

# Homework 03 - Project Revision

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## 1 Scheduled Interviews

Our scheduled interviews:

1. Interview with NW at 4:30pm on Friday, February 15
- 2.

## 2 Description of Topic

## 3 Empirical Goals

## 4 Response to Participant Questions

We realize that much of the code that we plan to ask participants to look at will be unfamiliar to them. Though we are interested in how they go about familiarizing themselves with the code, we do not intend to completely baffle them. Thus, we will answer any technical questions such as how the language work. We plan to answer any question that could be answered with a quick google search. We will not answer any questions about how the program is composed.

## 5 Non-Linear Interview Questions

Our questions are aimed to find a level that challenges the interviewee so that we can see the process more clearly. If an interviewee finds the Tier 1 Questions hard, we will not advance to Tier 2 Questions, and likewise for the Tier 2 Questions. We have prepared two questions each in Tier 1 and 2, and one question in Tier 3. Thus we can start with short, less complicated questions in Tier 1 and move up to Tier 3 which contains concepts the interviewee is unlikely to have seen if we believe the interviewee can handle it.

## 6 Interview Sequence and Questions

1. Welcome participant.
2. Read assent script to participant.
3. Solicit and answer any questions the participant has.
4. Have participant sign the consent form.
5. Provide participant a copy of the consent form.
6. Turn on the video camera.
7. Have participant work on Question 1.1

- (a) Introduce question:
  - (b) Hand participant the attached handout, Question 1.1
  - (c)
- 8. If participant was not confident on Question 1.1, have participant work on Question 1.2
  - 9. If participant was confident enough on Question 1.1 or 1.2, have participant work on Question 2.1
  - 10. If participant was not confident on Question 2.1, have participant work on Question 2.2
  - 11. If participant was confident enough on Question 2.1 or 2.2, have participant work on Question 3.1

## **7 Handouts**

Attached below.

## Question 1.1

---

```
def func2(list, num):
    return func1(list, num, func4)

def func4(a, b):
    return a * b

def func1(list, num, f):
    acc = 0
    for i in list:
        acc += f(i, num)
    return acc

def main():
    print(func3([1,2,3,4]))

def func3(list)
    return func2(list, 4)

main()
```

## Question 1.2

---

```
def function50(i, L):  
    return L[i+2]  
  
def function37(L):  
    return L[-1]+L  
  
def function52(i):  
    return function4() * i  
  
def function1(j, k):  
    return (j + k) * function52(1)  
  
def function4():  
    return 3  
  
def function188(L):  
    return function37(L)+function50(2, L)  
  
def function0():  
    return function188([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9])[function1(0,1)]  
  
function0()
```

## Question 2.1, File 1

---

```
#!/usr/bin/ruby

load "ourdate.rb"

d = OurDate.new(2011,1,4)
print "#{d.what_day}"
print "We started writing this file today.\n"
d.forward_time(365)
print "We are almost done now.\n"
print "#{d.what_day}"
```

## Question 2.1, File 2

---

```
#!/usr/bin/env ruby

$months31 = [1,3,5,7,8,10,12]
$months30 = [4,6,9,11]

class OurDate
  attr_accessor :year
  attr_accessor :month
  attr_accessor :day

  def initialize(year, month, day)
    @year = year
    @month = month
    @day = day
  end

  def is_equal?( d )
    puts @year == d.year and
          @month == d.month and
          @day == d.day
  end

  def is_leap_year?
    if @year % 400 == 0
      puts 1
    elsif @year % 100 == 0
      puts nil
    elsif @year % 4 == 0
      puts 1
    else
      puts nil
    end
  end
end
```

```

def check_month
  if @month == 13
    @month = 1
    @year = @year + 1
  elsif @month == 0
    @month = 12
    @year = @year - 1
  end
end

def tomorrow
  @day = @day + 1
  if @day > 31
    for i in $months31
      if @month == i
        @day = 1
        @month = @month + 1
        check_month
      end
    end
  elsif @day > 30
    for i in $months30
      if @month == i
        @day = 1
        @month = @month + 1
        check_month
      end
    end
  elsif @day > 28 and @month == 2
    @day = 1
    @month = @month + 1
    check_month
  end
end

def yesterday

```

```

    @day = @day - 1
    if @day == 0
        @month = @month - 1
        check_month
        for i in $months31
            if @month == i
                @day = 31
            end
        end
        for i in $months30
            if @month == i
                @day = 30
            end
        end
        if @month == 2
            @day = 28
        end
    end
end

def forward_time(n)
    for i in 0..n
        tomorrow
    end
end

def reverse_time(n)
    for i in 0..n
        yesterday
    end
end

def what_day
    puts "Today is #{month}/#{day}, #{year}!"
end
end

```





## Question 2.2, File 1

---

```
#!/bin/env python3
from random import choice
from sys import stdin

class Board(object):
    def __init__(self, width=7, height=6):
        self.board = [[] for i in range(width)]
        self.width = 7
        self.height = 6
    def drop(self, player, column):
        if column < len(self.board):
            self.board[column].append(player)
            return True
        return False
    def __str__(self):
        result = ""
        for r in reversed(range(self.height)):
            result += "|"
            for c in range(self.width):
                if r < len(self.board[c]):
                    result += self.board[c][r]
                else:
                    result += " "
            result += "|"
            result += "\n"
        result += "-" * (2 * self.width + 1)
        return result
    def full(self):
        return all(len(col) >= self.height for col in self.board)
    def score(self, player):
        for c in range(self.height):
            for r in range(len(self.board[c])):
                p = self.board[c][r]
                for dc, dr in ((0,1),(1,0),(1,1),(1,-1)):
```

```

        for i in range(1,4):
            nc = c + i*dc
            nr = c + i*dr
            if nc < 0 or self.width <= nc:
                break
            if nr < 0 or len(self.board[nc]) <= nr:
                break
            if self.board[nc][nr] != p:
                break
        else:
            return 1 if p == player else -1
    return 0

other = {'X' : 'O', 'O' : 'X'}
player = 'X'
board = Board()

while True:
    try:
        c = int(input("%s > " % player))
    except TypeError:
        continue
    if not board.drop(player,c):
        continue
    print(board)
    if board.score(player):
        print("Player %s Wins!!!" % player)
    elif board.full():
        print("Tie")
    else:
        player = other[player]
        continue
    board = Board()
    player = 'X'
    print(board)

```