PROGRAMMING FOUNDATIONS : PYTHON

PALLAVI VAIDYA

COURSE CONTENTS

- Introduction to python and programming basics
- Data types, structures and operators
- Control structures and functions
- Introduction to APIs' Logging and testing
- OO programming and Packages
- Advanced API programming, logging and testing

COURSE CONTENTS

- Databases and data handling in python
- Security Practices
- Cloud Security
- AWS Config
- Advanced Logging, Data Analysis, and Monitoring in Cloud Environments

EVALUATION PLAN

- Assignments (4):50%
- Quizzes(4): 20%
- Mid-Term: 15%
- Final:15%
- In order to pass the course, you must achieve a 50% weighted average across the Term Tests and a minimum of 50% overall in the course.

LATE SUBMISSION

- A penalty of 10% of the value of the deliverable will be immediately deducted for late submissions.
- An additional 10% of the value of the deliverable will be deducted for each subsequent day (includes weekends and holidays) to a maximum of 3 days at which point the assignment or project will be assigned a mark of "zero".

INTRODUCTION TO PYTHON AND DEV-OPS

WHAT IS DEV-OPS?

- DevOps = Development + Operations
- A set of practices, tools, and cultural philosophies
- Brings together software developers (Dev) and IT operations (Ops)

GOALS OF DEV-OPS?

- Improve collaboration 🤝
- Automate processes
- Ensure reliability & stability 🙃

SPEED UP SOFTWARE DELIVERY

- Automates the build, test, and deployment pipeline.
- Helps release new features and bug fixes to users faster.
- Reduces time-to-market.

IMPROVE COLLABORATION

- Breaks silos between development and operations teams.
- Encourages shared responsibility for code and infrastructure.
- Improves communication and teamwork.

AUTOMATE PROCESSES

- Replaces manual, error-prone tasks with automation.
- Covers testing, integration, deployments, monitoring, and scaling.
- Ensures consistency and reliability.

ENSURE RELIABILITY & STABILITY

- Continuous monitoring detects issues early.
- Rollback and recovery mechanisms minimize downtime.
- Ensures systems are secure, stable, and resilient.

KEY IDEAS OF DEV-OPS?

- Continuous Integration (CI): merge code changes frequently
- Continuous Delivery/Deployment (CD): automate release process
- Automation: testing, deployment, monitoring
- Collaboration & Communication: break silos
- Monitoring & Feedback: use data to improve

EXAMPLES

- Without DevOps:
- Developer → Ops → delays, miscommunication, "works on my machine"
- With DevOps:
- Automated testing & deployment pipeline
- Faster delivery, fewer errors, better teamwork

EXAMPLES

- Git
- Jenkins
- Docker
- Kubernetes
- Ansible
- Terraform
- AWS / Azure DevOps

PYTHON AND DEV-OPS

PYTHON

- High-level, interpreted programming language
- Emphasizes readability and simplicity
- Supports multiple programming paradigms (procedural, object-oriented, functional)

WHY PYTHON IN DEVOPS

- Simple and readable syntax → fast development
- Cross-platform support → works on Linux, Windows, macOS
- Rich ecosystem of libraries → automation, cloud, CI/CD
- Strong community support → plenty of DevOps tools and scripts

WHY PYTHON IN DEVOPS

- Simple and readable syntax → fast development
- Cross-platform support → works on Linux, Windows, macOS
- Rich ecosystem of libraries → automation, cloud, CI/CD
- Strong community support → plenty of DevOps tools and scripts

WHY PYTHON IN DEVOPS

- Automation & Scripting: Automate repetitive tasks (e.g., backups, deployments)
- Configuration Management: Tools like Ansible use Python modules
- Monitoring & Logging: Write scripts to monitor servers, analyze logs
- CI/CD Pipelines: Integrate with Jenkins, GitLab CI, or GitHub Actions
- Cloud & Infrastructure: Manage AWS, Azure, GCP using Python SDKs

PYTHON TOOLS IN DEVOPS

- Ansible: Automation and configuration management
- Fabric / Invoke: Remote command execution
- Boto3: AWS SDK for Python
- SaltStack: Server orchestration
- Pytest / Robot Framework: Automated testing

- Windows
- Download VS Code from the official site (search "VS Code download").
- Run the installer → keep defaults.
- (Optional) During setup, tick "Add to PATH" and "Add 'Open with Code'".
- macOS
- Download the .dmg, drag Visual Studio Code to Applications.
- Open VS Code → Cmd+Shift+P → run: Shell Command: Install 'code' command in PATH.

- Install Python
- Make sure Python is installed on your system.
- Check in terminal:
- python --version
- Install VS Code & Python Extension
- Open VS Code.
- Go to Extensions (left sidebar → square icon).
- Search for "Python" by Microsoft and install it.

- In VS Code, create a new file → save it as hello.py.
- Example code:
- print("Hello, VS Code!")
- Select Python Interpreter
- Press Ctrl+Shift+P (or Cmd+Shift+P on Mac).
- Search for Python: Select Interpreter.
- Pick the one that matches your Python installation or virtual environment.

- Run with Play Button
- Open your **hello.py** file.
- You'll see a ➤ Run Python File button at the top right.
- Click it \rightarrow your program runs in the terminal.

- Clone the Repository
- Copy the repo link from GitHub (e.g., <u>https://github.com/username/repo-name.git</u>).
- In your terminal or VS Code:
- Move into the project folder:
- cd repo-name

RUN PYTHON PROGRAM

•	•	
•	•	•
•	•	•
•	•	•
•	•	
	•	
•		
•	•	
•	•	
•	•	