

## Hydrogen Hub Systems Analysis and Mapping Tool (Paracraft) v1

Hanna M Breunig; Adam Z Weber; Seongeun Jeong; Mohammed Tamim Zaki

The hydrogen (H<sub>2</sub>) hub systems analysis and mapping tool "Paracraft" developed using R version 4.3.2 is an integrated life cycle assessment (LCA), techno-economic analysis (TEA), and geospatial analysis tool. The tool quantifies the environmental and economic impacts of a H<sub>2</sub> hub that includes feedstock, production, infrastructure/storage, distribution, and end-use of H<sub>2</sub> within the system boundary. Additional modules and impacts will be integrated into the software throughout the Department of Energy (DOE) ARCHES hydrogen hub project through a multi-institution collaboration involving the Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, University of California Davis, University of California, Berkeley, University of California Irvine, Renewables100, National Renewable Energy Laboratory, ARCHES LLC, and Jacobs.

Version 1 of the tool includes modules for the following components:

1. Feedstock: Electricity (grid, power purchase agreement, and renewables), water, and biomass (municipal solid waste and woody waste)
2. Production: Alkaline water electrolysis, Proton exchange membrane (PEM) water electrolysis, Biomass thermochemical conversion, and Biomass gasification.
3. Infrastructure/storage: H<sub>2</sub> compression, H<sub>2</sub> liquefaction, and storage for compressed and liquefied H<sub>2</sub>.
4. Distribution: Truck transport of compressed and liquefied H<sub>2</sub> and pipeline transport of compressed H<sub>2</sub>.
5. End-use: Refueling stations and medium duty class 6 trucks, transit buses, fuel cell and peaker plant for power generation, and aviation fuel.

The environmental impacts from LCA are quantified as net carbon dioxide equivalent emissions (kg CO<sub>2</sub>e/kg H<sub>2</sub>), sulfur dioxide emissions (g SO<sub>2</sub>/kg H<sub>2</sub>), nitrogen oxide emissions (g NO<sub>x</sub>/kg H<sub>2</sub>), and particulate matter emissions (g PM<sub>10</sub>/kg H<sub>2</sub> and g PM<sub>2.5</sub>/kg H<sub>2</sub>). Health impacts and benefits associated with net changes in air quality will be provided in a subsequent version.

The economic impact from TEA is quantified as total levelized cost (\$/kg H<sub>2</sub>). Net present value, total revenue, total policy incentives, and other financial performance indicators will be provided in a subsequent version following the approach used in the DOE H2FAST model.

### Capabilities of version 1

- Projects: Flexible inclusion, exclusion, and modification of projects in a hub over time.
- LCA: Emissions from feedstock preparation and acquisition, H<sub>2</sub> production, H<sub>2</sub> postprocessing and compression and/or liquefaction, H<sub>2</sub> transport, and avoided emissions from H<sub>2</sub> end-uses that offset current fossil fuel consumption.

- TEA: Total levelized cost (capital, operation and maintenance) of feedstock preparation, H<sub>2</sub> production, H<sub>2</sub> compression and/or liquefaction, and H<sub>2</sub> transport.

End-user markup and total levelized cost to consumers will be available in the next version.

- Geospatial: Linking projects to specific regions in California such as Northern California (NorCal), North Central Valley (NCV), South Central Valley (SCV), and Southern California (SoCal). Linking projects to different legislative districts in California such as senate, congress, and assembly.
- Visualization: Creating summary tables, plots, and maps for individual projects, market sectors, technology types, and geospatial boundaries.

## Getting Started

In addition to the R code, which can be run in IDEs (Integrated Development Environments) such as Rstudio and Visual Studio, the tool requires a partially user-defined input Excel spreadsheet ("H2hub\_input.xlsx") and GIS (Geographic Information System) shapefiles located in the "Geodata" folder. The "Geodata" folder includes polygon shapefiles for regions, utilities, senate, congressional, and assembly districts obtained from the California State Geoportal Website.

To get started:

Step 1: Preparation of the input data. The input Excel spreadsheet includes six tabs and should be prepared as follows:

1. LCA parameters: Default life cycle inventory including electricity use, water use, and emission factors collected from literature, US DOE H2A model, GREET model, and eGRID. **No user input** is needed in this tab to run the code.
2. TEA parameters: Default capital, electricity costs, water costs and other operation and maintenance costs collected from literature, US DOE H2A model, and HDSAM model. **No user input** is needed in this tab.
3. Producer: Data for each projects including production, liquefaction and/or compression, storage, and transport. **Mandatory user inputs** in this tab are:
  - *Name*: Type project name.
  - *Latitude and Longitude*: Type project location in decimal degrees.
  - *H<sub>2</sub> production process*: Type "Alkaline electrolysis", "PEM electrolysis", "Biomass gasification", or "Biomass thermochemical". These inputs are case-sensitive.
  - *Ratio of liquified H<sub>2</sub>* and *Ratio of compressed H<sub>2</sub>*: Type ratios of produced H<sub>2</sub> liquified and/or compressed ranging between 0 and 1.
  - *PV electricity ratio for H<sub>2</sub> production, PPA electricity ratio for H<sub>2</sub> production, Other renewable electricity ratio for H<sub>2</sub> production, PHS electricity ratio for H<sub>2</sub> production, and Grid electricity ratio for H<sub>2</sub> production*: Type ratios of various electricity sources used for H<sub>2</sub> production

ranging between 0 and 1. When using multiple electricity sources, user should make sure that the sum of the ratios is 1.

- *Biomass type*: Type "Woody" or "MSW". These inputs are case-sensitive.
- *Biomass consumption*: Type biomass used for H<sub>2</sub> production in in specified units.
- *Biomass emissions avoidance source*: Type "Landfill" or "N/A". These inputs are case-sensitive.
- *H<sub>2</sub> Distribution*: Type "Truck" or "Pipeline". These inputs are case-sensitive.
- *H<sub>2</sub> travel distance*: Type distance liquefied and/compressed H<sub>2</sub> travels via truck and/or pipeline in specified units.
- *H<sub>2</sub> transport cost*: Type cost of transporting H<sub>2</sub> via truck and/or pipeline in specified units.

Among **optional user inputs** in this tab are: *Electrolyzer size*, *Total uninstalled CAPEX*, *Stack CAPEX*, *BoP CAPEX*, *Liquefier CAPEX*, *Storage tank CAPEX*, *Misc. electricity usage*, *Water consumption*, and *Water cost*. "N/A" should be typed unless project-specific values are known in the specified units.

Apart from the mandatory and optional user inputs, there are **default inputs** (*Labor cost*, *Electrolyzer maintenance cost*, *KOH and/or N<sub>2</sub> cost*, *Liquefier maintenance cost*, *Natural gas consumption by biomass conversion*, *Diesel consumption by biomass conversion*, *Biomass transport and preparation emissions*, *Biomass conversion maintenance emissions*, *Soil carbon storage*, *SO<sub>2</sub> emissions from biomass conversion*, *NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from biomass conversion*, and *PM10 emissions from biomass conversion*), which if known by user should be typed in the specified units.

4. Supply: Year-specific average daily hydrogen production data in specified units for each of the producers entered in the "Producer" tab. **User input is mandatory** for this tab to run the code.

5. End-user: Data for each end-user projects. **All inputs are mandatory** in this tab:

- *Name*: type project name.
- *Latitude* and *Longitude*: type project location in decimal degrees.
- *Use type*: type "TRANSIT", "TRUCK", "POWER", or "AVIATION". These inputs are case-sensitive.
- *Fuel type*: type "Natural gas" or "Ultra low sulfur diesel". These inputs represent the type of fuel avoided by H<sub>2</sub>. These inputs are case-sensitive.

6. Demand: Year-specific average daily hydrogen demand data in specified units for each of the endusers entered in the "Enduser" tab. **User input is mandatory** for this tab to run the code.

Step 2: Open the code in an IDE and set the directory for the input Excel spreadsheet and shapefiles folder so that the code can pull the data for analysis and modeling.

Step 3: Run the code. Note that after the first run, installing the packages is not required and can be deactivated by putting "#" in front of the "install.packages()" to make the later runs quicker.

Step 4: Once the code run is complete, the results will be saved in the same directory under the "Results" folder (note that the existing files will be replaced by newer files with each run. Hence, change the name of the main folder if needed for later comparison):

1. District\_results.xlsx: This spreadsheet includes a summary of the environmental and economic impacts, categorized into senate, congressional, and assembly districts and producers and end-users.
2. Producer:
  - a. Emissions\_CO2: Net CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from feedstock preparation, H<sub>2</sub> production, H<sub>2</sub> compression and/or liquefaction, and H<sub>2</sub> transport.
    - i. Regional\_CO2\_emissions.jpg: Map with regional CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.
    - ii. Temporal\_CO2\_emissions.jpg: Plot with temporal CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.
    - iii. Breakdown\_CO2\_emissions.jpg: Plot with breakdown of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.
  - b. Emissions\_other: Other criteria emissions from feedstock preparation, H<sub>2</sub> production, H<sub>2</sub> compression and/or liquefaction, and H<sub>2</sub> transport.
    - i. Regional\_SO2\_emissions.jpg: Map with regional SO<sub>2</sub> emissions.
    - ii. Regional\_NOx\_emissions.jpg: Map with regional NO<sub>x</sub> emissions.
    - iii. Regional\_PM10\_emissions.jpg: Map with regional PM10 emissions.
  - c. Costs: Total costs from feedstock preparation, H<sub>2</sub> production, H<sub>2</sub> compression and/or liquefaction, and H<sub>2</sub> transport.
    - i. Regional\_cost.jpg: Map with regional total costs.
    - ii. Temporal\_cost.jpg: Plot with temporal total costs.
    - iii. Breakdown\_cost.jpg: Plot with breakdown of total costs.
3. Enduser:
  - a. Emissions\_CO2: Net CO<sub>2</sub> emissions avoided by endusers.
    - i. Regional\_CO2\_avoided.jpg: Map with regional CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.
    - ii. Temporal\_CO2\_avoided.jpg: Plot with temporal CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.
    - iii. Breakdown\_CO2\_avoided.jpg: Plot with breakdown of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.
  - b. Emissions\_other: Other criteria emissions avoided by endusers.
    - i. Regional\_SO2\_emissions.jpg: Map with regional SO<sub>2</sub> emissions.

ii. Regional NO<sub>x</sub> emissions.jpg: Map with regional NO<sub>x</sub> emissions.

iii. Regional PM10 emissions.jpg: Map with regional PM10 emissions.

#### Copyright Notice

Hydrogen Hub Systems Analysis and Mapping Tool (ParaCraft) Copyright (c) 2024, The Regents of the University of California, through Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (subject to receipt of any required approvals from the U.S. Dept. of Energy). All rights reserved.

If you have questions about your rights to use or distribute this software, please contact Berkeley Lab's Intellectual Property Office at [IPO@lbl.gov](mailto:IPO@lbl.gov).

NOTICE. This Software was developed under funding from the U.S. Department of Energy and the U.S. Government consequently retains certain rights. As such, the U.S. Government has been granted for itself and others acting on its behalf a paid-up, nonexclusive, irrevocable, worldwide license in the Software to reproduce, distribute copies to the public, prepare derivative works, and perform publicly and display publicly, and to permit others to do so.