

Records Coversheet

Patient Name: Elizabeth Parker

Patient MR#: 750e5dd147001e27

DOB: 05/15/1966

Date Prepared: 2/1/14

ALL RECORDS INDEXED WITH MOST RECENT DATE ON TOP

DATE RANGE	DOCUMENT TYPE
07/28/13 - 06/26/13	H&P/Progress Notes/Consults/ Discharge Summaries
07/24/13 - 01/25/10	Operative Reports
07/26/13 - 01/23/10	Radiology Reports
x	Pathology Reports
07/29/13 - 07/21/13	Lab Reports

PATIENT

NAME: Elizabeth Parker

AGE: 47

GENDER: F

CONDITION: Congestive Heart Failure (chf)

PATIENT SURVEY

SPECIFICALLY, WHAT QUESTIONS CAN OUR EXPERT DOCTORS ANSWER FOR YOU?

In addition to CHF, I've been told I actually have a lung disease as well. Recent scans show cloudy lungs, and I'm not sure of the best course of treatment at this point. I've been told "you will need to have surgery immediately" to "we disagree on the best course of action". I would like Grand Rounds to help me understand:

1. What exactly are all my issues? Are any of them causing the other?
2. Are there additional tests that I ask to have done?
3. For someone of my age and condition, what do you recommend as far as treatment?

WHAT BOTHERS YOU OR CONCERNS YOU THE MOST REGARDING THE MEDICAL PROBLEM WE ARE HELPING YOU WITH?

I'm scared and my family is confused about how to move forward given the differing opinions of my doctors.

HOW DOES THIS MEDICAL PROBLEM EFFECT YOUR DAILY LIFE?

The shortness of breath in particular affects my ability to go about my daily life. Things like walking and household chores have become very difficult for me.

HOW LONG HAVE YOU HAD THIS MEDICAL PROBLEM?

Several months.

HOW LONG HAVE YOU BEEN TREATED FOR THIS MEDICAL PROBLEM?

I've been taking medications for my high blood pressure for years, but the severe shortness of breath is a relatively new development.

HAVE YOU ANY MAJOR SURGERIES OR OPERATIONS? PLEASE LIST THEM.

I've had a tonsillectomy

WHAT DO YOU DO FOR A LIVING?

Interior Designer

WHAT DO YOU DO FOR FUN?

Walking, spending time with my family, & cooking.

RACE

Caucasian

HEIGHT

5' 2"

WEIGHT

150

WHAT OTHER CURRENT MEDICAL PROBLEMS DO YOU HAVE AND AT WHAT AGE WERE YOU DIAGNOSED WITH THE PROBLEM?

I've had high blood pressure for many years. I was recently diagnosed with CHF, severe aortic stenosis, fluid on my lungs, and COPD. I was also told I have lung disease, possibly IPF, and calcification around my heart.

DRUG ALLERGIES

No allergies.

CURRENT MEDICATIONS

See attached file.

DO ANY FAMILY MEMBERS (MOTHER, FATHER, BROTHERS, SISTERS) HAVE A SIMILAR MEDICAL PROBLEM? IF SO, WHAT IS THEIR RELATIONSHIP TO YOU AND AT WHAT AGE WERE THEY DIAGNOSED WITH THE PROBLEM?

My sister has idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis.

DO ANY OF YOUR FAMILY MEMBERS (MOTHER, FATHER, BROTHER, SISTERS) HAVE OTHER MEDICAL PROBLEMS?

My sister has idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis. She is on oxygen

DO YOU OR DID YOU SMOKE? IF SO, HOW MANY PACKS A DAY? WHAT AGE DID YOU START TO SMOKE? WHAT AGE DID YOU QUIT?

Yes, but I quit nearly 40 years ago. Was smoking a couple of packs a day.

DO YOU DRINK ALCOHOL? IF SO HOW MUCH AND HOW OFTEN?

No

H&P PROGRESS NOTES CONSULTS DISCHARGE SUMMARIES

Most Recent at Top

E_Cardiothoracic Surgery Consult
0168329

PARKER, ELIZABETH E -

* Preliminary Report *

Document Type: E_Cardiothoracic Surgery Consult
Document Date: 28 July 2013 0:00
Result status: Transcribed
Template TiUe: EM_CONSLT2
Performed by: KONSTANTAKOS MD, ANASTASIOS K on 28 July 2013 16:32
Encounter info: 153175104, EMMC, In-patient, 07/21/2013 -
Contributor system: FUSION

* Preliminary Report *

EASTERN MAINE MEDICAL CENTER
489 State Street

Bangor, Maine 04401

NAME: Parker, Elizabeth E.
MRN: 0168329
DOB: 05/15/1966
FIN: 153175104
ADMIT DATE: 07/21/2013
DOS: 07/28/2013
ATTENDING: THOMAS E CASSIDY, DO
DICTATED BY: ANASTASIOS K KONSTANTAKOS,

CARDIOTHORACIC SURGERY CONSULTATION REPORT

REFERRING PHYSICIAN: Dr. Crawford.

REASON FOR REFERRAL: Interstitial lung disease with partial calcific pericarditis and aortic stenosis.

CHIEF COMPLAINT: Gradual shortness of breath.

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS: This is a 47-year-old woman with known longstanding moderate aortic stenosis, who has a history of paroxysmal atrial fibrillation, supraventricular tachycardia, who was admitted to the hospital on 7/21/2013, complaining with increasing dyspnea, chest pain, and lower extremity edema with occasional cough. Her exercise capacity has been progressively diminishing. She says that she is not able to walk at a brisk pace anymore and has to have frequent rests. The dyspnea on exertion has been going on for the past few years.

After she was admitted to the hospital, her symptoms have improved. A workup including echocardiogram, chest CT, and coronary catheterization has been performed. A cardiothoracic consultation was requested.

Printed by: BRAGDON RN, PETER
Printed on: 07/29/2013 7:01

Page 1 of 4
(Continued)

PAST MEDICAL HISTORY: Includes interstitial lung disease, aortic stenosis, history of paroxysmal atrial fibrillation, on Coumadin, chronic kidney disease, hypertension, hyperlipidemia, osteoporosis, gastritis, gastroesophageal reflux disease, history of transient ischemic attack, diverticulosis.

PAST SURGICAL HISTORY: Hysterectomy.

OUTPATIENT MEDICATIONS: Include:

1. Warfarin.
2. Lasix.
3. Potassium
4. Magnesium.
5. Metoprolol.
6. Nitroglycerin,
7. Simvastatin.
8. Calcium.
9. Famotidine.
10. Vitamin B12.

ALLERGIES: Percocet,

Vicodin.

FAMILY HISTORY: Mother apparently had congestive heart failure and father had emphysema.

SOCIAL HISTORY: She lives with her sister in Bangor. She is a former smoker, quit many years ago. Denies intravenous alcohol or drug abuse.

REVIEW OF SYSTEMS: Currently denies fever, chills. Cardiac: Currently denies chest pain. Respiratory: Denies hemoptysis or wheezing currently. Gastrointestinal: Denies dysuria. All other review of systems otherwise negative.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: Age-appropriate woman, awake, alert, in no apparent distress. Temperature 36.7, heart rate 50, normal sinus rhythm, blood pressure 130/60, respiratory rate 18. She is saturating 96% on 2 L nasal cannula. General: She is awake, alert, oriented x3. Head: Normocephalic, atraumatic. Neck: Supple. No jugular venous distention. No bruits. No masses. Back: Midline, straight. No costovertebral angle tenderness. Chest wall symmetrical in expansion. Lungs: Clear, Cardiovascular: Regular rate and rhythm. Abdomen: Soft, nontender, nondistended. Genitourinary: Deferred. Rectal: Deferred. Extremities: Range of motion intact x4 grossly. Neurologic: No gross focal defects. Psychiatric: Awake, alert, oriented x3. No gross pitting edema in the distal lower extremities.

Printed by: BRAGDON RN, PETER
Printed on: 07/29/2013 7:01

Page 2 of 4
(Continued)

E_Cardiothoracic Surgery Consult
0168329

PARKER, ELIZABETH E •

* Preliminary Report •

LABORATORY EVALUATION: Sodium 132, potassium 4.1, chloride 94, bicarbonate 24, BUN 22, creatinine 1.1, glucose 97. INR is 1.1. White count 8, hematocrit 32, platelets 264, CT of the chest without contrast on 7/26/2013, shows extensive calcification of the anterior pericardium and lateral pericardium predominantly on the right side affecting the right atrium and right ventricular area with no evidence of mass effect. The left ventricular pericardium appears largely uninvolved, but I think it is a calcific process. In addition, there were extensive subpleural reticulation changes consistent with interstitial lung disease.

I do not see pulmonary function tests.

CARDIOLOGIC EVALUATION: Echocardiogram on 7/24/2013, shows ejection fraction of approximately 55% with a dilated left atrium, sclerosis of the aortic valve and trace aortic insufficiency. The aortic valve area is estimated to be approximately 0.8 cm squared with mild to moderate mitral regurgitation. The mean gradient of the aortic valve is approximately 20 mmHg. Coronary catheterization on 7/24/2013, shows patchy atherosclerosis but no gross obstructive coronary artery disease throughout the arterial tree. There was no evidence to suggest constrictive pericarditis on pressure measurements.

ASSESSMENT: This is a complex picture of a very pleasant 47-year-old woman who has the aforementioned findings including evidence consistent with interstitial lung disease, partial calcific extensive pericarditis, and at least moderate aortic stenosis with a preserved ejection fraction.

In terms of her operative candidacy for a possible aortic valve replacement, the pericardial anatomy may prove a technical challenge if not full impediment to a full pericardiotomy itself. In addition, her interstitial lung disease may also place her at heightened risk for a cardiopulmonary bypass run as well. Clearly, the patient is not in an acute situation currently as she feels quite well today. It would be perhaps beneficial to consider this patient's candidacy for a percutaneous aortic valve procedure to avoid not only the operative cardiac risk as described above, as well as the avoidance of a sternotomy. She states she is interested in this and would be amenable to taking a trip down to Boston to discuss this if she were deemed a candidate. All questions have been answered to her full satisfaction. She and her daughter are quite appreciative.

ANASTASIOS K KONSTANTAKOS, MD

AKK/jsa

DD: 07/28/2013

DT: 14:08

TD: 07/28/2013

TT: 16:03

JOB#: 339341

Printed by: BRAGDON RN, PETER
Printed on: 07/29/2013 7:01

Page 3 of 4
(Continued)

OPERATIVE REPORTS

Most Recent On Top

EMMC Northeast Cardiology Associates

Specializing in Cardiac and Vascular Disease
One North Street Drive - Bangor, MB 04401-207-
947-4940 Fax: 201-941-9400

Printed: July 19, 2013 Sy: Brien Goodie

Page 1 of 1

Chart Document

ELIZABETH E PARKER

Home: (207)942-9524 Work: (000)000-0000

Female DOB: 05/15/1966 -47 Years Old - EMHS MR: 000 00001 66329

07/24/2013 - Operative Report: EMMC - CATH

Provider: Rupert Fincke 1110

Location of Care: EMMC Northeast Cardiology Associates

Patient: ELIZABETH E PARKER

ID: MagicianLab 101331-0314001

Note: All result statuses are Final unless otherwise noted.

Tests: (1) EMMC - CATH (Operative Report)

ANGIO CORON

YES

Note: An exclamation mark (!) indicates a result that was not dispersed into the
worksheet.

Document Creation Date: 07/26/2013 10:24 AM

(1) Order result status: Final

Collection or observation date-time: 07/24/2013 10:19:4

Requested date-time: 07/24/2013 00:00:00

Receipt date-time;

Reported date-time, 07/24/2013 00:00:00

Referring Physician!

Ordering Physician: (rfincke)

Specimen Source:

Source: MagicianLab

Filler Order Number:

Lab site!

Filed automatically (without signature) on 07/26/2013 at 10:24 AM

EC Echocard Transesophageal 20
0168329

PARKER, ELIZABETH E -

* Final Report

Document Type: EC Echocard Transesophageal 20
Document Date: 24 July 2013 13:58
Result status: Auth (Verified)
Template Title: EC ECHOCARD TRANSESOPHAGEAL 20
Performed by: QAZI DO, AMINA S on 24 July 2013 13:58
Signed by: QAZI DO, AMINA S on 24 July 2013 13:58
Encounter info: 153175104, EMMC, In-patient, 07/21/2013 -

* Final Report *

Reason For Exam

Native valvular disease evaluation

300000098

Test Date: 07/24/2013

Procedure: Transesophageal Echocardiogram

Patient: PARKER ELIZABETH E

DOB (Age): 05/15/1966 (47)

Med Rec#: 0160329

Sex: F

Site Loc:

Ht / Wt:

147.J (cm) / 62.0 (

Pt. Loc:

BSA: 1.56

Study Date: 07/24/2013

Pt. Type:

Study Quality:

Tape:

Physicians:

Referring HOPE MD THOMAS S

Performing QAZI, AMINA

Reading QAZI, AMINA

Technologist Dallavalle, Brad

Rhythm:

HR BP
141/92

Study Type (e): Transesophageal Echocardiogram

Indication (s): Native valvular disease eval

Study Quality:

Medication (s):

MEASUREMENTS

	Value	Units (Range)
LV EF Estimated	60	% (60 - 10)

FINDINGS

Printed by:

Printed on:

BRAGDON

14:14

EC Echocard Transesophageal 20
0168329

PARKER, ELIZABETH E -

* Final Report *

Tee Procedure2:

In the fasting state and after informed consent was obtained the patient was brought to the cath lab exam room and given 15 mL of viscous lidocaine orally as topical anesthetic. The patient was administered 100 mg of Propofol by anesthesia for sedation. The probe was passed without difficulty.

Left Ventricle:

The left ventricular chamber size i's normal. There is normal left ventricular systolic funcction. The estimated left ventricular ejection fraction in 20 is 60%. All segments are normal.

Left Atrium:

The left atrium is moderately dilated.

Right Ventricle:

The right ventricular chamber size and systolic function are within **normal limits.**

Right Atrium;

The right atrial cavity size is mildly dilated.

Aorta:

The aortic root appears normal.

Aortic Valve:

The aortic valve is trileaflet. The aortic valve leaflets are mildly thickened. There **is** aortic annular calcification. Moderate aortic leaflet calcification is visualized. There is a trace of aortic regurgitation. Aortic valve peak gradient is 34 mmHg. The aortic valve gradient mean is 20 mmHg.

Mitral Valve:

There is mitral annular calcification. The mitral valve leaflets are mildly thickened. Mitral valve leaflet mobility appears normal. There is mild to moderate mitral regurgitation observed. There is no evidence of mitral stenosis.

Tricuspid Valve:

The tricuspid valve leaflets are morphologically normal. Tricuspid valve leaflet mobility appears normal. There **is** mild tricuspid regurgitation. There is no tricuspid stenosis.

Pulmonic Valve:

The pulmonic valve appears normal. There is mild pulmonic regurgitation present.

Pulmonary Artery:

The main pulmonary artery appears normal.

Venous;

The inferior vena cava is not visualized.

Printed by: BRAGDON RN, PETER
Printed on: 07/28/2013 14:14

Page 2 of 3
(Continued)

EC Echocard Transesophageal 2D
0168329

PARKER, ELIZABETH E -

* Final Report *

Pericardium :

The pericardium appears normal.

Conclusions:

Normal LV size and systolic function. LVEF 55%.

The left atrium is moderately dilated.

Moderate sclerosis of the AOV with possible LF - LG severe AS and trace

MI.

DI 0.25, AVA 0.8 cm², SV 40ml, SVI 39 ml/m², Z Score 4, maxPG 34mmHg,

meanPG 20mmHg.

There is mild to moderate mitral regurgitation observed.

Wall motion

BAS	Normal
BA	Normal
BAL	Normal
BIL	Normal
BI	Normal
BIS	Normal
MAS	Normal
MA	Normal
MAL	Normal
MIL	Normal
MI	Normal
MIS	Normal
LS	Normal
AA	Normal
AL	Normal
AI	Normal
APEX	Normal

This report has been electronically signed by:

Amina Qazi, DO 07/24/2013 16:55:25

Signature Line

Physician: QAZI DO, AMINA S

Electronically Signed: 07/24/2013 13:58

Completed Action List:

- Order by FINCKE MD, RUPERT on 24 July 2013 12:37
- * VERIFY by QAZI DO, AMINA S on 24 July 2013 13:59
- Per form by DALLAVALLE, BRAD E on 24 July 2013 15:04

Printed by: BRAGDON RN, PETER
Printed on: 07/28/2013 14:14

Page 3 of 3
(End of Report)

RADIOLOGY REPORTS

Most Recent On Top

**CT Chest w/o Contrast
0168329**

PARKER, ELIZABETH E -

* Final Report *

Document Type: CT Chest w/o Contrast
Document Date: 26 July 2013 15:20
Result status: Auth (Verified)
Template Title: CT Chest w/o Contrast
Performed by: COUTO MD, COREY A on 26 July 2013 15:20
Signed by: PICCIRILLO MD, MARK N as proxy for COUTO MD, COREY A on 28 July 2013 9:05
Encounter info: 153175104, EMMC, In-patient, 07/21/2013•

*** Final Report ***

Reason For Exam

worsening SOB. Evaluate lung parenchyma ? pulmonary fibrosis

Report DTA

DOB• 05/15/1966

ORDERING PROVIDER• RHASHELIA S CRI\WFORD, MD

DICTATED BY• COREY A COUTO, MD

DATE OF EXAM> 07/26/2013

EXAM• CT Of THE CHEST WITHOUT CONTRAST

CLINICAL INDICATION: Worsening shortness of breath, bilateral lung parenchyma.

COMPL\RISQ, 04/16/2012

METHOD/TECHNIQUE• CT of the chest without contrast.

FINDINGS: The heart is not enlarged. There is extensive calcification of the pericardium as seen on the previous examination. Calcification is also seen in the region of the mitral and aortic valves. Coronary artery calcifications are also present. There is no evidence of a pericardial effusion. Calcification is also seen involving multiple lymph nodes. An 11-mm paratracheal lymph node is not much changed (image 20). A 9 to 10-mm prevascular lymph nodes are stable. No new lymph nodes are seen. There is no evidence of axillary adenopathy. The trachea is widely patent.

Review of the lungs demonstrates interval resolution of previously seen pleural effusions. Scattered areas of subpleural reticulation change are seen in the lungs bilaterally, essentially seen throughout the lungs, involving both upper and lower lung. No evidence of definite honeycombing on this exam, although this is not a high-resolution CT. There are several scattered parenchymal opacities, which were not seen on the previous study. A 10-mm opacity is seen posteriorly in the right lung apex, which was not seen previously. Similar-appearing ill-defined opacities seen posteriorly in the left lung apex (image 10). Ground-glass changes are also seen anteriorly in the left upper lobe (image 12). Rounded area of opacity is seen superiorly in the left lower lobe, this was not seen previously (image 24). Scattered other nodular opacities are seen throughout both lungs. There is a nodular area

CT Chest w/o Contrast
0168329

PARKER, ELIZABETH E -

* Final Report •

seen superiorly in the right lower lobe (image34), which likely was present before. A 7-mm nodule is seen laterally in the right middle lobe (image32), appears new. There is no evidence of a pneumothorax or pleural effusion.

Limited imaging of the upper abdomen demonstrates a mild hiatal hernia. the right adrenal gland is normal. Slight thickening is noted to the left adrenal gland, but this is unchanged. The gallbladder is densely packed with gallstones. Aorta is heavily calcified.

Review of bone windows demonstrates degenerative changes in the spine. There is a mild endplate compression deformity at T12. Degenerative changes are seen in the bilateral shoulders. No discrete lytic or blastic bony lesion is identified.

IMPRESSION:

1. Extensive pattern of subpleural reticulation changes as discussed above. The imaging pattern does raise the possibility of interstitial lung disease. This could be better evaluated and followed up with a high-resolution CT.

2. Patchy areas of nodular opacity as discussed above. Some of these findings are new compared to the previous study. These are nonspecific, but infectious or inflammatory etiologies are a possibility. I would consider a pulmonary consultation if not already performed. Certainly, it is possible to exclude neoplasm based on this appearance and continued short followup is advised.

3. Mild thoracic lymphadenopathy, grossly unchanged.

4. Extensive calcification of the pericardium. This has been discussed on previous reports and has not significantly changed.

5. Mild hiatal hernia.

6. Interval resolution of pleural effusions.

7. Extensive cholelithiasis.

D: 07/26/2013 03:40 pm

T: syn 07/27/2013 12:16 am JOB#: 337449

Signature Line

PHYSICIAN: COUTO MD, COREY A

Electronically Signed: 07/28/2013 09:05

Completed Action List:

* Order by CRAWFORD MD, RHASHELIA S on 26 July 2013 13:47

* Perform by PYLE, NICKY on 26 July 2013 15:20

• VERIFY by COUTO MD, COREY A on 28 July 2013 9:05

Printed by: BRAGDON RN, PETER
Printed on: 07/28/2013 14:15

Page 2 of 2
(End of Report)

EMMC Northeast Cardiology Associates

Specialty in Cardiac and Vascular Disease
One North Main Street - Bangor, ME 04401
207-947-4940 Fax, 207-941-9400

Printed: July 29, 2013 By: Brian Goodie

Page 1 of 1

Chan Document

ELIZABETH E PARKER

Home: (207)942-9524 Work: (000)000-0000

Female DOB: 05/15/1929 -47 Years Old - EMHS MR: 0000000168329

07/25/2013-Diagnostic Report Other: EMMC-STRESS

Provider: Amina S. Qazi DO

Location of Care: EMMC Northeast Cardiology Associates

Patient: ELIZABETH E PARKER

ID: MagicianLab 101331-0314001

Note: All result statuses are Final unless otherwise noted.

Tests: (1) EMMC - STRESS (Diagnostic Report Other)

! ETT FINDING TEXT

Note: An exclamation mark (!) indicates a result that was not dispersed into the flowsheet.

Document Creation Date: 07/26/2013 10:24 AM

(1) Order result status: Final

Collection or observation date-time: 07/25/2013 10:19:22

Requested date-time: 07/25/2013 00:00:00

Receipt date-time:

Reported date-time: 07/25/2013 00:00:00

Referring Physician:

Ordering Physician:

(aqazi) Specimen Source:

Source: MagicianLab

Filler Order Number:

Lab site:

The following results were not dispersed to the flowsheet:

ETT FINDING, TFX1, (F)

Filed automatically (without signature) on 07/26/2013 at 10:24 AM

E Treadmill

PARKER, ELIZABETH E
0168329

* Final Report *

Document Type: E_Treadmill
 Document Date: 25 July 2013 0:00
 Result status: Auth (Verified)
 Template Title: EM TREAD
 Performed by: HILL FNP, DIANE M on 25 July 2013 12:42
 Encounter info: 153175104, EMMC, In-patient, 07/21/2013 -
 Contributor system: FUSION

* Final Report *

EM TREAD verified

EASTERN MAINE MEDICAL CENTER
 NUCLEAR CARDIOLOGY
 489 State Street

Bangor, Maine 04401

NAME: Hussey, Mavis E.

MRN: 0168329

DOB: 05/15/1966

FIN: 153175104

ADMIT DATE: 07/21/2013

DOS: 07/2/2013

ATTENDING: THOMAS E CASSIDY, DO

REFERRING: THOMAS S HOPE, MD

DICTATED BY: DIANE M HILL FNP

TREADMILL EXERCISE STRESS TEST EXERCISE SINGLE REPORT

REFERRING PROVIDER: Dr. Fincke.

Clinical Indication: Severe aortic stenosis looking for symptoms and exercise capacity.

Duration of Exercise: 2 minutes 7 seconds.

Actual Maximum Heart Rate: 88 beats per minute.

% of Predicted Heart Rate: 65%.

ST Changes: No significant changes from baseline. Baseline electrocardiogram showed regular sinus rhythm with T-wave inversions in the inferolateral leads.

Arrhythmia with Exercise: None.

Printed by: BRAGDON RN, PETER
 Printed on: 07/28/2013 14:14

Page 1 of 2
 (Continued)

E_Treadmill
0168329

PARKER, ELIZABETH E -

*** Final Report •**

Conduction Changes: None.

Blood pressure Response: 108/64 baseline, 100/60 at peak exercise, 114/50 in recovery.

Symptoms: Severe shortness of breath and fatigue. The shortness of breath started at less than 1 minute of exercise. She exercised to the point where she was barely able to stay up on the treadmill requiring stopping the treadmill. She was panting for breath at the end. Her symptoms improved 5 minutes into recovery.

INTERPRETATION: Nondiagnostic exercise treadmill test. The patient exercised for 2 minutes 7 seconds and stopped due to severe shortness of breath and fatigue. There was an 8-mm drop in systolic blood pressure with exercise. There was no ectopy. There were no significant ST changes from baseline while achieving 66% of predicted maximum heart rate.

DIANE M HILL, FNP

AMINA S QAZI, DO

DMH/sc

DD: 07/25/2013

DT: 11:18

TD: 07/25/2013

TT: 12:42

JOB#: 333676

Completed Action List:

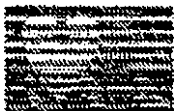
- Transcribe by COLLET ' SUZANNE on 25 July 2013 12:42
- Author by HILL FNP, PLANE M on 25 July 2013 12:42
- Perform by HILL FNP, DIANE M on 25 July 2013 12:42

Printed by: BRAGDON RN, PETER
Printed on: 07/28/2013 14:14

Page 2 of 2
(End of Report)

ACC NUMBER
RA-13-0079089

EXAM DATE/TIME
07/21/2013 14:49:37



EMMC Northeast Cardiology Associates
One Northeast Drive
Bangor ME, 04401
Phone: 207.947.4940 - Fax: 207.040400



Name: PARKER, ELIZABETH E
MAN: 06301929MEH
Study Date: 06/26/2013 08:54 AM
DOB: 05/15/1966
Age: 83 yrs
Gender: Female
Exam: Transthoracic Echocardiogram
Performed By: WR
Ordering MD: Amina Qazi DO
Referring MD: KEVIN MILLER MD

Reason For Study: Mitral Regurgitation, Dyspnea, Palpitations, Tachycardia, Aortic Stenosis

Height: 58 in Weight: 142 lb BP: 120/60 mmHg

M-Mode/2D Measurements & Calculations

LVIDd: 3.5 cm Ao root diam: 3.1 cm asc Aorta Diam: 3.6 cm LVOT diam: 2.1 cm
LVJd: 2.1 cm LA dimension: 4.3 cm
JVsd: 1.0 cm
LVPWd: 0.88 cm

Left Ventricle

The left ventricle is normal in size. Left ventricular systolic function is normal. Calculated EF 66%. No regional wall motion abnormalities noted. E/A 1.8, E/e' 15.

Left Atrium

The left atrium is mildly dilated. A patent foramen ovale is present.

Right Ventricle

The right ventricle is mildly dilated. The right ventricular systolic function is normal.

Right Atrium

The right atrium is mildly dilated.

Aorta

The aortic root is normal size. Borderline dilated ascending aorta.

Aortic Valve

The aortic valve is trileaflet. Leaflets are calcified and restricted. Peak/mean gradients are 50/29 mmHg. Using an LVOT diameter of 2.0 cm, AVA 0.8 cm²

SV 65 ml

SI 41 ml/m²

DI 24

Z Score 3.6

AS appears severe by planimetry. Trace aortic regurgitation.

Mitral Valve

There is mild to moderate mitral annular calcification. There is mild mitral regurgitation.

Tricuspid Valve

There is trace tricuspid regurgitation. Estimated RSVF 33 mmHg.

Pulmonic valve

The pulmonic valve leaflets are thin and pliable; valve motion is normal.

Pulmonary Artery

The pulmonary artery is normal size.

The pericardium appears normal.

Interpretation Summary

Normal biventricular systolic function EF 66%

The right ventricle is mildly dilated.

Suspect Severe aortic stenosis Peak/mean gradients are 50/29 mmHg respectively. AVA 0.8cm²

Biventricular enlargement

Cerner Imaging Exam Report

Facility: FHZ

DOB: 03/30/1919 47 Year Female

Location: SCU-F1W 1704/I

Exam: MR Ancfo/Venobs Hoeel WO Cone

Exam Status: Completed

Technician: EPSTEIN MD, DAVID MICHAEL

MR. N: 1012233

ELIZABETH E

MR. N: 1012233

FIN: 341P147

Patient Type: Inpatient

Accession No: 11m-11-0009025

Exam Date: 03/01/2012 13:05

Ordering Physician: ALI MD, SYED I'RFAN

Resident

Referring Physician: EPSTEIN MD, DAVID MICHAEL

Reason for Exam: TIA

Report Status: Final

Report Date: 03/01/2012 13:40

REPORT

Technique: Noncontrast MR angiogram of the brain was obtained. Source axial images, axial, sagittal, 1111.d coronal thin slab MIPS, and volume rendered images were submitted for interpretation.

Findings: Symmetric widely patent distal Internal carotid arteries are identified bilaterally. Both supraclinoid internal carotid arteries bifurcate into symmetric widely patent A1 and M1 segments. Anterior communicating artery is not seen, perhaps atretic. Both A2 segments are symmetrically patent. There is a symmetric branching of the right M1 into symmetric superior and inferior temporal and parietal lobe (M2) branches and a smaller anterior temporal lobe branch, without aneurysm (site questioned on CT). Just distal to the bifurcation of the left M1 and M2 segment, there is branching into an anterior temporal lobe branch and a common M2 segment which extends over a distance of perhaps 1.5 cm prior to branching into superior and inferior temporal and parietal lobe (M2) branches.

Posteriorly the smaller left vertebral artery terminates in PICA (posterior inferior cerebellar artery). The larger right vertebral artery is the sole contributor to the basilar artery, a somewhat diminutive but uniform vessel. The superior cerebellar artery and anterior inferior cerebellar artery (AICA's) are indistinguishable. The distal basilar contributes to diminutive but patent P1 segments. Symmetrically prominent posterior communicating arteries arising from the distal internal carotid arteries are consistent with persistent fetal circulation. There is symmetric flow-related enhancement within both posterior cerebral arteries (P2's).

No intracranial aneurysm or stenosis is appreciated.

Impression:

Variant intracranial arterial anatomy, as described above, without aneurysm or stenosis.

Dictating Dr. Epstein, David M

Dictated 03/01/2012

Signature: Dr. Epstein, David M

*****Final*****

Dictated by: EPSTEIN MD, DAVID M

Signed by: EPSTEIN MD, DAVID M

Transcriptionist: DMB

LAB REPORTS

Most Recent On Top

PMnted on: 07/29/2013 7:04

24

Frowsheet Print Request

Patient: PARKER,
ELIZABETH E

Printed by: BRAGDON RN, PETER

MRN: 0168329

Date of Admission - Current 07/29/2013 7:04

Printed on: 07/29/2013

Event Date	Event	7:04 Result	Ref. Range
		Status	
	Lymphocytes Absolute	2.17	(1.00 - 4.50)
	Monocytes Absolute	0.63	(0.10 - 0.80)
	Eosinophils Absolute	0.26	(0.00 - 0.50)
	Basophils Absolute	0.02	(0.00 - 0.20)
	Red Blood cell count	L 3.53	(4.20 - 5.40)
	Mean Corpuscular Volume	91.8	(90.0 - 100.0)
	Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin	29.2	(28.0 - 34.0)
	Mean Corpuscular HGB concentration	L 31.8	(32.0 - 36.0)
	Red Cell Distribution Width-SD	H 49.0	(35.0 - 47.0)
	Red cell Distribution Width-CV	H 4.9	(11.5 - 13.5)
	Mean Platelet Volume	10.2	(8.5 - 12.0)
	Sedimentation Rate	28	(0 - 30)

07/27/2013 0:00 E_Pulmonary/Critical Care Medicine Cnslt !:_Pulmonary/Critical Care Medicine Cnslt

07/26/2013 15:20 CT Chest w/o Contrast •er Chest w/o Contrast

07/26/2013 5:30	Sodium Level	135	(134 - 142)
	Potassium Level	4.4	(3.5 - 5.0)
	Chloride Level	100	(98 - 107)
	Carbon Dioxide	26	(22 - 32)
	Anion Gap	9	(3 - 12)
	Urea Nitrogen	H 25	(5 - 20)
	CREATININE	H 1.11	(0.40 - 1.10)
	OCr (Cockcroft-Gault) For Med Dosing	24	
	CrCl Actual Body Weight (Cockcroft-Gault)	37	

	eGFR (MDRD)	* 47	
	Glucose Level	102	(70 - 120)
	calcium Level	8.9	(8.8 - 10.3)
	Prothrombin Time	11.3	(9.0 - 12.0)
	* International Normalized Ratio	* 1.1	
	Anti-Xa	* 0.43	
	White Blood Cell Count	8.8	(4.8 - 10.8)
	Hemoglobin	L 10.3	(12.0 - 16.0)
	Hematocrit	L 32.3	(36.0 - 47.0)
	Platelet Count	256	(150 - 400)
	Red Blood Cell Count	L 3.52	(4.0 - 5.40)
	Mean Corpuscular Volume	91.8	(90.0 - 100.0)
	Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin	29.3	(28.0 - 34.0)
	Mean Corpuscular HGB Concentration	L 31.9	(32.0 - 36.0)
	Red Cell Distribution Width-SD	H 49.5	(35.0 - 47.0)
	Red cell Distribution Width-CV	H 14.7	(11.5 - 13.5)
	Mean Platelet Volume	9.9	(8.5 - 12.0)

07/25/2013 13:55	Total Protein	6.5	(6.1 - 7.9)
	Albumin	3.9	(3.5 - 5.2)
	Total Bilirubin	0.4	(0.1 - 1.0)
	Direct Bilirubin	0.2	(0.0 - 0.3)
	Alkaline Phosphatase	51	(35 - 105)
	Alanine Aminotransferase	13	(0 - 33)
	Aspartate Aminotransferase	15	(0 - 32)
	Thyrotropin (TSH)	* 0.97	(0.40 - 3.80)
	Rheumatoid Factor	11.7	(0.0 - 14.0)

Page 2

Flowsheet Print Request

Patient: PARKER,
ELIZABETH E

Printed by: BRAGDON RN, PETER

MRN: 0168329

Date Admission - Current: 07/10/13 16:46 - 07/10/13 7:04

Printed on: 07/29/2013 7:04

Event Date	Event	Result	Ref. Range	Status
	ANA Tit	• 1:40		
	ANA Pattern	(a) Speckled		
	DSDNA Antibody	• None Detected		
	C3 complement	114	(90 - 180)	
	C4 Complement	29	(10 - 40)	
	Jo Antibody	* 0	(0 - 10) • J	
	Smith (ENA) Antibody, IgG	• 0	(0-40 -)	
	Cyclic Citrullinated Peptide	* 3	(0-19 -)	
07/25/2013 5:55	Sodium Level	138	(134 - 142)	
	Potassium Level	5.0	(3.5 - 5.0)	
	Chloride Level	101	(98 - 107)	
	carbon Dioxide	27	(22 - 32)	
	Anion Gap	10	(3 - 12)	
	Urea Nitrogen	H 21	(5 - 20)	
	CREATININE	H L.211	(0.40 - 1.10)	
	CrCl (Cockcroft-Gault) For Med Dosing	21		
	ere! Actual Body Weight(Cockcroft-Gault)	32		
	eGFR (MORD)	• 40		
	Glucose Level	102	(70 - 120)	
	Calcium Level	9.0	(8.8 - 10.3)	
	Prothrombin Time	12.0	(9.0 - 12.0)	
	International Normalized Ratio Anti-	* 1.2		
	leu	* 0.48		
	White Blood cell Count	10.7	(4.8 - 10.8)	
	Hemoglobin	L 11.0	(12.0 - 16.0)	
	Hematocrit	L34.6	(36.0 - 47.0)	
	Platelet Count	299	(150 - 400)	
	Mature Neutrophils	68.8	(45.0 - 85.0)	
	Lymphocytes	L 24.5	(25.0 - 45.0)	
	Monocytes	8.2	(1.0 - 9.0)	
	Eosinophils	1.5	(0.0 - 5.0)	
	Basophils	0.3	(0.0 - 2.0)	
	Neutrophils Absolute	7.00	(1.90 - 7.80)	
	Lymphocytes Absolute	2.62	(1.00 - 4.50)	
	Monocytes Absolute	H 0.88	(0.10 - 0.80)	
	Eosinophils Absolute	0.16	(0.00 - 0.50)	
	Basophils Absolute	0.01	(0.00 - 0.20)	
	Red Blood Cell Count	L 3.73	(4.20 - 5.40)	
	Mean Corpuscular Volume	92.6	(80.0 - 100.0)	
	Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin	29.5	(28.0 - 34.0)	
	Mean corpuscular HGB Concentration	L 31.8	(32.0 - 36.0)	
	Red Cell Distribution Width-SD	ti 49.6	(35.0 - 47.0)	
	Red Cell Distribution Width-CV	111 M.7	(11.5 - 13.5)	
	Mean Platelet Volume	10.3	(8.5 - 12.0)	
07/25/2013 0:50	Anti-Xa	• 0.16		
07/25/2013 0:00	E_Treadmill	E_Treadmill		
	E_case Management	E_Case Management		
07/24/2013 14:29	Surgical Documentation	Surgical Documentation		

Flowsheet Print Request

Patient: PARKER,
ELIZABETH E

Printed by: BRAGDON RN, Pffir

MRN: 0166Ji9

Date Range (Admission - Current): 07/11/2013 16:46 - 07/29/2013 7:04 PHnted on: 07/29/2013

Event Date	7:04 Event	Result	Ref. Range	Status
	CREATININE	1.06	(0.40 • 1.10)	
	OCI (Cockcroft-Gault) For Med Dosing	26		
	CrCl Actual Body Weight(Cockcroft-Gault)	39		
	eGFR (MORD)	* 49		
	Glucose Level	99	(70 • 120)	
	Calcium Level	9.4	(8.8 - 10.3)	
	Prothrombin Time	H 22.0	(9.0 • 12.0)	
	International Normalized Ratio	• 2.4		
	White Blood Cell Count	6.7	(4.8 - 10.8)	
	Hemoglobin	L 10.7	(12.0 - 16.0)	
	Hematocrit	L 33.8	(36.0 - 47.0)	
	Platelet count	262	(150 - 400)	
	Mature Neutrophils	61.9	(45.0 - 85.0)	
	Lymphocytes	26.6	(25.0 - 45.0)	
	Monocytes	7.4	(1.0 • 9.0)	
	Eosinophils	3.6	(0.0 • 5.0)	
	Basophils	0.5	(0.0 - 2.0)	
	Neutrophils Absolute	4.13	(1.90 - 7.80)	
	Lymphocytes Absolute	1.77	(1.00 - 4.50)	
	Monocytes Absolute	0.49	(0.10 • 0.60)	
	Eosinophils Absolute	0.24	(0.00 • 0.50)	
	Basophils Absolute	0.03	(0.00 • 0.20)	
	Red Blood Cell Count	L 3.69	(4.20 - 5.40)	
	Mean Corpuscular Volume	91.6	(80.0 • 100.0)	
	Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin	29.0	(28.0 - 34.0)	
	Mean Corpuscular HGB Concentration	L 31.7	(32.0 - 36.0)	
	Red Cell Distribution Width-SD	48.3	(35.0 • 47.0)	
	Red Cell Distribution Width-CV	H 14.5	(11.5 - 13.5)	
	Mean Platelet Volume	10.1	(8.5 • 12.0)	
	Iron Level	48	(28 - 170)	
	Total Iron Binding	393	(261 - 478)	
	% Transferrin Saturation	L 12	(15 - 45)	
	Vitamin B-12 Level	• 789	(200 - 900)	
	Serum Folate	• >20.0	(4.1 - 20.0)	
07/22/2013 3:00	Troponin T	• <0.03	(0.00 - 0.03)	
07/22/2013 0:00	E_Case Management	E_Case Management		
	E_Cardiology Consult	E_Cardiology Consult		
07/21/2013 21:01	Troponin T	* <0.03	(0.00 • 0.03)	
07/21/2013 17:30	Troponin T	• <0.03	(0.00 •	
07/21/2013 16:47	VTE Contraindication-Pharmacologic	" None		
	VTE Advisor Recommendation	* None		
07/21/2013 16:47	VTE Risk Assessment	• Medical High		
07/21/2013 16:46	E_OOB Patient Letter	E_OOB Patient Letter		
	E_Emergency Room Record	E_Emergency Room Record		
	E_Patient Discharge Med List	E_Patient Discharge Med List		