

IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment
Services - Essentials for Python
8.5

Developer's Guide



Note

Before using this information and the product it supports, read the information in [“Notices” on page 69.](#)

Product Information

This edition applies to version 8, release 4, modification 0 of IBM® SPSS® Collaboration and Deployment Services and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

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Chapter 1. IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services - Essentials for Python

Overview

IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services provides a scripting framework with a set of APIs that advanced users and administrators can use to write independent routines or batch jobs that combine a set of routines for working with repository objects and jobs. This can greatly simplify bulk tasks, including the following:

- Changing security permissions for a large group of users
- Labeling or removing a label from a large number of folders or files
- Uploading or downloading a large number of folders or files

The framework includes the ability to perform tasks from the command line, as well as a rich API for interacting with the IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services Repository within your own Python code.

For general information about Python, a dynamic object-oriented programming language, see the [Python site](#).

Installation

The scripting framework can be installed on the Windows and UNIX platforms. The scripting platform is independent of the platform used by the repository accessed by the scripting facility.

For example, a repository running on the Windows platform can be called by scripting functions running on the UNIX platform.

For installation instructions, see the IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services - Essentials for Python Installation Guide.

Deprecated features

If you are migrating from an earlier release of IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services, you should be aware of the various features that have been deprecated since the last version.

If a feature is deprecated, IBM Corp. might remove this capability in a subsequent release of the product. Future investment will be focused on the strategic function listed under the recommended migration action. Typically, a feature is not deprecated unless an equivalent alternative is provided.

No features have been deprecated in this release. For reference purposes, the following table indicates features that were deprecated in recent previous versions of the product. Where possible, the table also indicates the recommended migration action.

Table 1. Features deprecated in previous versions	
Deprecation	Recommended migration action
Security Provider: Active Directory with local override, which supports extended groups and allowed users	Use the standard Active Directory security provider with any necessary groups added
IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services Enterprise View	Use the Analytic Data View feature

Table 1. Features deprecated in previous versions (continued)

Deprecation	Recommended migration action
IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services Enterprise View Driver	Use the Analytic Data View feature
Scenario files	Scenario files (.scn) are no longer supported. Enterprise View source nodes cannot be modified in Deployment Manager. Old scenario files can be modified in IBM SPSS Modeler client and resaved as stream files. Also, scoring configurations that used a scenario file must be deleted and recreated based on a stream file.
Web Install for IBM SPSS Deployment Manager	Use the standalone installer
BIRT Report Designer for IBM SPSS	None
BIRT Report Designer for IBM SPSS viewer	None
IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services Portlet	Use the IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services Deployment Portal directly, or use the web services APIs
IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services Web Part	Use the IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services Deployment Portal directly, or use the web services APIs
Scoring Service V1 API	Scoring Service V2 API
Scheduling Server Service	None
Reporting Service	None
Authentication Service login operation	Authentication Service doLogin operation
Search Service search operation	Search Service search2.5 operation
SPSS AXIS/Castor web services client jar	Use the tools provided with the Java Runtime Environment, Integrated Development Environment, or Eclipse Web Tools Platform (WTP)
clemrtl_setLogFile() API function	None

Chapter 2. Command line scripting

The Python file `CADSTool.py` can be used from the command line to manipulate resources stored within the IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services Repository.

The general syntax used for calling IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services scripting operations from the command line is:

```
python CADSTool.py <Operation> <Keywords>
```

Where:

- `<Operation>` designates the function to invoke
- `<Keywords>` defines keyword/value pairs used as input parameters to the function

Global keywords

Table 2 on page 3 lists the keywords that are supported by all IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services scripting functions. The second column lists any optional, shortened versions of the keywords. Keywords are case-sensitive.

Table 2. Global Keywords		
Keyword	Optional Short Version	Usage
--user	-u	<p>The user name to connect to the repository server. The value should include a prefix denoting the security provider if the user is not from the native provider. The following prefix values are valid:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Native for the native local security provider inherent to the system. This is the default provider.• AD_<name> for Active Directory, where <name> corresponds to the security provider name within the system• ADL_<name> for Active Directory with local override, where <name> corresponds to the security provider name within the system• ldap_<name> for OpenLDAP, where <name> corresponds to the security provider name within the system <p>Follow the prefix with a slash and the user name. For Active Directory providers, include the domain in the prefix. For example, for the user <i>icrod</i> in the <i>MYDOMAIN</i> domain of the Active Directory instance <i>AD_SPSSAD</i>, the value is <i>AD_SPSSAD/MYDOMAIN/icrod</i>. If the user <i>icrod</i> is in the OpenLDAP provider <i>SPSSLDAP</i>, the value is <i>ldap_SPSSLDAP/icrod</i>.</p>
--password	-p	The password to connect to the repository server. Encrypted passwords are supported.
--host	-q	The host/server name where the repository is installed
--port	-o	The repository server port number

Table 2. Global Keywords (continued)

Keyword	Optional Short Version	Usage
--ssl		Indicates that the repository server uses the secure sockets layer (SSL) protocol to encrypt communications. If you use this keyword, the repository server must be configured for SSL. For more information, see the administrator documentation.
--server_url	-S	Complete URL of the repository server. Use this keyword if the URL of the server includes a custom context root. Values for the host, port, and ssl keywords are not necessary if you specify the server URL.
--appserv_type		Indicates the application server type that the repository server is deployed on.
--useDefault	-z	Uses the server connection information that is defined in the <code>Authorization.properties</code> file
--help	-h	The scripting module help information

Repository connections

You must specify the IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services Repository user identifier, password, and repository server information at the end of every command.

The following methods can be used to provide this connection information:

- Using keywords, such as in the following examples:

```
--user user --password password --appserv_type appservtype --host host --port port
```

```
--user user --password password --appserv_type appservtype --server_url url
```

- Through the `Authorization.properties` file, where the command contains a `--useDefault` parameter (or the short version `-z`). This approach retrieves the connection information from the `Authorization.properties` file, which is at `Scripting folder\Lib\site-packages\config\Authorization.properties`. Use a simple text editor to modify the following values in the file to match the settings of your repository:

```
# Authorization Information
user=admin
password=pwd
host=yourhost
port=80
appserv_type=websphere
```

Alternatively, you can use the `server_url` keyword in the properties file.

```
# Authorization Information
user=admin
password=pwd
server_url=http://yourhost:80/context_root
appserv_type=websphere
```

Parameters that are passed through the command line always have precedence. For example, if `--user` and `--password` are provided on the command line and the `--useDefault` or `-z` parameter is also provided, the user and password from the command line are used, and the host and port are retrieved from the `Authorization.properties` file. Alternatively, if the user, password, host, and port are all provided on the command line but the `--useDefault` or `-z` parameter is also used, the `--useDefault` is ignored and only the command-line information is used.

The password you provide can be encrypted. To encrypt the password value, contact your administrator. Administrators can run the `repository_server_installation directory/bin/cliEncrypt` utility with the `-portable` option to encrypt the password:

```
repository_server_installation_directory/bin/cliEncrypt password -portable
```

For all APIs described here, the syntax and examples use the `-z` parameter to use the minimum number of required parameters.

Content repository scripting

Content repository scripting offers the ability to work with repository resources, such as files and folders. This area includes the following functionality:

- Creating and deleting folders
- Uploading and downloading files
- Exporting and importing folders
- Managing labels, security, and metadata

This section outlines the Python command line usage of scripts for repository functions. Every operation contains detailed syntax information, an example, and expected messages.

Keywords

Table 3 on page 5 lists the keywords supported for repository functions. The second column lists any optional, shortened versions of the keywords.

Important: Keywords are case sensitive.

Table 3. Keywords for repository APIs		
Keyword	Optional Short Version	Usage
--source	-s	The source file or folder path
--target	-t	The target folder path
--version	-v	The version of a file
--principal	-r	The user who needs to be granted permission
--permission	-n	The permission type (such as read, write, modify, delete)
--label	-l	The label to assign to a version of a file
--criteria	-c	The search criteria for searching metadata attributes of files or folders
--author	-a	The author name for a file or folder
--description	-d	The description for a file or folder
--title	-i	The title for a file or folder
--expirationDate	-q	The expiration date for a file or folder
--expirationStartDate		The expiration start date for a file or folder
--expirationEndDate		The expiration end date for a file or folder
--keyword	-k	The keyword for a file or folder

Table 3. Keywords for repository APIs (continued)

Keyword	Optional Short Version	Usage
--cascade	-x	Indicates that security settings for a folder should propagate to subfolders and files
--provider	-f	The security provider used to retrieve the principals
--createVersion	-b	Indicates that a new version of a file is to be created
--contentLanguage	-g	The content language for a file or folder
--topic		The topics assigned to a file or folder. You can enter multiple values such a --topic "topic1;topic2"
--modifiedBy		The user who modified a file or folder
--mimeType		The mime type of a file
--createdBy		The user who created a file or folder
--submittedHierarchy		Indicates whether to search the <i>Submitted Jobs</i> folder
--propertyName		The name of a custom property
--customProperty		The name-value pair of a custom property to be updated
--propertyName		The name of the custom property to retrieve valid values for

For all operations that accept label and version information, the user should either specify a label or a version, but not both. If no version or label is specified for a given file, the latest version is used.

Content repository operations

The advanceSearch operation

Searches for files and folders in the repository, based on various parameters.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py advanceSearch --author <author>
--title <title> --description <description>
--createdBy <createdBy> --modifiedBy <modifiedBy>
--keyword <keyword> --label <label>
--topic <topic>
--uri <uri> --parentURI <parentURI>
--expirationStartDate <expirationStartDate>
--expirationEndDate <expirationEndDate>
--createdStartDate <createdStartDate>
--createdEndDate <createdEndDate>
--objectModifiedStartDate <objectModifiedStartDate>
--objectModifiedEndDate <objectModifiedStartDate>
--versionModifiedStartDate <versionModifiedStartDate>
--versionModifiedEndDate <versionModifiedEndDate>
--submittedHierarchy -z
```

Where:

- <author> is the name of the author.
- <title> is the title of the file/folder.
- <description> is the description of the file/folder.
- <createdBy> is the name of the user who created the file/folder.
- <modifiedBy> is the name of the user who modified the file/folder.
- <keyword> is the keyword associated with the file/folder.

- When the API completes successfully, a list of all files and folders matching the search criteria is displayed. This typically includes the file names with their fully qualified path and versions.
- Error searching files and folders
- error: no such option:<option>

The applySecurity operation

Sets the security access control list (ACL) for a file or folder in the repository.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py applySecurity --source "<source>" --principal "<principal>"
--permission "<permission>" --provider "<provider>" --cascade -z
```

Where:

- *<source>* is the fully qualified IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services Repository path of the file or folder to apply the security ACL to. This is a required parameter.
- *<principal>* is the user (such as *admin*) to apply to the specified file or folder as part of the ACL. This is a required parameter.
- *<permission>* is the type of permission to apply to the specified file or folder (such as read, write, modify, delete, or owner). This is a required parameter.
- *<provider>* is the security provider to use for retrieving information about the users (principals). This is an optional parameter. Valid values include:
 - Native for the native local security provider inherent to the system. This is the default provider.
 - AD_<name> for Active Directory, where <name> corresponds to the security provider name within the system
 - ADL_<name> for Active Directory with local override, where <name> corresponds to the security provider name within the system
 - ldap_<name> for OpenLDAP, where <name> corresponds to the security provider name within the system
- --cascade is used when setting security on a folder, to propagate the security settings to all files and subfolders within the specified folder. This is an optional parameter.

Examples

The following example applies security to a folder:

```
python CADSTool.py applySecurity --source "/Projects" --principal "icrod"
--permission "READ" --provider "Native" -z
```

The following example applies security to a folder and all its files and subfolders:

```
python CADSTool.py applySecurity --source "/Projects/" --principal "icrod"
--permission "READ" --provider "Native" --cascade -z
```

The following example applies security to a folder for a principal in an Active Directory security provider named SPSSAD:

```
python CADSTool.py applySecurity --source "/Projects" --principal "ICrod (MYDOMAIN)"
--permission "Write" --provider "AD_SPSSAD" -z
```

The following example applies security to a folder for a principal in an OpenLDAP security provider named LDAP:

```
python CADSTool.py applySecurity --source "/Projects" --principal "ICrod (LDAP)"
--permission "Read" --provider "ldap_LDAP" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- <permission> permission granted successfully to <principal> on <source>.
- <source> does not exist.
- <permission> should be one of ['Read', 'Delete', 'Modify ACL', 'owner'].
- <source> Error setting security ACL.

The cascadeSecurity operation

Propagates a folder's security settings to all files and subfolders within the folder.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py cascadeSecurity --source "<source>" -z
```

The value of <source> is the fully qualified path of the folder in the repository. This is a required parameter.

Example

```
python CADSTool.py cascadeSecurity --source "/Projects" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- Security ACL cascaded successfully for <source>.
- <source> does not exist.
- <source> Error cascading security ACL.

The copyResource operation

Copies a file or folder to another folder in the repository.

A renaming feature is provided for this API, where the specified file can be renamed when it is copied. The cases described at the beginning of [“The moveResource operation” on page 18](#) also apply to this copyResource API.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py copyResource --source "<source>" --target "<target>" -z
```

Where:

- <source> is the fully qualified Content Repository path of the file/folder to copy. This is a required parameter.
- <target> is the fully qualified repository path where the file/folder is to be copied. This is a required parameter.

Examples

The following example copies a file:

```
python CADSTool.py copyResource --source "/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign" --target  
"/Projects" -z
```

The following example copies and renames a file:

```
python CADSTool.py copyResource --source "/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign" --target  
"/Projects/Report.rptdesign" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- <source> copied successfully to <target>.
- <source> does not exist.
- <target> resource not found.
- <source> Error copying file or folder.

The createFolder operation

Creates a new folder at a specified location in the repository.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py createFolder --source "<source>" -z
```

The value of <source> is the fully qualified path of the new folder to create. This is a required parameter. Based on the provided path, the new folder is created, including any subfolders.

Example

The following example creates *Drafts* if it does not already exist.

```
python CADSTool.py createFolder --source "/Demo/Drafts" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- <source> Folder created successfully.
- <folder> already exists.
- <source> Error creating folder.

The deleteFile operation

Deletes a file from the repository, including all its versions.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py deleteFile --source "<source>" --submittedHierarchy -z
```

Where:

- <source> is the fully qualified repository path of the file to delete. This is a required parameter.
- --submittedHierarchy deletes a file from the Submitted Jobs folder. This is an optional parameter.

Example

The following example deletes a file from the repository, including all its versions:

```
python CADSTool.py deleteFile --source "/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign" -z
```

The following example deletes a file from the Submitted Jobs folder, including all its versions:

```
python CADSTool.py deleteFile --source "Submitted Jobs/admin/
2007-05-21.14.10.22-test.dbq/test.dbq.html" --submittedHierarchy -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- <source> deleted successfully.
- <source> does not exist.
- <source> Error deleting file.

The deleteFileVersion operation

Deletes a specific version of a file from the repository.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py deleteFileVersion --source "<source>" --version "<version>"
--label "<label>" --submittedHierarchy -z
```

Where:

- <source> is the fully qualified repository path of the file to delete. This is a required parameter.
- <version> is the specific version of the file to delete. This is an optional parameter.
- <label> is the label of the file to delete. This is an optional parameter.
- --submittedHierarchy deletes a specific version of a file from the Submitted Jobs folder. This is an optional parameter.

Examples

The following example deletes a specific version of a file:

```
python CADSTool.py deleteFileVersion --source "/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign" --version
"0:2006-08-25 21:15:49.453" -z
```

The following example deletes a file with a specific label:

```
python CADSTool.py deleteFileVersion --source "/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign" --label
"Test" -z
```

The following example deletes a file with a specific label from the Submitted Jobs folder:

```
python CADSTool.py deleteFileVersion --source "Submitted Jobs/admin/
2007-05-21.14.10.22-test.dbq/test.dbq.html" --label "Test" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- <source> with version/label <version>/<label> deleted.
- <source> does not exist.
- Either Label or Version can be specified.
- Version or Label is required.
- <source> Error deleting file.

The deleteFolder operation

Deletes a folder from the repository, including all its contents.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py deleteFolder --source <source> --submittedHierarchy -z
```

Where:

- *<source>* is the fully qualified repository path of the folder to delete. This is a required parameter.
- *--submittedHierarchy* deletes a specific version of the folder from the Submitted Jobs folder. This is an optional parameter.

Examples

The following example deletes a folder:

```
python CADSTool.py deleteFolder --source "/Demo/Drafts" -z
```

The following example deletes a folder from the Submitted Jobs folder:

```
python CADSTool.py deleteFolder --source "Submitted Jobs/admin/  
2007-05-21.14.10.22.422-test.dbq/" --submittedHierarchy -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- *<source>* deleted successfully.
- *<source>* does not exist.
- *<source>* Error deleting folder.

The downloadFile operation

Downloads a specific version of a file from the repository onto the local file system.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py downloadFile --source "<source>" --version "<version>" --label "<label>" --target "<target>" -z
```

Where:

- *<source>* is the fully qualified repository path. This is a required parameter.
- *<version>* is the version of the file to download. This is an optional parameter.
- *<label>* is the label of the file to be downloaded. This is an optional parameter.
- *<target>* is the fully qualified path (on the local file system) where the file is to be downloaded.

Examples

The following example downloads the latest version of the file:

```
python CADSTool.py downloadFile --source "/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.xptdesign"  
--target "C:/Demo/Shared/" -z
```

The following example downloads a specific version of the file using a version marker:

```
python CADSTool.py downloadFile --source "/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.xptdesign" --version  
"0:2006-08-25 21:15:49.453" --target "C:/Demo/Shared/" -z
```


The following example downloads a labeled version of the file:

```
python CADSTool.py downloadFile --source "/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign" --label "Production"
--target "C:/Demo/Shared/" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- <source> downloaded successfully.
- <source> with label <label> downloaded successfully.
- <source> with version <version> downloaded successfully.
- <source> with version <version> does not exist.
- <source> with label <label> does not exist.
- <target> does not exist.
- <source> Error downloading File.

The export operation

Starts an export from the Content Repository, allowing you to select which files and folders to export, and saving the *.pes export file to the local file system.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py export --source "<source>" --target "<target>" -z
```

Where:

- <source> is the fully qualified repository path of the folder to export. This is a required parameter.
- <target> is the fully qualified path (on the local file system) for the *.pes export file to create. This is a required parameter.

Example

```
python CADSTool.py export --source "/Projects/" --target "C:\Demo\drafts.pes" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- <source> exported successfully to <target>.
- <source> does not exist.
- <source> Error exporting folder.
- No such file or directory: <target>

The getAccessControlList operation

Retrieves the security access control list (ACL) for a specified file/folder in the Content Repository.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py getAccessControlList --source "<source>" -z
```

The value of <source> is the fully qualified path of the file/folder. This is a required parameter.

Example

```
python CADSTool.py getAccessControllist --source "/Projects/MyReport.rptdesign" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- `<source>` does not exist.
- Error retrieving security details for `<source>`.

The `getAllVersions` operation

Retrieves a list of all versions of a file in the repository.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py getAllVersions --source "<source>" --submittedHierarchy -z
```

Where:

- `<source>` is the fully qualified repository path of the file to retrieve versions for. This is a required parameter.
- `--submittedHierarchy` retrieves versions from the Submitted Jobs folder. This is an optional parameter.

Examples

The following example retrieves all versions of a specified file:

```
python CADSTool.py getAllVersions --source "/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign" -z
```

The following example retrieves all versions of a specified file from the Submitted Jobs folder:

```
python CADSTool.py getAllVersions --source "Submitted Jobs/admin/  
2007-05-21.14.10.22.422-test.dbq/test.dbq.html" --submittedHierarchy -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- `<source>` does not exist.
- `<source>` Error retrieving file versions.

When the process completes successfully, the information for every file version is displayed, including version marker and label information.

The `getChildren` operation

Retrieves the list of all files and folders in a specified folder of the repository.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py getChildren --source "<source>" -z
```

The value of `<source>` is the fully qualified path of the folder. This is a required parameter.

Example

```
python CADSTool.py getChildren --source "/Demo/Drafts" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- <source> does not exist.
- <source> Error getting resources.

The getCustomPropertyValue operation

Retrieves the valid values accepted by a specified custom property.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py getCustomPropertyValue --propertyName "<propertyName>" -z
```

The value of <propertyName> is the name of the custom property. This is an optional parameter.

Example

```
python CADSTool.py getCustomPropertyValue --propertyName "Language" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- <propertyName> takes values as <valid values>
- Error getting property details for <propertyName>
- 'Custom Property Name not specified'
- Error retrieving property details for <propertyName>.

The getMetadata operation

Retrieves the metadata attributes of a file or folder in the repository.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py getMetadata --source "<source>" --version "<version>" --label  
"<label>" --submittedHierarchy -z
```

Where:

- <source> is the fully qualified repository path of the file or folder to retrieve metadata for. For folders, the version/label attributes are ignored. This is a required parameter.
- <version> is the version of the file to retrieve metadata for. This is an optional parameter.
- <label> is the label of the file to retrieve metadata for. This is an optional parameter.
- --submittedHierarchy retrieves metadata from the Submitted Jobs folder. This is an optional parameter.

Examples

The following example retrieves metadata for a folder:

```
python CADSTool.py getMetadata --source "/Demo/Drafts" -z
```

The following example retrieves metadata for a labeled version of a file:

```
python CADSTool.py getMetadata --source "/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign" --label "Test" -z
```

The following example retrieves metadata for a labeled version of a file in the Submitted Jobs folder:

```
python CADSTool.py getMetadata --source "Submitted Jobs/admin/2007-05-21.14.10.22-test.dbq/test.dbq.html" --label "LATEST" --submittedHierarchy -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- `<source>` does not exist.
- `'Either Label or Version can be specified'`
- `<source>` Error retrieving file metadata.
- When the process completes successfully, all metadata information for the specified file or folder is displayed, including any custom metadata properties.

The import operation

Imports an existing *.pes export file from the local file system to the repository.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py import --source "<source>" --target "<target>"
--resourceType "<type>"
--resourceConflict "<rconflict>"
--labelFrom "<label>"
--lockResolution "<resolution>"
--invalidVersionConflict "<vconflict>"
--resourceDef "<rdefinition>"
--exclude "<exclusion>"
-z
```

Where:

- `<source>` is the fully qualified path (on the local file system) of the *.pes export file to import to the repository. This is a required parameter.
- `<target>` is the fully qualified repository path to import the *.pes export file to. This is a required parameter.
- `<type>` indicates the type of content being imported. Specify one of the following values:
 - **ContentRepository** for content objects such as files and folders
 - **ResourceDef** for resource definitions
 - **Credential** for user credentials
 - **DataSource** for data source definitions
 - **MessageDomain** for message domains
 - **ServerCluster** for server cluster definitions
 - **Server** for server definitions
 - **PromotionPolicy** for promotion policies

This is an optional parameter. If this parameter is not specified, the default value of **ContentRepository** is used.

- `<rconflict>` indicates how to resolve duplicate ID or name conflicts. Specify one of the following values:
 - **keepTarget**. The target item will be maintained. The source item with the duplicate ID, which is contained in the .pes file, will be ignored.
 - **addNewVersion**. This option is typically used to resolve ID conflicts or naming conflicts. If a duplicate ID conflict occurs between the source object and the target object, then a new version of the object will be created in the target location. If a naming conflict occurs, the imported object will be renamed in the target location. Typically, renamed objects are appended with _1, _2, and so forth. In the event that two versions of an object have the same label, the system keeps one label and

discards the duplicate label because no two versions of the same item can have the same label. The label that is retained depends on the **labelFrom** parameter.

This is an optional parameter. If this parameter is not specified, the default value of **keepTarget** is used.

- **<label>** specifies which label to use if two versions of an object have the same label. The label for the other version is discarded. Specify one of the following values:

- **source**
- **target**

This is an optional parameter. If this parameter is not specified, the default value of **source** is used.

- **<resolution>** defines how to proceed if locked resources are encountered. Specify one of the following values:

- **continue**. Continues the import, omitting any locked resources.
- **abort**. Terminates the import process if any locked resources are encountered. If any conflicts are encountered due to object locks, the import process will be terminated and fail.

This is an optional parameter. If this parameter is not specified, the default value of **abort** is used.

- **<vconflict>** defines how to proceed if an invalid version is encountered during the import process. Specify one of the following values:

- **import**. The invalid version will be imported.
- **discard**. The invalid version will be deleted.

This is an optional parameter. If this parameter is not specified, the default value of **import** is used.

- **<rdefinition>** defines the processing behavior for resource definitions. Specify one of the following values:

- **recommended**. A resource definition is imported only if the identifier or name does not conflict with a target definition. Any resource definitions that have a conflict are not imported.
- **include**. All resource definitions in the import file are imported. You can select one or more resource definition types to exclude from the import by selecting the corresponding check box.
- **exclude**. No resource definitions from the import files are imported. Imported objects may need to be modified to reference available resource definitions.

This is an optional parameter. If this parameter is not specified, the default value of **recommended** is used.

- **<exclusion>** defines which resource types are excluded during the import. Multiple values can be combined in any order as a semicolon-delimited list. Specify one or more of the following values:

- **credential** excludes user credentials
- **customproperty** excludes custom properties for resource objects
- **datasource** excludes data source definitions
- **messagedomain** excludes message domains
- **notification** excludes notification definitions
- **servercluster** excludes server cluster definitions
- **server** excludes server definitions
- **topic** excludes topic definitions

This is an optional parameter. If this parameter is not specified, all types are included in the import.

Example

```
python CADSTool.py import --source "C:\Demo\drafts.pes" --target "/Demo/Drafts/"
--resourceConflict "addNewVersion" --labelFrom "target" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- <source> imported successfully to <target>.
- <source> does not exist.
- <target> does not exist.
- <source> Error importing folder.

The moveResource operation

Moves a file or folder to another folder in the repository.

A renaming feature is provided for this API, where the specified file/folder can be renamed when it is moved. The following cases describe the behavior of the renaming feature:

If the source is */Temp Folder/Temp.txt* and the target is */Demo Folder*:

- **Case 1:** If folder *Demo Folder* exists, *Temp.txt* is moved to *Demo Folder*.
- **Case 2:** If folder *Demo Folder* does not exist, *Temp.txt* is moved to */* and renamed to *Demo Folder*.

If the source is */Temp Folder/Temp.txt* and the target is */Demo Folder/Abc.dat*:

- **Case 1:** If folder *Demo Folder* exists, *Temp.txt* is moved to *Demo Folder* and renamed to *Abc.dat*.
- **Case 2:** If folder *Demo Folder* does not exist, an error is displayed.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py moveResource --source "<source>" --target "<target>" -z
```

Where:

- <source> is the fully qualified repository path of the file/folder to move. This is a required parameter.
- <target> is the fully qualified repository path where the file/folder is to be moved. This is a required parameter.

Examples

The following example moves a file:

```
python CADSTool.py moveResource --source "/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign" --target  
"/Approved" -z
```

The following example moves a folder:

```
python CADSTool.py moveResource --source "/Demo/Drafts/" --target "/Projects" -z
```

The following example moves and renames a file:

```
python CADSTool.py moveResource --source "/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign" --target  
"/Approved/Report.rptdesign" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- <source> moved successfully to <target>.
- <source> does not exist.
- <target> does not exist.
- <source> Error moving file or folder.

The removeLabel operation

Removes a label from a file in the repository.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py removeLabel --source "<source>" --label "<label>" -z
```

Where:

- *<source>* is the fully qualified path of the file in the repository. This is a required parameter.
- *<label>* is the label name to remove from the specified file. This is a required parameter.

Example

```
python CADSTool.py removeLabel --source "/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign"  
--label "Draft" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- Label removed successfully for *<source>*.
- Label not specified. Please try again.
- *<source>* with label *<label>* does not exist.
- *<source>* Error deleting label.

The removeSecurity operation

Removes the security access control list (ACL) from a specified file or folder in the repository.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py removeSecurity --source "<source>" --principal "<principal>"  
--provider "<provider>" --cascade -z
```

Where:

- *<source>* is the fully qualified path of the file/folder to remove security from. This is a required parameter.
- *<principal>* is the user/principal (such as *admin*) to remove security from for the specified file/folder. This is a required parameter.
- *<provider>* is the security provider to use for retrieving information about the users (principals). This is an optional parameter. Valid values include:
 - Native for the native local security provider inherent to the system. This is the default provider.
 - AD_*<name>* for Active Directory, where *<name>* corresponds to the security provider name within the system
 - ADL_*<name>* for Active Directory with local override, where *<name>* corresponds to the security provider name within the system
 - ldap_*<name>* for OpenLDAP, where *<name>* corresponds to the security provider name within the system
- *--cascade* is used when removing security from a folder, to remove the security settings from all files and subfolders within the specified folder. This is an optional parameter.

Example

```
python CADSTool.py removeSecurity --source "/Projects/MyReport.rptdesign"  
--principal "icrod" --provider "Native" --cascade -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- Removed permission granted to <principal> to <source> successfully.
- <source> does not exist.
- Invalid principal.
- <source> Error deleting security ACL.

The search operation

Searches for files and folders in the repository. The results are a list of files/folders matching the search criteria, and their versions.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py search --criteria "<criteria>" -z
```

The value of <criteria> is the search string used to search metadata for all files and folders in the repository. This is a required parameter.

Example

```
python CADSTool.py search --criteria "Quarterly" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- When the search completes successfully, a list of all files and folders matching the search criteria are displayed. This typically includes the file names with their fully qualified path and versions.
- Error searching files and folders.

The setLabel operation

Applies a label to a version of a file in the repository. If the file is already labeled, the original label is removed and replaced with the new label.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py setLabel --source "<source>" --version "<version>" --label  
"<label>" -z
```

Where:

- <source> is the fully qualified path of the file in the repository. This is a required parameter.
- <version> is the version of the file to apply the label to. This is a required parameter.
- <label> is the label name to apply to the specified version of the file. This is a required parameter.

Example

```
python CADSTool.py setLabel --source "/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign" --version  
"1:2006-08-25 21:15:49.453" --label "Beta" -z
```


Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- Label `<label>` set successfully for `<source>` with version `<version>`.
- `<source>` does not exist.
- `<source>` Error setting label.

The setMetadata operation

Applies metadata properties to files and folders in the repository.

Table 4 on page 21 lists the metadata properties and whether they can be applied to files and folders.

Table 4. Metadata properties and resource types	
Metadata Property	Resource Type
Author	File
Description	File or Folder
Title	File or Folder
Expiration date	File or Folder
Keyword	File
Topics	File
Custom metadata	File or Folder

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py setMetadata --source "<source>" --version "<version>" --label  
"<label>" --author "<author>" --title "<title>" --description "<description>"  
--expirationDate "<expirationDate>" --topic "<topic>" --keyword "<keyword>"  
--customProperty "<customProperty>" -z
```

Where:

- `<source>` is the fully qualified repository path of the file or folder to set metadata on. This is a required parameter.
- `<author>` is the author of the file or folder. This is an optional parameter.
- `<title>` is the title of the file or folder. This is an optional parameter.
- `<description>` is the description of the file/folder. This is an optional parameter.
- `<expirationDate>` is the expiration date of the file or folder. This is an optional parameter. The date format is YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssTZD (for example, 1997-07-16T19:20:30+01:00), where:

YYYY = four-digit year

MM = two-digit month (01 is January, etc.)

DD = two-digit day of month (01 through 31)

hh = two-digit hour (00 through 23, no am/pm)

mm = two-digit minute (00 through 59)

ss = two-digit second (00 through 59)

TZD = time zone designator (Z or +hh:mm or -hh:mm)

- `<keyword>` is the keyword for the file or folder. This is an optional parameter.
- `<version>` is the specific version of the file to apply metadata on. This is an optional parameter.
- `<label>` is the labeled version of the file to apply metadata on. This is an optional parameter.
- `<topic>` is the topic to apply to the file or folder. This is an optional parameter.
- `<customProperty>` is the custom property values to apply to the file or folder. This is an optional parameter. The values are specified as `<customProperty>=<value>`. To apply more than one custom property, use a semicolon (;) as a separator (`<customProperty>=<value>;<customProperty>=<value>`). Separate multi-select property values with the | operator (`<customProperty>=opt1|opt2;<customProperty>=value`).

Note: At least one optional parameter must be provided to use the setMetadata API.

Example

```
python CADSTool.py setMetadata --source "/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign" --version  
"0:2006-08-25T21:15:49+01:00" --keyword "Quarterly"  
--customProperty "multi=hi|hello|bye;Complexity Degree=Simple" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- Metadata set successfully on `<source>`.
- Metadata set successfully on `<source>` with version `<version>`.
- `<source>` does not exist
- `<source>` Error setting metadata.

The uploadFile operation

Saves a file to the Content Repository from the local file system, with the option of creating a new version of the file if it already exists.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py uploadFile --source "<source>" --target "<target>" --createVersion -z
```

Where:

- `<source>` is the fully qualified path (on the local file system) of the file to upload. This is a required parameter.
- `<target>` is the fully qualified path of the folder in the repository where the file is to be uploaded. This is a required parameter.
- `--createVersion` indicates that the specified file already exists and a new version should be created. This is an optional parameter.

Examples

In the following example, the target is a fully qualified path for *Drafts*:

```
python CADSTool.py uploadFile --source "C:\Demo\MyReport.rptdesign"  
--target "/Demo/Drafts" -z
```

If *MyReport.rptdesign* already exists in the */Demo/Drafts* folder, use the `--createVersion` parameter:

```
python CADSTool.py uploadFile --source "C:\Demo\MyReport.rptdesign"  
--target "/Demo/Drafts" --createVersion -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- <source> uploaded successfully to <target>.
- <source> does not exist.
- <target> does not exist.
- <source> Error Uploading File.

Process management functions

Process management scripting offers the ability to work with jobs. This area includes the following functionality:

- Executing jobs
- Retrieving job histories
- Retrieving job details

This section outlines the Python command line usage of scripts for process management functions. Every API contains detailed syntax information, an example, and expected messages.

Keywords

Table 5 on page 23 lists the keywords supported for Process Management APIs. The second column lists any optional, shortened version of keywords provided. The table only lists keywords specific to Process Management APIs. For additional keywords that apply to both Process Management APIs and repository APIs, see Table 2 on page 3 and Table 3 on page 5.

Table 5. Keywords for Process Management APIs		
Keyword	Optional Short Version	Usage
--source	-s	The source job, including the path
--target	-t	The target folder path
--notification	-j	Indicates that the job will run with notifications
-- async	-m	Indicates that the job will run asynchronously
--execId	-y	The execution Id for the job
--jobStepName	-q	The job step name
--log		Indicates that logs should not be deleted. If used in conjunction with --target, logs are stored in a location specified by --target. Otherwise, logs are displayed inline.

Process management operations

The deleteJobExecutions operation

Deletes the specified job execution objects.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py deleteJobExecutions --execIds "<execIds>" -z
```

The value of `<execIDs>` is a space-delimited list of identifiers for the executions to delete. This is a required parameter.

Examples

```
python CADSTool.py deleteJobExecutions --execIds  
"0a58c33d002ce9080000 010e0ccf7b01800e" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- Execution Id not specified.
- Job executions deleted successfully. Execution Id is `<execIDs>`.

The executeJob operation

Runs a job synchronously or asynchronously based on the parameters passed. In the case of a synchronous run, the API does not return until the job completes. In the case of an asynchronous run, the API returns after the job starts.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py executeJob --source "<source>" --notification --asy -z
```

Where:

- `<source>` is the fully qualified path of the job in the repository. This is a required parameter.
- `--notification` is used to run the job with notifications. This is an optional parameter.
- `--asy` is used to run the job asynchronously. This is an optional parameter.

Examples

The following example runs the job synchronously without notifications:

```
python CADSTool.py executeJob --source "/Demo/Jobs/Reports" -z
```

The following example runs the job synchronously with notifications:

```
python CADSTool.py executeJob --source "/Demo/Jobs/Reports" --notification -z
```

The following example runs the job asynchronously without notifications:

```
python CADSTool.py executeJob --source "/Demo/Jobs/Reports" --asy -z
```

The following example runs the job asynchronously with notifications:

```
python CADSTool.py executeJob --source "/Demo/Jobs/Reports" --asy --notification -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- `<source>` Job executed successfully. Execution Id is `<execId>`.
- `<source>` No such job exists. Please try again.
- `<source>` Error executing job.

The executeJobWithOptions operation

Runs a job with options synchronously or asynchronously based on the parameters passed. In the case of a synchronous run, the API does not return until the job completes. In the case of an asynchronous run, the API returns after the job starts.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py executeJobWithOptions --source "source" --options "option1=value1;option2=value2" --notification --_async -z
```

Where:

- `--source` is the fully qualified path of the job in the repository. This is a required parameter.
- `--options` is the option for running this job. This is a required parameter.
- `--notification` is used to run the job with notifications. This is an optional parameter.
- `--_async` is used to run the job asynchronously. This is an optional parameter.

Examples

The following example runs the job synchronously without notifications:

```
python CADSTool.py executeJobWithOptions --source "/Demo/Jobs/Reports" --options "command=dir" -z
```

The following example runs the job synchronously with notifications:

```
python CADSTool.py executeJobWithOptions --source "/Demo/Jobs/Reports" --options "command=dir;path=C:" --notification -z
```

The following example runs the job asynchronously without notifications:

```
python CADSTool.py executeJobWithOptions --source "/Demo/Jobs/Reports" --options "command=dir;path=C:" --_async -z
```

The following example runs the job asynchronously with notifications:

```
python CADSTool.py executeJobWithOptions --source "/Demo/Jobs/Reports" --options "command=dir;path=C:" --_async --notification -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- "source" Job executed successfully. Execution Id is <execId>.
- "source" No such job exists. Please try again.
- "source" Error executing job.

The getJobExecutionDetails operation

Lists run details for a specific job, including any job steps and iterations.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py getJobExecutionDetails --execId "<execID>" --log --target "<target>" -z
```

Where:

- `<execId>` is the execution identifier of the job. This is a required parameter.
- `--log` indicates that the job log should be displayed inline. If the `--log` parameter is not included, any log generated by a job step run is not displayed. This is an optional parameter.
- `<target>` is the location (on the local file system) to store the logs. This is an optional parameter, and is only used in conjunction with the `--log` parameter.

Examples

The following example lists the details of a specific job run:

```
python CADSTool.py getJobExecutionDetails --execId "0a58c3710016a7860000010d1a6a87b48400" -z
```

The following example lists the details of a specific job run, with the log displayed inline:

```
python CADSTool.py getJobExecutionDetails --execId "0a58c3710016a7860000010d1a6a87b48400" --log -z
```

The following example lists the details of a specific job run, with the job logs stored in a specific location:

```
python CADSTool.py getJobExecutionDetails --execId "0a58c3710016a7860000010d1a6a87b48400" --log --target "c:\logs" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- For a successful run, all run details are listed for the job, job steps, and job iterations. Logs are displayed inline or saved to a specified location on the local file system.
- `<execId>` No such execution exists. Please try again.
- `<execId>` Error displaying details of a job execution.
- Target cannot be specified without log parameter

The getJobExecutionList operation

Lists current runs and completed runs for a specific job, for all versions of the job.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py getJobExecutionList --source "<source>" -z
```

The value of `<source>` is the fully qualified path of the job in the repository. This is a required parameter.

Example

```
python CADSTool.py getJobExecutionList --source "/Demo/Jobs/Reports" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- For a successful run of the specified job, all run details such as execution Id, job name, job execution status, and job execution start and end time are listed.
- `<source>` does not exist.
- `<source>` Error displaying execution list for a job.

The cancelJob operation

Cancels a running job.

Syntax

```
python CADSTool.py cancelJob --execId "execIDs" -z
```

The value of `"execIDs"` is a space-delimited list of identifiers for the executions you want to cancel. This is a required parameter.

Example

```
python CADSTool.py cancelJob --execId "0a58c33d002ce9080000010e0ccf7b01800e" -z
```

Messages

The following messages may display when using this API:

- Execution Id not specified.

Chapter 3. The PESImpl module

The IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services - Essentials for Python facility allows interaction with IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services Repository objects directly within Python scripts.

Within your Python code, import the PESImpl class from the `pes.api.PESImpl` module. Create a PESImpl object that uses the connection information for the repository to which to connect.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl("user", "password", "host", "port", ssl=True, "appserver_type")
```

The parameters for the PESImpl constructor are as follows:

- *user* corresponds to the name of the user. The value should include a prefix denoting the security provider if the user is not from the native provider. The following prefix values are valid:
 - Native for the native local security provider inherent to the system. This is the default provider.
 - AD_<name> for Active Directory, where <name> corresponds to the security provider name within the system
 - ADL_<name> for Active Directory with local override, where <name> corresponds to the security provider name within the system
 - ldap_<name> for OpenLDAP, where <name> corresponds to the security provider name within the system

Follow the prefix with a slash and the user name. For Active Directory providers, include the domain in the prefix. For example, for the user *icrod* in the *MYDOMAIN* domain of the Active Directory instance *AD_SPSSAD*, the value is *AD_SPSSAD/MYDOMAIN/icrod*. If the user *icrod* is in the OpenLDAP provider *SPSSLDAP*, the value is *ldap_SPSSLDAP/icrod*.

- *password* corresponds to the encrypted password associated with the specified user
- *host* designates the name of the repository server
- *port* specifies the port number for the repository server
- *ssl=True* indicates that the repository server uses the secure sockets layer (SSL) protocol for encrypting communications. If the *ssl* parameter is set to *False*, or if the parameter is omitted when you create the PESImpl object, the server communications do not use SSL. When you use SSL, the repository server must be configured for SSL. For more information, see the administrator documentation.

Alternatively, you can specify the server URL instead of the *host*, *port*, and *ssl* parameters.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl("myUser", "myPass", appserver_type="appserver_type" server_url="url")
```

The *server_url* parameter specifies the complete URL for the repository server. Use this parameter if your server uses a custom context path. For example, the following constructor corresponds to a server named *myserver* that is using SSL on port 443 and has a context path of */ibm/spss*:

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl("myUser", "encryptedPass", "websphere" server_url="https://myserver:443/ibm/spss")
```

Note: An IPv6 address must be enclosed in square brackets, such as `[3ffe:2a00:100:7031::1]`.

Specific methods can then be accessed by using the `pesImpl` object.

Content repository API

Content repository scripting offers the ability to work with repository resources, such as files and folders. This area includes the following functionality:

- Creating and deleting folders
- Uploading and downloading files

- Exporting and importing folders
- Managing labels, security, and metadata

This section outlines the PESImpl API used for working with resources stored in the repository. Every method contains detailed syntax information, an example, and expected messages.

Methods

The following sections list all content repository methods supported for IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services.

Note:

- For all methods with optional parameters `Label` and `Version`, use either `Label` or `Version`, but not both. If no `Version` or `Label` is specified for a given file or folder, the latest version is used.
- For all methods that require a path to files or folders in the repository, either the path or the object URI can be used. The object URI can be obtained by viewing the object properties in IBM SPSS Deployment Manager.
- For methods requiring input of source or target repository or file system paths that contain non-Latin Unicode characters, the strings must be specified as Unicode objects, for example:

```
identificationSpecifier = pesImpl.uploadFile
(source=u'C:\Analytics\La Peña.txt',
target=u'/La Peña')
```

The advanceSearch method

Searches for files and folders in the repository, based on various parameters passed as input.

You can search on the following items:

- Author
- Description
- Title
- Created By
- Modified By
- Expiration Start Date
- Expiration End Date
- MIME Type
- Label
- Keyword
- Topics
- Created Start Date
- Created End Date
- Version Modified Start Date
- Object Modified End Date
- Object Modified Start Date
- Version Modified Start Date
- Version Modified End Date
- Parent Folder URI
- Resource URI

```
advanceSearch(criteriaDict,submittedHierarchy)
```

Table 6. Input parameters for *advanceSearch*

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>criteriaDict</i>	Required	Dictionary	<p>The dictionary contains the key/value of pair against which the search will be done. The acceptable key values are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • author • title • description • createdBy • modifiedBy • expirationStartDate • expirationEndDate • mimeType • label • keyword • topic • createdStartDate • createdEndDate • objectModifiedStartDate • objectModifiedEndDate • versionModifiedStartDate • versionModifiedEndDate • parentURI • uri 	<pre>{ "author": "admin" , "title": "search" , "label": "label 1"} </pre>

Table 6. Input parameters for advanceSearch (continued)				
Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>submittedHierarchy</i>	Optional	Boolean	Indicates whether to search the <i>Submitted Jobs</i> folder	True or False

Note that currently `expirationStartDate` and `expirationEndDate` do not work when used in conjunction with other search fields (such as title or author).

Table 7. Return value for advanceSearch	
Type	Description
PageResult	Structure in which each row corresponds to a search match. See the topic “The PageResult class” on page 59 for more information.

Table 8. Exceptions for advanceSearch	
Type	Description
InsufficientParameterException	Mandatory parameters are not specified.

Example: Searching by label and keyword

The following sample returns all file versions labeled *Production* that have a keyword value of *Quarterly*.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES]KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
critDict = {'label': 'Production', 'keyword': 'Quarterly'}
sResults = pesImpl.advanceSearch(critDict)
sRows = sResults.getRows()
for sRow in sRows:
    print("Author: ", sRow.getAuthor())
    print("Title: ", sRow.getTitle())
    for child in sRow.getChildRow():
        print("Version: ", child.getVersionMarker())
        print("Label: ", child.getVersionLabel())
        print("Keywords: ", child.getKeyword())
        print("URI: ", child.getUri())
```

Example: Searching by URI

The following sample returns all file versions of the file with the specified URI.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES]KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
critDict = {'uri': 'spsscr:///id=a010a37ba5992bb00000127b0f952f945be'}
sResults = pesImpl.advanceSearch(critDict)
sRows = sResults.getRows()
for sRow in sRows:
    print("Author: ", sRow.getAuthor())
    print("Title: ", sRow.getTitle())
    for child in sRow.getChildRow():
        print("Version: ", child.getVersionMarker())
        print("Label: ", child.getVersionLabel())
        print("Keywords: ", child.getKeyword())
        print("URI: ", child.getUri())
```

The applySecurity method

Sets the security access control list (ACL) for a file or folder in the repository.

```
applySecurity(source, principal, permission, provider, cascade)
```

Table 9. Input parameters for applySecurity				
Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>source</i>	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the file or folder in the repository	"/Temp Folder/ Temp.txt" or "0a58c3670016a7860000 010dcee0eaa28219"
<i>principal</i>	Required	String	The user (such as <i>admin</i>) to apply to the specified file or folder as part of the ACL	admin
<i>permission</i>	Required	String	The type of permission to apply to the specified file or folder	READ, WRITE, DELETE, MODIFY_ACL, OR OWNER
<i>provider</i>	Optional	String	The security provider to use for applying security to users (such as <i>Native</i>). Valid values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Native for the native local security provider inherent to the system. This is the default provider. • AD_<name> for Active Directory, where <name> corresponds to the security provider name within the system • ADL_<name> for Active Directory with local override, where <name> corresponds to the security provider name within the system • ldap_<name> for OpenLDAP, where <name> corresponds to the security provider name within the system 	Native
<i>cascade</i>	Optional	Boolean	Propagates the security settings to all files and subfolders within the specified folder	True or False

Table 10. Return value for applySecurity	
Type	Description
Boolean	True or False based on whether the method runs successfully.

Table 11. Exceptions for applySecurity	
Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The source file does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.
IllegalParameterException	The specified user or security provider name is incorrect.

Example

The following sample assigns the *READ* permission for the designated file to a user.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[{AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
bSuccess = pesImpl.applySecurity(source="/Projects",principal="icrod",permission="READ", provider="Native")
```

The cascadeSecurity method

Propagates a folder's security settings to all files and subfolders within the folder.

```
cascadeSecurity(source)
```

Table 12. Input parameters for cascadeSecurity				
Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
source	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the folder in the repository	"/Temp Folder" or "0a58c3670016a7860000010dcee0eaa28219"

Table 13. Return value for cascadeSecurity	
Type	Description
Boolean	True or False based on whether the method runs successfully.

Table 14. Exceptions for cascadeSecurity	
Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The source folder does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.

Example

The following sample cascades the security for the folder *Projects* to the contents of the folder.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[{AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
bSuccess = pesImpl.cascadeSecurity(source="/Projects")
```

The copyResource method

Copies a file or folder to another folder in the repository. The specified source file or folder can be renamed when it is copied.

See “The moveResource method” on page 51 for more information on renaming.

```
copyResource(source, target)
```

Table 15. Input parameters for copyResource

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
source	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the file or folder in the repository	"/Temp Folder/Temp.txt" or "0a58c3670016a7860000010dcee0eaa28219"
target	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the folder to copy the file to. A new file name can also be provided for renaming the specified file or folder when it is copied.	"/New Folder" or "/New Folder/abc.dat"

Table 16. Return value for copyResource

Type	Description
String	URI of the copied file or folder

Table 17. Exceptions for copyResource

Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The source file or target folder does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.

Example

The following sample copies the *Drafts* folder to a folder named *Projects*.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES]KrY+KLl0Yo406545tgGsYQ==", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
uri = pesImpl.copyResource(source="/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign", target="/Projects") print(uri)
```

The createFolder method

Creates a new folder at a specified location in the repository.

```
createFolder(source)
```

Table 18. Input parameters for createFolder

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
source	Required	String	The folder to create in the repository	/Temp Folder/Sample Folder

Table 19. Return value for createFolder	
Type	Description
String	URI of the created folder

Table 20. Exceptions for createFolder	
Type	Description
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.
ResourceAlreadyExistsException	The specified folder already exists in the repository.

Example

The following example creates a folder named *Drafts* as a child of the *Demo* folder. If a problem creating the folder occurs, an exception message is sent to the console.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[{AES}KrY+KLl0Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
try:
    uri = pesImpl.createFolder(source="/Demo/Drafts")
    print("URI for the folder is:", uri)
except:
    print("Unhandled exception in createFolder.")
```

The deleteFile method

Deletes a file from the repository. All versions of the file are deleted.

```
deleteFile(source,submittedHierarchy)
```

Table 21. Input parameters for deleteFile				
Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>source</i>	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the file in the repository	"/Temp Folder/ Temp.txt" or "0a58c3670016a786 0000 010dcee0eaa28219"
<i>submittedHierarchy</i>	Optional	Boolean	Indicates whether the file is in the <i>Submitted Jobs</i> folder	True or False

Table 22. Return value for deleteFile	
Type	Description
Boolean	True or False based on whether the method runs successfully.

Table 23. Exceptions for deleteFile	
Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The source file does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.

Table 23. Exceptions for deleteFile (continued)

Type	Description
IllegalParameterException	The specified resource to delete is a folder.

Example

The following example deletes the file *MyReport.rptdesign* from the repository.

```
from pes.util.PESExceptions import *
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES}KrY+KLl0Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
try:
    bSuccess = pesImpl.deleteFile(source="/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign")
except ResourceNotFoundException as rnf:
    print("Specified file does not exist.")
except InsufficientParameterException as ipe:
    print("No file specified.")
except IllegalParameterException as ipe:
    print("Item to be deleted is not a file.")
```

```
from pes.util.PESExceptions import * from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES}KrY+KLl0Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host =
"localhost", port = "8080", appserver_type = "websphere")
try:
    bSuccess = pesImpl.deleteFile(source="/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign")
except ResourceNotFoundException as rnf:
    print("Specified file does not exist.")
except InsufficientParameterException as ipe:
    print("No file specified.")
except IllegalParameterException as ipe:
    print("Item to be deleted is not a file.")
```

The deleteFileVersion method

Deletes a specific version of a file from the repository.

```
deleteFileVersion(source,version,label,submittedHierarchy)
```

Table 24. Input parameters for deleteFileVersion

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>source</i>	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the file in the repository	"/Temp Folder/ Temp.txt" or "0a58c3670016a78600 00010dcee0eaa28219"
<i>version</i>	Optional. However, either <i>version</i> or <i>label</i> must be specified.	String	The specific version of the file to delete	"0:2006-08-25 21:15:49.453"

Table 24. Input parameters for deleteFileVersion (continued)

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>label</i>	Optional. However, either <i>version</i> or <i>label</i> must be specified.	String	The specific labeled version of the file to delete	"Version 1"
<i>submittedHierarchy</i>	Optional	Boolean	Indicates whether the file is in the <i>Submitted Jobs</i> folder	True or False

Table 25. Return value for deleteFileVersion

Type	Description
Boolean	True or False based on whether the method runs successfully.

Table 26. Exceptions for deleteFileVersion

Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The source file or target folder does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.
IllegalParameterException	The specified resource to delete is a folder.

Example

The following example deletes the version of the file *MyReport.rptdesign* labeled *Test* from the repository.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
bSuccess = pesImpl.deleteFileVersion(source="/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign",label="Test")
```

The deleteFolder method

Deletes a folder and its contents from the repository.

```
deleteFolder(source,submittedHierarchy)
```

Table 27. Input parameters for deleteFolder

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>source</i>	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the folder in the repository	"/Temp Folder" or "0a58c3670016a7860000010dcee0eaa28219"
<i>submittedHierarchy</i>	Optional	Boolean	Indicates whether the folder is in the <i>Submitted Jobs</i> folder	True or False

Table 28. Return value for deleteFolder

Type	Description
Boolean	True or False based on whether the method runs successfully.

Table 29. Exceptions for deleteFolder

Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The specified folder does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.
IllegalParameterException	The specified resource to delete is not a folder.

Example

The following example deletes the folder named *Drafts* from the repository. If a problem deleting the folder occurs, an exception message is sent to the console.

```
from pes.util.PESEExceptions import *
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[{AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ=]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
try:
    bSuccess = pesImpl.deleteFolder(source="/Demo/Drafts")
except ResourceNotFoundException as rfe:
    print ("Specified folder does not exist.")
except InsufficientParameterException as ipe:
    print ("No folder specified.")
except IllegalParameterException as ipe:
    print ("Item to be deleted is not a folder.")
```

The downloadFile method

Downloads a specific version of a file from the repository onto the local file system.

```
downloadFile(source,target,version,label)
```

Table 30. Input parameters for downloadFile

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>source</i>	Required	String	The fully qualified repository path of the file to download	"/Temp Folder/Temp.txt"
<i>target</i>	Required	String	The fully qualified path (on the local file system) of the folder to which to download the file	"C:\Temp"
<i>version</i>	Optional. Either version or label can be specified.	String	The specific version of the file to download	"0:2006-08-25 21:15:49.453"
<i>label</i>	Optional. Either version or label can be specified.	String	The specific labeled version of the file to download	"Version 2"

Table 31. Return value for downloadFile	
Type	Description
Resource	Container for information about a repository object. See the topic “The Resource class” on page 58 for more information. .

Table 32. Exceptions for downloadFile	
Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The source file or target folder does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.

Example

The following sample downloads a version labeled *Production* of the file *MyReport.rptdesign* to the *Shared* directory on the local file system.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
resource = pesImpl.downloadFile(source="/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign",
target="c:/Demo/Shared",label="Production")
```

The exportResource method

Exports a specified repository folder to a designated *.pes export file on the local file system.

```
exportResource(source,target)
```

Table 33. Input parameters for exportResource				
Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
source	Required	String	The fully qualified repository path or object URI of the folder to export	/Temp Folder or 0a58c3670016a78 60000010dcee0eaa28219
target	Required	String	The fully qualified path (on the local file system) and file name to which to export the folder	C:\Temp\backup.pes

Table 34. Return value for exportResource	
Type	Description
Boolean	True or False based on whether the method runs successfully.

Table 35. Exceptions for exportResource	
Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The source file or target folder does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.
IllegalParameterException	The specified target is a folder. The target must be a *.pes file.

Example

The following sample exports the contents of the *Drafts* folder to an export file in the *backups* folder of the local file system.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[{AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
bSuccess = pesImpl.exportResource(source="/Projects",target="C:\\Demo\\drafts.pes")
```

The getAccessControlList method

Retrieves the security access control list (ACL) for the specified file or folder in the repository.

```
getAccessControlList(source,submittedHierarchy)
```

Table 36. Input parameters for *getAccessControlList*

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>source</i>	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the file or folder in the repository	"/Temp Folder/ Temp.txt" or "0a58c3670016a78600 00010dcee0eaa28219"
<i>submittedHierarchy</i>	Optional	Boolean	Indicates whether the file or folder is in the <i>Submitted Jobs</i> folder	True or False

Table 37. Return value for *getAccessControlList*

Type	Description
Dictionary	A dictionary is displayed containing the user name(s) and the associated permission. For example: <pre>{"admin": "MODIFY_ACL", "Joe": "DELETE"}</pre>

Table 38. Exceptions for *getAccessControlList*

Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The source file or target folder does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.

Example

The following example prints the ACL for the file *MyReport.rptdesign*.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[{AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
aclDic = pesImpl.getAccessControlList(source = "/Projects/MyReport.rptdesign")
print (aclDic)
```

The getAllVersions method

Retrieves a list of all versions of a file in the repository.

```
getAllVersions(source, submittedHierarchy)
```

Table 39. Input parameters for getAllVersions

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
source	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the file in the repository	"/Temp Folder/ Temp.txt" or "0a58c3670016a78600 00010dcee0eaa28219"
submittedHierarchy	Optional	Boolean	Indicates whether the file is in the <i>Submitted Jobs</i> folder	True or False

Table 40. Return value for getAllVersions

Type	Description
List	A list of resource objects. See “The Resource class” on page 58.

Table 41. Exceptions for getAllVersions

Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The source file does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.
IllegalParameterException	The specified source is a folder.

Example

This example retrieves information about all versions of the file *MyReport.rptdesign*, printing the author, version marker, and version labels for each.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ=]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
resourceList = pesImpl.getAllVersions(source="/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign")
for resource in resourceList:
    print(resource['Resource']['Author']['value'])
    print(resource['Resource']['Version']['marker'])
    print(resource['Resource']['Version']['label'])
```

The getChildren method

Retrieves a list of all files and folders within a specified repository folder.

```
getChildren(source, submittedHierarchy)
```

Table 42. Input parameters for `getChildren`

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<code>source</code>	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the folder in the repository	"/Temp Folder" or "0a58c3670016a7860000010dcee0eaa28219"
<code>submittedHierarchy</code>	Optional	Boolean	Indicates whether the folder is in the Submitted Jobs folder	True or False

Table 43. Return value for `getChildren`

Type	Description
List	A list of resource objects. See “The Resource class” on page 58.

Table 44. Exceptions for `getChildren`

Type	Description
<code>InsufficientParameterException</code>	Required parameters are not specified.
<code>ResourceNotFoundException</code>	The folder does not exist.

Example

The following sample retrieves the contents of the `/Demo/Drafts` folder, printing the title, author, and resource identifier for each.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
resourceList = pesImpl.getChildren(source="/Demo/Drafts")
for resource in resourceList:
    print(resource['Resource']['Author']['value'])
    print(resource['Resource']['Version']['marker'])
    print(resource['Resource']['Version']['label'])
```

The `getCustomPropertyValue` method

Retrieves the valid values accepted by a specified custom property.

```
getCustomPropertyValue(propertyName)
```

Table 45. Input parameters for `getCustomPropertyValue`

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<code>propertyName</code>	Required	String	The name of the custom property	"FreeForm"

Table 46. Return value for `getCustomPropertyValue`

Type	Description
List	Returns a list of valid values the custom property accepts. If the property requires a selection (for example, single select or multi-select), the list contains all valid values for the selection. If it is a free-form property, the list contains the type of data the property accepts (for example, String, Date, or Number).

Table 47. Exceptions for `getCustomPropertyValue`

Type	Description
<code>ResourceNotFoundException</code>	The specified property does not exist.
<code>InsufficientParameterException</code>	Required parameters are not specified.

Example

The following sample accesses the values for the custom property *Language*.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES]KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
langList = pesImpl.getCustomPropertyValue(propertyName = "Language")
print (langList)
```

The `getMetadata` method

Retrieves the metadata attributes of a file or folder in the repository, including any custom properties and topic information.

```
getMetadata(source,version,label,submittedHierarchy)
```

Table 48. Input parameters for `getMetadata`

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>source</i>	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the file or folder in the repository	"/Temp Folder/ Temp.txt" or "0a58c3670016a7860 0 00010dcee0eaa28219 "
<i>version</i>	Optional. Either version or label can be specified.	String	The specific version of the file or folder	"0:2006-08-25 21:15:49.453"
<i>label</i>	Optional. Either version or label can be specified.	String	The specific labeled version of the file or folder	"Version 1"

Table 48. Input parameters for getMetadata (continued)

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
submittedHierarchy	Optional	Boolean	Indicates whether the file is in the Submitted Jobs folder	True or False

Table 49. Return value for getMetadata

Type	Description
Resource	Container for information about a repository object. See the topic “The Resource class” on page 58 for more information.

Table 50. Exceptions for getMetadata

Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The source file or folder does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.

Example

The following example accesses the resource identifier for the /Demo/Drafts folder.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES]KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
resource = pesImpl.getMetadata(source="/Demo/Drafts")
resourceid = resource['ResourceID']['value']
```

The importResource method

Imports an existing *.pes export file from the local file system to the repository.

```
importResource(source, target, resourceType, resourceConflict, invalidVersionConflict,
resourceDef, labelFrom, lockResolution, exclude)
```

Table 51. Input parameters for importResource

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
source	Required	String	The fully qualified path (on the local file system) of the file to import	"C:\Temp\New.pes"
target	Required	String	The fully qualified repository path or object URI of the folder into which to import	"/Temp Folder" or "0a58c3670016a786000010dcee0eaa28219"

Table 51. Input parameters for `importResource` (continued)

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<code>resourceType</code>	Optional	String	<p>Type of content being imported. Specify one of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ContentRepository for content objects such as files and folders • ResourceDef for resource definitions • Credential for user credentials • DataSource for data source definitions • MessageDomain for message domains • ServerCluster for server cluster definitions • Server for server definitions • PromotionPolicy for promotion policies <p>If this parameter is not specified, the default value of ContentRepository is used.</p>	

Table 51. Input parameters for `importResource` (continued)

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<code>resourceConflict</code>	Optional	String	<p>Indicates how to resolve duplicate ID or name conflicts. Specify one of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • keepTarget. The target item will be maintained. The source item with the duplicate ID, which is contained in the <code>.pes</code> file, will be ignored. • addNewVersion. This option is typically used to resolve ID conflicts or naming conflicts. If a duplicate ID conflict occurs between the source object and the target object, then a new version of the object will be created in the target location. If a naming conflict occurs, the imported object will be renamed in the target location. Typically, renamed objects are appended with <code>_1</code>, <code>_2</code>, and so forth. In the event that two versions of an object have the same label, the system keeps one label and discards the duplicate label because no two versions of the same item can have the same label. The label that is retained depends on the labelFrom parameter. <p>If this parameter is not specified, the default value of keepTarget is used.</p>	
<code>labelFrom</code>	Optional	String	<p>Label to use if two versions of an object have the same label. The label for the other version is discarded. Specify either source or target. If this parameter is not specified, the default value of source is used.</p>	

Table 51. Input parameters for importResource (continued)

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>lockResolution</i>	Optional	String	<p>Defines how to proceed if locked resources are encountered. Specify one of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • continue. Continues the import, omitting any locked resources. • abort. Terminates the import process if any locked resources are encountered. If any conflicts are encountered due to object locks, the import process will be terminated and fail. <p>If this parameter is not specified, the default value of abort is used.</p>	
<i>invalidVersionConflict</i>	Optional	String	<p>Defines how to proceed if an invalid version is encountered during the import process. Specify one of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • import. The invalid version will be imported. • discard. The invalid version will be deleted. <p>If this parameter is not specified, the default value of import is used.</p>	

Table 51. Input parameters for *importResource* (continued)

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>resourceDef</i>	Optional	String	<p>Defines the processing behavior for resource definitions. Specify one of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • recommended. A resource definition is imported only if the identifier or name does not conflict with a target definition. Any resource definitions that have a conflict are not imported. • include. All resource definitions in the import file are imported. You can select one or more resource definition types to exclude from the import by selecting the corresponding check box. • exclude. No resource definitions from the import files are imported. Imported objects may need to be modified to reference available resource definitions. <p>If this parameter is not specified, the default value of recommended is used.</p>	

Table 51. Input parameters for importResource (continued)

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
exclude	Optional	String	<p>Defines which resource types are excluded during the import. Multiple values can be combined in any order as a semicolon-delimited list. Specify one or more of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • credential excludes user credentials • customproperty excludes custom properties for resource objects • datasource excludes data source definitions • messagedomain excludes message domains • notification excludes notification definitions • servercluster excludes server cluster definitions • server excludes server definitions • topic excludes topic definitions <p>If this parameter is not specified, all types are included in the import.</p>	

Table 52. Return value for importResource

Type	Description
Boolean	True or False based on whether the method runs successfully.

Table 53. Exceptions for importResource

Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The source file or target folder does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.

Example

The following sample imports the contents of the drafts.pes export file to the /Demo/Drafts folder of the IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services Repository

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES]KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
bSuccess = pesImpl.importResource(source="C:\\Demo\\drafts.pes", target="/Demo/Drafts")
```

The moveResource method

Moves a file or folder to another folder in the repository. A specified source file can be renamed when it is moved, with the target type and existence determining the final name.

The following table describes the behavior of the renaming feature when moving a file:

Table 54. File renaming		
Target Type	Target Folder Exists	Target Folder Does Not Exist
folder	Source file becomes a child of the target folder.	Source file moves to the parent folder of the specified target and is renamed to the target folder name.
file	Source file moves to the folder containing the target file and is renamed to the target name.	Error reported.

For example, if the source is the file */Temp Folder/Temp.txt* and the specified target is the folder */Demo Folder*, the following results may occur:

- If folder *Demo Folder* exists, *Temp.txt* is moved to *Demo Folder*.
- If folder *Demo Folder* does not exist, *Temp.txt* is moved to */* and renamed to *Demo Folder*.

Alternatively, if the source is */Temp Folder/Temp.txt* and the specified target is the file */Demo Folder/Abc.dat*, the following results may occur:

- If folder *Demo Folder* exists, *Temp.txt* is moved to *Demo Folder* and renamed to *Abc.dat*.
- If folder *Demo Folder* does not exist, an error is displayed.

```
moveResource(source, target)
```

Table 55. Input parameters for moveResource				
Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
source	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the file or folder in the repository	/Temp Folder/ Temp.txt or 0a58c3670016a78600 00010dcee0eaa28219
target	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the folder to move the file to. A new file name can also be provided for renaming the specified file or folder when it is moved.	/New Folder or /New Folder/abc.dat

Table 56. Return value for moveResource	
Type	Description
Boolean	True or False based on whether the method runs successfully.

Table 57. Exceptions for moveResource

Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The specified source does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.

Example

The following sample moves the file `MyReport.rptdesign` from the `/Demo/Drafts` folder to the `/Approved` folder.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[{AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
bSuccess = pesImpl.moveResource(source="/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign",target="/Approved")
print (bSuccess)
```

The removeLabel method

Removes a label from a file in the repository.

```
removeLabel(source,label)
```

Table 58. Input parameters for removeLabel

Field	Use	Type	Example Value	Description
source	Required	String	"/Temp Folder/Temp.txt" or "0a58c3670016a7860000 010dcee0eaa28219"	The fully qualified path or object URI of the file in the repository
label	Required	String	"Version 1"	The label name to remove

Table 59. Return value for removeLabel

Type	Description
String	URI of the updated file

Table 60. Exceptions for removeLabel

Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The source file does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.

Example

The following sample removes the label `Draft` from the file `MyReport.rptdesign`.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[{AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
uri = pesImpl.removeLabel(source="/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign", label="Draft")
```


The removeSecurity method

```
removeSecurity(source,principal,provider,cascade)
```

Removes the security access control list (ACL) from a specified file or folder in the repository.

Table 61. Input parameters for removeSecurity

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>source</i>	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the file or folder in the repository	"/Temp Folder/ Temp.txt" or "0a58c3670016a7860000 010dcee0eaa28219"
<i>principal</i>	Required	String	The user (such as <i>admin</i>) to remove from the specified file or folder	admin
<i>provider</i>	Optional	String	The security provider (such as <i>Native</i>) to use for obtaining the information about users. the following values are valid: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Native for the native local security provider inherent to the system. This is the default provider.• AD_<name> for Active Directory, where <name> corresponds to the security provider name within the system• ADL_<name> for Active Directory with local override, where <name> corresponds to the security provider name within the system• ldap_<name> for OpenLDAP, where <name> corresponds to the security provider name within the system	Native
<i>cascade</i>	Optional	Boolean	Propagates the security settings to all files and subfolders within the specified folder	True or False

Table 62. Return value for removeSecurity

Type	Description
Boolean	True or False based on whether the method runs successfully.

Table 63. Exceptions for removeSecurity

Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The source file or target folder does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.
IllegalParameterException	The specified user or security provider name is incorrect.

Example

The following sample removes the ACL for a principal from the file *MyReport.rptdesign*.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[{AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
bSuccess = pesImpl.removeSecurity(source="/Projects/MyReport.rptdesign",principal="icrod")
```

The search method

Searches for files in the repository, returning a list of file versions having metadata content that matches the search criteria.

```
search(criteria)
```

Table 64. Input parameters for search

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>criteria</i>	Required	String	The value used to search file metadata	"Age"

Table 65. Return value for search

Type	Description
PageResult	Structure in which each row corresponds to a search match. See the topic “The PageResult class” on page 59 for more information.

Table 66. Exceptions for search

Type	Description
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.

Example

The following searches for file versions that have the text *Quarterly* in any metadata fields.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[{AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
sResults = pesImpl.search(criteria="Quarterly")
sRows = sResults.getRows()
for sRow in sRows:
    print("Author: ", sRow.getAuthor())
    print("Title: ", sRow.getTitle())
    for child in sRow.getChildRow():
        print("Version: ", child.getVersionMarker())
        print("Label: ", child.getVersionLabel())
        print("Keywords:", child.getKeyword())
        print("URI:", child.getUri())
```

The setLabel method

Applies a label to a version of a file in the repository. If the file is already labeled, the original label is replaced with the new label.

```
setLabel(source,version, label)
```

Table 67. Input Parameters for setLabel

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
source	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the file in the repository	"/Temp Folder/Temp.txt" or "0a58c3670016a7860000010dcee0eaa28219"
version	Required	String	The specific version of the file	"0:2006-08-2521:15:49.453"
label	Required	String	The label to apply to the file	"Version 1"

Table 68. Return value for setLabel

Type	Description
String	URI of the updated file

Table 69. Exceptions for setLabel

Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The source file or version does not exist.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.

Example

The following sample assigns the label *Beta* to the second version of the file *MyReport.rptdesign*. The getVersionMarker method for a Resource object returns the marker for the version to be labeled.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES}KrY+KLl0Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
betaVersion = pesImpl.getAllVersions(source="/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign")[1]['Resource']['Version']['marker']
print("Marker for the beta version is:", betaVersion)
uri = pesImpl.setLabel(source="/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign", version=betaVersion,label="Beta")
```

The setMetadata method

Applies metadata properties to files and folders in the repository.

The following table identifies the metadata properties and whether they can be applied to files and folders.

Table 70. Repository Object Properties

Metadata Property	Resource Type
Author	File
Description	File or Folder

Table 70. Repository Object Properties (continued)

Metadata Property	Resource Type
Title	File or Folder
Expiration date	File or Folder
Keyword	File
Topics	File
Custom metadata	File or Folder

```
setMetadata(source, version, label, props)
```

Table 71. Input parameters for setMetadata

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>source</i>	Required	String	The fully qualified path or object URI of the file or folder in the repository	"/Temp Folder/Temp.txt" or "0a58c3670016a7860000010dcee0eaa28219"
<i>version</i>	Optional . Either version or label can be specified.	String	The specific version of the file to be downloaded	"0:2006-08-25 21:15:49.453"
<i>label</i>	Optional . Either version or label can be specified.	String	The label of the specific version	"Label 1"
<i>props</i>	Required	Dictionary	Contains all the metadata to be set, in the Dictionary with the metadata name as keys. As shown in the Example Value column, it takes the list as a value from topic and Dictionary for customProperty. For the rest of the metadata it takes string.	<pre>{ 'author': 'admin', 'title': 'newTitle', 'description': 'desc', 'topic': [a,b], 'customProperty': { 'language': 'hindi english', 'FreeForm': 'abcd' } }</pre>

Table 72. Return value for setMetadata	
Type	Description
String	URI of the file or folder for which metadata was set

Table 73. Exceptions for setMetadata	
Type	Description
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.
ResourceNotFoundException	The source file or folder does not exist.

Example

The following sample assigns the keyword *Quarterly* to the *Production* version of the file *MyReport.rptdesign*.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES]KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
pDict = {'keyword': 'Quarterly'}
uri = pesImpl.setMetadata(source="/Demo/Drafts/MyReport.rptdesign", version=prodVersion, props=pDict)
print(uri)
```

The uploadFile method

Saves a file to the repository from the local file system, with the option of creating a new version of the file if it already exists.

```
uploadFile(source, target, versionFlag)
```

Table 74. Input parameters for uploadFile				
Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
source	Required	String	The fully qualified path (on the local file system) of the file to upload	"C:\Temp\Temp.txt"
target	Required	String	The fully qualified path of the destination folder in the repository where the file is to be uploaded	"/Temp Folder"
versionFlag	Optional	Boolean	If the specified file already exists, a new version of the file is created	True or False

Table 75. Return value for uploadFile	
Type	Description
String	URI of the uploaded file

Table 76. Exceptions for uploadFile	
Type	Description
ResourceNotFoundException	The source file or target folder does not exist.

Table 76. Exceptions for uploadFile (continued)

Type	Description
ResourceAlreadyExistsException	A file or folder with the same name as the source file exists in the target folder and the versionFlag parameter is not specified.
InsufficientParameterException	Required parameters are not specified.

Example

This example uploads the file *MyReport.rptdesign* to the */Demo/Drafts* folder in the repository. If the file already exists, a new version of the file is uploaded using the `versionFlag` parameter.

```
from pes.util.PESExceptions import *
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES]KrY+KLl0Yo406545tgGsYQ==", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
try:
    uri = pesImpl.uploadFile(source="C:\\Demo\\MyReport.rptdesign",target="/Demo/Drafts")
    print("URI for the uploaded file is: ", uri)
except ResourceAlreadyExistsException as rae:
    uri = pesImpl.uploadFile(source="C:\\Demo\\MyReport.rptdesign",target="/Demo/Drafts",versionFlag=True)
    print("URI for the uploaded file is: ", uri)
```

Wrapper classes

The PESImpl API includes classes serving as wrappers for objects returned from the web services called by the content repository methods. These wrapper classes provide an interface for displaying the information returned by the methods.

The Resource class

The Resource class acts as a simplified wrapper to the repository object `ResourceSpecifier.Resource`, offering access to object-specific information.

In addition to the standard metadata associated with repository objects, this class includes any custom metadata information defined for objects in the repository. [Table 77 on page 58](#) lists all methods available in the Resource class.

Table 77. Methods for the Resource class

Method Name	Description
getAccessControllist	Returns a dictionary of an object's security permissions. It contains the user name as a key and only the highest permission given to the user. For example: If user <i>Joe</i> has <i>delete</i> permission on <i>resource X</i> , then <code>getAccessControllist</code> of the resource object representing <i>X</i> will return <code>{ 'Joe' : 'DELETE' }</code> and not all three permissions (read, write, delete) from the web service call.
getOwner	Returns the name of the owner of the object as a string
getAuthor	Returns the name of the author of the object as a string
getContentSize	Returns the size of the object
getCreatedBy	Returns the name of the user who created the object as a string
getCreationDate	Returns the creation date of the object as a datetime object
getDescription	Returns the description of the object as a list

<i>Table 77. Methods for the Resource class (continued)</i>	
Method Name	Description
getDescriptionLanguage	Returns the language of the object as a list
getExpirationDate	Returns the expiration date of the object as a datetime object
isExpired	Indicates whether the specified object has expired or not
getMimeType	Returns the MIME type of the object as a string
getModificationDate	Returns the last modified date of the object as a datetime object
getObjectCreationDate	Returns the object creation date of the object as a datetime object
getObjectLastModifiedBy	Returns the user who last modified the object as a string
getObjectLastModifiedDate	Returns the object last modified date of the object as a datetime object
getResourceID	Returns the resource identifier of the object as a string
getResourcePath	Returns the path of the specified object as a string
getTitle	Returns the title for the object as a string
getTopicList	Returns the list of topics for the object
getVersionMarker	Returns the version of the object as a string
getVersionLabel	Returns the label of the object as a string
getCustomMetadata	Returns any custom properties associated with the object as a dictionary
getKeywordList	Returns a list of keywords associated with the object

The IdentificationSpecifier class

This class acts as a simplified wrapper to the repository object `IdentificationSpecifier`, allowing access to identification-specific data for the object.

Table 78 on page 59 lists all methods available in the `IdentificationSpecifier` class.

<i>Table 78. Methods for the IdentificationSpecifier class</i>	
Method Name	Description
getIdentifier	Returns the identifier value of an object as a string
getVersionMarker	Returns the version of an object as a string
getVersionLabel	Returns the label applied to an object version as a string

The PageResult class

This `PageResult` class serves as a container for search results. An individual hit in the results corresponds to a row in the `PageResult` object.

For example, a search that returns four resources would yield a `PageResult` object containing four rows. Table 79 on page 60 lists all methods available in the `PageResult` class.

Table 79. Methods for the PageResult class	
Method Name	Description
getRows	Returns a list of SearchRow objects. See the topic “The SearchRow class” on page 60 for more information.

The SearchRow class

The SearchRow class serves as a container for object-level information about an individual search result. You can access metadata about an object using the methods of this class.

Table 80 on page 60 lists all methods available in the SearchRow class.

Table 80. Methods for the SearchRow class	
Method Name	Description
getTitle	Returns the name of the file or folder
getAuthor	Returns the author of the file or folder
getMimeType	Returns the MIME type of the file
getObjectLastModifiedBy	Returns the user who last modified the file or folder
getModified	Returns the date and time the file or folder was last modified
getFolderPath	Returns the location of the file or folder
getFolder	Returns the name of parent folder of the file or folder
getParentURI	Returns the object URI of the parent
getTopic	Returns the topics associated with the file or folder
getChildRow	Returns the list of SearchChildRow objects (see the following section for more information)

To access information at the version level for an object, use the getChildRow method to return child rows corresponding to object versions.

The SearchChildRow class

The SearchChildRow class serves as a container for version-level information about an individual search result. You can access metadata about an object version using the methods of this class.

Table 81 on page 60 lists all methods available in the SearchChildRow class.

Table 81. Methods for the SearchChildRow class	
Method Name	Description
getExpirationDate	Returns the expiration date of the file or folder
getKeyword	Returns the keywords associated with the version of the file or folder
getVersionLabel	Returns the version label of the file or folder
getDescription	Returns the description of the file or folder
getLanguage	Returns the language
getVersionCreationDate	Returns date and time the file or folder was created

Table 81. Methods for the SearchChildRow class (continued)	
Method Name	Description
getVersionMarker	Returns the version marker of the file or folder
getUri	Returns the object URI of the file or folder

Process management API

Process management scripting offers the ability to work with jobs. This area includes the following functionality:

- Executing jobs
- Retrieving job histories
- Retrieving job details

This section outlines the PESImpl methods used for working with jobs stored in the repository. Every method contains detailed syntax information, an example, and expected messages.

Methods

The following sections list all process management scripting methods supported for IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services.

Note: For all methods that require a path to files/folders in the repository, either the path or the object URI can be used. The object URI can be obtained by viewing the object properties in IBM SPSS Deployment Manager.

The cancelJob method

Cancels a running job.

```
cancelJob(executionId)
```

Table 82. Input parameters for cancelJob				
Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
executionId	Required	String	Execution ID for the job	0a58c33d002ce90800 00010e0ccf7b01800e

Table 83. Return value for cancelJob	
Type	Description
Boolean	Returns a success message when the job is canceled

Example

This example terminates execution of the *Reports* job.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[{AES}KxY+KLl0Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
  appserver_type = "websphere")
execId = pesImpl.executeJob(source='/Demo/Jobs/Reports', notification = True, asynchronous=True)
print("Execution ID: ", execId)
status = pesImpl.cancelJob(execId)
print("Successful cancellation: ", status)

status = pesImpl.cancelJob(execId)
print "Successful cancellation: ", status
```

The deleteJobExecutions method

Deletes one or more job executions.

```
deleteJobExecutions(executionId)
```

Table 84. Input parameters for deleteJobExecutions

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>executionId</i>	Required	List	List of job execution identifiers	[0a58c33d002ce9080000010e0ccf7b01800e, 0a59c33d002ce9080060010e0cdf7b01802r]

Table 85. Return value for deleteJobExecutions

Type	Description
Boolean	True or False based on whether the method runs successfully.

Example

This example deletes the executions for the *Reports* job.

```
from pes.util.PESExceptions import *
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
executions = pesImpl.getJobExecutionList(source="/Demo/Jobs/Reports")
execRows = executions.getRows()

# Get the execution ID from the execution history
deleteList = []
for exrow in execRows :
    uuid = exrow.getEventObjId()
    deleteList.append(uuid)
    if len(deleteList) != 0:
        print print('Deleting ',len(deleteList) , ' histories')
        pesImpl.deleteJobExecutions(deleteList)
```

The executeJob method

Runs a job synchronously or asynchronously based on the parameters passed. In the case of a synchronous run, the method does not return until the job completes. In the case of an asynchronous run, the method returns after the job starts.

```
executeJob(source,notification,asynchronous)
```

Table 86. Input parameters for executeJob

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>source</i>	Required	String	The fully qualified path (on the local file system) of the file to upload	"C:\Temp\Temp.txt"
<i>notification</i>	Optional	Boolean	Indicates whether the job runs with or without notifications. Default is False.	True or False
<i>asynchronous</i>	Optional	Boolean	Indicates whether the job runs asynchronously. Default is False.	True or False

Table 87. Return value for `executeJob`

Type	Description
String	The unique identifier for the execution of the job. This identifier is used to reference a particular job execution.

Example

This example initiates execution of the *Reports* job asynchronously with notifications.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[{AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
execId = pesImpl.executeJob(source='/Demo/Jobs/Reports', notification = True, asynchronous=True)
print("Execution ID: ",execId)
```

The `getJobExecutionDetails` method

Lists the run details for a specific job, including any job steps and iterations.

```
getJobExecutionDetails(executionId,log,target)
```

Table 88. Input parameters for `getJobExecutionDetails`

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<i>executionId</i>	Required	String	The execution Id of the job	0a58c33d002ce9080000010e0ccf7b01800e
<i>log</i>	Optional	Boolean	Indicates whether the job log is displayed inline	True or False
<i>target</i>	Optional	String	The location (on the local file system) to store the logs. Only used in conjunction with the <code>--log</code> parameter.	"c:\logs"

Table 89. Return value for `getJobExecutionDetails`

Type	Description
<code>jobExecutionDetails</code>	Details about a job execution. See the topic “The jobExecutionDetails class” on page 65 for more information.

Example

This example retrieves information about job step executions for the job execution with identifier *execId* , sending result for each step to the console.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[{AES}KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==]", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
execDetails = pesImpl.getJobExecutionDetails(executionId=execId)
print("Job ID: ", execDetails.getUUID())
print("Event ID: ", execDetails.getEventUUID())
print("Started: ",execDetails.getStartDateTime())
print("Ended: ", execDetails.getEndDateTime())
for step in execDetails.getJobStepDetails():
    print("Step ID: ", step.getEventUUID())
    print("Step Name: ", step.getEventName())
    print("Started: ", step.getStartDateTime())
    print("Ended: ", step.getEndDateTime())
    print("Success: ", step.getExecutionSuccess())
```

The `getJobExecutionList` method

Lists the runs for a specific job, including any currently running jobs and completed jobs, for all versions of the job.

```
getJobExecutionList(source)
```

Table 90. Input parameters for `getJobExecutionList`

Field	Use	Type	Description	Example Value
<code>source</code>	Required	String	The fully qualified path of the job in the repository.	<code>"/testJob"</code>

Table 91. Return value for `getJobExecutionList`

Type	Description
<code>PageResult</code>	Container for the list of executions for a job. See the topic “The PageResult class” on page 64 for more information. .

Example

This example retrieves the executions for the *Reports* job, sending information about each execution to the console.

```
from pes.api.PESImpl import PESImpl
pesImpl = PESImpl(user = "admin", password = "[AES]KrY+KL10Yo406545tgGsYQ==", host = "localhost", port = "8080",
appserver_type = "websphere")
executions = pesImpl.getJobExecutionList(source="/Demo/Jobs/Reports")
execRows = executions.getRows()
if execRows:
    for exrow in execRows:
        print("Job Path: ", exrow.getPath())
        print("Object ID: ", exrow.getObjectId())
        print("Event ID: ", exrow.getEventObjId())
        print("Version ", exrow.getVersionMarker())
        print("Started: ", exrow.getEventStartDateTime())
        print("Ended: ", exrow.getEventEndDateTime())
```

Wrapper classes

The `PESImpl` API includes classes serving as wrappers for objects returned from the web services called by the process management methods. These wrapper classes provide an interface for displaying the information returned by the methods.

The `PageResult` class

This `PageResult` class serves as a container for job execution results, allowing retrieval of job execution specific data .

An individual job execution corresponds to a row in the `PageResult` object. For example, a job that had been executed four times corresponds to a `PageResult` object containing four rows. [Table 92 on page 64](#) lists all methods available in the `PageResult` class.

Table 92. Methods for the `PageResult` class

Method Name	Description
<code>getRows</code>	Returns a list of <code>Row</code> objects, each representing an execution of a job. See the topic “The Row class” on page 65 for more information.

The Row class

The Row class serves as a container for job-level information about a job execution. You can access metadata about a job execution using the methods of this class.

Table 93 on page 65 lists all methods available in the Row class.

Table 93. Methods for the Row class	
Method Name	Description
getObjId	Returns the execution ID of the job
getPath	Returns the path of the job
getVersionMarker	Returns the version marker of the job that was run
getVersionLabel	Returns the version label of the job that was run
getEventObjId	Returns the event ID of the job that was run
getEventState	Returns the state of the running job
getEventCompletionCode	Returns the completion code of the job
getEventStartDateTime	Returns the start date and time of the job
getEventEndDateTime	Returns the end date and time of the job
getQueuedDateTime	Returns the queued date and time of the job

The jobExecutionDetails class

This class is returned from the `getJobExecutionDetails` method. It stores the run details for a job and includes a list of `jobStepExecution` objects providing information about each step in the job.

Table 94 on page 65 lists all methods available in the `jobExecutionDetails` class.

Table 94. Methods for the jobExecutionDetails class	
Method Name	Description
getJobStepDetails	Returns a list of <code>jobStepExecutionDetails</code> objects. See the topic “ The jobStepExecutionDetails class ” on page 66 for more information.
getArtifactLocation	Returns a list of job artifact locations
getCompletionCode	Returns the completion code of the job execution
getEndDateTime	Returns the end date and time of the job execution
getEventName	Returns the event name of the job execution
getEventUUID	Returns the event ID of the job execution
getExecutionState	Returns the run state of the job execution
getExecutionSuccess	Returns success or failure status of the job execution
getExecutionWarning	Indicates whether there were any warnings
getLog	Returns the log (as string) generated

Table 94. Methods for the `jobExecutionDetails` class (continued)

Method Name	Description
<code>getNotificationEnabled</code>	Indicates whether email notifications are enabled or not
<code>getQueuedDateTime</code>	Returns the queued date and time of the job execution
<code>getStartDateTime</code>	Returns the start date and time of the job execution
<code>getUserName</code>	Returns the name of the user who ran the job
<code>getUUID</code>	Returns the execution ID of the job

The `jobStepExecutionDetails` class

This class stores the run details for a job step and stores a list of `jobStepChildExecutionDetails` objects. This class contains the `ExecutionDetails` object, to which it delegates all of its method calls.

Table 95 on page 66 lists all methods available in the `jobStepExecutionDetails` class.

Table 95. Methods for the `jobStepExecutionDetails` class

Method Name	Description
<code>getJobStepChldExecutionList</code>	Returns a list of <code>jobStepChildExecutionDetails</code> objects. See the topic “The <code>jobStepChildExecutionDetails</code> class” on page 67 for more information.
<code>getArtifactLocation</code>	Returns a list of job step artifact locations
<code>getCompletionCode</code>	Returns the completion code of the job step
<code>getEndDateTime</code>	Returns the end date and time of the job step
<code>getEventName</code>	Returns the event name of the job step
<code>getEventUUID</code>	Returns the event ID of the job step
<code>getExecutionState</code>	Returns the run state of the job step
<code>getExecutionSuccess</code>	Returns success or failure status of the job step
<code>getExecutionWarning</code>	Indicates whether there were any warnings
<code>getLog</code>	Returns the log (as string) generated
<code>getNotificationEnabled</code>	Indicates whether email notifications are enabled or not
<code>getQueuedDateTime</code>	Returns the queued date and time of the job step
<code>getStartDateTime</code>	Returns the start date and time of the job step
<code>getUserName</code>	Returns the name of the user who ran the job step
<code>getUUID</code>	Returns the execution ID of the job step

The jobStepChildExecutionDetails class

The `jobStepChildExecutionDetails` class serves as a container for child executions of individual job steps. For example, an iterative report job step produces a child execution for each iteration of the step. You can access metadata about the child executions using the methods of this class.

Table 96 on page 67 lists all methods available in the `jobStepChildExecutionDetails` class.

Table 96. Methods for the <code>jobStepChildExecutionDetails</code> class	
Method Name	Description
<code>getArtifactLocation</code>	Returns a list of child execution artifact locations
<code>getCompletionCode</code>	Returns the completion code of the child execution
<code>getEndDateTime</code>	Returns the end date and time of the child execution
<code>getEventName</code>	Returns the event name of the child execution
<code>getEventUUID</code>	Returns the event ID of the child execution
<code>getExecutionState</code>	Returns the run state of the child execution
<code>getExecutionSuccess</code>	Returns success or failure status of the child execution
<code>getExecutionWarning</code>	Indicates whether there were any warnings
<code>getLog</code>	Returns the log (as string) generated
<code>getNotificationEnabled</code>	Indicates whether email notifications are enabled
<code>getQueuedDateTime</code>	Returns the queued date and time of the child execution
<code>getStartDateTime</code>	Returns the start date and time of the child execution
<code>getUserName</code>	Returns the name of the user who ran the child execution
<code>getUUID</code>	Returns the execution ID of the child execution

Example scripts

Example scripts illustrating the use of the `PESImpl` class are installed in the following directory:

`<installation location>/samples`

These scripts perform a variety of tasks, including the following:

- Deleting expired items from the IBM SPSS Collaboration and Deployment Services Repository
- Deleting expired submitted artifacts
- Deleting job histories

You can invoke the scripts from a General job step in IBM SPSS Deployment Manager to perform repository maintenance tasks.

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