Rust

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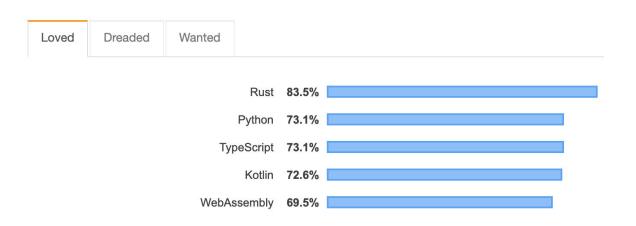


- Introduction
- Evaluation Criteria
- Project Overview

What is Rust?

- System-level programming language
- High level of performance & safety
- Syntactically similar to C++, but provides memory safety
- "A language empowering everyone to build reliable and efficient software" Official Rust Website





^{*} Source: https://insights.stackoverflow.com/survey/2019#community

Why use Rust?

- Memory Management
- Concurrency
- Functionality
- Performance
- Community
- Available Libraries
- Developer Cost

1. Memory Management

Ownership

- A discipline for access control that programmers try to follow, but
- Rust's compiler checks statically for programmers

Ownership Rules

- Each value in Rust has a variable called "owner"
- There can only be one owner at a time
- When the owner goes out of scope, the value will be dropped

*Source: https://doc.rust-lang.org/book/ch04-01-what-is-ownership.html

Memory Management Example 1

```
fn main() {
   let a = 4;
}
```



```
let s1 = String::from("hello");
let s2 = s1;
println!("{}, world!", s1);
                           -Compile-
        let s1 = String::from("hello");
        -- move occurs because `s1` has type
 std::string::String`, which does not implement the `Copy` trait
        let s2 = s1;
                 -- value moved here
        println!("{}, world!", s1);
                               ^^ value borrowed here after move
```

*Source: https://doc.rust-lang.org/book/ch04-01-what-is-ownership.html

2. Concurrency

- Use **threads** to run code simultaneously
- Use message passing to transfer data between threads
 - Channel
- Shared-state concurrency
- **Extensible** concurrency with *sync* and *send* traits



- Operating Systems
- Browsers
- Game Engine
- File Systems
- Simulation Engines for Virtual Reality
- Any software applications that require high performance and safety

^{*}Source: https://research.mozilla.org/rust/#:~:text=What%20is%20Rust%3F,simulation%20engines%20for%20virtual%20reality.



	Binary-trees (secs / mem)	N-body (secs / mem)	Reverse-complement (secs / mem)
Rust	3.48 / 199,856	5.98 / 688	1.69 / 994,998
C++	3.96 / 113,236	7.70 / 1,612	1.89 / 499,672
Go	25.19 / 627,604	21.26 / 1,888	3.73 / 826,488

*Source: https://benchmarksgame-team.pages.debian.net/benchmarksgame/fastest/rust.html

5. Community

- This-Week-In-Rust
 - Weekly updates from Rust community including news and blog posts
- 93,682 Github repositories
- 500 Stack Overflow responses
- 426 jobs found on indeed.com

^{*}Sources: https://this-week-in-rust.org/, https://www.indeed.com/q-Rust-Developer-jobs.html,



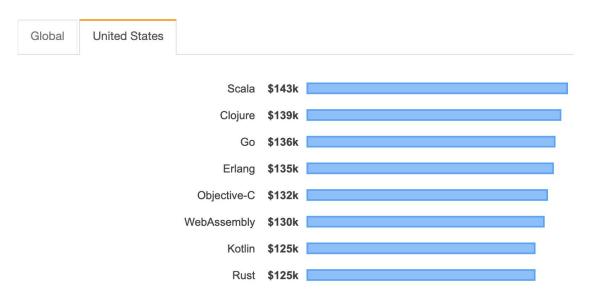
Crates.io - Rust's open source libraries website

42,134 crates* available to download

*crate: a special word for *library* in Rust

*Source: https://crates.io/





*Source: https://insights.stackoverflow.com/survey/2019#top-paying-technologies

Project Overview – Game 21

- Objective
- Constraints
- Features
- Technology used
- Application

1. Objective

- Similar to 'Snake Game', but more complexity added
 - Starts with a small triangle (head) at a random point
 - Needs to catch a moving rectangle (body)
 - Circles (enemies) are also moving around in random directions
 - If contact with circles, game ends
 - Must reach either a body length of 21 or 21 seconds to win the game



2. Constraints

- Minimal design of entities
 - Rectangles, circles, triangles etc.
- Desktop game only



3. Features

- Fun and simple
- Fast execution
- Can play with both a keyboard or a mouse

4. Technology Used

- Piston a modular open source game engine
- Graphics, Glutin_Window, and many other crates









5. Application

• Basic game implemented on OSX, Linux, etc.

Questions?