THE CONSTITUTION of the Bayer Free State

Article I Individual's and Citizen's rights

Section 1 Every user joining the Bayer Free State is entitled to the right to be granted citizenship, and all the rights and privileges which are associated with citizenship. Alternative accounts shall be exempt from this right. Users joining may not be given full citizenships for factors such as age.

Section 2 Every citizen of the Bayer Free State is entitled to the right of freedom of speech, to assemble to protest, to criticize freely, to report and comment on all matters, except when the action incites or directly causes other imminent illegal actions, in which case the individual is no longer protected under the aforementioned freedom and rights and can be prosecuted under other laws of this jurisdiction which the individual violates through the mentioned action.

Section 3 Every citizen of the Bayer Free State is entitled to the right to have a fair trial by jury when prosecuted under any statutes of the Bayer Free State Code. No punishment targeted at any citizen shall be carried out by the State or on behalf of the State without a fair trial by jury.

Section 4 Every citizen is entitled to the right to be treated fairly and equally under all statues of the Bayer Free State Code regardless of their gender, sexual orientation, religion, race, nationality, or other discriminative factors.

Section 5 Every citizen is entitled to the right to remain silent, to refuse to testify or present evidence that may be used against them in court when being prosecuted under any laws.

Section 6 Every citizen is entitled to the right to vote on all elections.

Section 7 Every citizen shall be protected from cruel, unusual, or excessive punishments in all forms.

Section 8 It shall be the duty of every citizen to uphold this Constitution; to comply with all laws of the State; to recognize the authority of the Government of the State.

Section 9 Citizens may still have other rights and freedom not mentioned in this Constitution.

Article II The Legislative Branch

Section 1 All legislative powers shall be granted to the Congress of the Bayer Free State.

Section 2 Members of Congress shall be elected in a fair and secret election using the single transferrable voting method held every six months. The number of seats of Congress shall be determined by the formula 2.25*(x^0.2) rounded down, in which x is the number of full citizens of the State. Should a seat become vacant, a fair and secret election shall be held using the instant runoff voting method for a replacement, who shall serve until the end of the contemporary Congress.

Section 3 Congress shall have the power to: - Make laws of all kinds which must comply with this Constitution. - Call for a new election to elect a new Prime Minister. - Establish diplomatic relationship or declare war on foreign nations. - Select the Chief Justice of the Court of Justice. - Removing a Member of Congress. - Impeach the Prime Minister. - Overturn an Executive Order or Veto from either the Head of State or the Prime Minister. - And other powers which a Congress may fit to exercise.

Section 4 All legislations of Congress shall be introduced in the form of a Resolution or other form of documents fit for purpose. Those shall be passed by Congress to take effect, with legislation exercising powers described in Article II Section 3 First Clause requiring a simple majority; Article II Section 3 from the Second Clause to the Fourth Clause requiring a two-thirds majority; Article II Section 3 Fifth and Seventh Clause requiring a five-sixths majority; Article II Section 3 Eighth Clause requiring a majority which shall be agreed upon by Congress with a two-thirds majority.

Article III The Executive Branch

Section 1 All executive powers shall be granted to the Head of State and the Prime Minister.

Section 2 The owner of the guild shall be the Head of State.

Section 3 Whenever the Congress decides that a new Prime Minister is needed, an election shall be held for the people to choose a new Prime Minister. The manners in which the election is held shall be agreed upon by Congress.

Section 4 Upon being elected, the Prime Minister shall appoint a Deputy Prime Minister, who shall become the Acting Prime Minister with all the powers granted to the Prime Minister whenever the Prime Minister is unfit to exercise the powers associated with the Office, either declared through a written statement submitted to Congress or declared by the Deputy Prime Minister to Congress in a written statement and confirmed by two-thirds of Congress.

Section 5 Members of the Executive Branch shall have the power to issue Executive Orders, which shall be enforced like laws. Members of the Executive Branch shall have the duty to execute legislation passed by Congress.

Section 6 Members of the Executive Branch shall have the power of vetoing legislations except those which may result in the removal of the Prime Minister passed by Congress. A veto must be submitted to Congress within 24 hours of the legislation being passed to be considered valid.

Section 7 The Prime Minister shall be impeached for corruption, treason, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

Article IV The Judicial Branch

Section 1 All judicial powers shall be granted to the Bayer Free State Court of Justice.

Section 2 The Chief Justice shall be the head of the Court of Justice. The Chief Justice shall be appointed by Congress and serve until Congress determine that a new Chief Justice is needed.

Section 3 The Chief Justice shall preside over all hearings and decide the manners in which those shall be held, both criminal and civil, before the Court. In case the Chief Justice is unavailable, a Temporary Justice shall be appointed with a written statement. The Chief Justice shall have the power to determine the punishment for the defendant in criminal cases, or the settlements between parties in civil cases. The Chief Justice shall have the duty to apply legislations to individual cases.

Section 4 All trials, except those whose purpose is to impeach the Prime Minister, shall be participated by a Jury which shall have at least 3 members who do not hold any civil offices appointed by the Chief Justice. The Jury shall have the power to determine if the defendant is guilty in criminal cases, or liable in civil cases. In case of a trial of impeachment. Members of Congress shall act as the Jury.

Section 5 The Chief Justice shall have the power to overturn legislations and executive orders issued by the Executive and Judicial branches if the Court deems those in violation of this Constitution.

Section 6 The Chief Justice shall have the power to issue Court Orders, which shall expire at the end of the case and only enforced on a specific group of people involved in that case.

Article V Enforcement

This Constitution shall be put into effect when passed by Congress with a three-fourths majority and signed by one of the members of the Executive Branch. This Constitution shall be enforced as the highest law of the State, overriding all law and all law in effect must comply with this Constitution and must not obstruct the rights of individuals and citizens as specified in Article I.

Article VI Amendment

Whenever deemed necessary, Congress may propose Amendments to this Constitution, which must achieve a five-sixths majority of Congress and must be signed by both the Head of State and the Prime Minister to be amended.

AMFNDMFNTS

Amendment the First

Section I: "and matters in Congress" in Article I Section 6 is hereby omitted.

Section II: Article II Section 2 is hereby replaced with the following clause: "Every citizen upon being appointed by one of the members of the contemporary Congress and confirmed by at least two-thirds of Congress without any veto from any member shall be granted a seat in Congress with all of its granted rights, duties, and privileges as prescribed by this Constitution, and shall hold this seat at the discretion of Congress."

Amendment the Second

Section I: No person holding any office belonging to the executive branch shall be able to hold any office belonging to the judicial branch.

Section II: No person holding any office belonging to the judicial branch shall be able to hold any office belonging to the executive branch.

Section III: No person holding any office belonging to the executive branch shall be able to hold any other office belonging to the executive branch.

Amendment the Third

Within one week of an Act passed by Congress being published, a citizen may start a public proposal for a referendum in order to repeal any parts, or sections of, or all of the Act. If the number of approvals from citizens is equal to or above the total number of citizens raised to the power of zero point six five within one week of the proposal being published, a fair and secret referendum shall be held by the Government within two weeks of the referendum being approved. The aforementioned Act or parts or sections of the Act shall be repealed if the referendum achieves a three-fourths majority of the votes.

Amendment the Fourth

For committing impeachable offenses such as bribery, corruption, abuse of power, or other serious misconducts, a citizen may start a public proposal for a referendum in order to remove any person from any public office. If the number of approvals from citizens is equal to or above the total number of citizens raised to the power of zero point six five within one week of the proposal being published, a fair and secret referendum shall be held by the Government within two weeks of the referendum being approved. The aforementioned person in office shall be removed from office and procedures to select a new office holder as provided by law shall take place if the referendum achieves a three-fourths majority of the votes.

Amendment the Fifth

Section 1: Without an election called by Congress, the term of the Prime Minister and the Deputy Prime Minister shall last no more than ninety days, after which an election is automatically triggered.

Section 2: An election for the Office of Prime Minister shall be held on the second nearest Saturday since an election is triggered, during which the Prime Minister and the Deputy Prime Minister shall hold their respective Offices until a new Prime Minister is elected.

Amendment the Sixth

Section 1: "since vacancy, the Office shall be vacant and the Head of State assumes the powers and duties of the Prime Minister" of Amendment the Fifth, Section 2 shall be replaced by "since an election is triggered, during which the Prime Minister and the Deputy Prime Minister shall hold their respective Offices until a new Prime Minister is elected".

Section 2: The election for the Prime Minister shall be fair and secret, and the instant runoff voting method shall be adopted.

Amendment the Seventh

Article II, Section 2 shall be replaced with the following clause. "Members of Congress shall be elected in a fair and secret election using the single transferrable voting method held every six months. The number of seats of Congress shall be determined by the formula 2.25*(x*0.2) rounded down, in which x is the number of full citizens of the State. Should a seat become vacant, a fair and secret election shall be held using the instant runoff voting method for a replacement, who shall serve until the end of the contemporary Congress."