Performance Comparison: YOLOv11 vs. YOLOv8

Group F

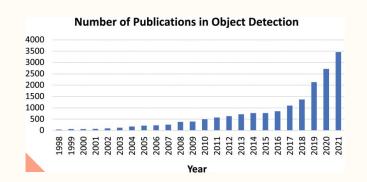
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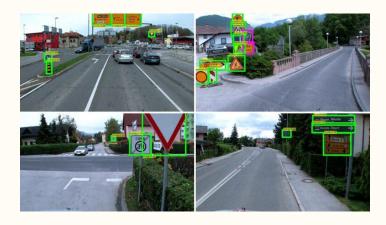
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Motivation and Introduction

- What is Object Detection?
- The Rise of Object Detection
 - Increased usage in many industries
 - Growth of Research
- Our Purpose
 - Two Models: YOLOv11 and YOLOv8
 - Traffic Sign Recognition





Presented by: Aaron

State of the Arts

much of the literature reviewed:

- Discusses comparisons between YOLOv5 and YOLOv8
- Datasets for:
 - Vehicle plates
 - Types of vehicles
 - Wildfire detection
- Conclusions: YOLOv8 performed generally better
- Literature not the same, but informative







a) YOLOv8s

b) YOLOv8m

c) YOLOv8I



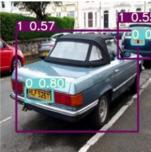




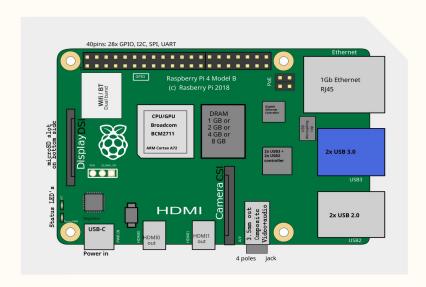


Fig. 1. Sample images (a) Car (b) Bike (c) Track

Our System - Hardware

Raspberry Pi 4

- A powerful single board computer
- Quad-core ARM processor
- Running at 1.5 GHz
- Very compatible with lightweight machine learning frameworks like YOLO



Our System - Software

Google Colab

- Cloud based IDE
- Access to powerful GPUs and TPUs, perfect for machine learning applications
- Free version has some hardware limitations

Perf

- Tool for performance measurement
- Used to measure different parameters:
 - Cycles
 - Instructions
 - CPU time

Our System - Software (cont)

YOLO (You Only Look Once)

- Processes images in real-time
- Predicts bounding boxes and class probabilities directly from the image
- Single layer neural network allows for computational efficiency
- Processes the full image in a single pass
- Limitations:
 - Can struggle with detecting small objects in crowded environments
 - Performance goes down with overlapping or complex shaped objects

Our System - Software

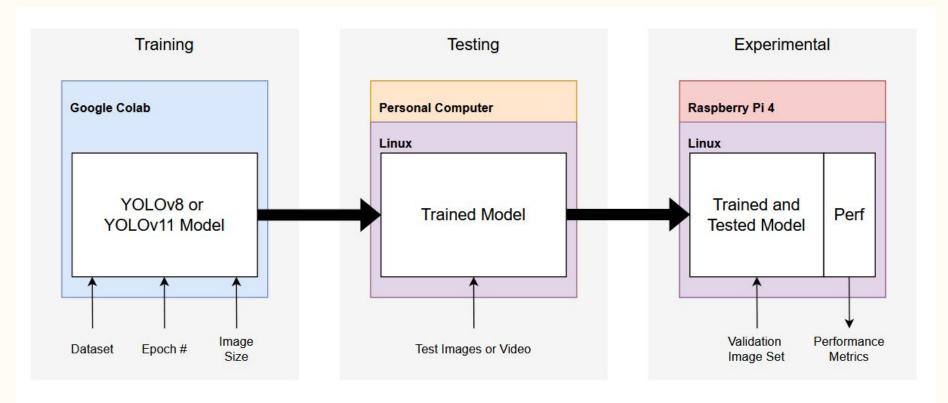
YOLO v8

- Introduced anchor-free detection head
- User friendly training interface and added support for multiple tasks
- Supports:
 - Object detection
 - Image classification
 - Instance segmentation

YOLO v11

- Refines architecture with more efficient backbone and neck design
- Enhances feature representation and detection precision
- Improves accuracy and faster inference times
- Includes pose estimation oriented object detection

Our System - Overview



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Presented by: Tom

Our System - Methods

- Download YOLOv8 dataset from Roboflow
- Train using Google Colabs
- Deploy model on personal computer, then Raspberry Pi
- Use Perf for performance analysis
- Repeat with YOLOv11



Performance Analysis

- YOLOv8 takes less time to train
- Both models have similar accuracies and levels of confidence

| Model | Time (hours) | |
|---------------------|--------------|--|
| YOLO _v 8 | 1.690 | |
| YOLOv11 | 2.001 | |

| Model | Class | Images | Precision | Recall | mAP50 |
|---------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|-------|
| 31 | All | 144 | 0.897 | 0.867 | 0.907 |
| YOLO _V 8 | 25 MPH | 20 | 0.940 | 0.78 | 0.946 |
| | 35 MPH | 21 | 0.941 | 0.724 | 0.831 |
| | 45 MPH | 15 | 0.918 | 0.789 | 0.930 |
| | STOP | 25 | 1 | 0.958 | 0.989 |
| YOLOv11 | All | 144 | 0.826 | 0.869 | 0.899 |
| | 25 MPH | 20 | 0.886 | 0.9 | 0.897 |
| | 35 MPH | 21 | 0.878 | 0.653 | 0.929 |
| | 45 MPH | 15 | 0.812 | 0.789 | 0.915 |
| | STOP | 25 | 1 | 0.929 | 0.976 |

Performance Analysis (cont.)

- YOLOv8 is slightly faster at processing frames and slightly more efficient in CPU resource utilization
- YOLOv11 has a higher processing complexity, but is less efficient overall

| | Cycles | 490,196,308,242 | 1.729 GHz | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|
| YOLO _V 8 | Instructions | 413,813,398,747 | 0.84 insn per cycle | |
| | Cache-Misses | 4,802,178,969 | 5.21% of all cache refs | |
| | Cache-References | 92,254,164,579 | 325.436 M/sec | |
| | Branch-Misses | 318,593,074 | | |
| | Task-Clock | 283,478.49 msec | 1.813 CPUs utilized | |
| | Context-Switches | 0 | 0.000 /sec | |
| | Page-Faults | 709,206 | 2.502 K/sec | |
| | Time Elapsed | 156.386003770 sec | | |
| | User | 275.720335000 sec | | |
| | System | 8.089143000 sec | | |
| | FPS = 1/9571s = 1.045 FPS | | | |

| YOLO _Y 11 | Cycles | 539,804,227,494 | 1.702 GHz | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | Instructions | 448,732,835,022 | 0.83 insn per cycle | |
| | Cache-Misses | 4,984,938,173 | 5.01% of all cache refs | |
| | Cache-References | 99,595,990,618 | 314.072 M/sec | |
| | Branch-Misses | 345,711,518 | | |
| | Task-Clock | 317,112.05 msec | 1.881 CPUs utilized | |
| | Context-Switches | 0 | 0.000 /sec | |
| | Page-Faults | 1,427,568 | 4.502 K/sec | |
| | Time Elapsed | 168.586001219 sec | | |
| | User | 304.288101000 sec | | |
| | System | 13.142862000 sec | | |
| 7. | FPS = 1/1.0594s = 0.94429 FPS | | | |

Presented by: Kenneth

Concluding Remarks

 Performance: YOLOv8 is slightly more efficient in terms of cycles, instructions, and system time.

- Resource Utilization: YOLOv11 takes up more CPU resources.
 - It is potentially better suited other more complex tasks but less efficient overall for this task in particular.

- Cache Handling: YOLOv11 has a lower cache miss ratio but produces more page faults.
 - This reflects higher data throughput at the expense of memory efficiency.

Future Work

- The frame rate on the Raspberry Pi 4B is slow
 - o 1FPS
 - Using a Raspberry Pi 5 with the Al acceleration module
- Trying out different models
 - YOLOv5, NCNN framework





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