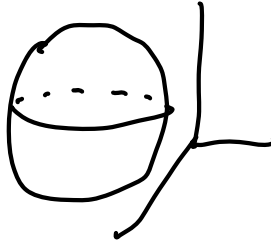
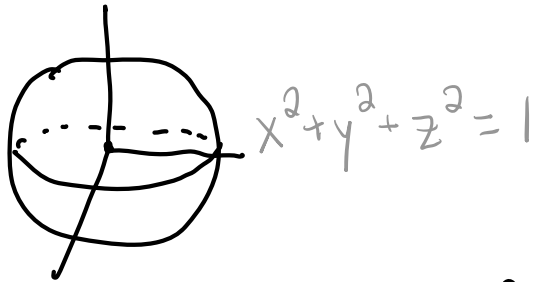


A (standard position) quadric surface is a surface given by

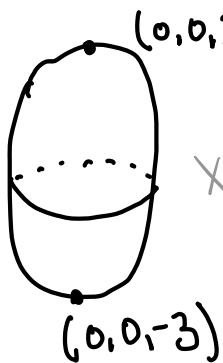
$$Ax^2 + By^2 + Cz^2 + ax + by + cz + d = 0$$



$$(x-1)^2 + (y+5)^2 + (z-3)^2 = 2$$

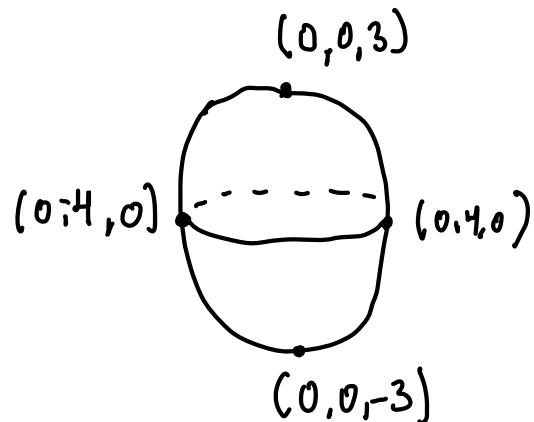
Center (1, -5, 3)
radius 2

Ellipsoid $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{z}{c}\right)^2 = 1$



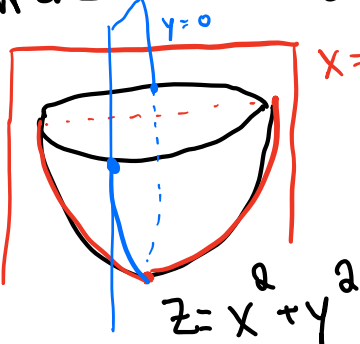
$$x^2 + y^2 + \left(\frac{z}{3}\right)^2 = 1 \text{ stretched in the } z\text{-direction by } 3.$$

$$x^2 + \left(\frac{y}{4}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{z}{3}\right)^2 = 1$$

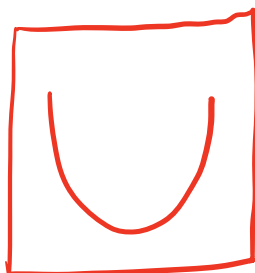


① Ellipsoids $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{z}{c}\right)^2 = 1$

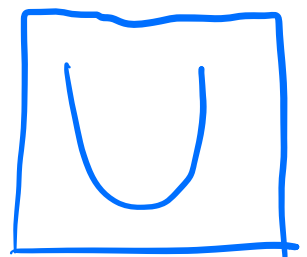
Paraboloids are surfaces whose vertical traces are parabolas



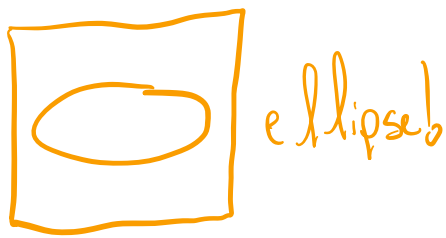
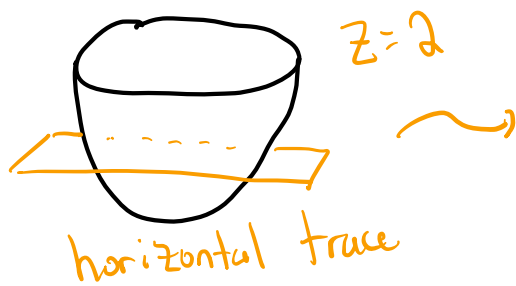
$$x=0$$



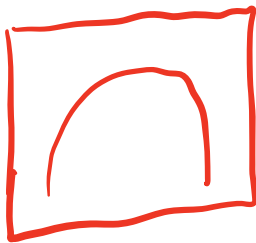
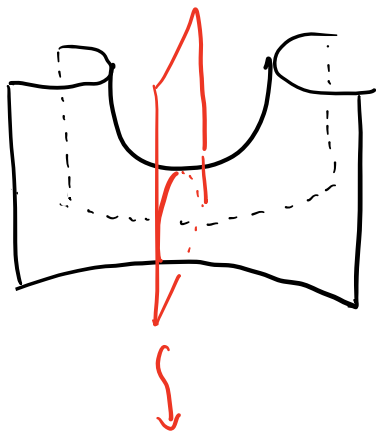
parabola



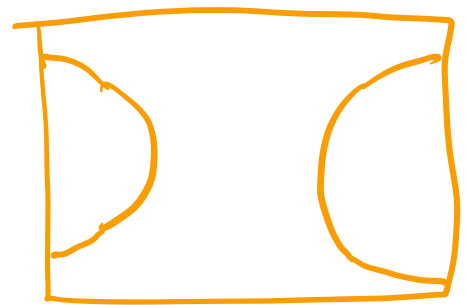
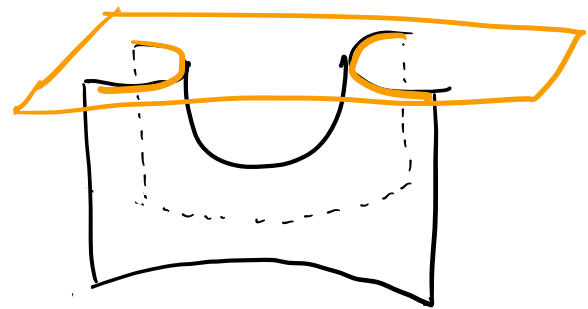
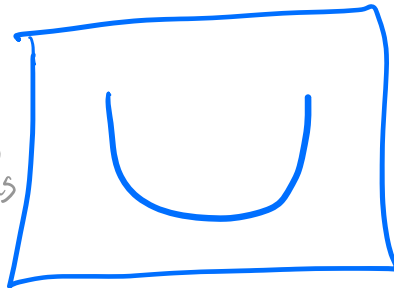
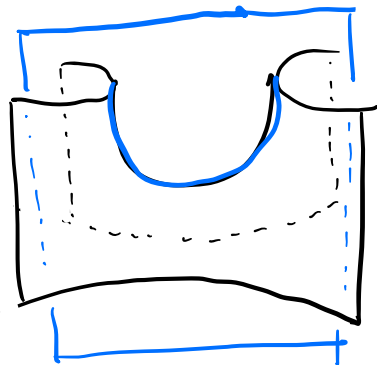
concavity is constant in every vertical trace.



For $z = x^2 - y^2$



parabolas



hyperbole

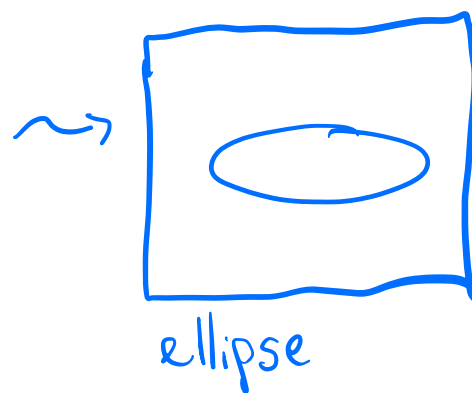
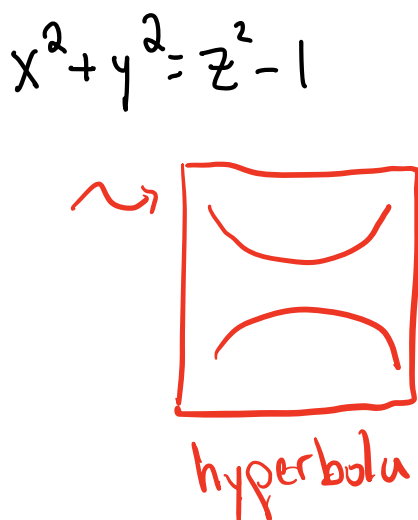
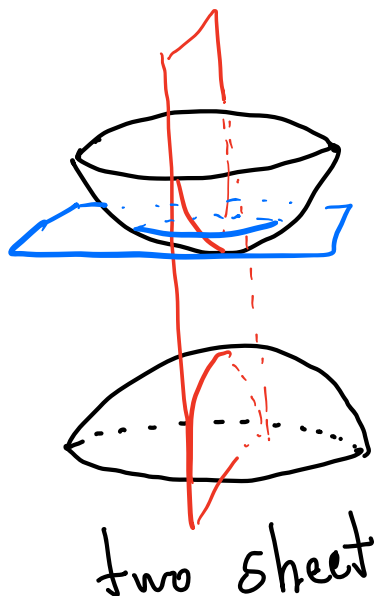
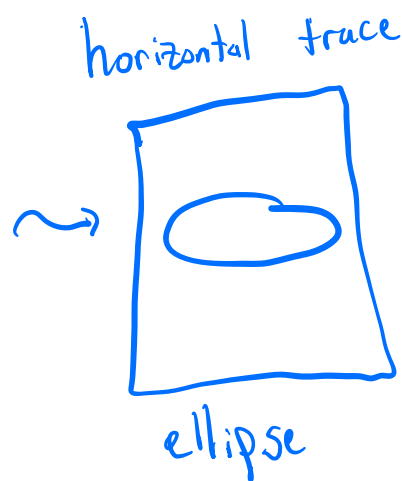
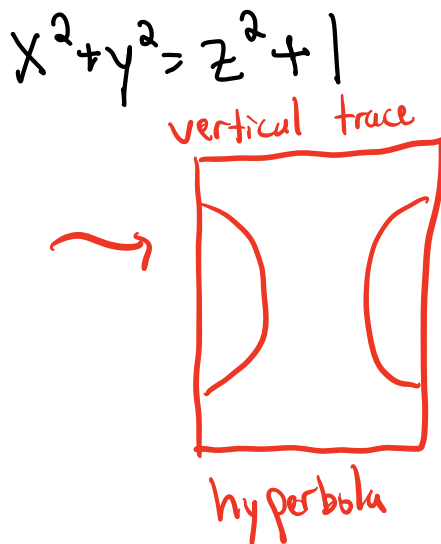
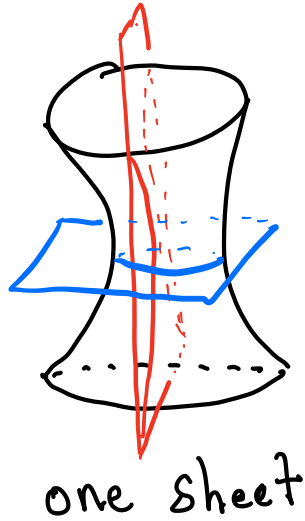
②

Paraboloids

elliptic : $z = \left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^2$

hyperbolic : $z = \left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^2$

Hyperbolas $\mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow$ Hyperboloids, vertical traces are hyperboloids \mathbb{R}^3

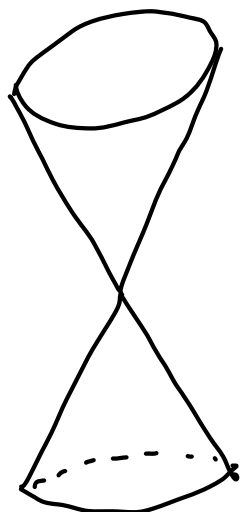


③

Hyperboloids

one-sheet: $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{z}{c}\right)^2 + 1$

two-sheet: $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{z}{c}\right)^2 - 1$



④

Double cone

$z^2 = x^2 + y^2$