# HTTP解析器(fasterhttp)

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### 版本修订

修订日期	修订版本	修订人	修订内容
2016-07-10	1.0.0	厉华	第一版

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## 1 简介

fasterhttp 是一个 C 语言编写的高性能、跨平台、流式 HTTP 协议解析器,实现了通讯数据层和 HTTP 协议解析层的处理,包括 HTTP 请求和响应的数据解析和数据组织。

fasterhttp 对解析的内容不做提取,仅仅指明内容的位置,所以性能非常快。 (参见性能压测章节)

fasterhttp 提供了多层次 API 供应用选择使用,可以直接使用高层函数实现单次 HTTP 交互,也可以使用低层函数组合出自定义的 HTTP 解析过程,这在多路 复用并发模型中尤其需要。

#### 特性:

支持完整 HTTP/1.x 协议标准

支持 TLS(基于 OpenSSL)

支持同步堵塞、非堵塞流式处理(可以和 select、epoll 配合使用)

可用于 HTTP 客户端/服务端

内置 gzip,deflate 压缩解压处理(基于 zlib)

不依赖其它第三方库(除 OpenSSL 和 zlib 外)

只有一对.h.c, 小巧轻量、便于修改、移植和嵌入到项目中

跨平台,支持 UNIX、Linux、WINDOWS

解析器在解析 HTTP 头部时,实现了对下列头部选项的语义检查和处理:

请求方法

HTTP 版本

返回的 HTTP 响应码

Content-Length

Transfer-Encoding: chunked 以及 TRAILER

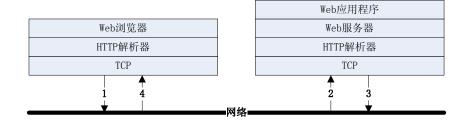
Content-Encoding: gzip,deflate 和 Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate (可选)

Connection: Keep-Alive 和 Connection: Close

解析器还指明了其它 HTTP 头选项和 HTTP 消息主体位置供直接访问。

## 2 HTTP 协议简述

HTTP 协议基于 TCP 协议之上。



客户端(Web 浏览器)创建 TCP(也支持 UDP,但很少用)、连接上服务端(Web 服务器),发送 HTTP 请求,服务端接收、解析、处理请求,组织、发送 HTTP 响应回客户端。

如果双方协调保持连接,那么在同一条 TCP 连接上可迭代多轮 HTTP 请求和响应。

### 2.1 HTTP 报文格式

### 2.1.1 HTTP 请求格式

HTTP 请求由请求首行、头选项区域、头体分割空行、体数据(可选)四部分组成。完整格式为:

请求方法 统一资源标识符 HTTP 版本号<CR><LF>

头选项名: 头选项值<CR><LF>

头选项 2 名: 头选项 2 值<CR><LF> 头选项 3 名: 头选项 3 值<CR><LF>

<CR><LF> 体数据

请求首行格式为(三段之间用空格或 TAB 分隔):

请求方法 统一资源标识符 HTTP 版本号<CR><LF>

"请求方法"常用的有"GET"(不带体数据的请求)、"POST"(带体数据的请求)等,但不绝对

"统一资源标识符" URI 即统一资源定位符 URL 去掉左边的"协议名"、"域名"或"IP"等信息后的右边虚拟根路径部分,如 HTTP 网址" http://zhidao.baidu.com/question/68016373.html " 的 URI 为 "/question/68016373.html"

"HTTP 版本号"常用的有"HTTP/1.1"和"HTTP/1.0",外还有"HTTP/0.9" 很少看到了,现在正在制订"HTTP/2.0"标准,不过改动很大了

"<CR><LF>"为换行符,由 ASCII 字符 0x0D 和 0x0A 组成。

头选项区域由 0~n 行头选项行组成,每行格式为:

#### 头选项名: 头选项值<CR><LF>

其中头选项"Content-Length"的值指明了体数据的长度。如果没有体数据,则无需设置头选项"Content-Length"或设置值为 0。

头选项区域和体数据之间用一个空行分隔

<CR><LF>

### 2.1.2 HTTP 响应格式

HTTP 响应由响应首行、头选项区域、头体分割空行、体数据(可选)四部分组成。完整格式为:

HTTP 版本号 响应状态码 状态码描述文本<CR><LF>

头选项名: 头选项值<CR><LF>

头选项 2 名: 头选项 2 值<CR><LF>

头选项 3 名: 头选项 3 值<CR><LF>

<CR><LF>

体数据

响应首行格式为(三段之间用空格或 TAB 分隔):

#### HTTP 版本号 响应状态码 状态码描述文本<CR><LF>

"响应状态码"最常用的有"200"表示请求成功、"404"表示没有找到页面/文件、"505"服务器内部错误等。

"状态码描述文本"是对"响应状态码"的英文描述,如"200"的描述文本是"OK"、"404"的描述文本是"Not Found"、"505"的描述文本是"Internal

Server Error"等。可以自定义该描述文本。

### 2.2 HTTP解析器

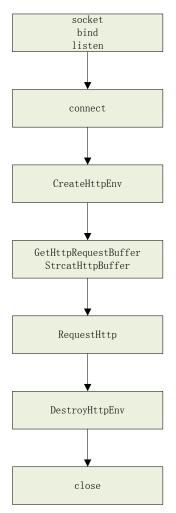
HTTP 解析器的主要功能是读取 TCP 连接上的数据,解析 HTTP 请求或响应,分解出首行、头选项和值、体数据,交由 Web 服务器使用,Web 服务器才能正确对外提供服务,HTTP 解析器的解析性能直接影响 Web 服务器对外提供服务的效率。

## 3 使用说明

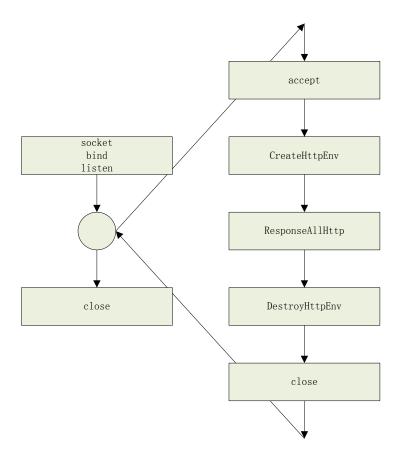
### 3.1 堵塞模型

每个 HTTP 客户端或服务端使用一个 HTTP 环境对象,调用函数 CreateHttpEnv 来构建

```
struct HttpEnv *e = NULL;
...
e = CreateHttpEnv();
...
```



客户端调用 socket 和 connect,调用函数 GetHttpRequestBuffer 和函数 StrcatHttpBuffer 组织 HTTP 请求数据(包括 HTTP 头和 HTTP 体),接着调用函数 RequestHttp 发起单次 HTTP 请求并接收解析 HTTP 响应,调用函数 GetHttpHeaderPtr 得到 HTTP 响应头选项,调用函数 GetHttpBodyPtr 和 GetHttpBodyLen访问 HTTP 响应体。



服务端调用 socket、bind、listen、accept 建立好一条 TCP 连接,调用函数 ResponseAllHttp 并指定回调函数 ProcessHttpRequest 以处理单次 HTTP 请求、生成 HTTP 响应。回调函数里可以调用函数 GetHttpHeaderPtr 得到 HTTP 请求头选项,调用函数 GetHttpBodyPtr 和 GetHttpBodyLen 访问 HTTP 请求体,调用函数 GetHttpResponseBuffer 和 StrcatHttpBuffer 组织 HTTP 响应数据。

每个 HTTP 环境对象使用完后调用函数 DestroyHttpEnv 销毁之。如需重复使用则调用函数 ResetHttpEnv 重置内部状态。

```
ResetHttpEnv( e );
...
DestroyHttpEnv( e );
```

下面是一对简单的客户端和服务端示例(为突出显示主干,删除了所有出错处理; fasterhttp API 加粗显示),客户端先(位于源代码包 test/test\_client\_block.c):

```
#include "fasterhttp.h"

static int TestParseHttpRequest( struct HttpEnv *e , char *str )
{

SOCKET connect_sock ;
```

```
struct sockaddr_in
                          connect_addr;
     struct HttpBuffer*b = NULL;
     int
                     nret = 0;
     ResetHttpEnv(e);
     connect_sock = socket( AF_INET , SOCK_STREAM , IPPROTO_TCP ) ;
     memset( & connect addr, 0x00, sizeof(struct sockaddr in));
     connect_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
     connect_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr( "127.0.0.1" );
     connect_addr.sin_port = htons( (unsigned short)9527 );
     nret = connect( connect_sock , (struct sockaddr *) & connect_addr , sizeof(struct sockaddr) ) ;
     b = GetHttpRequestBuffer(e);
     nret = StrcatHttpBuffer( b , str );
     nret = RequestHttp( connect_sock , NULL , e ) ;
     CLOSESOCKET( connect_sock );
     return 0;
int test_client_block()
     struct HttpEnv
                          *e = NULL;
     int
                     nret = 0;
     e = CreateHttpEnv();
     nret = TestParseHttpRequest( e , "GET / HTTP/1.1\r\n"
                          "Host: www.baidu.com\r\n"
                          "User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 5.1; rv:45.0) Gecko/20100101
Firefox/45.0\r\n''
                          "Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,en-US;q=0.5,en;q=0.3rn"
                          "Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br\r\n"
                          "Cookie: BAIDUID=0E27B789D33BF3C43C6022BD0182CF8D:SL=0:NR=10:FG=1;
BIDUPSID=EE65333C3C1B7FB4807F6DC5DE576979; PSTM=1462883721; BD_UPN=13314152; ispeed_lsm=2;
MCITY=-179%3A;
BDUSS=t4TW1VRFNsMm91bGtTcUFHbVFqfnhiVFVYd2ZKZFc2c0dGaG12VmhZckZJbmxYQVFBQUFBJCQAAAAAAAA
```

```
AAAAAAAAAAAAMWVUVfFIVFXSG; pgv pvi=56303616; BD HOME=1;
H_PS_PSSID=19290_1436_18240_20076_17001_15790_12201_20254; sug=3; sugstore=0; ORIGIN=2; bdime=0;
 _bsi=13900513390515515511_00_0_I_R_33_0303_C02F_N_I_I_0\r\n"
                       "Connection: keep-alive\r\n"
                       "Cache-Control: max-age=0\r\n"
                       "\r\n");
    DestroyHttpEnv(e);
    printf( "ALL test is ok!!!\n" );
    return 0;
int main()
#if (defined WIN32)
    WSADATA
                 wsaData;
#endif
    int
             nret = 0;
#if (defined WIN32)
    nret = WSAStartup( MAKEWORD( 2, 2 ), &wsaData );
    if( nret )
         printf( "WSAStartup failed[%d] , errno[%d]\n" , nret , GetLastError() );
         return 1;
    }
#endif
    nret = test_client_block();
#if ( defined _WIN32 )
    WSACleanup();
#endif
    return -nret;
```

服务端(fasterhttp API 加粗显示)(位于源代码包 test/test\_server\_block.c)

```
#include "fasterhttp.h"

funcProcessHttpRequest ProcessHttpRequest;
int ProcessHttpRequest( struct HttpEnv *e , void *p )
```

```
struct HttpBuffer*b = NULL;
     int
                      nret = 0;
     b = GetHttpResponseBuffer(e);
     nret = StrcatHttpBuffer(b, "Content-Type: text/html\r\n"
                            "Content-Length: 17\r\n"
                            "\r\n"
                            "hello fasterhttp!");
     return HTTP OK;
int test_server_block()
{
     SOCKET
                            listen sock;
     struct sockaddr_in
                            listen_addr;
     SOCKET
                            accept_sock;
     struct sockaddr_in
                            accept_addr;
     SOCKLEN_T
                            accept_addr_len;
     int
                      onoff;
     struct HttpEnv
                            *e = NULL;
     int
                      nret = 0;
     listen_sock = socket( AF_INET , SOCK_STREAM , IPPROTO_TCP ) ;
     onoff = 1;
     setsockopt(listen_sock, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR, (void *) & onoff, sizeof(onoff));
     memset( & listen_addr , 0x00 , sizeof(struct sockaddr_in) );
     listen_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
     listen_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
     listen_addr.sin_port = htons( (unsigned short)9527 );
     nret = bind( listen_sock , (struct sockaddr *) & listen_addr , sizeof(struct sockaddr) ) ;
     nret = listen( listen_sock , 1024 );
     while(1)
           accept_addr_len = sizeof(struct sockaddr);
           accept_sock = accept( listen_sock , (struct sockaddr *) & accept_addr, & accept_addr_len );
```

```
e = CreateHttpEnv();
           \textbf{EnableHttpResponseCompressing}(\ e\ ,\ 1\ );
           nret = ResponseAllHttp( accept_sock , NULL , e , & ProcessHttpRequest , (void*)(&accept_sock) );
           DestroyHttpEnv( e );
           CLOSESOCKET( accept_sock );
     }
     CLOSESOCKET( listen_sock );
     return 0;
int main()
#if ( defined _WIN32 )
     WSADATA
                   wsaData;
#endif
     int
                nret = 0;
     setbuf( stdout , NULL );
#if ( defined _WIN32 )
     nret = WSAStartup( MAKEWORD( 2, 2 ), &wsaData );
     if( nret )
           printf( "WSAStartup failed[%d] , errno[%d]\n" , nret , GetLastError() );
           return 1;
#endif
     nret = test_server_block();
#if ( defined _WIN32 )
     WSACleanup();
#endif
     return -nret;
```

### 3.2 非堵塞/多路复用模型

基本使用流程和堵塞模型差不多。

客户端的 RequestHttp 拆分成 SendHttpRequestNonblock 和ReceiveHttpResponseNonblock 非堵塞调用。

服务端的 ResponseHttp 拆分成 ReceiveHttpRequestNonblock 和SendHttpResponseNonblock 非堵塞调用。HTTP 请求处理函数 ProcessHttpRequest返回错误时,调用 FormatHttpResponseStartLine 自行组织报错响应报文。

下面是非堵塞/多路复用(基于 select)的客户端和服务端示例(为突出显示主干,删除了所有出错处理; fasterhttp API 加粗显示),客户端先(位于源代码包 test/test\_client\_nonblock.c):

```
#include "fasterhttp.h"
static int TestParseHttpRequest( struct HttpEnv *e , char *str )
     SOCKET
                            connect_sock;
     struct sockaddr in
                         connect addr;
     struct HttpBuffer *b = NULL;
     int
                      nret = 0;
     ResetHttpEnv(e);
     connect_sock = socket( AF_INET , SOCK_STREAM , IPPROTO_TCP ) ;
     memset( & connect_addr , 0x00 , sizeof(struct sockaddr_in) );
     connect_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
     connect addr.sin addr.s addr = inet addr( "127.0.0.1" );
     connect_addr.sin_port = htons( (unsigned short)9527 );
     nret = connect( connect_sock , (struct sockaddr *) & connect_addr , sizeof(struct sockaddr) ) ;
     SetHttpNonblock( connect_sock );
     b = GetHttpRequestBuffer(e);
     nret = StrcatHttpBuffer( b , str );
     while(1)
```

```
{
           nret = SendHttpRequestNonblock( connect_sock , NULL , e ) ;
           if( nret == FASTERHTTP_INFO_TCP_SEND_WOULDBLOCK )
                ;
           else if( nret )
                 printf(\ "SendHttpRequestNonblock \ failed[\%d]\ \ n"\ ,\ nret\ );
                 CLOSESOCKET( connect_sock );
                 return nret;
           }
           else
           {
                 break;
           }
     }
     while(1)
     {
           nret = ReceiveHttpResponseNonblock( connect_sock , NULL , e );
           if( nret == FASTERHTTP_INFO_NEED_MORE_HTTP_BUFFER )
           else if( nret )
                 printf(\ "ReceiveHttpResponseNonblock\ failed[\%d]\n"\ ,\ nret\ );
                 CLOSESOCKET( connect_sock );
                 return nret;
           }
           else
                 break;
           }
     }
     CLOSESOCKET( connect_sock );
     return 0;
int test_client_nonblock()
```

```
struct HttpEnv
                        *e = NULL;
    int
                   nret = 0;
    e = CreateHttpEnv();
    nret = TestParseHttpRequest( e , "GET / HTTP/1.1\r\n"
                        "Host: www.baidu.com\r\n"
                        "User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 5.1; rv:45.0) Gecko/20100101
Firefox/45.0\r\n''
                        "Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,en-US;q=0.5,en;q=0.3\r\n"
                        "Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br\r\n"
                        "Cookie: BAIDUID=0E27B789D33BF3C43C6022BD0182CF8D:SL=0:NR=10:FG=1;
BIDUPSID=EE65333C3C1B7FB4807F6DC5DE576979; PSTM=1462883721; BD_UPN=13314152; ispeed_lsm=2;
MCITY=-179%3A;
BDUSS=t4TW1VRFNsMm91bGtTcUFHbVFqfnhiVFVYd2ZKZFc2c0dGaG12VmhZckZJbmxYQVFBQUFBJCQAAAAAAAA
AAAAAAAAAAAAMWVUVfFIVFXSG; pgv pvi=56303616; BD HOME=1;
H_PS_PSSID=19290_1436_18240_20076_17001_15790_12201_20254; sug=3; sugstore=0; ORIGIN=2; bdime=0;
  bsi=13900513390515515511_00_0_I_R_33_0303_C02F_N_I_I_0\r\n"
                        "Connection: keep-alive\r\n"
                        "Cache-Control: max-age=0\r\n"
                        "\r\n");
    DestroyHttpEnv(e);
    printf( "ALL test is ok!!!\n" );
    return 0;
int main()
#if ( defined _WIN32 )
    WSADATA
                  wsaData;
#endif
              nret = 0;
    int
#if ( defined _WIN32 )
    nret = WSAStartup( MAKEWORD( 2, 2 ), &wsaData );
    if( nret )
         printf( "WSAStartup failed[%d] , errno[%d]\n" , nret , GetLastError() );
         return 1;
```

```
#endif

nret = test_client_nonblock();

#if ( defined _WIN32 )
    WSACleanup();
#endif

return -nret;
}
```

服务端 (fasterhttp API 加粗显示) (位于源代码包 test/test\_server\_nonblock.c)

```
#include "fasterhttp.h"
funcProcessHttpRequest ProcessHttpRequest;
int ProcessHttpRequest( struct HttpEnv *e , void *p )
{
     struct HttpBuffer *b = NULL;
     int
                     nret = 0;
     b = GetHttpResponseBuffer(e);
     nret = StrcatHttpBuffer(b, "Content-Type: text/html\r\n"
                           "Content-Length: 17\r"
                           "\r\n"
                           "hello fasterhttp!");
     return HTTP_OK;
int test_server_nonblock()
     SOCKET
                           listen_sock;
     struct sockaddr_in
                          listen_addr;
     SOCKET
                           accept_sock;
     struct sockaddr_in
                           accept_addr;
     SOCKLEN_T
                           accept_addr_len;
     int
                    onoff;
     struct HttpEnv
                           *e = NULL;
     int
                     nret = 0;
     listen_sock = socket( AF_INET , SOCK_STREAM , IPPROTO_TCP ) ;
```

```
onoff = 1;
setsockopt(listen sock, SOL SOCKET, SO REUSEADDR, (void *) & onoff, sizeof(onoff));
memset( & listen_addr , 0x00 , sizeof(struct sockaddr_in) );
listen_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
listen_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
listen_addr.sin_port = htons( (unsigned short)9527 );
nret = bind( listen_sock , (struct sockaddr *) & listen_addr , sizeof(struct sockaddr) ) ;
nret = listen( listen sock , 1024 );
while(1)
     accept_addr_len = sizeof(struct sockaddr);
     accept_sock = accept( listen_sock , (struct sockaddr *) & accept_addr, & accept_addr_len );
     SetHttpNonblock( accept_sock );
     e = CreateHttpEnv();
     \textbf{EnableHttpResponseCompressing}(\ e\ ,\ 1\ );
     while(1)
     {
           while(1)
           {
                 nret = ReceiveHttpRequestNonblock( accept_sock , NULL , e );
                if( nret == FASTERHTTP_INFO_NEED_MORE_HTTP_BUFFER )
                 {
                }
                 else
                 {
                      break;
                }
           }
           if( nret == FASTERHTTP_ERROR_TCP_CLOSE )
                 break;
           }
           else if( nret == FASTERHTTP_INFO_TCP_CLOSE )
```

```
break;
}
else if( nret )
{
     printf( "ReceiveHttpRequestNonblock failed[%d]\n" , nret );
     nret = FormatHttpResponseStartLine( abs(nret)/1000 , e , 1 );
     if( nret )
           break;
}
else
{
     nret = FormatHttpResponseStartLine( HTTP_OK , e , 0 ) ;
     if( nret )
           break;
     nret = ProcessHttpRequest( e , (void*)(&accept_sock) ) ;
     if( nret != HTTP_OK )
     {
           nret = FormatHttpResponseStartLine( nret , e , 1 );
           if( nret )
                 break;
     }
}
while(1)
{
     nret = SendHttpResponseNonblock( accept_sock , NULL , e );
     if( nret == FASTERHTTP_INFO_TCP_SEND_WOULDBLOCK )
     {
     }
     else
     {
           break;
     }
}
if( nret )
{
     printf(\ "SendHttpResponseNonblock\ failed[\%d]\n"\ ,\ nret\ );
     break;
}
```

```
if (\ ! \ \textbf{CheckHttpKeepAlive}(e)\ )\\
                      break;
                 ResetHttpEnv(e);
           }
           DestroyHttpEnv(e);
           CLOSESOCKET( accept_sock );
     }
     CLOSESOCKET( listen_sock );
     return 0;
int main()
#if ( defined _WIN32 )
     WSADATA
                    wsaData;
#endif
     int
              nret = 0;
#if ( defined _WIN32 )
     nret = WSAStartup( MAKEWORD( 2, 2 ), &wsaData );
     if( nret )
     {
           printf( "WSAStartup failed[%d] , errno[%d]\n" , nret , GetLastError() );
           return 1;
     }
#endif
     nret = test_server_nonblock();
#if ( defined _WIN32 )
     WSACleanup();
#endif
     return -nret;
```

### 3.3 一个基于 epoll 的小型 HTTP 服务器

下面是一个基于 epoll 多路复用的服务端示例 (源代码位于 demo/htmlserver/htmlserver.c)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/epoll.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <netinet/tcp.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include "fasterhttp.h"
#include "LOGC.h"
#define MAX_EPOLL_EVENTS
                                  1024
static int ProcessHttpRequest( struct HttpEnv *e , int sock , char *wwwroot )
                      pathfilename[ 1024 + 1];
     char
     struct stat
                      st;
                      filesize;
     struct HttpBuffer *b = NULL;
     SOCKLEN_T
                            socklen;
     struct sockaddr_in
                            client_sockaddr;
     char
                      client_ip[ 15 + 1 ];
     int
                      client_port;
     struct sockaddr_in
                            server_sockaddr;
     char
                      server_ip[ 15 + 1 ];
     int
                      server_port;
     int
                      nret = 0;
     memset( pathfilename , 0x00 , sizeof(pathfilename) );
     snprintf(\ pathfilename\ ,\ sizeof(pathfilename)-1\ ,\ ''\%s\%.*s''\ ,\ wwwroot\ ,\ GetHttpHeaderLen\_URI(e)\ ,
GetHttpHeaderPtr_URI(e,NULL) );
```

```
nret = stat( pathfilename , & st ) ;
if( nret == -1 )
     return HTTP_NOT_FOUND;
filesize = st.st_size;
b = GetHttpResponseBuffer(e);
nret = StrcatfHttpBuffer(b, "Server: htmlserver/1.0.0\r\n"
                      "Content-Type: text/html\r\n"
                      "Content-Length: %d\r\n"
                       "\r\n"
                       , filesize);
if( nret )
     return HTTP_INTERNAL_SERVER_ERROR;
nret = StrcatHttpBufferFromFile( b , pathfilename , &filesize ) ;
if( nret )
     return HTTP INTERNAL SERVER ERROR;
socklen = sizeof(struct sockaddr);
nret = getpeername( sock , (struct sockaddr *) & client_sockaddr , & socklen ) ;
if( nret )
{
     printf( "getpeername failed , errno[%d]\n" , errno );
     return HTTP_INTERNAL_SERVER_ERROR;
}
memset( client_ip , 0x00 , sizeof(client_ip) );
inet_ntop( AF_INET , &(client_sockaddr.sin_addr) , client_ip , sizeof(client_ip) );
client_port = (int)ntohs(client_sockaddr.sin_port);
socklen = sizeof(struct sockaddr);
nret = getsockname( sock , (struct sockaddr *) & server_sockaddr , & socklen ) ;
if( nret )
{
     printf( "getsockname failed , errno[%d]\n" , errno );
     return HTTP_INTERNAL_SERVER_ERROR;
}
memset( server_ip , 0x00 , sizeof(server_ip) );
inet_ntop( AF_INET , &(server_sockaddr.sin_addr) , server_ip , sizeof(server_ip) );
server_port = (int)ntohs(server_sockaddr.sin_port);
InfoLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "%s:%d -> %s:%d | %.*s %.*s %.*s 200"
     , client_ip , client_port , server_ip , server_port
     , GetHttpHeaderLen_METHOD(e) , GetHttpHeaderPtr_METHOD(e,NULL)
```

```
, GetHttpHeaderLen\_URI(e) \ , \ GetHttpHeaderPtr\_URI(e,NULL)
            , GetHttpHeaderLen_VERSION(e) , GetHttpHeaderPtr_VERSION(e,NULL)
           );
      return HTTP_OK;
static int OnAcceptingSocket( int epoll_fd , int listen_sock )
{
     SOCKET
                            accept_sock;
     struct sockaddr_in accept_addr;
     SOCKLEN_T
                             accept_addr_len;
     struct epoll_event
                             event;
      struct HttpEnv
                              *e = NULL;
      int
                       nret = 0;
      accept_addr_len = sizeof(struct sockaddr);
      accept_sock = accept( listen_sock , (struct sockaddr *) & accept_addr, & accept_addr_len );
      if( accept_sock == - 1 )
      {
           ErrorLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "accept failed , errno[%d]" , errno );
            return -1;
     }
      else
      {
           {\sf DebugLog(\,\underline{\quad}FILE\_\,\,,\,\underline{\quad}LINE\_\,\,,\,"accept\,ok"\,);}
      }
     SetHttpNonblock( accept_sock );
      e = CreateHttpEnv();
      if( e == NULL)
            {\sf ErrorLog(\_FILE\_\_,\_LINE\_\_,"CreateHttpEnv}\ failed\ , errno[\%d]"\ , errno\ );
            return -1;
      }
      SetHttpTimeout( e , 120 );
      EnableHttpResponseCompressing( e , 1 );
      memset( & event , 0x00 , sizeof(struct epoll_event) );
```

```
event.events = EPOLLIN | EPOLLERR;
      event.data.ptr = e;
      SetParserCustomIntData( e , accept_sock );
      nret = epoll_ctl( epoll_fd , EPOLL_CTL_ADD , accept_sock , & event ) ;
      if( nret == -1 )
           {\sf ErrorLog(\_FILE\_\_,\_LINE\_\_,"epoll\_ctl~failed~, errno[\%d]"~, errno~);}
           return -1;
     }
      return 0;
static int OnReceivingSocket( int epoll_fd , int accept_sock , struct HttpEnv *e , char *wwwroot )
{
     struct epoll event
                             event;
      int
                       nret = 0;
      nret = ReceiveHttpRequestNonblock( accept_sock , NULL , e );
      if( nret == FASTERHTTP_INFO_NEED_MORE_HTTP_BUFFER )
      {
      }
      else if( nret )
      {
           if( nret == FASTERHTTP_ERROR_TCP_CLOSE )
           {
                 ErrorLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "accepted socket closed detected" );
                  return -1;
           }
           else if( nret == FASTERHTTP_INFO_TCP_CLOSE )
                 InfoLog(\ \_FILE \_\ ,\ \_LINE \_\ ,\ "accepted socket closed detected"\ );
                 return -1;
           }
           else
           {
                  {\sf ErrorLog(\_FILE\_\_,\_LINE\_\_,"ReceiveHttpRequestNonblock\,failed[\%d]\,,\,errno[\%d]"\,,\,nret\,,}
errno);
                 nret = FormatHttpResponseStartLine( abs(nret)/1000 , e , 1 );
                 if( nret )
```

```
{\sf ErrorLog(\_FILE\_\_,\_LINE\_\_,"FormatHttpResponseStartLine\ failed[\%d]",}
nret, errno);
                       return -2;
                 }
                 return 0;
           }
     }
     else
      {
           nret = FormatHttpResponseStartLine( HTTP OK, e, 0);
           if( nret )
                 ErrorLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "FormatHttpResponseStartLine failed[%d] , errno[%d]" , nret ,
errno);
                 return -2;
           }
           nret = ProcessHttpRequest( e , GetParserCustomIntData(e) , wwwroot ) ;
           if( nret != HTTP_OK )
           {
                 nret = FormatHttpResponseStartLine( nret , e , 1 );
                 if( nret )
                 {
                       {\sf ErrorLog(\_FILE\_\_,\_LINE\_\_,"FormatHttpResponseStartLine\ failed[\%d]\ ,\ errno[\%d]"\ ,}
nret, errno);
                       return -2;
                 }
           }
           memset( & event , 0x00 , sizeof(struct epoll_event) );
           event.events = EPOLLOUT | EPOLLERR;
           event.data.ptr = e;
           nret = epoll_ctl( epoll_fd , EPOLL_CTL_MOD , accept_sock , & event ) ;
           if( nret == -1 )
                 ErrorLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "epoll_ctl failed , errno[%d]" , errno );
                 return -2;
           }
     }
      return 0;
```

```
static int OnSendingSocket( int epoll_fd , int accept_sock , struct HttpEnv *e )
{
      struct epoll_event
                             event;
      int
                       nret = 0;
      nret = SendHttpResponseNonblock( accept_sock , NULL , e ) ;
      if( nret == FASTERHTTP_INFO_TCP_SEND_WOULDBLOCK )
      {
      }
      else if( nret )
      {
           ErrorLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "SendHttpResponseNonblock failed[%d] , errno[%d]" , nret , errno );
           return -1;
      }
      else
      {
           if( CheckHttpKeepAlive(e) )
           {
                 ResetHttpEnv(e);
                 memset( & event , 0x00 , sizeof(struct epoll event) );
                 event.events = EPOLLIN | EPOLLERR;
                 event.data.ptr = e;
                 nret = epoll_ctl( epoll_fd , EPOLL_CTL_MOD , accept_sock , & event ) ;
                 if( nret == -1 )
                 {
                       {\sf ErrorLog(\_FILE\_\_,\_LINE\_\_,"epoll\_ctl~failed\,,\,errno[\%d]"\,,\,errno~);}
                       return -2;
                 }
           }
           else
           {
                 DebugLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "close client socket" );
                 return -1;
           }
      }
      return 0;
static int htmlserver( int port , char *wwwroot )
```

```
int
                   epoll_fd;
struct epoll_event
                          event , *p_event = NULL;
struct epoll_event
                          events[ MAX_EPOLL_EVENTS ];
int
                   nfds,i;
struct HttpEnv
                          *e = NULL;
SOCKET
                          listen_sock;
struct sockaddr_in
                          listen_addr;
int
                   onoff;
int
                    nret = 0;
epoll_fd = epoll_create( 1024 );
if( epoll_fd == -1 )
      ErrorLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "epoll_create failed , errno[%d]" , errno );
      return -1;
}
else
{
      InfoLog(\,\,\underline{\hspace{1.5cm}} \mathsf{FILE}\underline{\hspace{1.5cm}} \,,\,\,\underline{\hspace{1.5cm}} \mathsf{LINE}\underline{\hspace{1.5cm}} \,,\,\,"\mathsf{epoll\_create}\;\mathsf{ok"}\;);
}
listen_sock = socket( AF_INET , SOCK_STREAM , IPPROTO_TCP ) ;
if( listen_sock == -1 )
{
      ErrorLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "socket failed , errno[%d]" , errno );
      CLOSESOCKET( epoll_fd );
      return -1;
}
else
{
      InfoLog( \__FILE\_ , \__LINE\_ , "socket ok" );
}
onoff = 1;
setsockopt( listen_sock , SOL_SOCKET , SO_REUSEADDR , (void *) & onoff , sizeof(onoff) );
memset( & listen_addr , 0x00 , sizeof(struct sockaddr_in) ) ;
listen_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
listen_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
listen_addr.sin_port = htons( (unsigned short)port );
```

```
nret = bind( listen_sock , (struct sockaddr *) & listen_addr , sizeof(struct sockaddr) ) ;
if( nret == -1 )
{
      ErrorLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "bind failed , errno[%d]" , errno );
      CLOSESOCKET( listen_sock );
      CLOSESOCKET( epoll_fd );
      return -1;
}
else
{
      InfoLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "bind ok" );
}
nret = listen( listen_sock , 1024 );
if( nret == -1 )
      ErrorLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "listen failed , errno[%d]" , errno );
      CLOSESOCKET( listen sock );
      CLOSESOCKET( epoll_fd );
      return -1;
}
else
{
      InfoLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "listen ok" );
}
memset( & event , 0x00 , sizeof(struct epoll_event) );
event.events = EPOLLIN | EPOLLERR;
event.data.ptr = NULL;
nret = epoll_ctl( epoll_fd , EPOLL_CTL_ADD , listen_sock , & event );
if( nret == -1 )
{
      ErrorLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "epoll_ctl failed , errno[%d]" , errno );
      CLOSESOCKET( listen_sock );
      CLOSESOCKET( epoll_fd );
      return -1;
}
else
{
      InfoLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "epoll_ctl ok" );
}
while(1)
```

```
memset( events , 0x00 , sizeof(events) );
            nfds = epoll wait( epoll fd , events , MAX EPOLL EVENTS , -1 );
            if( nfds == -1 )
            {
                  ErrorLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "epoll_wait failed , errno[%d]" , errno );
                  CLOSESOCKET( listen_sock );
                  CLOSESOCKET( epoll_fd );
                  return -1;
            }
            for(i = 0, p event = events; i < nfds; i++, p event++)
                  if( p_event->data.ptr == NULL )
                        if( p_event->events & EPOLLIN )
                        {
                              nret = OnAcceptingSocket( epoll_fd , listen_sock ) ;
                              if( nret == -1 )
                              {
                                    ErrorLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "OnAcceptingSocket failed , errno[%d]" ,
errno);
                                    CLOSESOCKET( listen_sock );
                                    CLOSESOCKET( epoll_fd );
                                    return nret;
                              }
                        }
                        else if( p_event->events & EPOLLERR )
                        {
                              ErrorLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "listen_sock epoll EPOLLERR" );
                              CLOSESOCKET( listen_sock );
                              CLOSESOCKET( epoll_fd );
                              return -1;
                        }
                        else
                        {
                              {\sf ErrorLog}(\ \_\_{\sf FILE}\_\_\ ,\ \_\_{\sf LINE}\_\_\ ,\ "listen\_{\sf sock}\ epoll\ event\ invalid[\%d]"\ ,
p_event->events );
                              CLOSESOCKET( listen_sock );
                              CLOSESOCKET( epoll_fd );
                              return -1;
                       }
                  }
                  else
```

```
accept_sock;
int
e = p_event->data.ptr ;
accept_sock = GetParserCustomIntData(e);
if( p_event->events & EPOLLIN )
     nret = OnReceivingSocket( epoll_fd , accept_sock , e , wwwroot ) ;
     if( nret == -1 )
     {
           DestroyHttpEnv(e);
           epoll_ctl( epoll_fd , EPOLL_CTL_DEL , accept_sock , NULL );
           CLOSESOCKET( accept_sock );
     }
     else if( nret == -2 )
           DestroyHttpEnv(e);
           epoll_ctl( epoll_fd , EPOLL_CTL_DEL , accept_sock , NULL );
           CLOSESOCKET( accept_sock );
           CLOSESOCKET( listen_sock );
           CLOSESOCKET( epoll_fd );
           return nret;
     }
}
else if( p_event->events & EPOLLOUT )
     nret = OnSendingSocket( epoll_fd , accept_sock , e );
     if( nret == -1 )
     {
           DestroyHttpEnv(e);
           epoll_ctl( epoll_fd , EPOLL_CTL_DEL , accept_sock , NULL );
           CLOSESOCKET( accept_sock );
     }
     else if( nret == -2)
           DestroyHttpEnv(e);
           epoll_ctl( epoll_fd , EPOLL_CTL_DEL , accept_sock , NULL );
           CLOSESOCKET( accept_sock );
           CLOSESOCKET( listen_sock );
           CLOSESOCKET( epoll_fd );
           return nret;
     }
else if( p_event->events & EPOLLERR )
```

```
{
                             ErrorLog( __FILE__ , __LINE__ , "accept_sock epoll EPOLLERR" );
                             epoll_ctl( epoll_fd , EPOLL_CTL_DEL , accept_sock , NULL );
                             CLOSESOCKET( accept_sock );
                      }
                       else
                       {
                             {\sf ErrorLog(\_FILE\_\_\,,\_LINE\_\_\,,"accept\_sock\,epoll\,event\,invalid[\%d]"\,,}
p_event->events );
                             epoll_ctl( epoll_fd , EPOLL_CTL_DEL , accept_sock , NULL );
                             CLOSESOCKET( accept_sock );
                      }
                 }
           }
     }
     CLOSESOCKET( listen_sock );
     CLOSESOCKET( epoll_fd );
     return 0;
static void usage()
     printf( "USAGE : htmlserver port\n" );
     return;
int main( int argc , char *argv[] )
     SetLogFile( "%s/log/htmlserver.log" , getenv("HOME") );
     SetLogLevel( LOGLEVEL_INFO );
     ResetAllHttpStatus();
     SetHttpStatus( HTTP_NOT_FOUND , HTTP_NOT_FOUND_S , "Custem Not Found Text" );
     if( argc == 1 + 2)
     {
           return -htmlserver( atoi(argv[1]) , argv[2] );
     }
     else
           usage();
           exit(9);
```

## 4 性能压测

### 4.1 压测方案

#### 压测环境

CPU: Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2630 0 @ 2.30GHz

内存:1GB

硬盘: (足够)

带宽:1MB

操作系统: CentOS release 6.5 (Final) 64bits

同类软件

http-parser-2.7.0 使用最广泛的 HTTP 解析器

fasterhttp-1.0.0 本文的主角

picohttpparser(2014) 声称性能最快的 HTTP 解析器

压测过程

压测比较三个 HTTP 解析库

只压测 HTTP 请求数据的解析,使用各自自带的压测程序,HTTP 请求数据修 改成一样

三个 HTTP 解析库交叉运行 11 轮,每轮解析 1000 万次 HTTP 请求,取 Linux 的 time 数据为准

### 4.2 压测结果

http-parser 压测结果如下:

[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/http-parser] time ./bench2 10000000

Benchmark result:

Took 18.753361 seconds to run

```
533237.750000 req/sec
        0m18.755s
real
user
        0m18.700s
        0m0.037s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z\ /home/calvin/expack/http-parser]\ time\ ./bench2\ 10000000
Benchmark result:
Took 18.832979 seconds to run
530983.437500 req/sec
real
        0m18.834s
user
        0m18.786s
sys
        0m0.030s
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/http-parser] time ./bench2 10000000
Benchmark result:
Took 18.816858 seconds to run
531438.312500 req/sec
        0m18.818s
real
user
        0m18.748s
        0m0.045s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z\ /home/calvin/expack/http-parser]\ time\ ./bench2\ 10000000
Benchmark result:
Took 18.853455 seconds to run
530406.750000 req/sec
real
        0m18.855s
user
        0m18.787s
        0m0.050s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/http-parser] time ./bench2 10000000
Benchmark result:
Took 18.871876 seconds to run
529889.062500 req/sec
real
        0m18.873s
user
        0m18.812s
        0m0.035s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/http-parser] time ./bench2 10000000
Benchmark result:
Took 18.853525 seconds to run
530404.812500 req/sec
real
        0m18.855s
user
        0m18.777s
```

```
0m0.060s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/http-parser] time ./bench2 10000000
Benchmark result:
Took 18.877413 seconds to run
529733.625000 req/sec
real
        0m18.879s
user
        0m18.816s
sys
        0m0.044s
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/http-parser] time ./bench2 10000000
Benchmark result:
Took 18.975199 seconds to run
527003.687500 req/sec
real
        0m18.976s
        0m18.915s
user
sys
        0m0.044s
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/http-parser] time ./bench2 10000000
Benchmark result:
Took 18.987669 seconds to run
526657.562500 req/sec
real
        0m18.989s
user
        0m18.918s
sys
        0m0.044s
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/http-parser] time ./bench2 10000000
Benchmark result:
Took 18.821001 seconds to run
531321.375000 req/sec
real
        0m18.822s
        0m18.753s
user
        0m0.051s
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/http-parser] time ./bench2 10000000
Benchmark result:
Took 18.804218 seconds to run
531795.562500 req/sec
        0m18.805s
real
        0m18.751s
user
```

0m0.037s

sys

```
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/exsrc/fasterhttp/test] time ./press 10000000
        0m11.041s
real
        0m11.005s
user
        0m0.026s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z\ /home/calvin/exsrc/fasterhttp/test]\ time\ ./press\ 10000000
        0m11.009s
real
user
        0m10.962s
        0m0.029s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/exsrc/fasterhttp/test] time ./press 10000000
real
        0m11.037s
user
        0m11.000s
        0m0.026s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/exsrc/fasterhttp/test] time ./press 10000000
real
        0m11.140s
        0m11.101s
user
        0m0.028s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/exsrc/fasterhttp/test] time ./press 10000000
real
        0m11.041s
user
        0m11.005s
sys
        0m0.025s
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/exsrc/fasterhttp/test] time ./press 10000000
real
        0m11.779s
user
        0m11.741s
        0m0.028s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/exsrc/fasterhttp/test] time ./press 10000000
real
        0m11.027s
user
        0m10.989s
sys
        0m0.026s
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/exsrc/fasterhttp/test] time ./press 10000000
        0m11.203s
real
user
        0m11.158s
        0m0.033s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/exsrc/fasterhttp/test] time ./press 10000000
real
        0m11.043s
        0m10.999s
user
```

```
0m0.033s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/exsrc/fasterhttp/test] time ./press 10000000
        0m11.054s
real
        0m11.013s
user
        0m0.030s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/exsrc/fasterhttp/test] time ./press 10000000
real
        0m11.035s
user
        0m10.992s
sys
        0m0.033s
```

#### picohttpparser 压测结果如下:

```
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/picohttpparser] time ./bench
        0m8.001s
real
user
        0m7.970s
        0m0.016s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z\ /home/calvin/expack/picohttpparser]\ time\ ./bench
real
        0m7.918s
user
        0m7.880s
        0m0.024s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/picohttpparser] time ./bench
real
        0m7.918s
user
        0m7.898s
        0m0.013s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/picohttpparser] time ./bench
real
        0m7.964s
        0m7.941s
user
sys
        0m0.015s
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z\ /home/calvin/expack/picohttpparser]\ time\ ./bench
        0m8.035s
real
        0m8.012s
user
        0m0.017s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z\ /home/calvin/expack/picohttpparser]\ time\ ./bench
        0m7.972s
real
user
        0m7.947s
        0m0.017s
sys
```

```
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/picohttpparser] time ./bench
        0m7.980s
real
user
        0m7.956s
        0m0.017s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/picohttpparser] time ./bench
        0m7.980s
real
user
        0m7.959s
        0m0.014s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/picohttpparser] time ./bench
real
        0m7.991s
        0m7.963s
user
        0m0.021s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/picohttpparser] time ./bench
        0m7.960s
real
        0m7.934s
user
        0m0.020s
sys
[calvin@iZ23k0yd363Z /home/calvin/expack/picohttpparser] time ./bench
real
        0m7.975s
        0m7.933s
user
        0m0.027s
sys
```

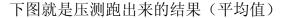
#### 4.3 压测评价

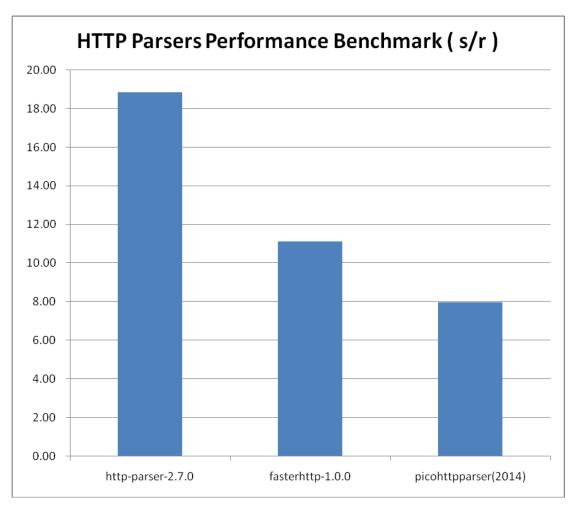
原来不想把 picohttpparser 纳入同类比较,因为 picohttpparser 存在设计缺陷,原因如下:

- 1.单纯的只进行断句,不判断 HTTP 请求是否完整,不识别任何 HTTP 头选项,不对 HTTP 头选项进行合法性检查和语义处理,甚至包括 Content-Length,使用者会问:"难道要我自己解析 Content-Length 以便知道 HTTP 请求是否完整了?那可是一个 HTTP 解析器的核心功能啊,我自己都解析了还要 HTTP 解析器干什么?",没错,picohttpparser 就是这样设计的,这就形成了一个悖论,谁使用谁倒霉。
  - 2.不支持非堵塞流式解析,当网络质量不好时,就得一遍又一遍的重复解析

增量后的全量数据,性能反而很差。

但我最后还是把它放进来是为了看看 fasterhttp 离它的性能差距到底有多大。





可以看出,功能性差不多的 fasterhttp 在性能上比 http-parser 快了近一倍,逼近功能不完整的 picohttpparser 的性能了(做的事少当然速度就快了,呵呵)。 恩,总体满意,以后有想法再继续优化吧。

#### 1.1 压测代码

http-parser 自带的 bench.c 修改统一了 HTTP 请求报文

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k

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```
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 */
#include "http parser.h"
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
static const char data[] =
    "GET /wp-content/uploads/2010/03/hello-kitty-darth-vader-pink.jpg HTTP/1.1\r\n"
    "Host: www.kittyhell.com\r\n"
    "User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; U; Intel Mac OS X 10.6; ja-JP-mac; rv:1.9.2.3) Gecko/20100401
Firefox/3.6.3 "
    "Pathtraq/0.9\r\n"
    "Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8r\n"
    "Accept-Language: ja,en-us;q=0.7,en;q=0.3\r\n"
    "Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate\r\n"
    "Accept-Charset: Shift_JIS,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7\r\n"
    "Keep-Alive: 115\r\n"
    "Connection: keep-alive\r\n"
```

```
\
               "Cookie: wp_ozh_wsa_visits=2; wp_ozh_wsa_visit_lasttime=xxxxxxxxxxx;"
               "\_utmz = xxxxxxxxxx.xxxxxxxxx.x.utmccn = (referral) | utmcsr = reader. | livedoor.com | utmcct = /reader / | utmcmd = referral) | utmcsr = reader. | utmcct = /reader / | utmcmd = referral) | utmcsr = reader. | utmcct = /reader / | utmcct = /reader / | utmcsr = reader. | utmcct = /reader / | utmcct = /reader / | utmcct = /reader / | utmcsr = reader. | utmcct = /reader / | utmcct = /reader / | utmcsr = /r
erral\r\n"
                                                                               \
               "\r\n";
static const size_t data_len = sizeof(data) - 1;
static int on_info(http_parser* p) {
        return 0;
static int on_data(http_parser* p, const char *at, size_t length) {
        return 0;
static http_parser_settings settings = {
       .on_message_begin = on_info,
       .on_headers_complete = on_info,
       .on_message_complete = on_info,
        .on_header_field = on_data,
        .on_header_value = on_data,
       .on_url = on_data,
        .on_status = on_data,
        .on_body = on_data
};
int bench(int iter_count, int silent) {
       struct http_parser parser;
        int i;
        int err;
       struct timeval start;
        struct timeval end;
        float rps;
       if (!silent) {
               err = gettimeofday(&start, NULL);
               assert(err == 0);
       }
```

```
for (i = 0; i < iter_count; i++) {
     size_t parsed;
     http_parser_init(&parser, HTTP_REQUEST);
     parsed = http_parser_execute(&parser, &settings, data, data_len);
     assert(parsed == data_len);
  }
  if (!silent) {
     err = gettimeofday(&end, NULL);
     assert(err == 0);
     fprintf(stdout, "Benchmark result:\n");
     rps = (float) (end.tv_sec - start.tv_sec) +
             (end.tv_usec - start.tv_usec) * 1e-6f;
     fprintf(stdout, "Took %f seconds to run\n", rps);
     rps = (float) iter_count / rps;
     fprintf(stdout, "%f req/sec\n", rps);
     fflush(stdout);
  }
  return 0;
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  if (argc == 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "infinite") == 0) {
     for (;;)
       bench(5000000, 1);
     return 0;
  } else {
     return bench(atoi(argv[1]), 0);
  }
```

#### fasterhttp 自带的压测代码,位于 test/press.c

```
#include "fasterhttp.h"

#define REQ

\

"GET /wp-content/uploads/2010/03/hello-kitty-darth-vader-pink.jpg HTTP/1.1\r\n"

\
```

```
"Host: www.kittyhell.com\r\n"
               "User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; U; Intel Mac OS X 10.6; ja-JP-mac; rv:1.9.2.3) Gecko/20100401
Firefox/3.6.3 "
               "Pathtraq/0.9\r\n"
               "Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8\r\n"
               "Accept-Language: ja,en-us;q=0.7,en;q=0.3\r\n"
               "Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate\r\n"
               "Accept-Charset: Shift_JIS,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7\r\n"
               "Keep-Alive: 115\r\n"
               "Connection: keep-alive\r\"
               "Cookie: wp_ozh_wsa_visits=2; wp_ozh_wsa_visit_lasttime=xxxxxxxxxxx;"
               "\_utmz = xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx.x.utmccn = (referral) | utmcsr = reader. | livedoor.com | utmcct = /reader / | utmcmd = referral | utmcsr = reader. | utmcct = /reader / | utmcmd = referral | utmcsr = reader. | utmcct = /reader / | utmcsr = reader. | utmcsr = reader. | utmcct = /reader / | utmcsr = reader. | u
erral\r\n"
               "\r\n"
static int press( int count )
                 struct HttpEnv
                                                                                      *e = NULL;
                                                                 i;
                 struct HttpBuffer *b = NULL;
                 int
                                                                   nret = 0;
                 e = CreateHttpEnv();
                 if( e == NULL)
                                  printf( "CreateHttpEnv failed\n" );
                                  return -1;
                 }
                 for( i = 0; i < count; i++)
                                  ResetHttpEnv(e);
```

```
b = GetHttpRequestBuffer( e );
            SetHttpBufferPtr( b , REQ , sizeof(REQ) );
            nret = ParseHttpRequest( e );
            if( UNLIKELY(nret) )
                  printf( "ParseHttpRequest failed[%d]\n" , nret );
                  DestroyHttpEnv( e );
                  return -1;
           }
      }
      DestroyHttpEnv(e);
      return 0;
int main( int argc , char *argv[] )
      if( argc == 1 + 1)
      {
            return -press( atoi(argv[1]) );
      }
      else
      {
            printf( "USAGE : press count\n" );
            exit(9);
      }
```

#### picohttpparser 自带的压测代码 bench.c

```
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* Shigeo Mitsunari

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 * IN THE SOFTWARE.
 */
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "picohttpparser.h"
#define REQ
    "GET /wp-content/uploads/2010/03/hello-kitty-darth-vader-pink.jpg HTTP/1.1\r\n"
    "Host: www.kittyhell.com\r\n"
    "User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; U; Intel Mac OS X 10.6; ja-JP-mac; rv:1.9.2.3) Gecko/20100401
Firefox/3.6.3 "
    "Pathtraq/0.9\r\n"
    "Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8\r\n"
    "Accept-Language: ja,en-us;q=0.7,en;q=0.3\r\n"
    "Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate\r\n"
    "Accept-Charset: Shift_JIS,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7\r\n"
    "Keep-Alive: 115\r\n"
    "Connection: keep-alive\r\n"
    "Cookie: wp_ozh_wsa_visits=2; wp_ozh_wsa_visit_lasttime=xxxxxxxxxxx;"
```

```
"__utmz=xxxxxxxxx.xxxxxxxxxxx.x.utmccn=(referral)|utmcsr=reader.livedoor.com|utmcct=/reader/|utmcmd=ref
erral\r\n"
    "\r\n"
int main(void)
{
    const char *method;
    size t method len;
    const char *path;
    size_t path_len;
    int minor_version;
    struct phr_header headers[32];
    size_t num_headers;
    int i, ret;
    for (i = 0; i < 10000000; i++) {
        num_headers = sizeof(headers) / sizeof(headers[0]);
        ret = phr_parse_request(REQ, sizeof(REQ) - 1, &method, &method_len, &path, &path_len,
&minor_version, headers, &num_headers,
        assert(ret == sizeof(REQ) - 1);
    }
    return 0;
```

# 5 开发参考

#### 5.1 HTTP 环境

#### 5.1.1 环境

#### Create Http Env

说明:	创建 HTTP 环境
参数:	(无)
返回值:	HTTP 环境结构

## ResetHttpEnv

原型:	void ResetHttpEnv( struct HttpEnv *e );
说明:	销毁 HTTP 环境重置 HTTP 环境
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	(无)

## DestroyHttpEnv

原型:	void DestroyHttpEnv( struct HttpEnv *e );
说明:	销毁 HTTP 环境
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	(无)

# 5.1.2 环境属性

## SetHttpTimeout

原型:	void SetHttpTimeou	t( struct HttpEnv *e , long timeout );
说明:	设置 HTTP 通讯接收	收超时时间。一个 HTTP 环境中只需设置一次,重
	置环境时同时重置	为首次超时时间
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e	HTTP 环境结构
	long timeout	通讯接收超时时间,单位:秒

## ${\bf Enable Http Response Compressing}$

原型:	void EnableHttpResponseCompressing( struct HttpEnv *e , int
	enable_response_compressing );
说明:	激活 HTTP 自动压缩解压。目前只对客户端接收 HTTP 响应,服务端
	接收 HTTP 请求和发送 HTTP 响应时起作用
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
	int enable_response_compressing 0:禁用 1:启用
返回值:	(无)

#### **SetParserCustomIntData**

原型:	void SetParserCusto	mIntData( struct HttpEnv *e , int i );
说明:	保存自定义数据到	HTTP 环境中
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e	HTTP 环境结构
	int i	整型数据
返回值:	(无)	

#### ${\bf GetParserCustomIntData}$

原型:	int GetParserCustomIntData( struct HttpEnv *e );
说明:	从 HTTP 环境中取出自定义数据
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	整型数据

#### Set Parser Custom Ptr Data

原型:	void SetParserCusto	omPtrData( struct HttpEnv *e , void *ptr );
说明:	保存自定义数据到	HTTP 环境中
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e	HTTP 环境结构
	char *ptr	指针型数据
返回值:	(无)	

#### **GetParserCustomPtrData**

原型:	void *GetParserCustomPtrData( struct HttpEnv *e );
说明:	从 HTTP 环境中取出自定义数据
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	指针型数据

## 5.1.3 全局参数

#### ResetAllHttpStatus

原型:	void ResetAllHttpStatus();
说明:	重置所有 HTTP 响应状态码及描述文本
参数:	(无)
返回值:	(无)

#### SetHttpStatus

原型: void SetHttpStatus( int status_code , char *status_code_s , char
--

	*status_text );	
说明:	设置 HTTP 响应状态码及描述文本。用于自定义 HTTP 状态码及描述	
	文本	
参数:	int status_code HTTP 状态码,如:404	
	char *status_code_s 字符串型 HTTP 状态码,如:"404"	
	char *status_text   描述文本,如:"Not Found"	
返回值:	(无)	

## SetHttpStatus

原型:	void SetHttpStatus( int status_code , char *status_code_s , char
	*status_text );
说明:	设置 HTTP 响应状态码及描述文本。用于自定义 HTTP 状态码及描述
	文本
参数:	int status_code HTTP 状态码,如:404
	char *status_code_s 字符串型 HTTP 状态码,如:"404"
	char *status_text   描述文本,如:"Not Found"
返回值:	(无)

## 5.2 HTTP 通讯与解析

## 5.2.1 HTTP 客户端高层 API

#### RequestHttp

原型:	int RequestHttp( SOCKET sock , SSL *ssl , struct HttpEnv *e );	
说明:	发送 HTTP 请求,以及接收、解析 HTTP 响应。请求前必须在请求缓	
	冲区内组织好 HTTP 请求数据	

参数:	SOCKET sock	socket 描述字,HTTP 协议用
	SSL *ssl	ssl 结构指针,HTTPS 协议用
	struct HttpEnv *e	HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	0:成功	
	非 0:失败	

# 5.2.2 HTTP 客户端低层 API

## SendHttpRequest

原型:	int SendHttpRequest( SOCKET sock , SSL *ssl , struct HttpEnv *e );	
说明:	发送 HTTP 请求。请求前必须在请求缓冲区内组织好 HTTP 请求数据	
参数:	SOCKET sock	socket 描述字,HTTP 协议用
	SSL *ssl	ssl 结构指针,HTTPS 协议用
	struct HttpEnv *e	HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	0:成功	
	非 0:失败	

## Receive HttpResponse

原型:	int ReceiveHttpResponse( SOCKET sock , SSL *ssl , struct HttpEnv *e );	
说明:	接收、解析 HTTP 响应	
参数:	SOCKET sock socket 描述字,HTTP 协议用	
	SSL *ssl	ssl 结构指针,HTTPS 协议用
	struct HttpEnv *e	HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	0:成功	
	非 0:失败	

# 5.2.3 HTTP 客户端低层 API(非堵塞版本)

## Send Http Request Nonblock

原型:	int SendHttpRequestNonblock ( SOCKET sock , SSL *ssl , struct HttpEnv	
	*e );	
说明:	SendHttpRequest 的非堵塞版本	
参数:	SOCKET sock	socket 描述字,HTTP 协议用
	SSL *ssl	ssl 结构指针,HTTPS 协议用
	struct HttpEnv *e	HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	0:成功	
	FASTERHTTP_INFO_	TCP_SEND_WOULDBLOCK:缓冲区内还有数据等待
	发送	
	非 0:失败	

#### Receive HttpResponse Nonblock

原型:	int ReceiveHttpResponseNonblock ( SOCKET sock , SSL *ssl , struct	
	HttpEnv *e );	
说明:	ReceiveHttpResponse 的非堵塞版本	
参数:	SOCKET sock	socket 描述字,HTTP 协议用
	SSL *ssl	ssl 结构指针,HTTPS 协议用
	struct HttpEnv *e	HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	0:成功	
	FASTERHTTP_INFO_	NEED_MORE_HTTP_BUFFER:缓冲区内数据不完整
	非 0:失败	

## 5.2.4 HTTP 服务端高层 API

## ResponseAllHttp

原型:	int ResponseAllHttp( SOCKET sock , SSL *ssl , struct HttpEnv *e ,			
	funcProcessHttpReq	funcProcessHttpRequest *pfuncProcessHttpRequest , void *p );		
说明:	接收、解析 HTTP 请求,调用回调函数处理之,然后发送 HTTP 响应,			
	如果客户端要求连	接保持(Connection: Keep-Alive),则迭代之。		
	回调函数原型: typ	edef int funcProcessHttpRequest( struct HttpEnv *e ,		
	void *p );			
参数:	SOCKET sock	socket 描述字,HTTP 协议用		
	SSL *ssl	ssl 结构指针,HTTPS 协议用		
	struct HttpEnv *e	HTTP 环境结构		
	funcProcessHttpReq	uest *pfuncProcessHttpRequest   回调函数指针		
	void *p	自定义数据,直接传递入回调函数		
返回值:	0:成功			
	非 0:失败			

## 5.2.5 HTTP 服务端低层 API

## ReceiveHttpRequest

原型:	int ReceiveHttpRequest( SOCKET sock , SSL *ssl , struct HttpEnv *e );	
说明:	接收、解析 HTTP 请求	
参数:	SOCKET sock socket 描述字,HTTP 协议用	
	SSL *ssl	ssl 结构指针,HTTPS 协议用
	struct HttpEnv *e	HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	0:成功	
	FASTERHTTP_INFO_TCP_CLOSE:安全断开连接	

非 0:失败

## Format Http Response Start Line

原型:	int FormatHttpResponseStartLine( int status_code , struct HttpEnv *e ,	
	int fill_body_with_status_flag );	
说明:	在 HTTP 响应缓冲区中组织首行数据	
参数:	int status_code HTTP 响应状态码	
	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构	
	int fill_body_with_status_flag   1:同时组织 HTTP 体,当错误时使用	
	0:不组织 HTTP 体,默认	
返回值:	0:成功	
	非 0:失败	

## SendHttpRequest

原型:	int SendHttpRequest( SOCKET sock , SSL *ssl , struct HttpEnv *e );	
说明:	发送 HTTP 响应	
参数:	SOCKET sock	socket 描述字,HTTP 协议用
	SSL *ssl	ssl 结构指针,HTTPS 协议用
	struct HttpEnv *e	HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	0:成功	
	非 0:失败	

## CheckHttpKeepAlive

原型:	int CheckHttpKeepAlive( struct HttpEnv *e );
-----	--

说明:	检查本次请求是否需要保持连接	
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构	
返回值:	0:不保持连接	
	1:需要保持连接	

# 5.2.6 HTTP 服务端低层 API(非堵塞版本)

#### Receive Http Request Nonblock

原型:	int ReceiveHttpRequestNonblock ( SOCKET sock , SSL *ssl , struct	
	HttpEnv *e );	
说明:	ReceiveHttpRequest 的非堵塞版本	
参数:	SOCKET sock socket 描述字,HTTP 协议用	
	SSL *ssl ssl 结构指针,HTTPS 协议用	
	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构	
返回值:	0:成功	
	FASTERHTTP_INFO_TCP_CLOSE:安全断开连接	
	FASTERHTTP_INFO_NEED_MORE_HTTP_BUFFER:缓冲区内数据不完整	
	非 0:失败	

#### SendHttpRequestNonblock

原型:	int SendHttpRequestNonblock ( SOCKET sock , SSL *ssl , struct HttpEnv	
	*e );	
说明:	SendHttpRequest 🕆	り非堵塞版本
参数:	SOCKET sock	socket 描述字,HTTP 协议用
	SSL *ssl	ssl 结构指针,HTTPS 协议用
	struct HttpEnv *e	HTTP 环境结构

返回值:	0:成功
	FASTERHTTP_INFO_TCP_SEND_WOULDBLOCK:缓冲区内还有数据等待
	发送
	非 0:失败

# 5.3 HTTP 头与体信息

## 5.3.1 HTTP 首行头信息

#### GetHttpHeaderPtr\_METHOD

原型:	char *GetHttpHeaderPtr_METHOD( struct HttpEnv *e , int
	*p_value_len );
说明:	得到 HTTP 请求头首行 METHOD 值
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
	int *p_value_len 回传请求头首行头 METHOD 的值长度,如果置为
	NULL 则不回传
返回值:	HTTP 请求头首行 METHOD 值地址

## GetHttpHeaderLen\_METHOD

原型:	int GetHttpHeaderLen_METHOD( struct HttpEnv *e );
说明:	得到 HTTP 请求头首行 METHOD 值长度
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	HTTP 请求头首行 METHOD 值长度

## GetHttpHeaderPtr\_URI

原型:	char *GetHttpHeaderPtr_URI( struct HttpEnv *e , int *p_value_len );
说明:	得到 HTTP 请求头首行 URI 值
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
	int *p_value_len 回传 HTTP 请求头首行 URI 的值长度,如果置为 NULL
	则不回传
返回值:	HTTP 请求头首行 URI 值地址

## GetHttpHeaderLen\_URI

原型:	int GetHttpHeaderLen_URI( struct HttpEnv *e );
说明:	得到 HTTP 请求头首行 URI 值长度
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	HTTP 请求头首行 URI 值长度

## GetHttpHeaderPtr\_VERSION

原型:	char *GetHttpHeaderPtr_VERSION( struct HttpEnv *e , int
	*p_value_len );
说明:	得到 HTTP 请求头首行 VERSION 值
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
	int *p_value_len 回传 HTTP 请求头首行 VERSION 的值长度,如果置为
	NULL 则不回传
返回值:	HTTP 请求头首行 VERSION 值地址

#### ${\bf GetHttpHeaderLen\_VERSION}$

原型:	int GetHttpHeaderLen_VERSION( struct HttpEnv *e );
说明:	得到 HTTP 首行请求请求头 VERSION 值长度
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	HTTP 请求头首行 VERSION 值长度

#### ${\bf GetHttpHeaderPtr\_STATUSCODE}$

原型:	char *GetHttpHeaderPtr_STATUSCODE( struct HttpEnv *e , int
	*p_value_len );
说明:	得到 HTTP 响应头首行 STATUSCODE 值
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
	int *p_value_len 回传 HTTP 响应头首行 STATUSCODE 的值长度,如果
	置为 NULL 则不回传
返回值:	HTTP 响应头首行 STATUSCODE 值地址

#### ${\bf GetHttpHeaderLen\_STATUSCODE}$

原型:	int GetHttpHeaderLen_STATUSCODE( struct HttpEnv *e );
说明:	得到 HTTP 响应头首行 STATUSCODE 值长度
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	HTTP 响应头首行 STATUSCODE 值长度

#### ${\bf GetHttpHeaderPtr\_REASONPHRASE}$

原型: char *GetHttpHeaderPtr_REASONPHRASE( struct HttpEnv	*e , int	
---	----------	--

	*p_value_len );
说明:	得到 HTTP 响应头首行 REASONPHRASE 值
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
	int *p_value_len 回传 HTTP 响应头首行 REASONPHRASE 的值长度,如
	果置为 NULL 则不回传
返回值:	HTTP 响应头首行 REASONPHRASE 值地址

#### ${\bf GetHttpHeaderLen\_REASONPHRASE}$

原型:	int GetHttpHeaderLen_REASONPHRASE( struct HttpEnv *e );
说明:	得到 HTTP 响应头首行 REASONPHRASE 值长度
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	响应头首行 REASONPHRASE 值长度

# 5.3.2 HTTP 头选项

## QueryHttpHeaderPtr

原型:	char *QueryHttpHeaderPtr( struct HttpEnv *e , char *name , int
	*p_value_len );
说明:	得到 HTTP 头选项的值
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
	char *name HTTP 头选项名
	int *p_value_len 回传头选项的值长度。如果置为 NULL 则不回传
返回值:	HTTP 头选项的值地址

## QueryHttpHeaderLen

原型:	int QueryHttpHeaderLen( struct HttpEnv *e , char *name );
说明:	得到 HTTP 头选项的值长度
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
	char *name HTTP 头选项名
返回值:	HTTP 头选项的值长度

## CountHttpHeaders

原型:	int CountHttpHeaders( struct HttpEnv *e );
说明:	得到 HTTP 头选项的数量
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	HTTP 头选项的数量

## TravelHttpHeaderPtr

原型:	struct HttpHeader *TravelHttpHeaderPtr( struct HttpEnv *e , struct
	HttpHeader *p_header );
说明:	遍历 HTTP 头选项
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
	struct HttpHeader *p_header   上一次遍历到的 HTTP 头选项结构。
	首次置为 NULL
返回值:	NULL:没有 HTTP 头选项或遍历结束了
	非 NULL:本次遍历到 HTTP 头选项结构地址

## GetHttpHeaderNamePtr

原型:	char *GetHttpHeaderNamePtr( struct HttpHeader *p_header , int
	*p_name_len );
说明:	得到 HTTP 头选项结构中的名字
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
	int *p_name_len HTTP 头选项结构中的名字长度。如果置为 NULL 则
	不回传
返回值:	HTTP 头选项结构中的名字地址

## GetHttpHeaderNameLen

原型:	int GetHttpHeaderNameLen( struct HttpHeader *p_header );
说明:	得到 HTTP 头选项结构中的名字长度
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	HTTP 头选项结构中的名字长度

## GetHttpHeaderValuePtr

原型:	char *GetHttpHeaderValuePtr( struct HttpHeader *p_header , int
	*p_value_len );
说明:	得到 HTTP 头选项结构中的值
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
	int *p_value_len HTTP 头选项结构中的值长度。如果置为 NULL 则不
	回传
返回值:	HTTP 头选项结构中的值地址

## GetHttpHeaderValueLen

原型:	int GetHttpHeaderNameLen( struct HttpHeader *p_header );
说明:	得到 HTTP 头选项结构中的值长度
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构
返回值:	HTTP 头选项结构中的值长度

# 5.3.3 HTTP 体

## GetHttpBodyPtr

原型:	char *GetHttpBodyPtr( struct HttpEnv *e , int *p_body_len );	
说明:	得到 HTTP 体数据	
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构	
	int *p_body_len HTTP 体数据长度。如果置为 NULL 则不回传	
返回值:	HTTP 体数据地址	

## GetHttpBodyLen

原型:	int GetHttpBodyLen( struct HttpEnv *e );	
说明:	得到 HTTP 体数据长度	
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构	
返回值:	HTTP 体数据长度	

## 5.4 HTTP 缓冲区

## 5.4.1 得到 HTTP 缓冲区结构

#### ${\bf GetHttpRequestBuffer}$

原型:	struct HttpBuffer *GetHttpRequestBuffer( struct HttpEnv *e );	
说明:	得到 HTTP 请求缓冲区结构	
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构	
返回值:	HTTP 请求缓冲区结构地址	

#### ${\bf GetHttpResponseBuffer}$

原型:	struct HttpBuffer *GetHttpResponseBuffer( struct HttpEnv *e );	
说明:	得到 HTTP 响应缓冲区结构	
参数:	struct HttpEnv *e HTTP 环境结构	
返回值:	HTTP 响应缓冲区结构地址	

## 5.4.2 得到 HTTP 缓冲区结构内信息

#### **GetHttpBufferBase**

原型:	char *GetHttpBufferBase( struct HttpBuffer *b , int *p_data_len );	
说明:	得到 HTTP 缓冲区有效数据	
参数:	struct HttpBuffer *b HTTP 缓冲区结构	
	int *p_data_len HTTP 缓冲区有效数据长度。如果置为 NULL 则不	
	回传	
返回值:	HTTP 缓冲区有效数据地址	

## GetHttpBufferLength

原型:	nt GetHttpBufferLength( struct HttpBuffer *b );	
说明:	导到 HTTP 缓冲区有效数据长度	
参数:	struct HttpBuffer *b HTTP 缓冲区结构	
返回值:	HTTP 缓冲区有效数据长度	

# 5.4.3 组织 HTTP 缓冲区数据

## StrcpyHttpBuffer

原型:	<pre>int StrcpyHttpBuffer( struct HttpBuffer *b , char *str );</pre>		
说明:	复制字符串覆盖到 HTTP 缓冲区		
参数:	struct HttpBuffer *b HTTP 缓冲区结构		
	char *str    字符串		
返回值:	0:成功		
	非 0:失败		

#### StrcpyfHttpBuffer

原型:	int StrcpyfHttpBuffer( struct HttpBuffer *b , char *format , );		
说明:	格式化字符串覆盖到 HTTP 缓冲区		
参数:	struct HttpBuffer *b HTTP 缓冲区结构		
	char *format 格式化串(参考 sprintf)		
	参数列表(参考 sprintf)		
返回值:	0:成功		

非 0:失败

## StrcpyvHttpBuffer

原型:	int StrcpyvHttpBuffer( struct HttpBuffer *b , char *format , va_list		
	valist );		
说明:	格式化字符串覆盖到 HTTP 缓冲区		
参数:	struct HttpBuffer *b HTTP 缓冲区结构		
	char *format 格式化串(参考 vsprintf)		
	va_list valist 参数列表(参考 vsprintf)		
返回值:	0:成功		
	非 0:失败		

## StrcatHttpBuffer

原型:	int StrcatHttpBuffer( struct HttpBuffer *b , char *str );		
说明:	复制字符串追加到 HTTP 缓冲区		
参数:	struct HttpBuffer *b HTTP 缓冲区结构		
	char *str    字符串		
返回值:	0:成功		
	非 0:失败		

## StrcatfHttpBuffer

原型:	int StrcatfHttpBuffer( struct HttpBuffer *b , char *format , );	
说明:	格式化字符串追加到 HTTP 缓冲区	
参数:	struct HttpBuffer *b HTTP 缓冲区结构	

	char *format	格式化串(参考 sprintf)
		参数列表(参考 sprintf)
返回值:	0:成功	
	非 0:失败	

## StrcatvHttpBuffer

原型:	int StrcpyvHttpBuffer( struct HttpBuffer *b , char *format , va_list
	valist );
说明:	格式化字符串追加到 HTTP 缓冲区
参数:	struct HttpBuffer *b HTTP 缓冲区结构
	char *format 格式化串(参考 vsprintf)
	va_list valist 参数列表(参考 vsprintf)
返回值:	0:成功
	非 0:失败

## MemcatHttpBuffer

原型:	int MemcatHttpBuffer( struct HttpBuffer *b , char *base , int len );	
说明:	复制二进制数据追加到 HTTP 缓冲区	
参数:	struct HttpBuffer *b	HTTP 缓冲区结构
	char *base	源数据基地址(参考 memcpy)
	int len	源数据有效长度(参考 memcpy)
返回值:	0:成功	
	非 0:失败	

## ${\bf Strcat Http Buffer From File}$

原型:	int StrcatHttpBufferFromFile( struct HttpBuffer *b , char *pathfilename ,
	int *p_filesize );
说明:	复制文件数据追加到 HTTP 缓冲区
参数:	struct HttpBuffer *b HTTP 缓冲区结构
	char *pathfilename 带路径的文件名
	int *p_filesize 文件数据截取长度。如果置为 NULL 则读取
	整个文件
返回值:	0:成功
	非 0:失败

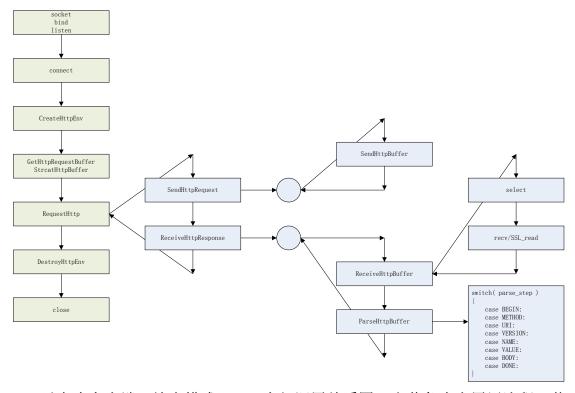
# 5.5 工具函数

## SetHttpNonblock

原型:	void SetHttpNonblock( int sock );	
说明:	设置 socket 描述字为非堵塞	
参数:	int sock socket 描述字	
返回值:	(无)	

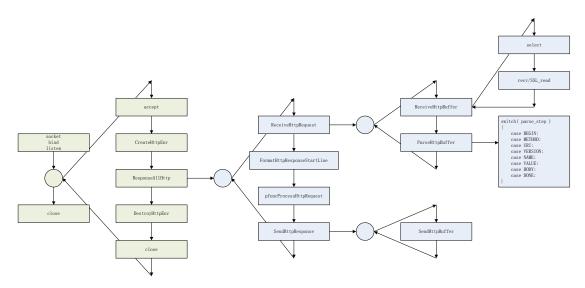
# 6 内部实现

#### 6.1 客户端 API 内部调用关系



以上为客户端(堵塞模式)API 内部调用关系图,土黄色为应用层流程,蓝色为 fasterhttp 内部流程。可见 RequestHttp 调用了 SendHttpRequest 发送 HTTP 请求,再调用了 ReceiveHttpResponse 接收、解析 HTTP 响应。SendHttpRequest 调用了内部公共函数 SendHttpBuffer 发送缓冲区数据到 TCP。ReceiveHttpResponse 内部循环调用 ReceiveHttpBuffer 和 ParseHttpBuffer,直到 HTTP 响应数据接收完整且解析完成。

#### 6.2 服务端 API 内部调用关系



以上为服务端(堵塞模式)API 内部调用关系,土黄色为应用层流程,蓝色为 fasterhttp 内部流程。可见 ResponseAllHttp 内部调用 ReceiveHttpRequest 接收、解析 HTTP 请求,再调用 FormatHttpResponseStartLine 默认组织响应首行,然后调用 pfuncProcessHttpRequest 处理 HTTP 请求、生成 HTTP 响应,如果出错则再次调用 FormatHttpResponseStartLine 组织带错误码的响应首行,最后调用 SendHttpResponse 发送 HTTP 响应,如果客户端要求连接保持则再原连接上迭代。ReceiveHttpRequest 内部循环调用 ReceiveHttpBuffer 和 ParseHttpBuffer,直到 HTTP 请求数据接收完整且解析完成。SendHttpResponse 调用了内部公共函数 SendHttpBuffer 发送缓冲区数据到 TCP。