

## ✔ Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received **100%** To pass 80% or higher

[Go to next item](#)

### Week 1 Quiz

Latest Submission Grade 100%

1. What is the difference between traditional programming and Machine Learning?

1 / 1 point

- ☒ In traditional programming, a programmer has to formulate or code rules manually, whereas, in Machine Learning, the algorithm automatically formulates the rules from the data.
- ☐ Machine learning identifies complex activities such as golf, while traditional programming is better suited to simpler activities such as walking.



**Correct**

Exactly! Machine learning algorithms build a model based on sample data, known as "training data", in order to make predictions or decisions without being explicitly programmed to do so.

2. What do we call the process of telling the computer what the data represents (i.e. this data is for walking, this data is for running)?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Learning the Data
- ☐ Categorizing the Data
- ☒ Labelling the Data
- ☐ Programming the Data



**Correct**

Yes! Labeling typically takes a set of unlabeled data and augments each piece of it with informative tags.

3. What is a Dense layer?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ A layer of disconnected neurons
- ☐ A single neuron
- ☐ An amount of mass occupying a volume
- ☒ A layer of connected neurons



**Correct**

Correct! In Keras, dense is used to define a layer of connected neurons.

4. How do you measure how good the current 'guess' is?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Training a neural network
- ☒ Using the Loss function
- ☐ Figuring out if you win or lose



**Correct**

Absolutely! An optimization problem seeks to minimize a loss function.

5. What does the optimizer do?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Decides to stop training a neural network
- ☒ Generates a new and improved guess
- ☐ Figures out how to efficiently compile your code
- ☐ Measures how good the current guess is

✓ **Correct**

Nailed it! The optimizer figures out the next guess based on the loss function.

6. What is Convergence?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ A programming API for AI
- ☒ The process of getting very close to the correct answer
- ☐ A dramatic increase in loss
- ☐ An analysis that corresponds too closely or exactly to a particular set of data.

✓ **Correct**

That's right! Convergence is when guesses get better and better closing to a 100% accuracy.

7. What does model.fit do?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ It optimizes an existing model
- ☐ It makes a model fit available memory
- ☒ It trains the neural network to fit one set of values to another
- ☐ It determines if your activity is good for your body

✓ **Correct**

Correct! The training takes place on the fit command.