definitions.  
INFO Created Trident service.  
INFO Created Trident secret.  
INFO Created Trident deployment.  
INFO Created Trident daemonset.  
INFO Waiting for Trident pod to start.  
INFO Trident pod started.                          namespace=trident  
pod=trident-controller-679648bd45-cv2mx  
INFO Waiting for Trident REST interface.  
INFO Trident REST interface is up.                 version=23.01.0  
INFO Trident installation succeeded.  
....
```

Verify the installation

You can verify your installation using pod creation status or `tridentctl`.

Using pod creation status

You can confirm if the Astra Trident installation completed by reviewing the status of the created pods:

```
kubectl get pods -n trident
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
trident-controller-679648bd45-cv2mx	6/6	Running	0	5m29s
trident-node-linux-vgc8n	2/2	Running	0	5m29s



If the installer does not complete successfully or `trident-controller-<generated id>` (`trident-csi-<generated id>` in versions prior to 23.01) does not have a **Running** status, the platform was not installed. Use `-d` to [turn on debug mode](#) and troubleshoot the issue.

Using tridentctl

You can use `tridentctl` to check the version of Astra Trident installed.

```
./tridentctl -n trident version
```

```
+-----+-----+
| SERVER VERSION | CLIENT VERSION |
+-----+-----+
| 23.01.0        | 23.01.0        |
+-----+-----+
```

What's next

Now you can [create a backend and storage class](#), [provision a volume](#), and [mount the volume in a pod](#).

Customize tridentctl installation

You can use the Astra Trident installer to customize installation.

Learn about the installer

The Astra Trident installer enables you to customize attributes. For example, if you have copied the Trident image to a private repository, you can specify the image name by using `--trident-image`. If you have copied the Trident image as well as the needed CSI sidecar images to a private repository, it might be preferable to specify the location of that repository by using the `--image-registry` switch, which takes the form `<registry FQDN>[:port]`.

If you are using a distribution of Kubernetes, where `kubelet` keeps its data on a path other than the usual `/var/lib/kubelet`, you can specify the alternate path by using `--kubelet-dir`.

If you need to customize the installation beyond what the installer's arguments allow, you can also customize

the deployment files. Using the `--generate-custom-yaml` parameter creates the following YAML files in the installer's setup directory:

- `trident-clusterrolebinding.yaml`
- `trident-deployment.yaml`
- `trident-crds.yaml`
- `trident-clusterrole.yaml`
- `trident-daemonset.yaml`
- `trident-service.yaml`
- `trident-namespace.yaml`
- `trident-serviceaccount.yaml`
- `trident-resourcequota.yaml`

After you have generated these files, you can modify them according to your needs and then use `--use-custom-yaml` to install your custom deployment.

```
./tridentctl install -n trident --use-custom-yaml
```

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