## Derivation of Shallow Water Moment Equations in Spherical Coordinates

First I will define the transformation from cartesian  $\mathbf{x} = [x, y, z]$  to spherical coordinates,  $\mathbf{r} = [r, \theta, \phi]$ 

$$r = s_1(x, y, z) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \tag{1}$$

$$\theta = s_2(x, y, z) = \arctan\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$$
 (2)

$$\phi = s_3(x, y, z) = \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}{z}\right) = \arccos\left(\frac{z}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}\right)$$
(3)

$$s(x) = s(x, y, z) = [s_1(x, y, z), s_2(x, y, z), s_3(x, y, z)]$$
(4)

$$x = c_1(r, \theta, \phi) = r\cos(\theta)\sin(\phi) \tag{5}$$

$$y = c_2(r, \theta, \phi) = r\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi) \tag{6}$$

$$z = c_3(r, \theta, \phi) = r\cos(\phi) \tag{7}$$

$$\boldsymbol{c}(\boldsymbol{r}) = \boldsymbol{c}(r,\theta,\phi) = [c_1(r,\theta,\phi), c_2(r,\theta,\phi), c_3(r,\theta,\phi)] \tag{8}$$

The projections from cartesian to spherical coordinates can be computed using the following unit vectors

$$\hat{r} = \cos(\theta)\sin(\phi)\hat{x} + \sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)\hat{y} + \cos(\phi)\hat{z} \tag{9}$$

$$\hat{\theta} = -\sin(\theta)\hat{x} + \cos(\theta)\hat{y} \tag{10}$$

$$\hat{\phi} = \cos(\theta)\cos(\phi)\hat{x} + \sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)\hat{y} - \sin(\phi)\hat{z} \tag{11}$$

$$\hat{x} = \cos(\theta)\sin(\phi)\hat{r} - \sin(\theta)\hat{\theta} + \cos(\theta)\cos(\phi)\hat{\phi}$$
(12)

$$\hat{y} = \sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)\hat{r} + \cos(\theta)\hat{\theta} + \sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)\hat{\phi} \tag{13}$$

$$\hat{z} = \cos(\phi)\hat{r} - \sin(\phi)\hat{\phi} \tag{14}$$

(15)

The partial derivatives of the transformation to spherical coordinates are needed, when considering differential equations.

$$s_{1,x} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} 2x = \cos(\theta) \sin(\phi)$$
 (16)

$$s_{1,y} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} 2y = \sin(\theta) \sin(\phi)$$
(17)

$$s_{1,z} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} 2z = \cos(\phi)$$
 (18)

(19)

$$s_{2,x} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{y^2}{x^2}} \left( -\frac{y}{x^2} \right) \tag{20}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \frac{r^2 \sin^2(\theta) \sin^2(\phi)}{r^2 \cos^2(\theta) \sin^2(\phi)}} \left( -\frac{r \sin(\theta) \sin(\phi)}{r^2 \cos^2(\theta) \sin^2(\phi)} \right) \tag{21}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \frac{\sin^2(\theta)}{\cos^2(\theta)}} \left( -\frac{\sin(\theta)}{r\cos^2(\theta)\sin(\phi)} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1 - \cos^2(\theta)}{\cos^2(\theta)}} \frac{\sin(\theta)}{r\cos^2(\theta)\sin(\phi)}$$
(22)

$$= -\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1 - \cos^2(\theta)}{\cos^2(\theta)}} \frac{\sin(\theta)}{r \cos^2(\theta) \sin(\phi)}$$
(23)

$$= -\cos^2(\theta) \frac{\sin(\theta)}{r\cos^2(\theta)\sin(\phi)} \tag{24}$$

$$= -\frac{\sin(\theta)}{r\sin(\phi)} \tag{25}$$

$$s_{2,y} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{y^2}{x^2}} \left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \tag{26}$$

$$=\cos^2(\theta)\frac{1}{r\cos(\theta)\sin(\phi)}\tag{27}$$

$$=\frac{\cos(\theta)}{r\sin(\phi)}\tag{28}$$

$$s_{2,z} = 0$$
 (29)

$$s_{3,x} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{x^2 + y^2}{2}} \frac{1}{2} \frac{2x}{z\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$$
(31)

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \frac{r^2 \cos^2(\theta) \sin^2(\phi) + r^2 \sin^2(\theta) \sin^2(\phi)}{r^2 \cos^2(\phi)}} \frac{r \cos(\theta) \sin(\phi)}{r \cos(\phi) \sqrt{r^2 \cos^2(\theta) \sin^2(\phi) + r^2 \sin^2(\theta) \sin^2(\phi)}}$$
(32)

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \frac{\sin^2(\phi)}{\cos^2(\phi)}} \frac{\cos(\theta)}{r\cos(\phi)}$$
(33)

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1 - \cos^2(\phi)}{\cos^2(\phi)}} \frac{\cos(\theta)}{r \cos(\phi)}$$
(34)

$$=\cos^2(\phi)\frac{\cos(\theta)}{r\cos(\phi)}\tag{35}$$

$$=\frac{\cos(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r}\tag{36}$$

$$= \frac{\cos(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r}$$

$$s_{3,y} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{x^2 + y^2}{z^2}} \frac{1}{2} \frac{2y}{z\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$$
(36)

$$= \cos^2(\phi) \frac{r \sin(\theta) \sin(\phi)}{r \cos(\phi) r \sin(\phi)}$$
(38)

$$=\frac{\sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r}\tag{39}$$

$$s_{3,z} = -\frac{1}{1 + \frac{x^2 + y^2}{z^2}} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}{z^2} \tag{40}$$

$$=-\cos^2(\phi)\frac{r\sin(\phi)}{r^2\cos^2(\phi)}\tag{41}$$

$$= -\frac{\sin(\phi)}{r} \tag{42}$$

(43)

The derivative with respect to a cartesian coordinate, can be expressed in terms of the spherical coordinate

derivatives using the chain rule. Consider a function of spherical coordinates,  $f(r, \theta, \phi)$ , then

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(f(\boldsymbol{s}(\boldsymbol{x}))) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial r}\frac{\partial s_1}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta}\frac{\partial s_2}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi}\frac{\partial s_3}{\partial t}$$
(44)

where t = x, y, or z

Now let's consider the Navier Stokes equation The velocities in cartesian coordinates are given by [u, v, w] = u, then the cartesian Navier Stokes equations are

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = 0 \tag{45}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(u^2) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(uv) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(uw) = -\frac{1}{\rho}\frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{xx}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{xy}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{xz}}{\partial z} + g_x \tag{46}$$

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(uv) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(v^2) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(vw) = -\frac{1}{\rho}\frac{\partial p}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{xy}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{yy}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{yz}}{\partial z} + g_y \tag{47}$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(uw) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(vw) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(w^2) = -\frac{1}{\rho}\frac{\partial p}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{xz}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{yz}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \sigma_{zz}}{\partial z} + g_z \tag{48}$$

(49)

In spherical coordinates we represent the velocities as  $[u_r, u_\theta, u_\phi] = \mathbf{u}_r$ . Using the unit vectors we can write these velocities in terms of the cartesian velocities.

$$u_r = \cos(\theta)\sin(\phi)u + \sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)v + \cos(\phi)w \tag{50}$$

$$u_{\theta} = -\sin(\theta)u + \cos(\theta)w \tag{51}$$

$$u_{\phi} = \cos(\theta)\cos(\phi)u + \sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)v - \sin(\phi)w \tag{52}$$

We can also write the cartesian velocities in terms of the spherical velocities.

$$u = \cos(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r - \sin(\theta)u_\theta + \cos(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi \tag{53}$$

$$v = \sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r + \cos(\theta)u_\theta + \sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi \tag{54}$$

$$w = \cos(\phi)u_r - \sin(\phi)u_\phi \tag{55}$$

Now we can express the continuity equation in spherical coordinates

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = 0 \tag{56}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}(\cos(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r - \sin(\theta)u_\theta + \cos(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi) \tag{57}$$

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial y}(\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r + \cos(\theta)u_\theta + \sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi)$$
(58)

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial z}(\cos(\phi)u_r - \sin(\phi)u_\phi) = 0 \tag{59}$$

(60)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial r}(\cos(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r - \sin(\theta)u_\theta + \cos(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi)\frac{\partial s_1}{\partial x}$$
(61)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\cos(\theta) \sin(\phi) u_r - \sin(\theta) u_\theta + \cos(\theta) \cos(\phi) u_\phi) \frac{\partial s_2}{\partial x}$$
(62)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} (\cos(\theta) \sin(\phi) u_r - \sin(\theta) u_\theta + \cos(\theta) \cos(\phi) u_\phi) \frac{\partial s_3}{\partial x}$$
(63)

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial r}(\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r + \cos(\theta)u_\theta + \sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi)\frac{\partial s_1}{\partial y}$$
(64)

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}(\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r + \cos(\theta)u_\theta + \sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi)\frac{\partial s_2}{\partial y}$$
(65)

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}(\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r + \cos(\theta)u_\theta + \sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi)\frac{\partial s_3}{\partial u}$$
 (66)

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial r}(\cos(\phi)u_r - \sin(\phi)u_\phi)\frac{\partial s_1}{\partial z} \tag{67}$$

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}(\cos(\phi)u_r - \sin(\phi)u_\phi)\frac{\partial s_2}{\partial z} \tag{68}$$

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}(\cos(\phi)u_r - \sin(\phi)u_\phi)\frac{\partial s_3}{\partial z} = 0$$
(69)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial r}(\cos(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r - \sin(\theta)u_\theta + \cos(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi)\cos(\theta)\sin(\phi) \tag{70}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\cos(\theta) \sin(\phi) u_r - \sin(\theta) u_\theta + \cos(\theta) \cos(\phi) u_\phi) \frac{-\sin(\theta)}{r \sin(\phi)}$$
(71)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} (\cos(\theta) \sin(\phi) u_r - \sin(\theta) u_\theta + \cos(\theta) \cos(\phi) u_\phi) \frac{\cos(\theta) \cos(\phi)}{r}$$
(72)

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial r}(\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r + \cos(\theta)u_\theta + \sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi)\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi) \tag{73}$$

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}(\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r + \cos(\theta)u_\theta + \sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi)\frac{\cos(\theta)}{r\sin(\phi)}$$
(74)

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial\phi}(\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r + \cos(\theta)u_\theta + \sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi)\frac{\sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r}$$
(75)

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial r}(\cos(\phi)u_r - \sin(\phi)u_\phi)\cos(\phi) \tag{76}$$

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}(\cos(\phi)u_r - \sin(\phi)u_\phi)0\tag{77}$$

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial\phi}(\cos(\phi)u_r - \sin(\phi)u_\phi) - \frac{\sin(\phi)}{r} = 0$$
 (78)

(79)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial r}(\cos(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r - \sin(\theta)u_\theta + \cos(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi)\cos(\theta)\sin(\phi) \tag{80}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (\cos(\theta) \sin(\phi) u_r - \sin(\theta) u_\theta + \cos(\theta) \cos(\phi) u_\phi) \frac{-\sin(\theta)}{r \sin(\phi)}$$
(81)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} (\cos(\theta) \sin(\phi) u_r - \sin(\theta) u_\theta + \cos(\theta) \cos(\phi) u_\phi) \frac{\cos(\theta) \cos(\phi)}{r}$$
(82)

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial r}(\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r + \cos(\theta)u_\theta + \sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi)\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi) \tag{83}$$

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}(\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r + \cos(\theta)u_\theta + \sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi)\frac{\cos(\theta)}{r\sin(\phi)}$$
(84)

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial\phi}(\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)u_r + \cos(\theta)u_\theta + \sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)u_\phi)\frac{\sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r}$$
(85)

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial r}(\cos(\phi)u_r - \sin(\phi)u_\phi)\cos(\phi) \tag{86}$$

$$+\frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}(\cos(\phi)u_r - \sin(\phi)u_\phi) - \frac{\sin(\phi)}{r} = 0$$
(87)

(88)

Now I will consider the terms of each derivative of each velocity individually,

 $\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r}$ 

$$\cos^{2}(\theta)\sin^{2}(\phi)\frac{\partial u_{r}}{\partial r} + \sin^{2}(\theta)\sin^{2}(\phi)\frac{\partial u_{r}}{\partial r} + \cos^{2}(\phi)\frac{\partial u_{r}}{\partial r} = \sin^{2}(\phi)\frac{\partial u_{r}}{\partial r} + \cos^{2}(\phi)\frac{\partial u_{r}}{\partial r} = \frac{\partial u_{r}}{\partial r}$$
(89)

 $\frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial r}$ 

$$-\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)\sin(\phi)\frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial r} + \cos(\theta)\sin(\theta)\sin(\phi)\frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial r} = 0$$
(90)

 $\frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial r}$ 

$$\cos^{2}(\theta)\cos(\phi)\sin(\phi)\frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial r} + \sin^{2}(\theta)\cos(\phi)\sin(\phi)\frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial r} - \sin(\phi)\cos(\phi)\frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial r}$$
(91)

$$= \cos(\phi)\sin(\phi)\frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial r} - \sin(\phi)\cos(\phi)\frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial r} = 0$$
(92)

 $\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta}$ 

$$-\frac{\sin(\theta)}{r}\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}(\cos(\theta)u_r) + \frac{\cos(\theta)}{r}\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}(\sin(\theta)u_r)$$
(93)

$$= -\frac{\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)}{r}\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\sin^2(\theta)}{r}u_r + \frac{\cos(\theta)\sin(\theta)}{r}\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\cos^2(\theta)}{r}u_r = \frac{u_r}{r}$$
(94)

 $\frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial \theta}$ 

$$\frac{\sin(\theta)}{r\sin(\phi)}\frac{\partial}{\partial\theta}(\sin(\theta)u_{\theta}) + \frac{\cos(\theta)}{r\sin(\phi)}\frac{\partial}{\partial\theta}(\cos(\theta)u_{\theta}) = \tag{95}$$

$$\frac{\sin(\theta)}{r\sin(\phi)} \left( \sin(\theta) \frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial \theta} + \cos(\theta) u_{\theta} \right) + \frac{\cos(\theta)}{r\sin(\phi)} \left( \cos(\theta) \frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial \theta} - \sin(\theta) u_{\theta} \right) = \tag{96}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2(\theta)}{r\sin(\phi)}\frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\cos^2(\theta)}{r\sin(\phi)}\frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} = \frac{1}{r\sin(\phi)}\frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta}$$
(97)

 $\frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial \theta}$ 

$$-\frac{\sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r\sin(\phi)}\frac{\partial}{\partial\theta}(\cos(\theta)u_{\phi}) + \frac{\cos(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r\sin(\phi)}\frac{\partial}{\partial\theta}(\sin(\theta)u_{\phi}) =$$
(98)

$$-\frac{\sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r\sin(\phi)}\left(\cos(\theta)\frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial \theta} - \sin(\theta)u_{\phi}\right) + \frac{\cos(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r\sin(\phi)}\left(\sin(\theta)\frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial \theta} + \cos(\theta)u_{\phi}\right) =$$
(99)

$$\frac{\sin^2(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r\sin(\phi)}u_{\phi} + \frac{\cos^2(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r\sin(\phi)}u_{\phi} = \frac{\cos(\phi)}{r\sin(\phi)}u_{\phi}$$
(100)

 $\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \phi}$ 

$$\frac{\cos^2(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r}\frac{\partial}{\partial\phi}(\sin(\phi)u_r) + \frac{\sin^2(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r}\frac{\partial}{\partial\phi}(\sin(\phi)u_r) - \frac{\sin(\phi)}{r}\frac{\partial}{\partial\phi}(\cos(\phi)u_r) = (101)$$

$$\frac{\cos(\phi)}{r}\frac{\partial}{\partial\phi}(\sin(\phi)u_r) - \frac{\sin(\phi)}{r}\frac{\partial}{\partial\phi}(\cos(\phi)u_r) = \tag{102}$$

$$\frac{\cos(\phi)}{r} \left( \sin(\phi) \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \phi} + \cos(\phi) u_r \right) - \frac{\sin(\phi)}{r} \left( \cos(\phi) \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \phi} - \sin(\phi) u_r \right) = \tag{103}$$

$$\frac{\cos^2(\phi)}{r}u_r + \frac{\sin^2(\phi)}{r}u_r = -\frac{1}{r}u_r \tag{104}$$

 $\frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial \phi}$ 

$$-\frac{\cos(\theta)\sin(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r}\frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial \phi} + \frac{\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r}\frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial \phi} = 0$$
 (105)

 $\frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial \phi}$ 

$$\frac{\cos^{2}(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r}\frac{\partial}{\partial\phi}(\cos(\phi)u_{\phi}) + \frac{\sin^{2}(\theta)\cos(\phi)}{r}\frac{\partial}{\partial\phi}(\cos(\phi)u_{\phi}) + \frac{\sin(\phi)}{r}\frac{\partial}{\partial\phi}(\sin(\phi)u_{\phi}) = (106)$$

$$\frac{\cos(\phi)}{r}\frac{\partial}{\partial\phi}(\cos(\phi)u_{\phi}) + \frac{\sin(\phi)}{r}\frac{\partial}{\partial\phi}(\sin(\phi)u_{\phi}) =$$
(107)

$$\frac{\cos(\phi)}{r} \left( \cos(\phi) \frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial \phi} - \sin(\phi) u_{\phi} \right) + \frac{\sin(\phi)}{r} \left( \sin(\phi) \frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial \phi} + \cos(\phi) u_{\phi} \right) = \tag{108}$$

$$\frac{\cos^2(\phi)}{r}\frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial \phi} + \frac{\sin^2(\phi)}{r}\frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial \phi} = \frac{1}{r}\frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial \phi}$$
(109)

The simplified continuity equation is thus

$$\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} + \frac{u_r}{r} + \frac{1}{r\sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\cos(\phi)}{r\sin(\phi)} u_\phi + \frac{1}{r} u_r + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial \phi} = 0$$
 (110)

$$\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} + 2\frac{u_r}{r} + \frac{1}{r\sin(\phi)}\frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{r}\frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial \phi} + \frac{\cos(\phi)}{r\sin(\phi)}u_\phi = 0 \tag{111}$$

Using the product rule this can also be written as

$$\frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r^2 u_r) + \frac{1}{r \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{r \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} (\sin(\phi) u_\phi) = 0 \tag{112}$$

(113)

Shallow Water in Spherical Coordinates R radius,  $(\theta, \phi)$ , longitude and latitude

$$h_t + \frac{1}{R\cos(\phi)}(hu_\theta)_\theta + \frac{1}{R\cos(\phi)}(hu_\phi\cos(\phi))_\phi = 0$$
(114)

$$(hu_{\theta})_{t} + \frac{1}{R\cos(\phi)} \left( hu_{\theta}^{2} + \frac{1}{2}gh^{2} \right)_{\theta} + \frac{1}{R}(hu_{\theta}u_{\phi}) - 2\frac{hu_{\theta}u_{\phi}}{R}\tan(\phi) = 0$$
 (115)

$$(hu_{\phi})_{\phi} + \frac{1}{R\cos(\phi)}(hu_{\theta}u_{\phi})_{\theta} + \frac{1}{R}\left(hu_{\phi}^2 + \frac{1}{2}gh^2\right)_{\phi} + \frac{hu_{\theta}^2 - hu_{\phi}^2}{R}\tan(\phi) = 0$$
 (116)

Navier Stokes Equations in Spherical Coordinates r radius,  $(\theta, \phi)$  azimuth, and polar angle,  $\theta = \arctan(y/x), \phi = \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}{z}\right)$ 

$$\frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r^2 u_r) + \frac{1}{r \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{r \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} (\sin(\phi) u_\phi) = 0$$
(117)

$$\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial t} + u_r \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} + \frac{u_\theta}{r \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} + \frac{u_\phi}{r} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \phi} - \frac{u_\theta^2 + u_\phi^2}{r} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial r} + g_r \tag{118}$$

$$\frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial t} + u_{r} \frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial r} + \frac{u_{\theta}}{r \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{u_{\phi}}{r} \frac{\partial u_{\theta}}{\partial \phi} + \frac{u_{r} u_{\theta}}{r} + \frac{u_{\theta} u_{\phi} \cot(\phi)}{r} = -\frac{1}{\rho r \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \theta} + g_{\theta}$$
(119)

$$\frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial t} + u_{r} \frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial r} + \frac{u_{\theta}}{r \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{u_{\phi}}{r} \frac{\partial u_{\phi}}{\partial \phi} + \frac{u_{r} u_{\phi}}{r} - \frac{u_{\theta}^{2} \cot(\phi)}{r} = -\frac{1}{\rho r} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \phi} + g_{\phi}$$
(120)

Kinematic Boundary Condition,  $h_s(t,\theta,\phi)$ ,  $h_b(t,\theta,\phi)$   $u_{\theta/\phi/r}(t,\theta,\phi,r)$ 

$$\frac{\partial h_s}{\partial t} + u_{\theta}(t, \theta, \phi, h_s) \frac{\partial h_s}{\partial \theta} + u_{\phi}(t, \theta, \phi, h_s) \frac{\partial h_s}{\partial \phi} = u_r(t, \theta, \phi, h_s)$$
(121)

$$\frac{\partial h_b}{\partial t} + u_\theta(t, \theta, \phi, h_b) \frac{\partial h_b}{\partial \theta} + u_\phi(t, \theta, \phi, h_b) \frac{\partial h_b}{\partial \phi} = u_r(t, \theta, \phi, h_b)$$
(122)

(123)

Dimensional Analysis

$$\begin{split} r &= R\hat{r} \quad h = H\hat{h} \quad \frac{H}{R} = \epsilon \\ u_{\theta} &= U\hat{u}_{\theta} \quad u_{\phi} = U\hat{u}_{\phi} \quad u_{r} = U_{r}\hat{u}_{r} \\ t &= T\hat{t} = \frac{R}{II}\hat{t} \quad p = \rho gH\hat{p} \end{split}$$

$$\frac{1}{R^2 \hat{r}^2} \frac{1}{R} \frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{r}} \left( R^2 \hat{r}^2 \epsilon U \hat{u}_r \right) + \frac{1}{R \hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial U \hat{u}_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{R \hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} (\sin(\phi) U \hat{u}_\phi) = 0 \tag{124}$$

$$\frac{U_r}{T}\frac{\partial \hat{u}_r}{\partial \hat{t}} + U_r \hat{u}_r \frac{U_r}{R} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_r}{\partial \hat{r}} + \frac{U \hat{u}_\theta}{R \hat{r} \sin(\phi)} U_r \frac{\partial \hat{u}_r}{\partial \theta} + \frac{U \hat{u}_\phi}{R \hat{r}} U_r \frac{\partial \hat{u}_r}{\partial \phi} - \frac{U^2}{R} \frac{\hat{u}_\theta^2 + \hat{u}_\phi^2}{r} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \rho g H \frac{1}{R} \frac{\partial \hat{p}}{\partial \hat{r}} + g_r \qquad (125)$$

$$\frac{U}{T}\frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\partial \hat{t}} + U_{r}\hat{u}_{r}\frac{U}{R}\frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\partial \hat{r}} + \frac{U\hat{u}_{\theta}}{R\hat{r}\sin(\phi)}U\frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{U\hat{u}_{\phi}}{R\hat{r}}U\frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\partial \phi} + \frac{U_{r}\hat{u}_{r}U\hat{u}_{\theta}}{R\hat{r}} + \frac{U^{2}\hat{u}_{\theta}\hat{u}_{\phi}\cot(\phi)}{R\hat{r}} = -\frac{1}{\rho R\hat{r}\sin(\phi)}\rho gH\frac{\partial \hat{p}}{\partial \theta} + g_{\theta}$$
(126)

$$\frac{U}{T}\frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\partial \hat{t}} + U_{r}\hat{u}_{r}\frac{U}{R}\frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\partial \hat{r}} + \frac{U\hat{u}_{\theta}}{R\hat{r}\sin(\phi)}U\frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{U\hat{u}_{\phi}}{R\hat{r}}U\frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\partial \phi} + \frac{U_{r}U\hat{u}_{r}\hat{u}_{\phi}}{R\hat{r}} - \frac{U^{2}\hat{u}_{\theta}^{2}\cot(\phi)}{R\hat{r}} = -\frac{1}{\rho R\hat{r}}\rho gH\frac{\partial \hat{p}}{\partial \phi} + g_{\phi} \quad (127)$$

 $T = \frac{R}{U}, U_r = \epsilon U$ 

$$\frac{\epsilon}{\hat{r}^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{r}} (\hat{r}^2 \hat{u}_r) + \frac{1}{\hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{\hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} (\sin(\phi) \hat{u}_\phi) = 0$$
(128)

$$\epsilon \frac{U^2}{R} \left( \frac{\partial \hat{u}_r}{\partial \hat{t}} + \epsilon \hat{u}_r \frac{\partial \hat{u}_r}{\partial \hat{r}} + \frac{\hat{u}_\theta}{\hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_r}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\hat{u}_\phi}{\hat{r}} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_r}{\partial \phi} - \frac{\hat{u}_\theta^2 + \hat{u}_\phi^2}{\epsilon r} \right) = -g \frac{H}{R} \frac{\partial \hat{p}}{\partial \hat{r}} + ge_r \tag{129}$$

$$\frac{U^2}{R} \left( \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\partial \hat{t}} + \epsilon \hat{u}_r \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\partial \hat{r}} + \frac{\hat{u}_{\theta}}{\hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\hat{u}_{\phi}}{\hat{r}} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\partial \phi} + \epsilon \frac{\hat{u}_r \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\hat{r}} + \frac{\hat{u}_{\theta} \hat{u}_{\phi} \cot(\phi)}{\hat{r}} \right) = -\frac{gH}{R\hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial \hat{p}}{\partial \theta} + ge_{\theta}$$
(130)

$$\frac{U^2}{R} \left( \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\partial \hat{t}} + \epsilon \hat{u}_r \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\partial \hat{r}} + \frac{\hat{u}_{\theta}}{\hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\hat{u}_{\phi}}{\hat{r}} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\partial \phi} + \epsilon \frac{\hat{u}_r \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\hat{r}} - \frac{\hat{u}_{\theta}^2 \cot(\phi)}{\hat{r}} \right) = -\frac{gH}{R\hat{r}} \frac{\partial \hat{p}}{\partial \phi} + ge_{\phi}$$
(131)

 $R = \frac{H}{\epsilon}$ 

$$\frac{\epsilon}{\hat{r}^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{r}} (\hat{r}^2 \hat{u}_r) + \frac{1}{\hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{\hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} (\sin(\phi) \hat{u}_\phi) = 0$$
(132)

$$\epsilon^2 \frac{U^2}{gH} \left( \frac{\partial \hat{u}_r}{\partial \hat{t}} + \epsilon \hat{u}_r \frac{\partial \hat{u}_r}{\partial \hat{r}} + \frac{\hat{u}_\theta}{\hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_r}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\hat{u}_\phi}{\hat{r}} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_r}{\partial \phi} - \frac{\hat{u}_\theta^2 + \hat{u}_\phi^2}{\epsilon r} \right) = -\epsilon \frac{\partial \hat{p}}{\partial \hat{r}} + e_r \tag{133}$$

$$\epsilon \frac{U^2}{gH} \left( \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\partial \hat{t}} + \epsilon \hat{u}_r \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\partial \hat{r}} + \frac{\hat{u}_{\theta}}{\hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\hat{u}_{\phi}}{\hat{r}} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\partial \phi} + \epsilon \frac{\hat{u}_r \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\hat{r}} + \frac{\hat{u}_{\theta} \hat{u}_{\phi} \cot(\phi)}{\hat{r}} \right) = -\frac{\epsilon}{\hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial \hat{p}}{\partial \theta} + e_{\theta}$$
(134)

$$\epsilon \frac{U^2}{gH} \left( \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\partial \hat{t}} + \epsilon \hat{u}_r \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\partial \hat{r}} + \frac{\hat{u}_{\theta}}{\hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\hat{u}_{\phi}}{\hat{r}} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\partial \phi} + \epsilon \frac{\hat{u}_r \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\hat{r}} - \frac{\hat{u}_{\theta}^2 \cot(\phi)}{\hat{r}} \right) = -\frac{\epsilon}{\hat{r}} \frac{\partial \hat{p}}{\partial \phi} + e_{\phi}$$
(135)

Drop  $\epsilon^2$  terms

$$\frac{\epsilon}{\hat{r}^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{r}} (\hat{r}^2 \hat{u}_r) + \frac{1}{\hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{\hat{r} \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} (\sin(\phi) \hat{u}_\phi) = 0$$
(136)

$$-\epsilon \frac{\hat{u}_{\theta}^2 + \hat{u}_{\phi}^2}{r} = -\epsilon \frac{\partial \hat{p}}{\partial \hat{r}} + e_r \tag{137}$$

$$\epsilon \frac{U^2}{gH} \left( \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\partial \hat{t}} + \frac{\hat{u}_{\theta}}{\hat{r}\sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\hat{u}_{\phi}}{\hat{r}} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\theta}}{\partial \phi} + \frac{\hat{u}_{\theta}\hat{u}_{\phi}\cot(\phi)}{\hat{r}} \right) = -\frac{\epsilon}{\hat{r}\sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial \hat{p}}{\partial \theta} + e_{\theta}$$
(138)

$$\epsilon \frac{U^2}{gH} \left( \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\partial \hat{t}} + \frac{\hat{u}_{\theta}}{\hat{r}\sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\hat{u}_{\phi}}{\hat{r}} \frac{\partial \hat{u}_{\phi}}{\partial \phi} - \frac{\hat{u}_{\theta}^2 \cot(\phi)}{\hat{r}} \right) = -\frac{\epsilon}{\hat{r}} \frac{\partial \hat{p}}{\partial \phi} + e_{\phi}$$
(139)