# Scan Report

# $March\ 21,\ 2025$

#### Summary

This document reports on the results of an automatic security scan. All dates are displayed using the timezone "Coordinated Universal Time", which is abbreviated "UTC". The task was "Immediate scan of IP 10.0.0.112". The scan started at Fri Mar 21 20:46:05 2025 UTC and ended at Fri Mar 21 20:59:22 2025 UTC. The report first summarises the results found. Then, for each host, the report describes every issue found. Please consider the advice given in each description, in order to rectify the issue.

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# 1 Result Overview

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive
10.0.0.112	10	3	2	24	0
Total: 1	10	3	2	24	0

Vendor security updates are not trusted.

Overrides are off. Even when a result has an override, this report uses the actual threat of the result.

Information on overrides is included in the report.

Notes are included in the report.

This report might not show details of all issues that were found.

Issues with the threat level "High" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "Medium" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "Low" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "Log" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "Debug" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "False Positive" are not shown.

This report contains all 39 results selected by the filtering described above. Before filtering there were 39 results.

# 1.1 Host Authentications

Host	Protocol	Result	Port/User
10.0.0.112	SMB	Success	Protocol SMB, Port 445, User

# 2 Results per Host

## $2.1 \quad 10.0.0.112$

Service (Port)	Threat Level
$53/{ m tcp}$	High
$80/\mathrm{tcp}$	High
$21/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
$80/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
m general/icmp	Low
m general/tcp	Low
$445/{ m tcp}$	Log
$21/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log

 $<sup>\</sup>dots$  (continues)  $\dots$ 

/ 1\		
 (continued)		

Service (Port)	Threat Level
$53/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
m general/tcp	Log
$139/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
$80/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
general/CPE-T	Log

## 2.1.1 High 53/tcp

#### High (CVSS: 7.5)

NVT: ISC BIND DoS Vulnerability (CVE-2024-11187) - Linux

#### Product detection result

cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.18.30

Detected by ISC BIND Detection Consolidation (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.145294)

#### Summary

ISC BIND is prone to a denial of service (DoS) vulnerability.

# Quality of Detection (QoD): 30%

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 9.18.30
Fixed version: 9.18.33

Installation

path / port: 53/tcp

#### Impact

A named instance vulnerable to this issue can be compelled to consume excessive CPU resources up to the point where exhaustion of resources effectively prevents the server from responding to other client queries. This issue is most likely to affect resolvers but could also degrade authoritative server performance.

- Authoritative servers are affected by this vulnerability.
- Resolvers are affected by this vulnerability.

#### Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix

Update to version 9.18.33, 9.20.5, 9.21.4, 9.18.33-S1 or later.

### Affected Software/OS

ISC BIND version 9.11.37 and prior, 9.16.0 through 9.16.50, 9.18.0 through 9.18.32, 9.20.0 through 9.20.4, 9.21.0 through 9.21.3, 9.11.3-S1 through 9.11.37-S1, 9.16.8-S1 through 9.16.50-S1 and 9.18.11-S1 through 9.18.32-S1.

## Vulnerability Insight

It is possible to construct a zone such that some queries to it will generate responses containing numerous records in the Additional section. An attacker sending many such queries can cause either the authoritative server itself or an independent resolver to use disproportionate resources processing the queries. Zones will usually need to have been deliberately crafted to attack this exposure.

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: ISC BIND DoS Vulnerability (CVE-2024-11187) - Linux

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.153891Version used: 2025-01-31T05:37:27Z

## **Product Detection Result**

Product: cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.18.30

Method: ISC BIND Detection Consolidation

 $OID\colon 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.145294)$ 

#### References

cve: CVE-2024-11187

url: https://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2024-11187

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2025-0217 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-0300 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-0269

# High (CVSS: 7.5)

## NVT: ISC BIND DoS Vulnerability (CVE-2024-12705) - Linux

## Product detection result

cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.18.30

Detected by ISC BIND Detection Consolidation (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.145294)

## Summary

ISC BIND is prone to a denial of service (DoS) vulnerability in the DNS-over-HTTPS implementation.

# Quality of Detection (QoD): 30%

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 9.18.30 Fixed version: 9.18.33

Installation

path / port: 53/tcp

#### Impact

By flooding a target resolver with HTTP/2 traffic and exploiting this flaw, an attacker could overwhelm the server, causing high CPU and/or memory usage and preventing other clients from establishing DoH connections. This would significantly impair the resolver's performance and effectively deny legitimate clients access to the DNS resolution service.

- Authoritative servers are affected by this vulnerability.
- Resolvers are affected by this vulnerability.

#### Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix

Update to version 9.18.33, 9.20.5, 9.21.4, 9.18.33-S1 or later.

## Affected Software/OS

ISC BIND version 9.18.0 through 9.18.32, 9.20.0 through 9.20.4, 9.21.0 through 9.21.3 and 9.18.11-S1 through 9.18.32-S1.

## Vulnerability Insight

Clients using DNS-over-HTTPS (DoH) can exhaust a DNS resolver's CPU and/or memory by flooding it with crafted valid or invalid HTTP/2 traffic.

#### **Vulnerability Detection Method**

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: ISC BIND DoS Vulnerability (CVE-2024-12705) - Linux

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.153893 Version used: 2025-01-31T05:37:27Z

#### **Product Detection Result**

Product: cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.18.30

Method: ISC BIND Detection Consolidation

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.145294)

### References

cve: CVE-2024-12705

url: https://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2024-12705

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2025-0217 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-0269

[ return to 10.0.0.112 ]

# 2.1.2 High 80/tcp

# High (CVSS: 9.8)

NVT: Apache HTTP Server <= 2.4.52 Multiple Vulnerabilities - Linux

#### Product detection result

... continued from previous page ...

cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

Detected by Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation (OID:  $1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1 \hookrightarrow .0.117232$ )

### Summary

Apache HTTP Server is prone to multiple vulnerabilities.

# Quality of Detection (QoD): 30%

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.52
Fixed version: 2.4.53

Installation

path / port: 80/tcp

#### Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 2.4.53 or later.

## Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP Server version 2.4.52 and prior.

# Vulnerability Insight

The following vulnerabilities exist:

- CVE-2022-22719: mod lua Use of uninitialized value of in r:parsebody
- CVE-2022-22720: HTTP request smuggling vulnerability
- $-~{\rm CVE\text{-}2022\text{-}22721};~{\rm Possible~buffer~overflow~with~very~large~or~unlimited~LimitXMLR equestBody}$
- CVE-2022-23943: mod sed: Read/write beyond bounds

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTP Server <= 2.4.52 Multiple Vulnerabilities - Linux

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.113837 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2022\text{-}03\text{-}21\text{T}03\text{:}03\text{:}41\text{Z} \end{aligned}$ 

## **Product Detection Result**

Product: cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

Method: Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation

 $OID\colon 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117232)$ 

## References

url: https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html#2.4.53

cve: CVE-2022-22719 cve: CVE-2022-22720

... continued from previous page ... cve: CVE-2022-22721 cve: CVE-2022-23943 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1591 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-1772 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-1335 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-1228 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-1161 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-1057 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-0898 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-0799 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-0755 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-0646 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-0432 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-0302 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-0290 cert-bund: CB-K22/0619 cert-bund: CB-K22/0306 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-2799 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-2509 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-2305 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-2167 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-1116 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-1115 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-1114 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-0899 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-0898 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-0865 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-0747 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-0678 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-0582

## High (CVSS: 9.8)

#### NVT: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.54 Multiple Vulnerabilities - Linux

# Product detection result

cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

Detected by Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1  $\hookrightarrow$  .0.117232)

## Summary

Apache HTTP Server is prone to multiple vulnerabilities.

# Quality of Detection (QoD): 30%

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.52

... continued from previous page ...

Fixed version: 2.4.54

Installation

path / port: 80/tcp

#### Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 2.4.54 or later.

#### Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP Server version 2.4.53 and prior.

#### Vulnerability Insight

The following vulnerabilities exist:

- CVE-2022-26377:  $mod\_proxy\_ajp$ : Possible request smuggling
- CVE-2022-28614: Read beyond bounds via ap rwrite()
- CVE-2022-28615: Read beyond bounds in ap strcmp match()
- CVE-2022-29404: Denial of service in mod lua r:parsebody
- CVE-2022-30556: Information disclosure in mod lua with websockets
- CVE-2022-31813: mod proxy X-Forwarded-For dropped by hop-by-hop mechanism

## **Vulnerability Detection Method**

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.54 Multiple Vulnerabilities - Linux

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.148252Version used: 2022-06-20T03:04:15Z

# **Product Detection Result**

Product: cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

Method: Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117232)

## References

cve: CVE-2022-26377

cve: CVE-2022-28614

cve: CVE-2022-28615

cve: CVE-2022-29404 cve: CVE-2022-30556

cve: CVE-2022-31813

url: https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html#2.4.54

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1591

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-1969

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-0134

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-0132

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-1767

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-1766

... continued from previous page ... cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-1764 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-0858 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-0192 cert-bund: CB-K22/0692 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-0119 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-2799 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-2789 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-2652 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-2509 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-2310 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-2167 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-1837 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-1833 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-1720 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-1353 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2022-1296

# High (CVSS: 9.8)

NVT: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.0 - 2.4.55 HTTP Request Smuggling Vulnerability - Linux

#### Product detection result

cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

Detected by Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1  $\hookrightarrow$  .0.117232)

#### Summary

Apache HTTP Server is prone to a HTTP request smuggling vulnerability.

# Quality of Detection (QoD): 30%

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.52
Fixed version: 2.4.56

Installation

path / port: 80/tcp

#### **Impact**

Request splitting/smuggling could result in bypass of access controls in the proxy server, proxying unintended URLs to existing origin servers, and cache poisoning.

# Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 2.4.56 or later.

## Affected Software/OS

... continued from previous page ...

Apache HTTP Server versions 2.4.0 through 2.4.55.

#### Vulnerability Insight

Some mod proxy configurations allow a HTTP Request Smuggling attack.

Configurations are affected when mod\_proxy is enabled along with some form of RewriteRule or ProxyPassMatch in which a non-specific pattern matches some portion of the user-supplied request-target (URL) data and is then re-inserted into the proxied request-target using variable substitution.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.0 - 2.4.55 HTTP Request Smuggling Vulnerability - Linux

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.104597 Version used: 2024-02-15T05:05:40Z

#### **Product Detection Result**

Product: cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

Method: Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117232)

#### References

cve: CVE-2023-25690

url: https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html#2.4.56

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1591 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-0794 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-3129 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-2694 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-2031

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-2031 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-1809 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-1807 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-1424 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-1021 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-0657

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-1648 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-1297 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-1232 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-0884

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-0583

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-0788 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-0658 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-0546

# High (CVSS: 9.8)

NVT: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.60 Multiple Vulnerabilities - Linux

## Product detection result

cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

Detected by Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation (OID:  $1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1 \hookrightarrow .0.117232$ )

#### Summary

Apache HTTP Server is prone to multiple vulnerabilities.

# Quality of Detection (QoD): 30%

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.52
Fixed version: 2.4.60

Installation

path / port: 80/tcp

#### Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 2.4.60 or later.

## Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP Server version 2.4.59 and prior.

# Vulnerability Insight

The following flaws exist:

- CVE-2024-36387: Denial of Service (DoS) by Null pointer in websocket over HTTP/2
- CVE-2024-38473: Proxy encoding problem
- CVE-2024-38474: Weakness with encoded question marks in backreferences
- CVE-2024-38475: Weakness in mod\_rewrite when first segment of substitution matches filesystem path
- ${\rm CVE}$ -2024-38476: May use exploitable/malicious backend application output to run local handlers via internal redirect
- CVE-2024-38477: Crash resulting in DoS in mod proxy via a malicious request
- CVE-2024-39573: mod\_rewrite proxy handler substitution

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.60 Multiple Vulnerabilities - Linux

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.114682 Version used: 2024-08-22T05:05:50Z

# **Product Detection Result**

Product: cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

Method: Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117232)

... continued from previous page ... References cve: CVE-2024-36387 cve: CVE-2024-38473 cve: CVE-2024-38474 cve: CVE-2024-38475 cve: CVE-2024-38476 cve: CVE-2024-38477 cve: CVE-2024-39573 url: https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html#2.4.60 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2025-0148 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2025-0143 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-3291 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-3199 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1913 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1504 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2025-0170 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2841 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2787 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2736 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2342 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2214 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2201 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2180 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2110 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2017 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1963 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1920 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1919 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1911 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1907 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1893 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1816 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1811 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1784 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1741 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1699

```
High (CVSS: 9.0)

NVT: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.55 Multiple Vulnerabilities - Linux

Product detection result

cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.4.52

Detected by Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1

→.0.117232)
```

... continued from previous page ...

## Summary

Apache HTTP Server is prone to multiple vulnerabilities.

## Quality of Detection (QoD): 30%

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.52
Fixed version: 2.4.55

Installation

path / port: 80/tcp

### Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 2.4.55 or later.

## Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP Server version 2.4.54 and prior.

#### Vulnerability Insight

The following vulnerabilities exist:

- CVE-2006-20001: mod day out of bounds read, or write of zero byte
- CVE-2022-36760: Possible request smuggling in mod proxy ajp
- CVE-2022-37436: mod proxy allows a backend to trigger HTTP response splitting

## Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

 $Details: \ \textbf{Apache HTTP Server} \ < \ 2.4.55 \ \textbf{Multiple Vulnerabilities} \ - \ \textbf{Linux}$ 

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.149152 Version used: 2024-02-15T05:05:40Z

#### **Product Detection Result**

Product: cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

 $\operatorname{Method}$ : Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117232)

## References

cve: CVE-2006-20001 cve: CVE-2022-36760 cve: CVE-2022-37436

url: https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html#2.4.55

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-3195 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1591 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-0794 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-2674

... continued from previous page ...

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-1424

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-0561

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-0110

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-2545

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-1297

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-0658

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-0548

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-0548

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-0497

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-0118

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# High (CVSS: <u>7.5</u>)

NVT: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.30 - 2.4.55 HTTP Request Smuggling Vulnerability - Linux

## Product detection result

cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

Detected by Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1  $\hookrightarrow$  .0.117232)

#### Summary

Apache HTTP Server is prone to a HTTP request smuggling vulnerability.

## Quality of Detection (QoD): 30%

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.52
Fixed version: 2.4.56

Installation

path / port: 80/tcp

## Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 2.4.56 or later.

## Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP Server versions 2.4.30 through 2.4.55.

#### Vulnerability Insight

HTTP Response Smuggling vulnerability via mod\_proxy\_uwsgi.

Special characters in the origin response header can truncate/split the response forwarded to the client.

# Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

 ${
m Details:}$  Apache HTTP Server 2.4.30 - 2.4.55 HTTP Request Smuggling Vulnerability - Linux

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.104599 Version used: 2024-02-15T05:05:40Z

#### **Product Detection Result**

Product: cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

Method: Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117232)

#### References

cve: CVE-2023-27522

url: https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html#2.4.56

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1591
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-2031
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-1424
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-0583
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1808
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-1895
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-0658
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-0546

#### High (CVSS: 7.5)

m NVT: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.58 'mod m macro' Out-of-bounds Read Vulnerability - Linux

# Product detection result

cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

Detected by Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1

 $\hookrightarrow$  .0.117232)

## Summary

Apache HTTP Server is prone to an out-of-bounds read vulnerability in mod macro.

# Quality of Detection (QoD): 30%

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.52
Fixed version: 2.4.58

Installation

path / port: 80/tcp

#### Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 2.4.58 or later.

... continued from previous page ...

#### Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP Server version 2.4.57 and prior.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.58 'mod\_macro' Out-of-bounds Read Vulnerability - Linux

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100272 Version used: 2024-02-15T05:05:40Z

#### **Product Detection Result**

Product: cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

Method: Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117232)

## References

cve: CVE-2023-31122

url: https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html#2.4.58

url: https://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2023/10/19/4

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1226
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-0899
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-0769
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-0769
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-0107
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-2917
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-2712
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1411
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1010
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1000
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0732
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-2640
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-2583

## High (CVSS: 7.5)

NVT: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.59 Multiple Vulnerabilities - Linux

## Product detection result

cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

Detected by Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1  $\hookrightarrow$  .0.117232)

## Summary

Apache HTTP Server is prone to multiple vulnerabilities.

... continued from previous page ...

# Quality of Detection (QoD): 30%

### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.52
Fixed version: 2.4.59

Installation

path / port: 80/tcp

#### Solution:

**Solution type:** VendorFix Update to version 2.4.59 or later.

#### Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP Server version 2.4.58 and prior.

# Vulnerability Insight

The following vulnerabilities exist:

- CVE-2023-38709: HTTP response splitting
- CVE-2024-24795: HTTP response splitting in multiple modules
- CVE-2024-27316: HTTP/2 DoS by memory exhaustion on endless continuation frames

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTP Server < 2.4.59 Multiple Vulnerabilities - Linux

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.152039 Version used: 2024-06-07T05:05:42Z

#### **Product Detection Result**

Product: cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

 $\operatorname{Method}$ : Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117232)

#### References

cve: CVE-2023-38709 cve: CVE-2024-24795 cve: CVE-2024-27316

url: https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html#2.4.59

url: https://kb.cert.org/vuls/id/421644

url: https://nowotarski.info/http2-continuation-flood/

url: https://nowotarski.info/http2-continuation-flood-technical-details/

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1725 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1643 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1642 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1504

```
... continued from previous page ...
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1248
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-1226
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-0801
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-0789
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2900
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2534
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2076
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1958
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1853
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1749
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1697
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1411
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1335
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1238
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1031
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1010
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0964
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0901
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-0890
```

[ return to 10.0.0.112 ]

## 2.1.3 Medium 21/tcp

#### Medium (CVSS: 4.8)

NVT: FTP Unencrypted Cleartext Login

### Summary

The remote host is running a FTP service that allows cleartext logins over unencrypted connections

# Quality of Detection (QoD): 70%

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote FTP service accepts logins without a previous sent 'AUTH TLS' command  $\hookrightarrow$ . Response(s):

Non-anonymous sessions: 331 Please specify the password. Anonymous sessions: 331 Please specify the password.

#### Impact

An attacker can uncover login names and passwords by sniffing traffic to the FTP service.

## Solution:

## Solution type: Mitigation

Enable FTPS or enforce the connection via the 'AUTH TLS' command. Please see the manual of the FTP service for more information.

## Vulnerability Detection Method

Tries to login to a non FTPS enabled FTP service without sending a 'AUTH TLS' command first and checks if the service is accepting the login without enforcing the use of the 'AUTH TLS' command.

Details: FTP Unencrypted Cleartext Login

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108528 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2023\text{-}12\text{-}20T05\text{:}05\text{:}58Z \end{aligned}$ 

[ return to 10.0.0.112 ]

## 2.1.4 Medium 80/tcp

#### M. I. (Chico Fo)

NVT: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.17 - 2.4.57 DoS Vulnerability - Linux

## Product detection result

cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

Detected by Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1  $\leftrightarrow$  .0.117232)

## Summary

Apache HTTP Server is prone to a denial of service (DoS) vulnerability.

# Quality of Detection (QoD): 30%

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 2.4.52
Fixed version: 2.4.58

Installation

path / port: 80/tcp

## Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix Update to version 2.4.58 or later.

## Affected Software/OS

Apache HTTP Server version 2.4.17 through 2.4.57.

## Vulnerability Insight

When a HTTP/2 stream was reset (RST frame) by a client, there was a time window were the request's memory resources were not reclaimed immediately. Instead, de-allocation was deferred to connection close. A client could send new requests and resets, keeping the connection busy and open and causing the memory footprint to keep on growing. On connection close, all resources were reclaimed, but the process might run out of memory before that.

This was found by the reporter during testing of CVE-2023-44487 (HTTP/2 Rapid Reset Exploit) with their own test client. During 'normal' HTTP/2 use, the probability to hit this bug is very low. The kept memory would not become noticeable before the connection closes or times out.

## Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.17 - 2.4.57 DoS Vulnerability - Linux

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100310Version used: 2024-08-02T05:05:39Z

#### **Product Detection Result**

Product: cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52

Method: Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117232)

#### References

cve: CVE-2023-45802

url: https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\_24.html#2.4.58

url: https://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2023/10/19/6 url: https://github.com/icing/blog/blob/main/h2-rapid-reset.md

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2024-0769 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-2917 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-2712 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-2968 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1411 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1335 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1152 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2024-1010 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-3071

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-2596 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-2583

Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: Enabled Directory Listing/Indexing Detection (HTTP)

### Summary

The script attempts to identify directories with an enabled directory listing/indexing on a remote web server.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 30%

## Vulnerability Detection Result

The following directories with an enabled directory listing/indexing were identi

http://10.0.0.112/mutillidae

Please review the content manually.

#### Impact

Based on the information shown an attacker might be able to gather additional info about the structure of this application.

#### Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

If not needed disable the directory listing/indexing within the web servers config.

# Affected Software/OS

Web servers with an enabled directory listing/indexing.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks previously detected directories on a remote web server if a directory listing/indexing is enabled.

Note: This check has a low QoD (Quality of Detection) value as it is not possible to automatically determine if the directory listing/indexing has been enabled on purpose (which is also a valid use case for some software products).

Details: Enabled Directory Listing/Indexing Detection (HTTP)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111074Version used: 2024-12-17T05:05:41Z

#### References

cve: CVE-2023-37599
cve: CVE-2024-1076

url: https://wiki.owasp.org/index.php/OWASP\_Periodic\_Table\_of\_Vulnerabilities\_-\_

 $\hookrightarrow$ Directory\_Indexing

[ return to 10.0.0.112 ]

## 2.1.5 Low general/icmp

#### Low (CVSS: 2.1)

 ${
m NVT}$ : ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

#### Summary

The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request.

## Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

## Vulnerability Detection Result

The following response / ICMP packet has been received:

- ICMP Type: 14 - ICMP Code: 0

## Impact

This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.

#### Solution:

## Solution type: Mitigation

Various mitigations are possible:

- Disable the support for ICMP timestamp on the remote host completely
- Protect the remote host by a firewall, and block ICMP packets passing through the firewall in either direction (either completely or only for untrusted networks)

## Vulnerability Insight

The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp.

#### Vulnerability Detection Method

Sends an ICMP Timestamp (Type 13) request and checks if a Timestamp Reply (Type 14) is received

Details: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190 Version used: 2025-01-21T05:37:33Z

## References

cve: CVE-1999-0524

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc792
url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc2780

cert-bund: CB-K15/1514
cert-bund: CB-K14/0632
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0658

[ return to 10.0.0.112 ]

## 2.1.6 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)

 ${
m NVT:\ TCP\ Timestamps\ Information\ Disclosure}$ 

#### Summary

The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.

## Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

It was detected that the host implements RFC1323/RFC7323.

The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between:

Packet 1: 2560935009 Packet 2: 2560936100

#### Impact

A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

#### Solution:

## Solution type: Mitigation

To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp\_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl-p' to apply the settings at runtime.

To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment.

See the references for more information.

## Affected Software/OS

TCP implementations that implement RFC1323/RFC7323.

## Vulnerability Insight

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323/RFC7323.

## Vulnerability Detection Method

Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported.

Details: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091 Version used: 2023-12-15T16:10:08Z

#### References

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1323

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7323

url: https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/d

→ownload/details.aspx?id=9152

url: https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-16-090

## $2.1.7 \quad \text{Log } 445/\text{tcp}$

## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB Login Successful For Authenticated Checks

#### Summary

It was possible to login using the provided SMB credentials. Hence authenticated checks are enabled.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

#### Solution:

## Log Method

Details: SMB Login Successful For Authenticated Checks

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108539 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2023\text{-}07\text{-}28\text{T}16\text{:}09\text{:}07\text{Z} \end{aligned}$ 

## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Microsoft Windows SMB Accessible Shares

## Summary

The script detects the Windows SMB Accessible Shares and sets the result into KB.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

# Vulnerability Detection Result

The following shares were found

IPC\$

#### Solution:

# ${\bf Log~Method}$

Details: Microsoft Windows SMB Accessible Shares

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.902425 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2023-01-31T10:08:41Z \end{aligned}$ 

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB/CIFS Server Detection

## Summary

This script detects whether port 445 and 139 are open and if they are running a CIFS/SMB server

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

## Vulnerability Detection Result

A CIFS server is running on this port

Solution:

#### Log Method

Details: SMB/CIFS Server Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11011 Version used: 2023-08-01T13:29:10Z

# Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: SMB log in

#### Summary

This script attempts to logon into the remote host using login/password credentials.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 97%

# Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to log into the remote host using the SMB protocol.

Solution:

## Log Method

Details: SMB log in

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10394 Version used: 2023-11-28T05:05:32Z

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB Remote Version Detection

## Summary

 $Detection \ of \ Server \ Message \ Block (SMB).$ 

This script sends SMB Negotiation request and try to get the version from the response.

## Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

# Vulnerability Detection Result

SMBv2 and SMBv3 are enabled on remote target

#### Solution:

## Log Method

 $\operatorname{Details:}$  SMB Remote Version Detection

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.807830 \\ & \text{Version used: } \textbf{2023-07-26T05:05:09Z} \end{aligned}$ 

[ return to 10.0.0.112 ]

## 2.1.8 Log 21/tcp

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

# NVT: Services

#### Summary

This plugin performs service detection.

## Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

An FTP server is running on this port.

Here is its banner :
220 (vsFTPd 3.0.5)

#### **Solution:**

#### Vulnerability Insight

This plugin attempts to guess which service is running on the remote port(s). For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

# Log Method

Details: Services

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2023\text{-}06\text{-}14\text{T}05\text{:}05\text{:}19\text{Z} \end{aligned}$ 

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: FTP Banner Detection

## Summary

This script detects and reports a FTP Server Banner.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Remote FTP server banner:

220 (vsFTPd 3.0.5) This is probably (a):

- vsFTPd

#### Solution:

### Log Method

 $\begin{array}{lll} Details: \ \mathsf{FTP} \ \ \mathsf{Banner} \ \ \mathsf{Detection} \\ OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10092 \end{array}$ 

Version used: 2024-06-07T15:38:39Z

## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

# NVT: vsFTPd FTP Server Detection

#### **Summary**

The script is grabbing the banner of a FTP server and attempts to identify a vsFTPd FTP Server and its version from the reply.

# Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected vsFTPd

Version: 3.0.5 Location: 21/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:beasts:vsftpd:3.0.5

Concluded from version/product identification result:

220 (vsFTPd 3.0.5)

#### Solution:

## Log Method

Details: vsFTPd FTP Server Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111050Version used: 2023-07-26T05:05:09Z

 $^{28}$ 

## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: FTP Missing Support For AUTH TLS

#### Summary

The remote FTP server does not support the 'AUTH TLS' command.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

## Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote FTP server does not support the 'AUTH TLS' command.

Solution:

# Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: FTP Missing Support For AUTH TLS

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108553 Version used: 2021-03-19T08:13:38Z

[ return to 10.0.0.112 ]

## 2.1.9 Log 53/tcp

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Check open ports

## Summary

This plugin checks if the port scanners did not kill a service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

# Vulnerability Detection Result

This port was detected as being open by a port scanner but is now closed. This service might have been crashed by a port scanner or by a plugin

Solution:

## Log Method

Details: Check open ports OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10919 Version used: 2023-08-03T05:05:16Z

# Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: DNS Server Detection (TCP)

#### Summary

TCP based detection of a DNS server.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

## Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote DNS server banner is: 9.18.30-Oubuntu0.22.04.2-Ubuntu

#### Solution:

# Log Method

Details: DNS Server Detection (TCP) OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108018 Version used: 2021-11-30T08:05:58Z

[ return to 10.0.0.112 ]

# 2.1.10 Log general/tcp

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Hostname Determination Reporting

#### Summary

The script reports information on how the hostname of the target was determined.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Hostname determination for IP 10.0.0.112:

Hostname | Source

10.0.0.112 | IP-address

# Solution:

# Log Method

 $\operatorname{Details:}$  Hostname Determination Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108449 Version used: 2022-07-27T10:11:28Z

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# Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: ISC BIND Detection Consolidation

#### Summary

Consolidation of ISC BIND detections.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected ISC BIND

Version: 9.18.30 Location: 53/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.18.30

Concluded from version/product identification result:

9.18.30-0ubuntu0.22.04.2-Ubuntu

## Solution:

#### Log Method

Details: ISC BIND Detection Consolidation

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.145294 Version used: 2022-03-28T10:48:38Z

#### References

url: https://www.isc.org/bind/

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

# NVT: Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation

#### Summary

Consolidation of Apache HTTP Server detections.

# Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

# Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected Apache HTTP Server

Version: 2.4.52 Location: 80/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52 Concluded from version/product identification result:

Server: Apache/2.4.52 (Ubuntu)

## Solution:

## Log Method

Details: Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117232 Version used: 2024-03-08T15:37:10Z

#### References

url: https://httpd.apache.org

## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

## NVT: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

#### Summary

This script consolidates the OS information detected by several VTs and tries to find the best matching OS.

Furthermore it reports all previously collected information leading to this best matching OS. It also reports possible additional information which might help to improve the OS detection. If any of this information is wrong or could be improved please consider to report these to the referenced community forum.

## Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

## Vulnerability Detection Result

Best matching OS:

OS: Ubuntu

CPE: cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu\_linux

Found by VT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108014 (Operating System (OS) Detection (DNS)

 $\hookrightarrow$ ))

Concluded from DNS server banner on port 53/tcp: 9.18.30-Oubuntu0.22.04.2-Ubuntu Setting key "Host/runs\_unixoide" based on this information

Other OS detections (in order of reliability):

OS: Linux/Unix

CPE: cpe:/o:linux:kernel

Found by VT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105355 (Operating System (OS) Detection (FTP

 $\rightarrow$ ))

Concluded from FTP banner on port 21/tcp: 220 (vsFTPd 3.0.5)

OS: Ubuntu 22.04

Version: 22.04

CPE: cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu\_linux:22.04

Found by VT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111067 (Operating System (OS) Detection (HTT

 $\hookrightarrow$ P))

Concluded from HTTP Server banner on port 80/tcp: Server: Apache/2.4.52 (Ubuntu)

OS: Ubuntu

CPE: cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu\_linux

Found by VT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111067 (Operating System (OS) Detection (HTT

 $\hookrightarrow$ P))

Concluded from HTTP Server default page on port 80/tcp: <title>Apache2 Ubuntu De  $\hookrightarrow$  fault Page

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... continued from previous page ...

#### Solution:

## Log Method

 $\operatorname{Details}:$  OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937 Version used: 2025-01-31T15:39:24Z

#### References

url: https://forum.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests/7

# Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Traceroute

#### Summary

Collect information about the network route and network distance between the scanner host and the target host.

# Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

Network route from scanner (10.0.0.116) to target (10.0.0.112):

10.0.0.116

10.0.0.112

Network distance between scanner and target: 2

## Solution:

## Vulnerability Insight

For internal networks, the distances are usually small, often less than 4 hosts between scanner and target. For public targets the distance is greater and might be 10 hosts or more.

## Log Method

A combination of the protocols ICMP and TCP is used to determine the route. This method is applicable for IPv4 only and it is also known as 'traceroute'.

Details: Traceroute

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.51662Version used: 2022-10-17T11:13:19Z

[ return to 10.0.0.112 ]

## $2.1.11 \quad \text{Log } 139/\text{tcp}$

# Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: SMB/CIFS Server Detection

#### Summary

This script detects whether port 445 and 139 are open and if they are running a CIFS/SMB server.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

## Vulnerability Detection Result

A SMB server is running on this port

Solution:

#### Log Method

Details: SMB/CIFS Server Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11011 Version used: 2023-08-01T13:29:10Z

 $[ \ \mathrm{return} \ \mathrm{to} \ 10.0.0.112 \ ]$ 

# 2.1.12 Log 80/tcp

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: HTTP Server Banner Enumeration

#### Summary

This script tries to detect / enumerate different HTTP server banner (e.g. from a frontend, backend or proxy server) by sending various different HTTP requests (valid and invalid ones).

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

## Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to enumerate the following HTTP server banner(s):

Server banner | Enumeration technique

\_\_\_\_\_

Server: Apache/2.4.52 (Ubuntu) | Invalid HTTP 00.5 GET request (non-existent HTT  $\hookrightarrow\!P$  version) to '/'

Solution:

#### Log Method

Details: HTTP Server Banner Enumeration

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108708

 $\dots$  continues on next page  $\dots$ 

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Version used: 2025-01-31T15:39:24Z

## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

## NVT: HTTP Security Headers Detection

#### Summary

All known security headers are being checked on the remote web server.

On completion a report will hand back whether a specific security header has been implemented (including its value and if it is deprecated) or is missing on the target.

## Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

```
Vulnerability Detection Result
Missing Headers
                                    | More Information
Content-Security-Policy
                                    https://owasp.org/www-project-secure-headers

→/#content-security-policy

Cross-Origin-Embedder-Policy
                                    | https://scotthelme.co.uk/coop-and-coep/, Not
\hookrightarrowe: This is an upcoming header
Cross-Origin-Opener-Policy
                                    | https://scotthelme.co.uk/coop-and-coep/, Not
\hookrightarrowe: This is an upcoming header
Cross-Origin-Resource-Policy
                                    | https://scotthelme.co.uk/coop-and-coep/, Not
\hookrightarrowe: This is an upcoming header
                                     | https://w3c.github.io/webappsec-feature-poli
Document-Policy
\hookrightarrowcy/document-policy#document-policy-http-header
                                     | https://owasp.org/www-project-secure-headers
Feature-Policy
←/#feature-policy, Note: The Feature Policy header has been renamed to Permissi
\hookrightarrowons Policy
Permissions-Policy
                                     https://w3c.github.io/webappsec-feature-poli
\hookrightarrowcy/#permissions-policy-http-header-field
                                    | https://owasp.org/www-project-secure-headers
Referrer-Policy
| https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web
Sec-Fetch-Dest
\hookrightarrow/HTTP/Headers#fetch_metadata_request_headers, Note: This is a new header suppo
\hookrightarrowrted only in newer browsers like e.g. Firefox 90
                                    https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web
← HTTP/Headers#fetch_metadata_request_headers, Note: This is a new header suppo
\hookrightarrowrted only in newer browsers like e.g. Firefox 90
Sec-Fetch-Site
                                     | https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web
← HTTP/Headers#fetch_metadata_request_headers, Note: This is a new header suppo
\hookrightarrowrted only in newer browsers like e.g. Firefox 90
Sec-Fetch-User
                                    | https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web
\hookrightarrow/HTTP/Headers#fetch_metadata_request_headers, Note: This is a new header suppo
\hookrightarrowrted only in newer browsers like e.g. Firefox 90
X-Content-Type-Options
                              | https://owasp.org/www-project-secure-headers
... continues on next page ...
```

#### Solution:

#### Log Method

Details: HTTP Security Headers Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.112081 Version used: 2021-07-14T06:19:43Z

#### References

url: https://owasp.org/www-project-secure-headers/

url: https://owasp.org/www-project-secure-headers/#div-headers

url: https://securityheaders.com/

#### Log (CVSS: 0.0)

## NVT: Web Application Scanning Consolidation / Info Reporting

## Summary

The script consolidates and reports various information for web application (formerly called 'CGI') scanning.

This information is based on the following scripts / settings:

- HTTP-Version Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100034)
- No 404 check (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10386)
- Web mirroring / webmirror.nasl (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10662)
- Directory Scanner / DDI Directory Scanner.nasl (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11032)
- The configured 'cgi\_path' within the 'Scanner Preferences' of the scan config in use
- The configured 'Enable CGI scanning', 'Enable generic web application scanning' and 'Add historic /scripts and /cgi-bin to directories for CGI scanning' within the 'Global variable settings' of the scan config in use

If you think any of this information is wrong please report it to the referenced community forum.

## Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

# Vulnerability Detection Result

The Hostname/IP "10.0.0.112" was used to access the remote host.

Generic web application scanning is disabled for this host via the "Enable gener  $\hookrightarrow$  ic web application scanning" option within the "Global variable settings" of t  $\hookrightarrow$ he scan config in use.

Requests to this service are done via HTTP/1.1.

This service seems to be able to host PHP scripts.

This service seems to be able to host ASP scripts.

The User-Agent "Mozilla/5.0 [en] (X11, U; Greenbone OS 22.04.27)" was used to ac  $\hookrightarrow$ cess the remote host.

Historic /scripts and /cgi-bin are not added to the directories used for web app  $\hookrightarrow$ lication scanning. You can enable this again with the "Add historic /scripts a  $\hookrightarrow$ nd /cgi-bin to directories for CGI scanning" option within the "Global variabl  $\hookrightarrow$ e settings" of the scan config in use.

The following directories were used for web application scanning:

http://10.0.0.112/

http://10.0.0.112/dvwa

http://10.0.0.112/mutillidae

http://10.0.0.112/mutillidae/src

While this is not, in and of itself, a bug, you should manually inspect these di  $\hookrightarrow$ rectories to ensure that they are in compliance with company security standard  $\hookrightarrow$ s

The following directories were excluded from web application scanning because th  $\hookrightarrow$ e "Regex pattern to exclude directories from CGI scanning" setting of the VT "  $\hookrightarrow$ Global variable settings" (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.12288) for this scan was  $\hookrightarrow$ : "/(index\.php|image|img|css|js\$|js/|javascript|style|theme|icon|jquery|graph  $\hookrightarrow$ ic|grafik|picture|bilder|thumbnail|media/|skins?/)"

http://10.0.0.112/icons

http://10.0.0.112/javascript

Directory index found at:

http://10.0.0.112/mutillidae/

The following CGIs were discovered:

Syntax : cginame (arguments [default value])

http://10.0.0.112/mutillidae/ (C=S;0 [A] C=N;0 [D] C=M;0 [A] C=D;0 [A] )

## Solution:

## Log Method

Details: Web Application Scanning Consolidation / Info Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111038 Version used: 2024-09-19T05:05:57Z

### References

url: https://forum.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests/7

# Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Check open ports

#### Summary

This plugin checks if the port scanners did not kill a service.

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# Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

### Vulnerability Detection Result

This port was detected as being open by a port scanner but is now closed. This service might have been crashed by a port scanner or by a plugin

#### Solution:

## Log Method

Details: Check open ports OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10919 Version used: 2023-08-03T05:05:16Z

# Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: Services

# Summary

This plugin performs service detection.

## Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

## **Vulnerability Detection Result**

A web server is running on this port

## Solution:

# Vulnerability Insight

This plugin attempts to guess which service is running on the remote port(s). For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

## Log Method

Details: Services

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330Version used: 2023-06-14T05:05:19Z

## Log (CVSS: 0.0)

# NVT: HTTP Server type and version

## Summary

This script detects and reports the HTTP Server's banner which might provide the type and version of it.

# Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

## Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote HTTP Server banner is: Server: Apache/2.4.52 (Ubuntu)

#### Solution:

#### Log Method

Details: HTTP Server type and version

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10107 Version used: 2023-08-01T13:29:10Z

[ return to 10.0.0.112 ]

# 2.1.13 Log general/CPE-T

# Log (CVSS: 0.0) NVT: CPE Inventory

## Summary

This routine uses information collected by other routines about CPE identities of operating systems, services and applications detected during the scan.

Note: Some CPEs for specific products might show up twice or more in the output. Background: After a product got renamed or a specific vendor was acquired by another one it might happen that a product gets a new CPE within the NVD CPE Dictionary but older entries are kept with the older CPE.

# Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

#### Vulnerability Detection Result

10.0.0.112|cpe:/a:apache:http\_server:2.4.52 10.0.0.112|cpe:/a:beasts:vsftpd:3.0.5 10.0.0.112|cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.18.30

10.0.0.112 | cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu\_linux

# Solution:

#### Log Method

Details: CPE Inventory

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.810002 Version used: 2022-07-27T10:11:28Z

## References

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url: https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe	
[ return to 10.0.0.112 ]	

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