# Running external programs back-ticks, system(), and pipes OpSys - like functions • Those of you who have taken CSCI-4210, Operating Systems, should be aware that Perl has the OpSys functions you would expect: -fork(), exec(), waitpid(), etc • We will not be discussing these functions - I don't want to be responsible for the results -feel free to examine perldoc perfunc for the full listing - We may cover them during the "Advanced Perl Topics" lecture towards the end of the semester. system(CMD, LIST) system(CMD\_and\_ARGS) • Takes a pathname, followed by a list of arguments. • Executes the program specified by the pathname - To use shell meta-characters, give only one argument - a string containing the path and arguments. system ('myprog.pl', 'input.txt'); system ('myprog.pl ~john/input.txt'); • Returns the return value of the command that was

executed..... and some more
 You have to shift the result right 8 bits
 my \$ret = system( ... );
 \$ret = \$ret >> 8;

## backticks

- Third kind of quoting operator
- Enclose a pathname.
- Executes the command specified by the pathname
- Returns the **output** of that command.
  - single string in scalar context
  - one line per element in list context
- my @files = `ls -al`;
- @files contains one file listing per element

#### more on backticks

- Just like double quotes, backticks are subject to interpolation.
  - -\$cmd = 'prog1.pl';
  - \$output = `\$cmd -h`;
- like q// for single quotes, and qq// for double quotes, backticks can be represented by qx//
  - same delimiter rules apply

## **Pipes**

- the open function can link a filehandle to a running process, instead of a file.
- To write to a process, specify mode of ' | '
- To read from a process, specify mode of '-|'
  open my \$mh, '|-', '/bin/sendmail' or die(...);
  open my \$ls, '-|', 'ls -al' or die(...);
- Alternatively (but not recommended)
  - open my \$mh, '| /bin/sendmail' or die(...);
  - open my \$1s, 'ls -al | or die (...);
- Once pipes have been opened, read/write them just as any other filehandle.
  - while (<\$ls>) { print \$mh "File: \$\_"; }

# Piping issues

- Why pipe instead of using ``?
  - with pipes, you can read one line of output at a time, and terminate process at any time, using close()
- Opening a process for bi-directional communication is more complicated.
  - Involves using the IPC modules.
  - See Camel page 430 for more info.
    - •perldoc -f open
    - perldoc perlopentut
    - •perldoc IPC::Open2