We thank all reviewers for their constructive comments! Please find our responses below.

 Table 1. Comparing performance of different model merging methods on Qwen 1.5 4B model. We added LoRA-Merging for Reviewer aCDT, AdaMerging and WeMOE for Reviewer Q1B5 to provide comprehensive comparisons.

Algorithm/Tasks	GSM8K	TriviaQA	Winogrande	HumanEval	MMLU	All Tasks Average
base	47.16	44.54	56.75	41.46	54.45	48.87
Math	51.00	46.95	54.62	26.83	53.54	46.79
Code	43.29	46.39	54.14	43.29	54.82	48.39
QA	45.56	48.02	57.93	39.02	52.32	48.57
all-sft	48.52	47.73	55.88	39.14	53.93	49.04
TIES	47.76	46.59	54.14	44.51	54.58	49.5
AdaMerging	47.46	47.90	54.38	44.51	54.62	49.59
PCB-merging	47.83	47.60	56.75	43.90	54.58	49.93
Twin-merging	47.99	44.63	57.54	40.85	52.98	48.80
LoRA-Merging	48.02	44.69	57.61	40.85	53.01	48.87
BTX	48.44	46.94	57.77	42.68	53.88	49.94
WeMOE	47.83	47.84	53.99	45.73	54.70	49.83
Mediator	50.94	48.20	57.85	45.12	54.87	51.40
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- Lora-Merging by reviewer Reviewer aCDT. Table 1 show that while LoRA merging slightly outperforms Twinmerging, both matrix decomposition approaches introduce additional approximation errors. In contrast, **our merging method achieves better performance by avoiding these decomposition errors and preserving the original parameter values more faithfully.
- AdaMerging and WeMOE by reviewer Q1B5. We also add experiments to compare with WEMoE and Adamerging. The following table shows that Mediator achieved the best performance through global task-level routing and enhanced classification precision that ensures accurate expert selection for non-OOD tasks; Similar performance gaps are also observed when comparing with AdaMerging and PCB-Merging.

Question: More insight in COT experiments (by reviewer #sV1X).

Following the suggestions of reviewer #sV1X, we redraw the Fig 3 as shown in Fig. 1 as follows.

Table 2 and Table 3 show the detailed results of our experiments on these challenging benchmarks.

Our ablation studies demonstrate the domain-specific benefits of Chain-of-Thought (CoT) prompting:

- Removing Math CoT mainly affects math tasks (GSM8K: -2.56
- Similarly, removing Code CoT primarily impacts coding tasks (HumanEval: -0.61

On the challenging benchmarks, Mediator maintains strong performance:

- For GSM-Plus-mini, Mediator (36.25
- On MBPP, Mediator achieves 34.20

These results validate our method's effectiveness on complex reasoning tasks.

Mediator routing results by reviewer Reviewer aCDT

The detailed layer-wise merging strategy is available in Table 4

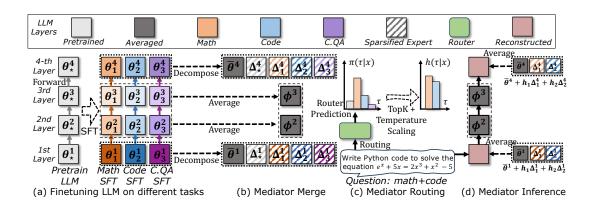


Figure 1. The framework of Mediator. For three finetuned LLMs on different tasks, Mediator decomposes layers with large conflicts into expert task arithmetics and sparsifies them. And Mediator averages layers with less conflicts. During inference, Mediator inputs the input question to the router, which output the logits of different experts. Then, top-K experts are chosen and averaged with the base model wit temperature scaling weights. Then, the input question is sent to the final merged model.

Table 2. Results on additional challenging reasoning benchmarks

Algorithm/Tasks	GSM-Plus-mini	MBPP
Base	32.83	33.20
Math Expert	36.71	32.8
Code Expert	34.12	34.2
TIES	34.12	34.00
Twin-merging	34.12	34.00
PCB-merging	34.12	34.20
BTX	35.79	34.00
Mediator	36.25	34.20

Table 3. Ablation study w/o CoT (format: w/o CoT/with CoT, ↑ indicates improvement)

Algorithm/Tasks	GSM8K	HumanEval	GSM-Plus-mini	MBPP
w/o Math CoT	48.44/51.00 (†2.56)	27.44/26.83	34.45/36.71 (†2.26)	33.20/32.8
w/o Code CoT	46.95/43.29	42.68/43.29 (†0.61)	33.29/34.12 (†0.83)	33.20/34.20 (†1.00)

Table 4. Layer-wise routing strategy for different model architectures

Models	Lower routing layers	Higher routing layers
Qwen-4B	0-4	39
Qwen-7B	0-5, 9	27
llama-3.2-3B	0,1,2,5	31
llama-3.1-8B	0-6	NA