#### 1 Basic

## [atomicc.basic]

1.1 Introduction [atomicc.intro]

AtomicC is a structural hardware description language that extends C++ with Bluespec-style modules, rules, interfaces, and methods.

AtomicC is structural in that all state elements in the hardware netlist are explicit in the source code of the design. AtomicC is a timed HDL, using SystemC terminology. Atomic actions (rules and method invocations) execute in a single clock cycle.

Like Connectal, AtomicC designs may include both hardware and software, using interfaces to specify hardware/software communication in a type safe way. The AtomicC compiler generates the code to pass arguments between hardware and software.

#### 1.2 Compilation

[atomicc.compilation]

AtomicC execution consists of 3 phases:

- netlist generation,
- netlist compilation or implementation
- and runtime.

During netlist generation, modules are instantiated by executing their constructors. During this phase, any C++ constructs may be used, but the resulting netlist may only contain synthesizeable components.

During netlist compilation, the netlist is analyzed and translated to an intermediate representation and then to Verilog for simulation or synthesis. Alternate translations are possible: to native code via LLVM, to System C, to Gallina for formal verification with the Coq Proof Assistant, etc.

1.3 Scheduling [atomicc.schedule]

Unlike C++'s serialized execution model, AtomicC allows all 'ready' rules (transactions) to be executed on every clock cycle. The AtomicC compiler verifies that it is possible to consider all rules executed during a given clock cycle as though they were serialized into some linear, atomic ordering (in other words, "sequentially consistent"(SC)). Even though all concurrent rules are executed during the same clock cycle, SC allows us to examine the effects of each rule independant of any rules that could be executing at the same time.

Each rule has a set of state elements that it reads and another set of element that it writes. For the execution of a group of rules to be considered to be SC, the following must be true:

- Atomic: All operations for a given rule occur at the same point in the sequence.
- Read-before-write: A rule that writes a state element must occur later in the sequence than any rules that read the same state element.
- Non-conflicting: A given state element cannot be written by more than one concurrently executing rule.

Scheduling is done by building a graph:

- Nodes are rules/methods within a module.
- For all state elements, insert directed links from each node that writes the state element to every node that reads it.
- Verify that this graph has no cycles.

Cycles can be broken in 2 ways:

- Rules default to have lower priority than methods within a module.
- In the source text, "priority" statements can be used to break cycles when necessary.

The compiler and linker do not break cycles automatically and issue and require the user to annotate the source text with "priority" statements to resolve conflicts.

§ 1.3

2 Classes [class]

#### 2.1 \_\_\_module, \_\_\_emodule

[atomicc.module]

A module is defined using the keyword "\_\_\_module", resulting in generation of a corresponding output verilog module. It includes local state elements, interfaces exported, interfaces imported and rules for clustering operations into atomic transactions.

Modules are independently compiled, even if they exist in the same compilation unit. Rule and interface method scheduling logic is generated as part of the generated module. Scheduling constraints (read set, write set and relation to other scheduled elements) are generated into a metadata file, allowing schedule consistency between modules to be verified by the linker.

[Example:

```
__module Echo {
                                                      // exported interface
          EchoRequest
                             request;
                                                      // imported interface
          EchoIndication
                             *indication;
          bool busy;
          __int(32) itemSay;
          // implementation of method request.say(). Note the guard "if (!busy)".
          void request.say(__int(32) v) if(!busy) {
               itemSay = v;
          }
          void request.saw(__int(16) a, __int(16) b) if(!busy) {
          }
      };
— end example]
```

To reference a separately compiled module, use " $\_$ emodule". These external module definitions only need to include the exported/imported interfaces.

[Example:

#### 2.2 interface

[atomicc.interface]

An AtomicC interface is essentially an abstract class similar to a Java interface. All the methods are virtual and no default implementations are provided. AtomicC style uses composition of interfaces rather than inheritance.

The \_\_\_interface keyword defines a list of methods that are exposed from an object. Instead of using object inheritance to define reusable interfaces, they are defined/exported explicitly by objects, allowing fine-grained specification of interface method visibility.

Methods of a module are translated to value ports for passing the method arguments and a pair of handshaking ports used for scheduling method invocations.

References to an object can only be done through interface methods. State element declarations inside an object (member variables) are private.

[Example:

```
__interface EchoRequest {
   void say(__int(32) v);
   void say2(__int(16) a, __int(16) b);
};
```

§ 2.2

#### 2.3 guard clauses on module interface methods

[atomicc.guard]

<sup>1</sup> Method definitions in module declarations have the form:

```
atomicc-method-definition: \\ decl-specifier-seq_{opt} \ interface-qualifier-seq\ identifier\ parameters-and-qualifiers\ function-body \\ interface-qualifier: \\ identifier\ . \\ interface-qualifier-seq: \\ interface-qualifier \\ interface-qualifier \\ atomicc-function-body: \\ ctor-initializer_{opt}\ if-guard_{opt}\ compound-statement \\ if-guard: \\ if\ (\ condition\ )
```

Rules are only ready to fire if the rule's guard is true and all the guards on methods invoked within the rule are also true.

```
void request.say(__int(32) v) if(!busy) {
   itemSay = v;
   ...
}
```

2.4 \_\_\_connect

[atomicc.connect]

The \_\_\_connect statement allows exported interface declarations to be connected with imported interface references between objects within a module declaration.

```
connect-declaration:
```

```
[Example:
    __interface ExampleRequest {
        void say(__int(32) v);
};

    __module A {
        ExampleRequest callIn;
};

    __module B {
        ExampleRequest *callOut;
};

    __module C {
        A consumer;
        B producer;
        __connect producer.callOut = consumer.callIn;
};
```

\_\_connect identifier = identifier ;

Comparision with BSV:

— end example]

- The declaration for 'A' is just like BSV. In BSV, the declaration for B requires the interface be passed in as an interface parameter (forcing a textual ordering to the source code declaration sequence).
- In AtomicC, the interfaces are stitched together outside in any convenient sequence in a location where both the concrete instances for A and B are visible.

#### 2.5 To export interfaces from contained objects

[atomicc.export]

```
forward-declaration:
    __forward identifier = identifier;
```

§ 2.5

```
[Example:
```

```
__module CWrapper {
          A consumer;
          ExampleRequest request = A.callIn;
    };
— end example]
```

CWrapper just forwards the interface 'request' down into the instance 'consumer'.

#### 2.6 Syntax extension to C++

[atomicc.classsyn]

atomicc-class-key:
 \_\_interface
 \_\_emodule
 \_\_module

§ 2.6 4

### 3 Statements

- end example]

[stmt.stmt]

3.1 \_\_\_rule [atomicc.rule]

Rules specify the behavior with a design. A rule operates transactionally: when a rule's guard and the guards of all of its method invocations are satisfied, then it is ready to fire. It will fire on a clock cycle when it does not conflict with any higher priority rule. A rule executes atomically.

rule-statement:
 \_\_rule identifier if-guardopt compound-statement

[Example:
 // default guard is true
 \_\_rule respond\_rule {
 fifo->out.deq();
 ind->heard(fifo->out.first());
}

§ 3.1 5

## 4 Declarations

[dcl.dcl]

4.1 bitstring [atomicc.bitdecl]

To declare a bitstring with or without sign extension.

```
bit-type-specifier:
    __uint ( constant-expression )
    __int ( constant-expression )
```

§ 4.1

## 5 Expressions

[expr]

5.1 Built-in functions	[atomicc.builtin]
5.1.1bitsize	$[{\bf atomicc. bit size}]$
Function to return size in bits of a type or variable.	
5.1.2bitsubstr	$[{\bf atomicc.bitsubstr}]$
Function to return bit slice of bitstring	
5.1.3bitconcat	$[{\bf atomicc.bit concat}]$
Function to bitstring that is the concatenation of all of the member	er values of the call.
5.2bit_cast	[atomicc.cast]
This can now be used to cast any data type to/from $\{\rm int}(A)$ , allo level.	owing operations to be performed on a bit
atomic-bit-cast:	
$\_$ _bit_cast < $type\text{-}id$ > ( $expression$ )	

§ 5.2 7

## 6 Modularization [atomicc.modularization]

#### 6.1 Independant compilation of modules

[atomicc.independent]

The design is separated into modules that can export and import interfaces to other modules. Each source language module compiles into a single verilog module. Modules are independently compiled, depending only on the interface definitions for referenced modules. Referencing modules do not depend on the internal implementation of referenced modules, even if they textually exist in the same compilation unit. Scheduling of rules in a module is performed "inside out", with the resulting schedule dependencies written to a metadata file during compilation.

#### 6.2 Execution control

[atomicc.econtrol]

There are 2 common styles for communication of execution control information for a method:

- Asymmetric (ready/enable signalling) A method/rule is invoked by asserting the "enable" signal. This signal can only be asserted if the "ready" signal was valid, allowing the called module to restrict permissible execution sequences.
- Symmetric (ready/valid signalling) Both caller/callee have "able to be executed" signals. Execution is deemed to take place in each cycle where both "ready" (from the callee) and "valid" (from the caller) are asserted.

Bluespec uses the Asymmetric signalling style, collecting all scheduling control into a central location for analysis/generation. AtomicC uses the Symmetric signalling style, giving modules local control over their allowable execution patterns. Conflicts between local schedules for modules when they are connected together are detected by the linker.

#### 6.3 Linking of groups of modules

[atomicc.linker]

To verify that an instantiated group of modules has SC compliant execution characteristics, a linker is used to cross check information from the metadata files for each module.

#### 6.4 Interfacing with verilog modules

[atomicc.verilog]

To reference a module in verilog, fields can be declared in interface items.

[Example:

This will allow references/instantiation of an externally defined verilog module CONNECTNET2 that has 2 'input' ports, IN1 and IN2, as well as 2 'output' ports, OUT1 and OUT2.

#### 6.4.1 Parameterized modules

[atomicc.param]

Verilog modules that have module instantiation parameters can also be declared/referenced.

[Example:

§ 6.4.1

```
};
       __emodule MMCME2_ADV {
           Mmcme2MMCME2_ADV _;
       };
— end example]
This example can be instantiated as:
[Example:
       __module Test {
           MMCME2_ADV#(BANDWIDTH="WIDE", CLKFBOUT_MULT_F=1.0) mmcm;
           . . .
           Test() {
              __rule initRule {
                  mmcm._.CLKFBIN = mmcm._.CLKFBOUT;
           }
       }
— end example]
```

#### 6.4.2 Reference syntax

[atomicc.refsyntax]

```
atomicc-method-declaration:
    attribute-specifier-seqopt pin-typeopt decl-specifier-seqopt member-declarator-listopt;
pin-type:
    __input
    __output
    __inout
    __parameter

[Example:
    __interface <interfaceName> {
        __input __uint(1) executeMethod;
        __input __uint(16) methodArgument;
        __output __uint(1) methodReady;
}
-- end example]
```

For '\_\_\_parameter' items, supported datatypes include: "const char \*", "float", "int".

Factoring of interfaces into sub interfaces is also supported.

#### 6.4.3 Clock/reset ports

[atomicc.clockReset]

Note that if interface port pins are declared in a module interface declaration, then CLK and nRST are \_not\_ automatically declared/instantiated. (Since the user needs the flexibility to not require them when interfacing with legacy code).

Note that this also allows arbitrary signals (like the output of clock generators) to be passed to modules as CLK/nRST signals. (For Atomicc generated modules, please note that the default clock/reset signals for a module will always have these names)

#### 6.4.4 Import tooling

[atomicc.itool]

There is a tool to automate the creation of AtomicC header files from verilog source files. [Example:

```
atomiccImport -o MMCME2_ADV.h -C MMCME2_ADV -P Mmcme2 zynq.lib atomiccImport -o VMMCME2_ADV.h -C MMCME2_ADV -P Mmcme2 MMCME2_ADV.v — end example]
```

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## 7 Usage

## [atomicc.usage]

#### 7.1 Command line switches

[atomicc.command]

Command line switches...

#### 7.2 debugging with printf

[atomicc.printf]

To aid debugging with a simulator, "printf" statements in \_\_\_module declarations are translated to "\$display" statements in the generated verilog. For debugging with synthesized hardware, "printf" statements are translated into indication packets sent through the NOC back to the software side host program. The format strings for the printf statements are placed into a generated file in generated/xxx.generated.printf along with a list of the bit lengths for each parameter to the printf.

To use the NOC printf:

```
— add the following line to the ___module being tested:
    __printf;

— add a line similar to the following (with the 'xxx' replaced) to the test program:
    atomiccPrintfInit("generated/rulec.generated.printf");
    printf-declaration:
    __printf ;
```

§ 7.2

## Annex A (informative) Grammar summary

[agram]

<sup>1</sup> Summary of grammar.

```
A.1 Classes
                                                                                                             [agram.class]
       atomicc-method-definition:
             decl-specifier-seq_{opt} interface-qualifier-seq identifier parameters-and-qualifiers function-body
       interface-qualifier:
             identifier .
      interface \hbox{-} qualifier \hbox{-} seq:
             interface-qualifier
             interface-qualifier-seq interface-qualifier
      atomicc-function-body:
             ctor	ext{-}initializer_{opt} if	ext{-}guard_{opt} compound	ext{-}statement
      if-guard:
             if ( condition )
       connect\text{-}declaration:
             __connect identifier = identifier ;
      forward-declaration:
             __forward identifier = identifier;
      atomic c\hbox{-} class\hbox{-} key\colon
             __interface
             __emodule
             __module
A.2 Statements
                                                                                                             [agram.stmt]
      rule-statement:
             \_\_rule identifier\ if\ -guard_{opt}\ compound\ -statement
                                                                                                               [agram.dcl]
\mathbf{A.3}
      Declarations
       bit-type-specifier:
             \_\_\mathtt{uint} ( constant\text{-}expression )
             __int ( constant-expression )
A.4 Expressions
                                                                                                             [agram.expr]
       atomic-bit-cast:
             __bit_cast < type-id > ( expression )
       atomicc-method-declaration:
             attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} pin-type_{opt} decl-specifier-seq_{opt} member-declarator-list_{opt};
      pin-type:
             __input
             __output
             __inout
             __parameter
      print f\!\!-\!declaration:
             __printf ;
```

§ A.4

# Annex B (informative) Scheduling examples [scheduleExample]

 $^{1}$  Examples of how scheduling is computed



Figure 1 — Simple ordering example

A simple SC example is shown in Figure 1. There are 3 rules: RuleA, RuleB and RuleC. There are 3 state elements: E1, E2 and E3.

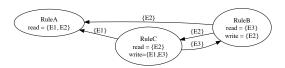


Figure 2 — non-SC ordering example

A non-SC example is shown in Figure 2.

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## Annex C (informative) Grammar integration with C++ summary [gram]

<sup>1</sup> Summary of C++ grammar

Keywords [gram.key] C.1

1 New context-dependent keywords are introduced into a program by typedef (??), namespace (??), class (Clause 2), enumeration (??), and template (??) declarations.

```
typedef-name:
      identifier
name space-name:
      identifier
      name space-alias \\
name space-alias:
      identifier
class-name:
      identifier
      simple\mbox{-}template\mbox{-}id
enum-name:
      identifier
template-name:
      identifier
```

Note that a *typedef-name* naming a class is also a *class-name* (??).

#### C.2 Lexical conventions

" q-char-sequence "

[gram.lex]

```
hex-quad:
      hexadecimal	ext{-}digit\ hexadecimal	ext{-}digit\ hexadecimal	ext{-}digit
universal\hbox{-}character\hbox{-}name:
      \u hex-quad
      \U hex-quad hex-quad
preprocessing-token:
      header-name
      identifier
      pp-number
      character\hbox{-}literal
      user-defined-character-literal\\
      string	ext{-}literal
      user\hbox{-} defined\hbox{-} string\hbox{-} literal
      preprocessing-op-or-punc
      each non-white-space character that cannot be one of the above
token:
      identifier
      keyword
      literal
      operator
      punctuator
header-name:
      < h-char-sequence >
```

```
h-char-sequence:
      h-char
      h-char-sequence h-char
      any member of the source character set except new-line and >
q	ext{-}char	ext{-}sequence:
      q-char
      q-char-sequence q-char
      any member of the source character set except new-line and "
pp-number:
      digit
      . digit
      pp-number digit
      pp-number identifier-nondigit
      pp-number ' digit
      pp-number ' nondigit
      pp-number e sign
      pp-number E sign
      pp-number p sign
      pp-number P sign
      pp-number.
identifier:
      identifier{-nondigit}
      identifier\ identifier\text{-}nondigit
      identifier\ digit
identifier\text{-}nondigit:
      nondigit
      universal-character-name
nondigit: one of
      abcdefghijklm
      nopqrstuvwxyz
      ABCDEFGHIJKLM
      digit: one of
      0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
preprocessing-op-or-punc: one of
      {
                 }
                             Ε
                                       ]
                                                              ##
                                                                         (
      <:
                 :>
                             <%
                                       %>
                                                              %:%:
      new
                 delete
                            ?
                                        ::
      !
                 +
                                                                                    &
                                                              %=
                 +=
                                        *=
                                                                                               1=
                 !=
                             <
                                                                                               \Pi
      ==
                                                   <=
                                                              >=
      <<
                 >>
                            <<=
                                       >>=
                                                   ++
      and
                 or
                            xor
                                       not
                                                  {\tt bitand}
                                                             bitor
                                                                         compl
      and_eq
                 or_eq
                            xor_eq
                                       not_eq
literal:
      integer\hbox{-}literal
      character\hbox{-}literal
      floating	ext{-}literal
      string	ext{-}literal
      boolean\hbox{-}literal
      pointer-literal
      user\text{-}defined\text{-}literal
integer\hbox{-} literal\colon
      binary-literal integer-suffix_{opt}
      octal-literal integer-suffixopt
      decimal-literal integer-suffix_{opt}
      hexadecimal-literal integer-suffix<sub>opt</sub>
```

```
binary-literal:
      Ob binary-digit
      OB binary-digit
      binary\text{-}literal \ \verb|'|_{opt} \ binary\text{-}digit
octal-literal:
       octal-literal ' _{opt} octal-digit
decimal-literal:
      nonzero-digit
       decimal-literal ', _{opt} digit
hexa decimal \hbox{-} literal \hbox{:}
      hexa decimal-prefix\ hexa decimal-digit-sequence
binary-digit: one of
      0 1
octal-digit: one of
      0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
nonzero-digit: one of
       1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
hexadecimal-prefix: one of
      Ox OX
hexadecimal-digit-sequence:
       hexadecimal-digit
       hexadecimal-digit-sequence '_{opt} hexadecimal-digit
hexadecimal-digit: one of
      0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
      abcdef
      ABCDEF
integer\hbox{-} suffix:
       unsigned-suffix\ long-suffix_{opt}
       unsigned-suffix long-long-suffix_{opt}
       long-suffix unsigned-suffix_{opt}
       long-long-suffix \ unsigned-suffix_{opt}
unsigned-suffix: one of
      u U
long-suffix: one of
      1 L
long\text{-}long\text{-}suffix: one of
      11 LL
character\mbox{-}literal:
       encoding-prefix_{opt} ' c-char-sequence '
encoding-prefix: one of
      u8 u U L
c-char-sequence:
      c-char
       c-char-sequence c-char
c-char:
       any member of the source character set except the single-quote ', backslash \, or new-line character
       escape-sequence
       universal-character-name
escape\mbox{-}sequence:
      simple-escape-sequence\\
       octal\text{-}escape\text{-}sequence
      hexa decimal \hbox{-} escape \hbox{-} sequence
simple-escape-sequence: one of
      \' \" \? \\
\a \b \f \n \r \t \v
```

```
octal-escape-sequence:
       \ \ \  octal-digit
       \ \ \  octal-digit octal-digit
       hexadecimal-escape-sequence:
       \x hexadecimal-digit
       hexadecimal\text{-}escape\text{-}sequence\ hexadecimal\text{-}digit
floating	ext{-}literal:
       decimal-floating-literal
       hexadecimal	ext{-}floating	ext{-}literal
decimal-floating-literal:
       fractional-constant exponent-part_{opt} floating-suffix_{opt}
       digit\text{-}sequence\ exponent\text{-}part\ floating\text{-}suffix_{opt}
hexadecimal	ext{-}floating	ext{-}literal:
       hexadecimal-prefix hexadecimal-fractional-constant binary-exponent-part floating-suffix<sub>opt</sub>
       hexadecimal-prefix hexadecimal-digit-sequence binary-exponent-part floating-suffix<sub>opt</sub>
fractional-constant:
       digit-sequence opt . digit-sequence
       digit-sequence
hexadecimal-fractional-constant:
       hexadecimal-digit-sequence opt . hexadecimal-digit-sequence
       hexadecimal-digit-sequence.
exponent-part:
       e sign_{opt} digit-sequence
       \mathsf{E}\ sign_{opt}\ digit\text{-}sequence
binary-exponent-part:
       p sign_{opt} digit-sequence
       P sign_{opt} digit\text{-}sequence
sign: one of
      + -
digit-sequence:
       digit
       digit-sequence 'opt digit
floating-suffix: one of
       f 1 F L
string-literal:
       encoding-prefix_{opt} " s-char-sequence_{opt} "
       encoding-prefix_{opt} R raw-string
s-char-sequence:
       s-char
       s\text{-}char\text{-}sequence\ s\text{-}char
s-char:
       any member of the source character set except the double-quote ", backslash \, or new-line character
       escape-sequence
       universal	ext{-}character	ext{-}name
raw-string:
       " d-char-sequence_{opt} ( r-char-sequence_{opt} ) d-char-sequence_{opt} "
r-char-sequence:
       r-char
       r-char-sequence r-char
r-char:
       any member of the source character set, except a right parenthesis ) followed by
              the initial d-char-sequence (which may be empty) followed by a double quote ".
d-char-sequence:
       d-char
       d-char-sequence d-char
```

```
d-char:
               any member of the basic source character set except:
                       space, the left parenthesis (, the right parenthesis ), the backslash \setminus, and the control characters
                       representing horizontal tab, vertical tab, form feed, and newline.
        boolean\hbox{-}literal\colon
               false
               true
       pointer-literal:
               nullptr
        user-defined-literal:
               user\hbox{-} defined\hbox{-} integer\hbox{-} literal
               user\hbox{-} defined\hbox{-} floating\hbox{-} literal
               user-defined-string-literal
               user\hbox{-} defined\hbox{-} character\hbox{-} literal
        user-defined-integer-literal:
               decimal-literal ud-suffix
               octal-literal ud-suffix
               hexadecimal-literal ud-suffix
               binary-literal ud-suffix
        user\text{-}defined\text{-}floating\text{-}literal\text{:}
               fractional\text{-}constant\ exponent\text{-}part_{opt}\ ud\text{-}suffix
               digit\text{-}sequence\ exponent\text{-}part\ ud\text{-}suffix
               hexadecimal	ext{-}prefix\ hexadecimal	ext{-}fractional	ext{-}constant\ binary	ext{-}exponent	ext{-}part\ ud	ext{-}suffix
               hexadecimal	ext{-}prefix\ hexadecimal	ext{-}digit	ext{-}sequence\ binary	ext{-}exponent	ext{-}part\ ud	ext{-}suffix
        user-defined-string-literal:
               string\hbox{-}literal\ ud\hbox{-}suffix
        user-defined-character-literal:
               character-literal ud-suffix
       ud	ext{-}suffix:
               identifier
C.3
                                                                                                                                [gram.basic]
        Basics
        translation-unit:
               declaration-seq_{opt}
C.4 Expressions
                                                                                                                                [gram.expr]
       primary-expression:
               literal
               this
               ( expression )
               id\text{-}expression
               lambda\hbox{-}expression
               fold\text{-}expression
               requires-expression
        id-expression:
               unqualified\hbox{-} id
               qualified-id
       unqualified-id:
               identifier
               operator-function-id
               conversion\hbox{-} function\hbox{-} id
               literal-operator-id
               \sim class-name
               ~ decltype-specifier
               template\text{-}id
               nested-name-specifier template_{opt} unqualified-id
```

```
nested-name-specifier:
       type-name::
       name space-name::
       decltype	ext{-}specifier::
       nested-name-specifier identifier::
       nested\text{-}name\text{-}specifier \ \mathtt{template}_{opt} \ simple\text{-}template\text{-}id ::
lambda\mbox{-}expression:
       lambda\hbox{-}introducer\ compound\hbox{-}statement
       lambda\textit{-}introducer\ lambda\textit{-}declarator\ requires\textit{-}clause_{opt}\ compound\textit{-}statement
       lambda-introducer < template-parameter-list > requires-clause_{opt} compound-statement
       lambda\text{-}introducer < template\text{-}parameter\text{-}list > requires\text{-}clause_{opt}
              lambda-declarator\ requires-clause_{opt}\ compound\text{-}statement
lambda	ext{-}introducer:
       [ lambda-capture_{opt} ]
lambda\text{-}declarator:
       ( parameter-declaration-clause ) decl-specifier-seq_{opt}
              noexcept-specifier_{opt} attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} trailing-return-type_{opt}
lambda-capture:
       capture-default
       capture-list
       capture-default, capture-list
capture-default:
capture-list:
       capture
       capture-list , capture
capture:
       simple-capture \dots_{opt}
       \dots_{opt} init-capture
simple\mbox{-}capture:
       identifier
       & identifier
       this
       * this
init-capture:
       identifier initializer
       & identifier initializer
fold-expression:
       ( cast-expression fold-operator . . . )
       ( ... fold-operator cast-expression )
       ( cast-expression fold-operator ... fold-operator cast-expression )
fold-operator: one of
            !=
                  <
requires-expression:
       requires\ requirement-parameter-list_{opt}\ requirement-body
requirement-parameter-list:
       ( parameter-declaration-clause_{opt} )
requirement-body:
      { requirement-seq }
requirement-seq:
       requirement\\
       requirement-seq requirement
```

```
requirement:
       simple\text{-}requirement
       type\text{-}requirement
       compound\hbox{-} requirement
       nested-requirement
simple-requirement:
       expression;
type-requirement:
       typename nested-name-specifier_{opt} type-name;
compound\mbox{-}requirement:
       { expression } noexcept _{opt} return-type-requirement _{opt} ;
return-type-requirement:
       trailing-return-type
      \rightarrow cv-qualifier-seq<sub>opt</sub> constrained-parameter cv-qualifier-seq<sub>opt</sub> abstract-declarator<sub>opt</sub>
nested-requirement:
       requires constraint-expression;
post \textit{fix-expression} \colon
       primary-expression
       postfix\mbox{-}expression [ expr\mbox{-}or\mbox{-}braced\mbox{-}init\mbox{-}list ]
       postfix-expression ( expression-list_{opt} )
       simple-type-specifier ( expression-list_{opt} )
       typename-specifier ( expression-list_{opt} )
       simple-type-specifier\ braced-init-list
       typename\text{-}specifier\ braced\text{-}init\text{-}list
       postfix-expression . template_{opt} id-expression
       postfix\text{-}expression \rightarrow \texttt{template}_{opt} \ id\text{-}expression
       post {\it fix-expression}\ .\ pseudo-destructor-name
       postfix\text{-}expression 	ext{ -> } pseudo\text{-}destructor\text{-}name
       postfix\text{-}expression ++
       postfix-expression --
       dynamic_cast < type-id > (expression)
       static_cast < type-id > ( expression )
       reinterpret_cast < type-id > ( expression )
       const\_cast < type-id > (expression)
       atomic c\hbox{-}bit\hbox{-}cast
       typeid (expression)
       type-id ( type-id )
expression-list:
       initializer\hbox{-} list
pseudo-destructor-name:
       nested\text{-}name\text{-}specifier_{opt}\ type\text{-}name :: ~ type\text{-}name
       nested\text{-}name\text{-}specifier \ \mathtt{template}\ simple\text{-}template\text{-}id:: 	au\ type\text{-}name
       ~ type-name
       ~ decltype-specifier
unary-expression:
       postfix-expression
       ++ cast-expression
      -- cast-expression
       unary-operator cast-expression
       {\tt sizeof}\ unary-expression
       sizeof (type-id)
       sizeof ... ( identifier )
       alignof ( type\text{-}id )
       no except\mbox{-}expression
       new\mbox{-}expression
       delete\mbox{-}expression
unary-operator: one of
       * & + - ! ~
```

```
new-expression:
       ::_{opt} new new-placement_{opt} new-type-id new-initializer_{opt}
       ::_{opt} \ \mathtt{new} \ new	ext{-}placement_{opt} ( type	ext{-}id ) new	ext{-}initializer_{opt}
new-placement:
       ( expression-list )
new-type-id:
      type	ext{-}specifier	ext{-}seq\ new	ext{-}declarator_{opt}
new-declarator:
       ptr-operator new-declarator_{opt}
       noptr\hbox{-}new\hbox{-}declarator
noptr-new-declarator:
       [ expression ] attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}
       noptr-new-declarator [ constant-expression ] attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}
new-initializer:
       ( expression-list_{opt} )
       braced	ext{-}init	ext{-}list
delete-expression:
       ::_{opt} delete cast-expression
       ::_{opt} delete [ ] cast-expression
noexcept-expression:
      noexcept ( expression )
cast-expression:
       unary\mbox{-}expression
       ( type-id ) cast-expression
pm-expression:
      cast\-expression
       pm-expression .* cast-expression
       pm-expression ->* cast-expression
multiplicative \hbox{-} expression \hbox{:}
       pm-expression
       multiplicative\text{-}expression * pm\text{-}expression
       multiplicative-expression / pm-expression
       multiplicative-expression % pm-expression
additive\mbox{-}expression:
       multiplicative \hbox{-} expression
       additive\text{-}expression + multiplicative\text{-}expression
       additive\text{-}expression - multiplicative\text{-}expression
shift-expression:
      additive\hbox{-}expression
       shift-expression << additive-expression
       shift-expression >> additive-expression
compare-expression:
       shift\text{-}expression
       compare\text{-}expression <=> shift\text{-}expression
relational-expression:
       compare-expression
       relational-expression < compare-expression
       relational-expression > compare-expression
       relational-expression \leq compare-expression
       relational-expression >= compare-expression
equality-expression:
       relational-expression
       equality-expression == relational-expression
       equality\text{-}expression != relational\text{-}expression
and-expression:
       equality-expression
       and-expression & equality-expression
```

```
exclusive-or-expression:
              and-expression
              exclusive-or-expression ^ and-expression
       inclusive-or-expression:
              exclusive-or-expression
              inclusive-or-expression \mid exclusive-or-expression
       logical-and-expression:
              inclusive-or-expression
              logical-and-expression && inclusive-or-expression
       logical - or - expression:
              logical-and-expression
              logical-or-expression | | logical-and-expression
       conditional-expression:
              logical \hbox{-} or \hbox{-} expression
              logical-or-expression? expression: assignment-expression
              throw assignment-expression<sub>opt</sub>
       assignment\mbox{-}expression:
              conditional\hbox{-} expression
              logical \hbox{-} or \hbox{-} expression \ assignment \hbox{-} operator \ initializer \hbox{-} clause
              throw\mbox{-}expression
       assignment-operator: one of
              = *= /= %= += -= >>= <<= &= ^= |=
       expression:
              assignment\hbox{-} expression
              expression , assignment-expression
       constant-expression:
              conditional\mbox{-}expression
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                                                                                                                          [gram.stmt]
       Statements
       statement:
              labeled\text{-}statement
              attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} expression-statement
              attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} compound-statement
              attribute\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq_{opt}\ selection\text{-}statement
              attribute\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq_{opt}\ iteration\text{-}statement
              attribute\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq_{opt}\ jump\text{-}statement
              declaration\text{-}statement
              attribute\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq_{opt}\ try\text{-}block
              rule-statement
       init\text{-}statement:
              expression\mbox{-}statement
              simple-declaration
       condition:
              expression
              attribute-specifier-seq decl-specifier-seq decl-arator brace-or-equal-initializer
       labeled-statement:
              attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} identifier: statement
              attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} case constant-expression: statement
              attribute	ext{-}specifier	ext{-}seq_{opt} 	ext{default} : statement
       expression-statement:
              expression_{opt};
       compound\hbox{-} statement \colon
              { statement\text{-}seq_{opt} }
       statement\text{-}seq:
              statement
              statement\text{-}seq\ statement
```

```
selection-statement:
       if constexpr_{\mathit{opt}} ( init\text{-}statement_{\mathit{opt}} condition ) statement
       if constexpr_{opt} ( init-statement_{opt} condition ) statement else statement
       switch ( init-statement_{opt} condition ) statement
iteration\mbox{-}statement:
       while ( condition ) statement
       for ( init-statement condition_{opt} ; expression_{opt} ) statement
       for ( init-statement_{opt} for-range-declaration : for-range-initializer ) statement
for-range-declaration:
       attribute-specifier-seq decl-specifier-seq declarator
       attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} decl-specifier-seq ref-qualifier_{opt} [ identifier-list ]
for-range-initializer:
       expr-or-braced-init-list
jump-statement:
      break ;
       continue;
       return expr-or-braced-init-list_{opt};
       goto identifier ;
declaration\text{-}statement:
       block-declaration
Declarations
                                                                                                             [gram.dcl]
declaration-seq:
       declaration
       declaration-seq declaration
declaration:
       block\text{-}declaration
       nodecl spec-function-declaration\\
       function	ext{-}definition
       template\text{-}declaration
       deduction-quide
       explicit	ext{-}instantiation
       explicit	ext{-}specialization
       linkage-specification
       name space-definition
       empty-declaration
       attribute-declaration
block-declaration:
       simple-declaration
       asm-definition
       name space-a lias-definition\\
       using	ext{-}declaration
       using\hbox{-} directive
       static\_assert\text{-}declaration
       a lias\text{-}declaration
       opaque-enum-declaration
nodeclspec-function-declaration:
       attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} declarator;
alias-declaration:
       using identifier\ attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} = defining-type-id;
simple-declaration:
       decl-specifier-seq init-declarator-list_{opt};
       attribute\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq\ decl\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq\ init\text{-}declarator\text{-}list\ ;}
       attribute-specifier-seq opt decl-specifier-seq ref-qualifieropt [ identifier-list ] initializer;
static\_assert\text{-}declaration:
       static_assert ( constant-expression ) ;
       static_assert ( constant-expression , string-literal ) ;
```

```
empty\mbox{-}declaration:
attribute\text{-}declaration:
        attribute\mbox{-}specifier\mbox{-}seq ;
decl\mbox{-}specifier:
        storage\text{-}class\text{-}specifier
        defining\hbox{-}type\hbox{-}specifier
        function\hbox{-}specifier
        friend
        typedef
        constexpr
        inline
decl\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq:
        decl-specifier attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}
        decl-specifier decl-specifier-seq
storage\text{-}class\text{-}specifier:
        static
        thread_local
        extern
        mutable
function\text{-}specifier:
        virtual
        explicit\text{-}specifier
explicit\text{-}specifier:
        explicit ( constant-expression )
        explicit
typedef-name:
        identifier
type\text{-}specifier:
        simple-type-specifier
        elaborated\hbox{-}type\hbox{-}specifier
        typename\text{-}specifier
        cv-qualifier
type\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq:
        type\text{-}specifier\ attribute\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq_{opt}
        type\text{-}specifier\ type\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq
defining-type-specifier:\\
        type\text{-}specifier
        class\text{-}specifier
        enum\text{-}specifier
defining-type-specifier-seq:\\
        defining-type-specifier attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}
        defining-type-specifier defining-type-specifier-seq
```

```
simple-type-specifier:
       nested-name-specifier_{opt} type-name
       nested\text{-}name\text{-}specifier \; \mathtt{template} \; simple\text{-}template\text{-}id
       nested\text{-}name\text{-}specifier_{opt}\ template\text{-}name
       char
       char16_t
       char32_t
       wchar_t
       bool
       short
       int
       long
       signed
       unsigned
       float
       double
       void
       auto
       decltype	ext{-}specifier
       bit	ext{-}type	ext{-}specifier
type-name:
       class\text{-}name
       enum-name
       typedef-name
       simple-template-id
decltype	ext{-}specifier:
       decltype ( expression )
       decltype ( auto )
elaborated\mbox{-}type\mbox{-}specifier:
       class-key\ attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}\ nested-name-specifier_{opt}\ identifier
       class\text{-}key\ simple\text{-}template\text{-}id
       class-key\ nested-name-specifier\ {\tt template}_{opt}\ simple-template-id
       {\tt enum}\ nested{-}name{-}specifier_{opt}\ identifier
init-declarator-list:
       init-declarator
       init-declarator-list , init-declarator
init-declarator:
       declarator initializer_{opt}
       declarator\ requires-clause
       ptr-declarator
       noptr-declarator parameters-and-qualifiers trailing-return-type
ptr-declarator:
       noptr\hbox{-}declarator
       ptr-operator ptr-declarator
noptr-declarator:
       declarator\text{-}id\ attribute\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq_{opt}
       noptr\mbox{-}declarator\ parameters\mbox{-}and\mbox{-}qualifiers
       noptr\text{-}declarator \ [ \ constant\text{-}expression_{opt} \ ] \ attribute\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq_{opt}
       ( ptr-declarator )
parameters-and-qualifiers:
       ( parameter-declaration-clause ) cv-qualifier-seq_{opt}
               ref-qualifier_{opt} noexcept-specifier_{opt} attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}
trailing-return-type:
       \rightarrow type\text{-}id
```

```
ptr-operator:
       * attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} cv-qualifier-seq_{opt}
       & attribute-specifier-seq<sub>opt</sub>
       && attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}
       nested-name-specifier * attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} cv-qualifier-seq_{opt}
cv-qualifier-seq:
       cv\mbox{-} qualifier\ cv\mbox{-} qualifier\mbox{-} seq_{opt}
cv-qualifier:
       const
       volatile
ref-qualifier:
       &
       &&
declarator-id:
       \dots_{opt} id-expression
       type-specifier-seq abstract-declarator_{opt}
defining-type-id:
       defining-type-specifier-seq abstract-declarator_{opt}
abstract\text{-}declarator:
       ptr-abstract-declarator
       noptr-abstract-declarator_{opt} parameters-and-qualifiers trailing-return-type
       abstract	ext{-}pack	ext{-}declarator
ptr-abstract-declarator:
       noptr-abstract-declarator
       ptr-operator ptr-abstract-declarator opt
noptr-abstract-declarator:
       noptr-abstract-declarator_{opt}\ parameters-and-qualifiers
       noptr-abstract-declarator_{opt} [ constant-expression_{opt} ] attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}
       ( ptr-abstract-declarator )
abstract-pack-declarator:
       noptr-abstract-pack-declarator
       ptr	ext{-}operator\ abstract	ext{-}pack	ext{-}declarator
noptr-abstract-pack-declarator:
       noptr-abstract\-pack\-declarator parameters\-and\-qualifiers
       noptr-abstract-pack-declarator [ constant-expression_{opt} ] attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}
       . . .
parameter-declaration-clause:
       parameter-declaration-list_{opt} ... _{opt}
       parameter-declaration-list , . . .
parameter-declaration-list:
       parameter\text{-}declaration
       parameter\mbox{-}declaration\mbox{-}list , parameter\mbox{-}declaration
parameter-declaration:
       attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} decl-specifier-seq declarator
       attribute-specifier-seq decl-specifier-seq declarator = initializer-clause
       attribute-specifier-seq abstract-declarator_{opt}
       attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}\ decl-specifier-seq\ abstract-declarator_{opt} = initializer-clause
       brace-or-equal-initializer
       ( expression-list )
brace-or-equal-initializer:
       = initializer-clause
       braced	ext{-}init	ext{-}list
initializer\mbox{-}clause:
       assignment\hbox{-} expression
       braced-init-list
```

```
braced-init-list:
       { initializer-list , opt }
      { designated\text{-}initializer\text{-}list , _{opt} }
      { }
initializer-list:
       initializer-clause ... opt
       initializer-list , initializer-clause . . . _{opt}
designated-initializer-list:
       designated \hbox{-} initializer \hbox{-} clause
       designated\hbox{-}initializer\hbox{-}list\ ,\ designated\hbox{-}initializer\hbox{-}clause
designated-initializer-clause:
       designator\ brace-or-equal-initializer
designator:
       . identifier
expr-or-braced-init-list:
       expression
       braced\hbox{-}init\hbox{-}list
function\hbox{-} definition\colon
       atomic c\text{-}method\text{-}definition
       attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} decl-specifier-seq_{opt} declarator virt-specifier-seq_{opt} function-body
       attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}\ decl-specifier-seq_{opt}\ declarator\ requires-clause\ function-body
function-body:
       atomic c\hbox{-}function\hbox{-}body
       function-try-block
       = default ;
       = delete ;
enum-name:
       identifier
enum-specifier:
       enum-head { enumerator-listopt }
       enum-head { enumerator-list , }
enum-head:
       enum-key attribute-specifier-seq<sub>opt</sub> enum-head-name<sub>opt</sub> enum-base<sub>opt</sub>
enum-head-name:
       nested-name-specifier_{opt} identifier
opaque-enum-declaration:
       enum-key attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} nested-name-specifier_{opt} identifier enum-base_{opt};
enum-key:
       enum
       enum class
       enum struct
enum-base:
       : type-specifier-seq
enumerator-list:
       enumerator \hbox{-} definition
       enumerator-list , enumerator-definition
enumerator-definition:
       enumerator\\
       enumerator = constant\text{-}expression
enumerator:
       identifier\ attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}
name space-name:
       identifier
       name space \hbox{-} alias
```

```
name space-definition:
       named\hbox{-}name space\hbox{-}definition
       unnamed\text{-}namespace\text{-}definition
       nested{-}name space{-}definition
named-namespace-definition:
       inline_{opt} namespace attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} identifier { namespace-body }
unnamed-namespace-definition:
       inline_{opt} namespace attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} { namespace-body }
nested-namespace-definition:
       namespace enclosing-namespace-specifier :: identifier { namespace-body }
enclosing-namespace-specifier:
       identifier
       enclosing-namespace-specifier:: identifier
namespace-body:
       declaration-seq_{opt}
name space-alias:
       identifier
name space-alias-definition:
       namespace identifier = qualified-namespace-specifier ;
qualified\hbox{-}name space\hbox{-}specifier:
       nested-name-specifier_{opt} name space-name
using-directive:
       attribute-specifier-seqopt using namespace nested-name-specifier-opt namespace-name;
using-declaration:
       using using-declarator-list;
using-declarator-list:
       using-declarator ..._{opt}
       using-declarator-list , using-declarator ... _{opt}
using-declarator:
       {\tt typename}_{opt}\ nested\text{-}name\text{-}specifier\ unqualified\text{-}id
asm-definition:
       attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} asm ( string-literal );
linkage-specification:
       extern string-literal { declaration-seq_opt }
       extern string-literal declaration
attribute-specifier-seq:
       attribute\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq_{opt}\ attribute\text{-}specifier
attribute-specifier:
       [ [ attribute-using-prefix_{opt} attribute-list ] ]
       contract\hbox{-} attribute\hbox{-} specifier
       a lignment \hbox{-} specifier
alignment-specifier:
       alignas ( type\text{-}id \dots_{opt} )
       alignas (constant-expression ... opt)
attribute-using-prefix:
       using attribute-namespace :
attribute-list:
      attribute_{opt} \\
       attribute-list , attribute_{opt}
       attribute ...
       attribute-list , attribute . . .
attribute:
       attribute-token attribute-argument-clause_{opt}
attribute-token:
       identifier
       attribute\text{-}scoped\text{-}token
```

```
attribute-scoped-token:
              attribute-namespace :: identifier
       attribute-name space:
              identifier
       attribute-argument-clause:
              ( balanced-token-seq_{opt} )
       balanced-token-seq:
              balanced-token
              balanced\text{-}token\text{-}seq\ balanced\text{-}token
       balanced-token:
              ( balanced-token-seq_{opt} )
              [ balanced-token-seq_{opt} ]
             { balanced-token-seq_{opt} }
              any token other than a parenthesis, a bracket, or a brace
       contract-attribute-specifier:
              [ [ expects contract-level_{opt} : conditional-expression ] ]
              [ [ensures contract-level_{opt} identifier_{opt} : conditional-expression ] ]
              [ [ assert\ contract-level_{opt}\ :\ conditional-expression\ ]\ ]
       contract-level:
              default
              audit
              axiom
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        Classes
                                                                                                                    [gram.class]
       class-name:
              identifier
              simple\mbox{-}template\mbox{-}id
       class-specifier:
              class-head \{ member-specification_{opt} \}
       class-head:
              class-key\ attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}\ class-head-name\ class-virt-specifier_{opt}\ base-clause_{opt}
              class-key\ attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}\ base-clause_{opt}
       class{-}head{-}name:
              nested-name-specifier_{opt} class-name
       class\mbox{-}virt\mbox{-}specifier:
              final
       class-key:
              class
              struct
              union
              atomicc-class-key
       member-specification:
              member-declaration\ member-specification_{opt}
              access-specifier: member-specification_{opt}
       member-declaration:
              attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} decl-specifier-seq_{opt} member-declarator-list_{opt};
              atomic c\text{-}method\text{-}declaration
              function	ext{-}definition
              using-declaration
              static\_assert\text{-}declaration
              template-declaration
              deduction-quide
              alias-declaration
              connect\text{-}declaration
              forward\text{-}declaration
              printf-declaration
              empty\text{-}declaration
```

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```
member-declarator-list:
        member-declarator
        member\mbox{-}declarator\mbox{-}list , member\mbox{-}declarator
member-declarator:
        declarator\ virt\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq_{opt}\ pure\text{-}specifier_{opt}
        declarator\ requires\text{-}clause
        declarator\ brace-or-equal-initializer_{opt}
        identifier_{opt} attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}: constant-expression brace-or-equal-initializer_{opt}
virt-specifier-seq:
        virt-specifier
        virt-specifier-seq virt-specifier
virt\text{-}specifier:
       override
        final
pure-specifier:
        = 0
conversion-function-id:
        operator conversion-type-id
conversion\mbox{-}type\mbox{-}id:
        type-specifier-seq conversion-declarator_{opt}
conversion\mbox{-}declarator:
        ptr-operator conversion-declarator_{opt}
base\text{-}clause:
        : base-specifier-list
base-specifier-list:
       base-specifier . . . _{opt}
        \textit{base-specifier-list} , \textit{base-specifier} \ldots_{\textit{opt}}
base-specifier:
        attribute\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq_{opt}\ class\text{-}or\text{-}decl type
        attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} virtual access-specifier_{opt} class-or-decltype
        attribute\text{-}specifier\text{-}seq_{opt}\ access\text{-}specifier\ \mathtt{virtual}_{opt}\ class\text{-}or\text{-}decltype
class-or-decltype:
        nested-name-specifier_{opt} class-name
        nested\text{-}name\text{-}specifier \ \mathtt{template}\ simple\text{-}template\text{-}id
        decltype	ext{-}specifier
access-specifier:
       private
       protected
       public
ctor\mbox{-}initializer:
        :\ mem\mbox{-}initializer\mbox{-}list
mem-initializer-list:
       mem-initializer ... _{opt}
        mem-initializer-list, mem-initializer ... opt
mem-initializer:
       mem-initializer-id ( expression-list_{opt} )
        mem-initializer-id braced-init-list
mem-initializer-id:
        class\hbox{-} or\hbox{-} decl type
        identifier
Overloading
                                                                                                                           [gram.over]
operator\mbox{-}function\mbox{-}id:
        operator operator
```

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```
operator: one of
       new
                   delete
                                new[]
                                            delete[] ()
                                                                      []
                                                                                               ->*
       !
                                                                                              &
                                                                                                           /=
                                                                     %=
                   +=
                                                                                              &=
                                                                                                           |=
                                                         <=
                                                                                              &&
                                                                                                           \Pi
       <<
literal	ext{-}operator	ext{-}id:
       {\tt operator}\ string{-}literal\ identifier
       {\tt operator}\ user-defined\text{-}string\text{-}literal
 Templates
                                                                                                               [gram.temp]
template-declaration:
       template{-head\ declaration}
       template-head\ concept-definition
template-head:
       \texttt{template} < template\text{-}parameter\text{-}list > requires\text{-}clause_{opt}
template-parameter-list:
       template-parameter
       template-parameter-list , template-parameter
requires-clause:
       {\tt requires}\ constraint-logical-or-expression
constraint-logical-or-expression:
       constraint-logical-and-expression\\
       constraint-logical-or-expression \ | \ | \ constraint-logical-and-expression
constraint-logical-and-expression:
       primary-expression
       constraint-logical-and-expression~~\&\&~~primary-expression
concept-definition:
       concept concept-name = constraint-expression;
concept-name:
       identifier
template	ext{-}parameter:
       type\mbox{-}parameter
       parameter\mbox{-}declaration
       constrained\hbox{-} parameter
type-parameter:
       type-parameter-key \dots_{opt} identifier_{opt}
       type-parameter-key identifier_{opt} = type-id
       template-head\ type-parameter-key\ \dots_{opt}\ identifier_{opt}
       template\text{-}head\ type\text{-}parameter\text{-}key\ identifier_{opt} = id\text{-}expression
type-parameter-key:
       class
       typename
constrained\hbox{-} parameter:
       qualified-concept-name ... identifier_{opt}
       qualified\text{-}concept\text{-}name\ identifier_{opt}\ default\text{-}template\text{-}argument_{opt}
qualified-concept-name:
       nested-name-specifier_{opt} concept-name
       nested-name-specifier_{opt} partial-concept-id
       concept-name < template-argument-list_{opt} >
default\mbox{-}template\mbox{-}argument:
       = type-id
       = id\text{-}expression
       =initializer\text{-}clause
```

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```
simple-template-id:
              template-name < template-argument-list_{opt} >
       template	ext{-}id:
              simple-template-id
              operator-function-id < template-argument-list_{opt} >
              literal-operator-id < template-argument-list_{opt} >
       template-name:
              identifier
       template	ext{-}argument	ext{-}list:
              template-argument ... _{opt}
              template-argument-list , template-argument \dots_{opt}
       template-argument:
              constant\hbox{-} expression
              type-id
              id\text{-}expression
       constraint-expression:
              logical-or-expression
       typename-specifier:
              \verb|typename| nested-name-specifier| identifier|
              {\tt typename}\ nested{-}name{-}specifier\ {\tt template}_{opt}\ simple{-}template{-}id
       explicit	ext{-}instantiation:
              \mathtt{extern}_{opt} template declaration
       explicit	ext{-}specialization:
              template < > declaration
       deduction-quide:
              explicit_{opt} template-name ( parameter-declaration-clause ) 	ext{->} simple-template-id;
C.10 Exception handling
                                                                                                               [gram.except]
       try-block:
              try compound-statement handler-seq
       function-try-block:
              {\tt try}\ ctor\mbox{-}initializer_{opt}\ compound\mbox{-}statement\ handler\mbox{-}seq
       handler-seq:
              handler handler-seq<sub>opt</sub>
       handler:
              {\tt catch} ( exception\text{-}declaration ) compound\text{-}statement
       exception-declaration:
              attribute-specifier-seq<sub>opt</sub> type-specifier-seq declarator
              attribute-specifier-seq abstract-declarator_{opt}
              . . .
       noexcept-specifier:
              noexcept ( constant-expression )
              noexcept
C.11 Preprocessing directives
                                                                                                                    [gram.cpp]
       preprocessing\mbox{-}file:
              group_{opt}
       group:
              group-part
              group group-part
       group-part:
              control\hbox{-}line
              if-section
              text\text{-}line
              {\it \# conditionally-supported-directive}
```

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```
control\mbox{-}line:
       # include pp-tokens new-line
       \# define identifier\ replacement\mbox{-}list\ new\mbox{-}line
       \mbox{\tt\#} define \it identifier\mbox{\it lparen\ identifier-list}_{\it opt} ) \it replacement\mbox{\it -list\ new-line}
       \# define identifier\ lparen\ \dots ) replacement\mbox{-}list\ new\mbox{-}line
       # define identifier\ lparen\ identifier\ list\ ,\ \dots ) replacement\ list\ new\ line
                    identifier new-line
       # undef
                    pp-tokens new-line
       # line
       # error pp-tokensopt new-line
       # pragma pp-tokens<sub>opt</sub> new-line
       \# new-line
if-section:
       if-group elif-groups_{opt} else-group_{opt} endif-line
if-group:
       # if
                    constant-expression new-line group_{opt}
                    identifier\ new-line\ group_{opt}
       # ifdef
       # ifndef identifier\ new-line\ group_{opt}
{\it elif-groups}:
       elif-group
       elif-groups elif-group
elif-group:
       # elif
                    constant-expression new-line group<sub>opt</sub>
else-group:
       # else
                    new-line group_{opt}
endif-line:
       # endif
                    new-line
text-line:
       pp\text{-}tokens_{opt} new\text{-}line
conditionally-supported-directive:
       pp-tokens new-line
lparen:
       a ( character not immediately preceded by white-space
identifier-list:
       identifier
       identifier-list , identifier
replacement-list:
       pp\text{-}tokens_{opt}
pp-tokens:
       preprocessing	ext{-}token
       pp\text{-}tokens\ preprocessing\text{-}token
new-line:
       the new-line character
defined-macro-expression:
       defined identifier
       defined ( identifier )
h	ext{-}preprocessing	ext{-}token:
       any preprocessing\text{-}token other than >
h-pp-tokens:
       h	ext{-}preprocessing	ext{-}token
       h	ext{-}pp	ext{-}tokens\ h	ext{-}preprocessing	ext{-}token
has-include-expression:
       __has_include ( < h-char-sequence > )
       __has_include ( " q-char-sequence " )
       \_\_has\_include ( string-literal )
       __has_include ( < h-pp-tokens > )
has-attribute-expression:
       \_\_has_cpp_attribute ( pp\text{-}tokens )
```

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