GR curvature cal

April 9, 2021

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[1]: from IPython.display import Latex, display
     from sympy import *
     from numpy import zeros
     init_printing()
     def inverse_metric_calc(xmetric):
         Taking the inverse of a metric
         Input: xmetric: given metric, g_ij
         Output: inverse_metric: the inverse of the metric, g^ij
         inverse_metric = MutableSparseNDimArray(zeros((ndim,)*2))
         for i in range(0, ndim):
                 inverse_metric[i, i] = 1 / xmetric[i, i]
         return inverse_metric
     def derivative_of_metric(xmetric, i, j, k):
         Taking the derivative of a given metric: \partial_i(g_jk)
         where q_jk is the metric and the \partial_i is the partial derivative with
      \hookrightarrow respect
         to i'th component
         Input: xmetric: the given metric
                 i,j,k: indices that runs from O-ndim
         Output: The partial derivative of a given metric's [j][k] component with
      \hookrightarrow respect to
         the [i]'th component
         expr = xmetric[j, k]
         return diff(expr, coord_sys[i])
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def derivative_of_chris(xchris_symb, i, j, k, l):
    Taking the derivative of a given christoffel symbol; \protect\
\hookrightarrow (\Gamma \hat{j}_k l)
    where \Gamma^j kl is the christoffel symbol and the \partial i is the |
\rightarrow partial derivative
    with respect to i'th component
    Input: xchris_symb: qiven Christoffel Symbol i, j, k, l: indices that runs_{\sqcup}
\hookrightarrow from \ O-ndim
    Output: The partial derivative of a given Christoffel Symbols's ^[j]_[k][l]
    component with respect to the [i]'th component
    11 11 11
    expr = xchris_symb[j, k, 1]
    return diff(expr, coord_sys[i])
def christoffel_sym_calctr(xmetric):
    11 11 11
    Input: The Metric Tensor
    Output: Christoffel Symbols - \Gamma^m_ij
    # creating an empty tensor to fill
    Chris_sym = MutableSparseNDimArray(zeros((ndim,)*3))
    for m in range(0, ndim):
        for i in range(0, ndim):
            for j in range(0, ndim):
                 einstein sum = 0
                 for k in range (0, ndim):
                     I1 = derivative_of_metric(xmetric, j, k, i)
                     I2 = derivative_of_metric(xmetric, i, k, j)
                     I3 = derivative_of_metric(xmetric, k, i, j)
                     S = I1 + I2 - I3
                     einstein_sum += 1/2 * g_inverse[m, k] * S
                 Chris_sym[m, i, j] = einstein_sum
    return Chris_sym
def riemann tensor calctr(xchris symbol):
    Input: Christoffel Symbols - \Gamma^m_ij
    Output: The Riemann Curvature Tensor - R^(l)_(ijk)
    # creating an empty tensor to fill
    riemann_curv_tensor = MutableSparseNDimArray(zeros((ndim,)*4))
    for i in range(0, ndim):
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for j in range(0, ndim):
            for k in range(0, ndim):
                for l in range(0, ndim):
                    Q1 = derivative_of_chris(xchris_symbol, j, l, i, k)
                    Q2 = derivative_of_chris(xchris_symbol, i, l, j, k)
                    einstein_sum = 0
                    for p in range(0, ndim):
                        I1 = xchris_symbol[p, i, k] * xchris_symbol[l, j, p]
                        I2 = xchris_symbol[p, j, k] * xchris_symbol[l, i, p]
                        einstein sum += (I1 - I2)
                    riemann_curv_tensor[1, i, j, k] = Q1 - Q2 + einstein_sum
    return riemann_curv_tensor
def ricci_tensor_calctr(xriemann_tensor):
    Input: The Riemann Curvature Tensor - R^(l)_(ijk)
    Output: The Ricci Tensor - R_(ik)
    HHHH
    # creating an empty tensor to fill
    ricci_tensor = MutableSparseNDimArray(zeros((ndim,)*2))
    einstiem sum = 0
    for i in range(0, ndim):
        for k in range(0, ndim):
            einstein_sum = 0
            for j in range(0, ndim):
                einstein_sum += xriemann_tensor[j, i, j, k]
            ricci_tensor[i, k] = einstein_sum
    return ricci_tensor
def ricci_scalar_calctr(xmetric, xricci_tensor):
    Input: The Ricci Tensor - R_(ik)
    Output: The Ricci Scalar - R
    n n n
    R = 0
    for i in range(0, ndim):
        for k in range(0, ndim):
            R += g_inverse[i, k] * xricci_tensor[i, k]
    return R
```

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[2]: # Defining the coordinate system of the metric that we will work on
coord_sys = symbols("t r theta phi")

# Defining some extra symbols
a = symbols("a")
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metric = MutableSparseNDimArray(zeros((ndim,)*2))
      metric[0, 0] = -1
      metric[1, 1] = 1
      metric[2, 2] = coord_sys[1]**2
      metric[3, 3] = coord_sys[1]**2 * sin(coord_sys[2])**2
[3]: # The metric tensor
      g = metric
      # Inverse of the metric tensor
      g_inverse = inverse_metric_calc(metric)
      # Christoffel symbols
      Christoffel_symbol = christoffel_sym_calctr(g)
      # Riemann Curvature Tensor
      Riemann_curv_tensor = riemann_tensor_calctr(Christoffel_symbol)
      # Ricci Curvature Tensor
      Ricci_curv = ricci_tensor_calctr(Riemann_curv_tensor)
      # Ricci Scalar
      R = ricci_scalar_calctr(g, Ricci_curv)
[4]: # The Metric Tensor
      g.tolist()
0 \quad 1 \quad 0
           0 \quad 0 \quad r^2 \sin^2(\theta)
[5]: # Christoffel Symbols
      Christoffel_symbol.tolist()
      Christoffel_symbol
[5]: [
                                                                                                        0
                                                                                                                  0
       [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0]
                                                                                                                 1.0
                                                                                                        0
                       \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}
                                                                                                               1.0\cos\left(\theta\right)
                                                           \frac{1.0}{r}
                                                        0
                       \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1.0r \end{bmatrix}
                                            0
                                                                                                                \sin(\theta)
                                                                                                     1.0\cos(\theta)
                                                                     -1.0\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)
                                                                                                                  0
```

Defining the dimension of the space

Defining the components of the metric

ndim = 4

```
[6]: # Non-zero Components of the Christoffel Symbols
       for i in range(0, ndim):
             for j in range(0, ndim):
                   for k in range(0, ndim):
                         if Christoffel_symbol[i, j, k] != 0:
                               display(Latex('$\Gamma^{{\{0\}}}_{{\{1\}} {2\}}} = {3}$'.

→format(latex(coord_sys[i]), latex(coord_sys[j]), latex(coord_sys[k]),

         →latex(Christoffel_symbol[i,j,k]))))
      \Gamma^r_{\theta\theta} = -1.0r
      \Gamma^{r}{}_{\phi\phi} = -1.0r\sin^2\left(\theta\right)
      \Gamma^{\theta}_{r\theta} = \frac{1.0}{r}
      \Gamma^{\theta}_{\theta r} = \frac{1.0}{r}
      \Gamma^{\theta}{}_{\phi\phi} = -1.0\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right)
      \Gamma^{\phi}_{r\phi} = \frac{1.0}{r}
      \Gamma^{\phi}_{\theta\phi} = \frac{1.0\cos\left(\theta\right)}{\sin\left(\theta\right)}
      \Gamma^{\phi}_{\phi r} = \frac{1.0}{r}
      \Gamma^{\phi}{}_{\phi\theta} = \frac{1.0\cos{(\theta)}}{\sin{(\theta)}}
[7]: # Riemann Curvature Tensor
       Riemann_curv_tensor.tolist()
       Riemann_curv_tensor
[7]: г
        0 0 0 0
                                                                     0 0 0 0
                                                                     0 0 0 0
                                                                     0 0 0 0
                                                                     0 0 0 0
                            [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0]
                                                 0
                                                    0 0 0
                                                                     0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0
[8]: # Ricci Curvature Tensor
       Ricci_curv.tolist()
       Ricci_curv
[8]:
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[9]: # Ricci Scalar R
[9]: 0