

1 Basic

[atomicc.basic]

1.1 Introduction

[atomicc.intro]

AtomicC is a structural hardware description language that extends C++ with Bluespec-style modules, rules, interfaces, and methods.

AtomicC is structural in that all state elements in the hardware netlist are explicit in the source code of the design. AtomicC is a timed HDL, using SystemC terminology. Atomic actions (rules and method invocations) execute in a single clock cycle.

To permit reasonable analysis of the program behavior, rules (transactions) can only be executed in a "sequentially consistent" manner. Since concurrent rules are all executed in a single clock cycle, in practice this means that we have to prove at compilation time that all possible executions can always be considered as some linear sequentially ordered instantiation within a cycle.

Like Connectal, AtomicC designs may include both hardware and software, using interfaces to specify hardware/software communication in a type safe way. The AtomicC compiler generates the code to pass arguments between hardware and software.

1.2 Compilation

[atomicc.compilation]

AtomicC execution consists of 3 phases:

- netlist generation,
- netlist compilation or implementation
- and runtime.

During netlist generation, modules are instantiated by executing their constructors. During this phase, any C++ constructs may be used, but the resulting netlist may only contain synthesizable components.

During netlist compilation, the netlist is analyzed and translated to an intermediate representation and then to Verilog for simulation or synthesis. Alternate translations are possible: to native code via LLVM, to System C, to Gallina for formal verification with the Coq Proof Assistant, etc.

1.3 Execution Semantics

[atomicc.execution]

1.3.1 Scheduling

[atomicc.schedule]

Each rule has a set of state elements that it reads and another set of element that it writes. Valid sequential orderings require that every state element must be logically read before it is logically written ("read before write").

Scheduling is done by building a graph:

- Nodes are rules/guards within a module.
- For all state elements, insert a directed links from each node that writes the state element to every node that reads it.

Cycles can be broken in 2 ways:

- Rules default to have lower priority than methods within a module. If the designer wants the rule to take precedence, a "priority" statement can be specified.
- "priority" statements in source text can be used to break cycles, if necessary.

To permit rule scheduling to be dependent on the "enable" signals of methods and other rules, rules use "ready/valid" scheduling.

2 Classes

[class]

¹ A class is a type. Its name becomes a *class-name* (??) within its scope.

```
atomicc-class-key:
    __interface
    __emodule
    __module
```

2.0.1 `__interface`

[atomicc.interface]

An AtomicC interface is essentially an abstract class similar to a Java interface. All the methods are virtual and no default implementations are provided. AtomicC style uses composition of interfaces rather than inheritance.

The `__interface` keyword defines a list of methods that are exposed from an object. Instead of using object inheritance to define reusable interfaces, they are defined/exported explicitly by objects, allowing fine-grained specification of interface method visibility.

Methods of a module are translated to value ports for passing the method arguments and a pair of handshaking ports used for scheduling method invocations.

References to an object can only be done through interface methods. State element declarations inside an object (member variables) are private.

Example:

```
__interface EchoRequest {
    void say(__int(32) v);
    void say2(__int(16) a, __int(16) b);
};
```

2.0.2 `__module`, `__emodule`

[atomicc.module]

A module is defined using the keyword "`__module`", resulting in generation of verilog. It includes local state elements, interfaces exported, interfaces imported and rules for clustering operations into atomic units.

Example:

```
__module Echo {
    EchoRequest      request;           // exported interface
    EchoIndication   *indication;       // imported interface
    bool busy;
    __int(32) itemSay;
    ...
    // implementation of method request.say(). Note the guard "if (!busy)".
    void request.say(__int(32) v) if(!busy) {
        itemSay = v;
        ...
    }
    void request.saw(__int(16) a, __int(16) b) if(!busy) {
        ...
    }
};
```

To reference a separately compiled module, use "`__emodule`". These external module definitions only need to include the exported/imported interfaces.

Example:

```
__module EchoResponder {
    EchoIndication   indication;        // exported interface
};
```

2.0.3 guard clauses on methods

[atomicc.guard]

Rules are only ready to fire if the rule's guard is true and all the guards on methods invoked within the rule are also true.

```
void request.say(__int(32) v) if(!busy) {
    itemSay = v;
    ...
}
```

2.0.4 __connect

[atomicc.connect]

The __connect statement allows exported interface declarations to be connected with imported interface references between objects within a module declaration.

Example:

```
__interface ExampleRequest {
    void say(__int(32) v);
};

__module A {
    ExampleRequest callIn;
};

__module B {
    ExampleRequest *callOut;
};

__module C {
    A consumer;
    B producer;
    __connect producer.callOut = consumer.callIn;
};
```

* Comparision with BSV The declaration for 'A' is just like BSV. In BSV, the declaration for B requires the interface be passed in as an interface parameter (forcing a textual ordering to the source code declaration sequence).
 In AtomicC, the interfaces are stitched together outside in any convenient sequence in a location where both the concrete instances for A and B are visible.

2.0.5 To export interfaces from contained objects

[atomicc.export]

Example:

```
__module CWrapper {
    A consumer;
    ExampleRequest request = A.callIn;
};
```

CWrapper just forwards the interface 'request' down into the instance 'consumer'.

atomicc-method-declaration:

attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} pin-type_{opt} decl-specifier-seq_{opt} member-declarator-list_{opt} ;

connect-declaration:

__connect identifier = identifier ;

forward-declaration:

__forward identifier = identifier ;

printf-declaration:

__printf ;

pin-type:

*__input
__output
__inout
__parameter*

3 Statements

[stmt.stmt]

¹ Except as indicated, statements are executed in sequence.

3.0.1 ____rule

[atomicc.rule]

Rules specify the behavior with a design. A rule operates transactionally: when a rule's guard and the guards of all of its method invocations are satisfied, then it is ready to fire. It will be fire on a clock cycle when it does not conflict with any higher priority rule. A rule executes atomically.

```
// default guard is true
__rule respond_rule {
    fifo->out.deq();
    ind->heard(fifo->out.first());
}

rule-statement:
    __rule identifier if-guardopt compound-statement

if-guard:
    if ( condition )
```

4 Declarations

[dcl.dcl]

¹ Declarations generally specify how names are to be interpreted. Declarations have the form

4.0.1 integer bit width: `__int(A)`

[atomicc.bitdecl]

bit-type-specifier:

`__uint (constant-expression)`

`__int (constant-expression)`

¹ Function definitions have the form

atomicc-method-definition:

`decl-specifier-seqopt interface-qualifier-seq identifier parameters-and-qualifiers function-body`

interface-qualifier:

`identifier .`

interface-qualifier-seq:

`interface-qualifier`

`interface-qualifier-seq interface-qualifier`

atomicc-function-body:

`ctor-initializeropt if-guardopt compound-statement`

5 Expressions

[**expr**]

5.1 Built-in functions

[**atomicc.builtin**]

5.1.1 `__bitsize`

[**atomicc.bitsize**]

Function to return size in bits of a type or variable.

5.1.2 `__bitsubstr`

[**atomicc.bitsubstr**]

Function to return bit slice of bitstring

5.1.3 `__bitconcat`

[**atomicc.bitconcat**]

Function to bitstring that is the concatenation of all of the member values of the call.

5.2 `__bit__cast`

[**atomicc.cast**]

This can now be used to cast any datatype to/from `__int(A)`, allowing operations to be performed on a bit level.

atomic-bit-cast:

```
__bit_cast < type-id > ( expression )
```

6 Modularization [atomicc.modularization]

6.1 Independant compilation of modules [atomicc.independant]

The design is separated into modules that can export and import interfaces to other modules. Each source language module compiles into a single verilog module. Modules are independantly compiled, depending only on the interface definitions for referenced modules. Referencing modules do not depend on the internal implementation of referenced modules, even if they textually exist in the same compilation unit. Scheduling of rules in a module is performed "inside out", with the resulting schedule dependancies written to a metadata file during compilation.

6.2 Execution control [atomicc.econtrol]

There are 2 common styles for communication of execution control information for a method:

- Asymmetric (ready/enable signalling) A method/rule is invoked by asserting the "enable" signal. This signal can only be asserted if the "ready" signal was valid, allowing the called module to restrict permissible execution sequences.
- Symmetric (ready/valid signalling) Both caller/callee have "able to be executed" signals. Execution is deemed to take place in each cycle where both "ready" (from the callee) and "valid" (from the caller) are asserted.

Bluespec uses the Asymmetric signalling style, collecting all scheduling control into a central location for analysis/generation. AtomicC uses the Symmetric signalling style, giving modules local control over their allowable execution patterns. Conflicts between local schedules for modules when they are connected together are detected by the linker.

6.3 Linking of groups of modules [atomicc.linker]

To verify that an instantiated group of modules has SC compliant execution characteristics, a linker is used to cross check information from the metadata files for each module.

6.4 Interfacing with verilog modules [atomicc.verilog]

To reference a module in verilog, fields can be declared in `__interface` items. For example:

```
__interface CNCONNECTNET2 {
    __input  __int(1)      IN1;
    __input  __int(1)      IN2;
    __output __int(1)      OUT1;
    __output __int(1)      OUT2;
};
__emodule CONNECTNET2 {
    CNCONNECTNET2 _;
};
```

This will allow references/instantiation of an externally defined verilog module `CONNECTNET2` that has 2 'input' ports, `IN1` and `IN2`, as well as 2 'output' ports, `OUT1` and `OUT2`.

6.4.1 Parameterized modules [atomicc.param]

Verilog modules that have module instantiation parameters can also be declared/referenced. For example:

```
__interface Mmcme2MMCME2_ADV {
    __parameter const char * BANDWIDTH;
    __parameter float      CLKFBOUT_MULT_F;
    __input  __uint(1)      CLKFBIN;
    __output __uint(1)      CLKFBOUT;
    __output __uint(1)      CLKFBOUTB;
};
__emodule MMCME2_ADV {
    Mmcme2MMCME2_ADV _;
};
```

This example can be instantiated as:

```
__module Test {
    ...
    MMCME2_ADV#(BANDWIDTH="WIDE",CLKFBOUT_MULT_F=1.0) mmcm;
    ...
    Test() {
        __rule initRule {
            mmcm._.CLKFBIN = mmcm._.CLKFBOUT;
        }
    }
}
```

6.4.2 Reference syntax

[atomicc.refsyntax]

For declaring ports in an interface:

```
__interface <interfaceName> {
    __input/__output/__inout/__parameter <elementType> <elementName>;
}
```

For '___parameter' items, supported datatypes include: "const char *", "float", "int".

6.4.3 Factoring of interfaces into sub interfaces is also supported [atomicc.ifactor]

6.4.4 Clock/reset ports

[atomicc.clockReset]

Note that if interface port pins are declared in a module interface declaration, then CLK and nRST are not automatically declared/instantiated. (Since the user needs the flexibility to not require them when interfacing with legacy code).

Note that this also allows arbitrary signals (like the output of clock generators) to be passed to modules as CLK/nRST signals. (For Atomicc generated modules, please note that the default clock/reset signals for a module will always have these names)

6.4.5 Import tooling

[atomicc.itool]

There is a tool to automate the creation of AtomicC header files from verilog source files. For example:

```
atomiccImport -o MMCME2_ADV.h -C MMCME2_ADV -P Mmcme2 zynq.lib
atomiccImport -o VMMCME2_ADV.h -C MMCME2_ADV -P Mmcme2 MMCME2_ADV.v
```


7 Usage

[atomicc.usage]

7.1 Command line switches

[atomicc.command]

Command line switches...

7.2 debugging with printf

[atomicc.printf]

To aid debugging with a simulator, "printf" statements in ___module declarations are translated to "\$display" statements in the generated verilog. For debugging with synthesized hardware, "printf" statements are translated into indication packets sent through the NOC back to the software side host program. The format strings for the printf statements are placed into a generated file in generated/xxx.generated.printf along with a list of the bit lengths for each parameter to the printf.

To use the NOC printf:

- add the following line to the ___module being tested: ___printf;
- add a line similar to the following (with the 'xxx' replaced) to the test program: atomiccPrintfInit("generated/rulec.generated.printf");

Annex A (informative)

Grammar summary

[agram]

¹ Summary of grammar.

A.1 Classes

[agram.class]

```
atomicc-class-key:
    __interface
    __emodule
    __module

atomicc-method-declaration:
    attribute-specifier-seqopt pin-typeopt decl-specifier-seqopt member-declarator-listopt ;

connect-declaration:
    __connect identifier = identifier ;

forward-declaration:
    __forward identifier = identifier ;

printf-declaration:
    __printf ;

pin-type:
    __input
    __output
    __inout
    __parameter
```

A.2 Statements

[agram.stmt]

```
rule-statement:
    __rule identifier if-guardopt compound-statement

if-guard:
    if ( condition )
```

A.3 Declarations

[agram.dcl]

```
bit-type-specifier:
    __uint ( constant-expression )
    __int ( constant-expression )

atomicc-method-definition:
    decl-specifier-seqopt interface-qualifier-seq identifier parameters-and-qualifiers function-body

interface-qualifier:
    identifier .

interface-qualifier-seq:
    interface-qualifier
    interface-qualifier-seq interface-qualifier

atomicc-function-body:
    ctor-initializeropt if-guardopt compound-statement
```

A.4 Expressions

[agram.expr]

```
atomic-bit-cast:
    __bit_cast < type-id > ( expression )
```

Annex B (informative)

Grammar integration with C++ summary

[gram]

¹ Summary of C++ grammar

B.1 Keywords

[gram.key]

¹ New context-dependent keywords are introduced into a program by `typedef` (??), `namespace` (??), `class` (Clause 2), `enumeration` (??), and `template` (??) declarations.

typedef-name:

identifier

namespace-name:

identifier

namespace-alias

namespace-alias:

identifier

class-name:

identifier

simple-template-id

enum-name:

identifier

template-name:

identifier

Note that a *typedef-name* naming a class is also a *class-name* (??).

B.2 Lexical conventions

[gram.lex]

hex-quad:

hexadecimal-digit hexadecimal-digit hexadecimal-digit hexadecimal-digit

universal-character-name:

\u hex-quad

\U hex-quad hex-quad

preprocessing-token:

header-name

identifier

pp-number

character-literal

user-defined-character-literal

string-literal

user-defined-string-literal

preprocessing-op-or-punc

each non-white-space character that cannot be one of the above

token:

identifier

keyword

literal

operator

punctuator

header-name:

< h-char-sequence >

" q-char-sequence "

h-char-sequence:
h-char
h-char-sequence h-char

h-char:
any member of the source character set except new-line and >

q-char-sequence:
q-char
q-char-sequence q-char

q-char:
any member of the source character set except new-line and "

pp-number:
digit
. *digit*
pp-number digit
pp-number identifier-nondigit
pp-number ' digit
pp-number ' nondigit
pp-number e sign
pp-number E sign
pp-number p sign
pp-number P sign
pp-number .

identifier:
identifier-nondigit
identifier identifier-nondigit
identifier digit

identifier-nondigit:
nondigit
universal-character-name

nondigit: one of
a b c d e f g h i j k l m
n o p q r s t u v w x y z
A B C D E F G H I J K L M
N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z _

digit: one of
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

preprocessing-op-or-punc: one of

{	}	[]	#	##	()	
<:	>:	<%	%>	%:	%::	;	:	...
new	delete	?	::	.	.*	->	->*	~
!	+	-	*	/	%	^	&	
=	+=	-=	*=	/=	%=	^=	&=	=
==	!=	<	>	<=	>=	<=>	&&	
<<	>>	<<=	>>=	++	--	,		
and	or	xor	not	bitand	bitor	compl		
and_eq	or_eq	xor_eq	not_eq					

literal:
integer-literal
character-literal
floating-literal
string-literal
boolean-literal
pointer-literal
user-defined-literal

integer-literal:
binary-literal integer-suffix_{opt}
octal-literal integer-suffix_{opt}
decimal-literal integer-suffix_{opt}
hexadecimal-literal integer-suffix_{opt}

binary-literal:
 0b *binary-digit*
 0B *binary-digit*
 binary-literal ' _{opt} *binary-digit*

octal-literal:
 0
 octal-literal ' _{opt} *octal-digit*

decimal-literal:
 nonzero-digit
 decimal-literal ' _{opt} *digit*

hexadecimal-literal:
 hexadecimal-prefix *hexadecimal-digit-sequence*

binary-digit: one of
 0 1

octal-digit: one of
 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

nonzero-digit: one of
 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

hexadecimal-prefix: one of
 0x OX

hexadecimal-digit-sequence:
 hexadecimal-digit
 hexadecimal-digit-sequence ' _{opt} *hexadecimal-digit*

hexadecimal-digit: one of
 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
 a b c d e f
 A B C D E F

integer-suffix:
 unsigned-suffix *long-suffix*_{opt}
 unsigned-suffix *long-long-suffix*_{opt}
 long-suffix *unsigned-suffix*_{opt}
 long-long-suffix *unsigned-suffix*_{opt}

unsigned-suffix: one of
 u U

long-suffix: one of
 l L

long-long-suffix: one of
 ll LL

character-literal:
 *encoding-prefix*_{opt} ' *c-char-sequence* '

encoding-prefix: one of
 u8 u U L

c-char-sequence:
 c-char
 c-char-sequence *c-char*

c-char:
 any member of the source character set except the single-quote ', backslash \, or new-line character
 escape-sequence
 universal-character-name

escape-sequence:
 simple-escape-sequence
 octal-escape-sequence
 hexadecimal-escape-sequence

simple-escape-sequence: one of
 **\' \" \? **
 \a \b \f \n \r \t \v

octal-escape-sequence:

- \ *octal-digit*
- \ *octal-digit octal-digit*
- \ *octal-digit octal-digit octal-digit*

hexadecimal-escape-sequence:

- \x *hexadecimal-digit*
- hexadecimal-escape-sequence hexadecimal-digit*

floating-literal:

- decimal-floating-literal*
- hexadecimal-floating-literal*

decimal-floating-literal:

- fractional-constant exponent-part_{opt} floating-suffix_{opt}*
- digit-sequence exponent-part floating-suffix_{opt}*

hexadecimal-floating-literal:

- hexadecimal-prefix hexadecimal-fractional-constant binary-exponent-part floating-suffix_{opt}*
- hexadecimal-prefix hexadecimal-digit-sequence binary-exponent-part floating-suffix_{opt}*

fractional-constant:

- digit-sequence_{opt} . digit-sequence*
- digit-sequence .*

hexadecimal-fractional-constant:

- hexadecimal-digit-sequence_{opt} . hexadecimal-digit-sequence*
- hexadecimal-digit-sequence .*

exponent-part:

- e** *sign_{opt} digit-sequence*
- E** *sign_{opt} digit-sequence*

binary-exponent-part:

- p** *sign_{opt} digit-sequence*
- P** *sign_{opt} digit-sequence*

sign: one of

- +** **-**

digit-sequence:

- digit*
- digit-sequence ' _{opt} digit*

floating-suffix: one of

- f** **l** **F** **L**

string-literal:

- encoding-prefix_{opt} " s-char-sequence_{opt} "*
- encoding-prefix_{opt} R raw-string*

s-char-sequence:

- s-char*
- s-char-sequence s-char*

s-char:

- any member of the source character set except the double-quote **"**, backslash ****, or new-line character
- escape-sequence*
- universal-character-name*

raw-string:

- " d-char-sequence_{opt} (r-char-sequence_{opt}) d-char-sequence_{opt} "*

r-char-sequence:

- r-char*
- r-char-sequence r-char*

r-char:

- any member of the source character set, except a right parenthesis **)** followed by the initial *d-char-sequence* (which may be empty) followed by a double quote **"**.

d-char-sequence:

- d-char*
- d-char-sequence d-char*

d-char:
 any member of the basic source character set except:
 space, the left parenthesis (, the right parenthesis), the backslash \, and the control characters
 representing horizontal tab, vertical tab, form feed, and newline.

boolean-literal:
 false
 true

pointer-literal:
 nullptr

user-defined-literal:
 user-defined-integer-literal
 user-defined-floating-literal
 user-defined-string-literal
 user-defined-character-literal

user-defined-integer-literal:
 decimal-literal ud-suffix
 octal-literal ud-suffix
 hexadecimal-literal ud-suffix
 binary-literal ud-suffix

user-defined-floating-literal:
 fractional-constant exponent-part_{opt} ud-suffix
 digit-sequence exponent-part ud-suffix
 hexadecimal-prefix hexadecimal-fractional-constant binary-exponent-part ud-suffix
 hexadecimal-prefix hexadecimal-digit-sequence binary-exponent-part ud-suffix

user-defined-string-literal:
 string-literal ud-suffix

user-defined-character-literal:
 character-literal ud-suffix

ud-suffix:
 identifier

B.3 Basics

[gram.basic]

translation-unit:
 declaration-seq_{opt}

B.4 Expressions

[gram.expr]

primary-expression:
 literal
 this
 (expression)
 id-expression
 lambda-expression
 fold-expression
 requires-expression

id-expression:
 unqualified-id
 qualified-id

unqualified-id:
 identifier
 operator-function-id
 conversion-function-id
 literal-operator-id
 ~ class-name
 ~ decltype-specifier
 template-id

qualified-id:
 nested-name-specifier template_{opt} unqualified-id

nested-name-specifier:

```

::
type-name ::
namespace-name ::
decltype-specifier ::
nested-name-specifier identifier ::
nested-name-specifier templateopt simple-template-id ::

```

lambda-expression:

```

lambda-introducer compound-statement
lambda-introducer lambda-declarator requires-clauseopt compound-statement
lambda-introducer < template-parameter-list > requires-clauseopt compound-statement
lambda-introducer < template-parameter-list > requires-clauseopt
    lambda-declarator requires-clauseopt compound-statement

```

lambda-introducer:

```

[ lambda-captureopt ]

```

lambda-declarator:

```

( parameter-declaration-clause ) decl-specifier-seqopt
noexcept-specifieropt attribute-specifier-seqopt trailing-return-typeopt

```

lambda-capture:

```

capture-default
capture-list
capture-default , capture-list

```

capture-default:

```

&
=

```

capture-list:

```

capture
capture-list , capture

```

capture:

```

simple-capture ...opt
...opt init-capture

```

simple-capture:

```

identifier
& identifier
this
* this

```

init-capture:

```

identifier initializer
& identifier initializer

```

fold-expression:

```

( cast-expression fold-operator ... )
( ... fold-operator cast-expression )
( cast-expression fold-operator ... fold-operator cast-expression )

```

fold-operator: one of

```

+ - * / % ^ & | << >>
+= -= *= /= %= ^= &= |= <<= >>= =
== != < > <= >= && || , .* ->*

```

requires-expression:

```

requires requirement-parameter-listopt requirement-body

```

requirement-parameter-list:

```

( parameter-declaration-clauseopt )

```

requirement-body:

```

{ requirement-seq }

```

requirement-seq:

```

requirement
requirement-seq requirement

```


requirement:
simple-requirement
type-requirement
compound-requirement
nested-requirement

simple-requirement:
expression ;

type-requirement:
typename *nested-name-specifier*_{opt} *type-name* ;

compound-requirement:
{ *expression* } **noexcept**_{opt} *return-type-requirement*_{opt} ;

return-type-requirement:
trailing-return-type
-> *cv-qualifier-seq*_{opt} *constrained-parameter* *cv-qualifier-seq*_{opt} *abstract-declarator*_{opt}

nested-requirement:
requires *constraint-expression* ;

postfix-expression:
primary-expression
postfix-expression [*expr-or-braced-init-list*]
postfix-expression (*expression-list*_{opt})
simple-type-specifier (*expression-list*_{opt})
typename-specifier (*expression-list*_{opt})
simple-type-specifier *braced-init-list*
typename-specifier *braced-init-list*
postfix-expression . **template**_{opt} *id-expression*
postfix-expression -> **template**_{opt} *id-expression*
postfix-expression . *pseudo-destructor-name*
postfix-expression -> *pseudo-destructor-name*
postfix-expression ++
postfix-expression --
dynamic_cast < *type-id* > (*expression*)
static_cast < *type-id* > (*expression*)
reinterpret_cast < *type-id* > (*expression*)
const_cast < *type-id* > (*expression*)
atomicc-bit-cast
typeid (*expression*)
typeid (*type-id*)

expression-list:
initializer-list

pseudo-destructor-name:
*nested-name-specifier*_{opt} *type-name* :: ~ *type-name*
nested-name-specifier **template** *simple-template-id* :: ~ *type-name*
~ *type-name*
~ *decltype-specifier*

unary-expression:
postfix-expression
++ *cast-expression*
-- *cast-expression*
unary-operator *cast-expression*
sizeof *unary-expression*
sizeof (*type-id*)
sizeof ... (*identifier*)
alignof (*type-id*)
noexcept-expression
new-expression
delete-expression

unary-operator: one of
* & + - ! ~

■ ■

new-expression:

```

::opt new new-placementopt new-type-id new-initializeropt
::opt new new-placementopt ( type-id ) new-initializeropt

```

new-placement:

```

( expression-list )

```

new-type-id:

```

type-specifier-seq new-declaratoropt

```

new-declarator:

```

ptr-operator new-declaratoropt
noptr-new-declarator

```

noptr-new-declarator:

```

[ expression ] attribute-specifier-seqopt
noptr-new-declarator [ constant-expression ] attribute-specifier-seqopt

```

new-initializer:

```

( expression-listopt )
braced-init-list

```

delete-expression:

```

::opt delete cast-expression
::opt delete [ ] cast-expression

```

noexcept-expression:

```

noexcept ( expression )

```

cast-expression:

```

unary-expression
( type-id ) cast-expression

```

pm-expression:

```

cast-expression
pm-expression .* cast-expression
pm-expression ->* cast-expression

```

multiplicative-expression:

```

pm-expression
multiplicative-expression * pm-expression
multiplicative-expression / pm-expression
multiplicative-expression % pm-expression

```

additive-expression:

```

multiplicative-expression
additive-expression + multiplicative-expression
additive-expression - multiplicative-expression

```

shift-expression:

```

additive-expression
shift-expression << additive-expression
shift-expression >> additive-expression

```

compare-expression:

```

shift-expression
compare-expression <=> shift-expression

```

relational-expression:

```

compare-expression
relational-expression < compare-expression
relational-expression > compare-expression
relational-expression <= compare-expression
relational-expression >= compare-expression

```

equality-expression:

```

relational-expression
equality-expression == relational-expression
equality-expression != relational-expression

```

and-expression:

```

equality-expression
and-expression & equality-expression

```

exclusive-or-expression:
and-expression
exclusive-or-expression \wedge *and-expression*

inclusive-or-expression:
exclusive-or-expression
inclusive-or-expression \mid *exclusive-or-expression*

logical-and-expression:
inclusive-or-expression
logical-and-expression **&&** *inclusive-or-expression*

logical-or-expression:
logical-and-expression
logical-or-expression **||** *logical-and-expression*

conditional-expression:
logical-or-expression
logical-or-expression **?** *expression* **:** *assignment-expression*

throw-expression:
throw *assignment-expression*_{opt}

assignment-expression:
conditional-expression
logical-or-expression *assignment-operator* *initializer-clause*
throw-expression

assignment-operator: one of
= ***** **/** **%** **+=** **-=** **>>=** **<<=** **&=** **^=** **|=**

expression:
assignment-expression
expression **,** *assignment-expression*

constant-expression:
conditional-expression

B.5 Statements

[gram.stmt]

statement:
labeled-statement
*attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} *expression-statement*
*attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} *compound-statement*
*attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} *selection-statement*
*attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} *iteration-statement*
*attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} *jump-statement*
declaration-statement
*attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} *try-block*
rule-statement

init-statement:
expression-statement
simple-declaration

condition:
expression
*attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} *decl-specifier-seq* *declarator* *brace-or-equal-initializer*

labeled-statement:
*attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} *identifier* **:** *statement*
*attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} **case** *constant-expression* **:** *statement*
*attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} **default** **:** *statement*

expression-statement:
*expression*_{opt} **;**

compound-statement:
{ *statement-seq*_{opt} **}**

statement-seq:
statement
statement-seq *statement*

■ ■

selection-statement:
 if constexpr_{opt} (init-statement_{opt} condition) statement
 if constexpr_{opt} (init-statement_{opt} condition) statement else statement
 switch (init-statement_{opt} condition) statement

iteration-statement:
 while (condition) statement
 do statement while (expression) ;
 for (init-statement condition_{opt} ; expression_{opt}) statement
 for (init-statement_{opt} for-range-declaration : for-range-initializer) statement

for-range-declaration:
 attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} decl-specifier-seq declarator
 attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} decl-specifier-seq ref-qualifier_{opt} [identifier-list]

for-range-initializer:
 expr-or-braced-init-list

jump-statement:
 break ;
 continue ;
 return expr-or-braced-init-list_{opt} ;
 goto identifier ;

declaration-statement:
 block-declaration

B.6 Declarations

[gram.dcl]

declaration-seq:
 declaration
 declaration-seq declaration

declaration:
 block-declaration
 nodeclspec-function-declaration
 function-definition
 template-declaration
 deduction-guide
 explicit-instantiation
 explicit-specialization
 linkage-specification
 namespace-definition
 empty-declaration
 attribute-declaration

block-declaration:
 simple-declaration
 asm-definition
 namespace-alias-definition
 using-declaration
 using-directive
 static_assert-declaration
 alias-declaration
 opaque-enum-declaration

nodeclspec-function-declaration:
 attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} declarator ;

alias-declaration:
 using identifier attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} = defining-type-id ;

simple-declaration:
 decl-specifier-seq init-declarator-list_{opt} ;
 attribute-specifier-seq decl-specifier-seq init-declarator-list ;
 attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} decl-specifier-seq ref-qualifier_{opt} [identifier-list] initializer ;

static_assert-declaration:
 static_assert (constant-expression) ;
 static_assert (constant-expression , string-literal) ;

```

empty-declaration:
    ;
attribute-declaration:
    attribute-specifier-seq ;
decl-specifier:
    storage-class-specifier
    defining-type-specifier
    function-specifier
    friend
    typedef
    constexpr
    inline
decl-specifier-seq:
    decl-specifier attribute-specifier-seqopt
    decl-specifier decl-specifier-seq
storage-class-specifier:
    static
    thread_local
    extern
    mutable
function-specifier:
    virtual
    explicit-specifier
explicit-specifier:
    explicit ( constant-expression )
    explicit
typedef-name:
    identifier
type-specifier:
    simple-type-specifier
    elaborated-type-specifier
    typename-specifier
    cv-qualifier
type-specifier-seq:
    type-specifier attribute-specifier-seqopt
    type-specifier type-specifier-seq
defining-type-specifier:
    type-specifier
    class-specifier
    enum-specifier
defining-type-specifier-seq:
    defining-type-specifier attribute-specifier-seqopt
    defining-type-specifier defining-type-specifier-seq

```

simple-type-specifier:

- nested-name-specifier*_{opt} *type-name*
- nested-name-specifier* **template** *simple-template-id*
- nested-name-specifier*_{opt} *template-name*
- char**
- char16_t**
- char32_t**
- wchar_t**
- bool**
- short**
- int**
- long**
- signed**
- unsigned**
- float**
- double**
- void**
- auto**
- decltype-specifier*
- bit-type-specifier*

type-name:

- class-name*
- enum-name*
- typedef-name*
- simple-template-id*

decltype-specifier:

- decltype** (*expression*)
- decltype** (**auto**)

elaborated-type-specifier:

- class-key* *attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} *nested-name-specifier*_{opt} *identifier*
- class-key* *simple-template-id*
- class-key* *nested-name-specifier* **template**_{opt} *simple-template-id*
- enum** *nested-name-specifier*_{opt} *identifier*

init-declarator-list:

- init-declarator*
- init-declarator-list* , *init-declarator*

init-declarator:

- declarator* *initializer*_{opt}
- declarator* *requires-clause*

declarator:

- ptr-declarator*
- noptr-declarator* *parameters-and-qualifiers* *trailing-return-type*

ptr-declarator:

- noptr-declarator*
- ptr-operator* *ptr-declarator*

noptr-declarator:

- declarator-id* *attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt}
- noptr-declarator* *parameters-and-qualifiers*
- noptr-declarator* [*constant-expression*_{opt}] *attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt}
- (*ptr-declarator*)

parameters-and-qualifiers:

- (*parameter-declaration-clause*) *cv-qualifier-seq*_{opt}
- ref-qualifier*_{opt} *noexcept-specifier*_{opt} *attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt}

trailing-return-type:

- > *type-id*

■ ■

ptr-operator:

- * *attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}* *cv-qualifier-seq_{opt}*
- & *attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}*
- && *attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}*
- nested-name-specifier* * *attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}* *cv-qualifier-seq_{opt}*

cv-qualifier-seq:

- cv-qualifier* *cv-qualifier-seq_{opt}*

cv-qualifier:

- const
- volatile

ref-qualifier:

- &
- &&

declarator-id:

- ..._{opt} *id-expression*

type-id:

- type-specifier-seq* *abstract-declarator_{opt}*

defining-type-id:

- defining-type-specifier-seq* *abstract-declarator_{opt}*

abstract-declarator:

- ptr-abstract-declarator*
- noptr-abstract-declarator_{opt}* *parameters-and-qualifiers* *trailing-return-type*
- abstract-pack-declarator*

ptr-abstract-declarator:

- noptr-abstract-declarator*
- ptr-operator* *ptr-abstract-declarator_{opt}*

noptr-abstract-declarator:

- noptr-abstract-declarator_{opt}* *parameters-and-qualifiers*
- noptr-abstract-declarator_{opt}* [*constant-expression_{opt}*] *attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}*
- (*ptr-abstract-declarator*)

abstract-pack-declarator:

- noptr-abstract-pack-declarator*
- ptr-operator* *abstract-pack-declarator*

noptr-abstract-pack-declarator:

- noptr-abstract-pack-declarator* *parameters-and-qualifiers*
- noptr-abstract-pack-declarator* [*constant-expression_{opt}*] *attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}*
- ...

parameter-declaration-clause:

- parameter-declaration-list_{opt}* ..._{opt}
- parameter-declaration-list* , ...

parameter-declaration-list:

- parameter-declaration*
- parameter-declaration-list* , *parameter-declaration*

parameter-declaration:

- attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}* *decl-specifier-seq* *declarator*
- attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}* *decl-specifier-seq* *declarator* = *initializer-clause*
- attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}* *decl-specifier-seq* *abstract-declarator_{opt}*
- attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}* *decl-specifier-seq* *abstract-declarator_{opt}* = *initializer-clause*

initializer:

- brace-or-equal-initializer*
- (*expression-list*)

brace-or-equal-initializer:

- = *initializer-clause*
- braced-init-list*

initializer-clause:

- assignment-expression*
- braced-init-list*

braced-init-list:

```

{ initializer-list ,opt }
{ designated-initializer-list ,opt }
{ }

```

initializer-list:

```

initializer-clause ...opt
initializer-list , initializer-clause ...opt

```

designated-initializer-list:

```

designated-initializer-clause
designated-initializer-list , designated-initializer-clause

```

designated-initializer-clause:

```

designator brace-or-equal-initializer

```

designator:

```

. identifier

```

expr-or-braced-init-list:

```

expression
braced-init-list

```

function-definition:

```

atomicc-method-definition
attribute-specifier-seqopt decl-specifier-seqopt declarator virt-specifier-seqopt function-body
attribute-specifier-seqopt decl-specifier-seqopt declarator requires-clause function-body

```

function-body:

```

atomicc-function-body
function-try-block
= default ;
= delete ;

```

enum-name:

```

identifier

```

enum-specifier:

```

enum-head { enumerator-listopt }
enum-head { enumerator-list , }

```

enum-head:

```

enum-key attribute-specifier-seqopt enum-head-nameopt enum-baseopt

```

enum-head-name:

```

nested-name-specifieropt identifier

```

opaque-enum-declaration:

```

enum-key attribute-specifier-seqopt nested-name-specifieropt identifier enum-baseopt ;

```

enum-key:

```

enum
enum class
enum struct

```

enum-base:

```

: type-specifier-seq

```

enumerator-list:

```

enumerator-definition
enumerator-list , enumerator-definition

```

enumerator-definition:

```

enumerator
enumerator = constant-expression

```

enumerator:

```

identifier attribute-specifier-seqopt

```

namespace-name:

```

identifier
namespace-alias

```

■ ■

■ ■

namespace-definition:
 named-namespace-definition
 unnamed-namespace-definition
 nested-namespace-definition

named-namespace-definition:
 inline_{opt} **namespace** *attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} *identifier* { *namespace-body* }

unnamed-namespace-definition:
 inline_{opt} **namespace** *attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} { *namespace-body* }

nested-namespace-definition:
 namespace *enclosing-namespace-specifier* :: *identifier* { *namespace-body* }

enclosing-namespace-specifier:
 identifier
 enclosing-namespace-specifier :: *identifier*

namespace-body:
 *declaration-seq*_{opt}

namespace-alias:
 identifier

namespace-alias-definition:
 namespace *identifier* = *qualified-namespace-specifier* ;

qualified-namespace-specifier:
 *nested-name-specifier*_{opt} *namespace-name*

using-directive:
 *attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} **using namespace** *nested-name-specifier*_{opt} *namespace-name* ;

using-declaration:
 using *using-declarator-list* ;

using-declarator-list:
 using-declarator ..._{opt}
 using-declarator-list , *using-declarator* ..._{opt}

using-declarator:
 typename_{opt} *nested-name-specifier* *unqualified-id*

asm-definition:
 *attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} **asm** (*string-literal*) ;

linkage-specification:
 extern *string-literal* { *declaration-seq*_{opt} }
 extern *string-literal* *declaration*

attribute-specifier-seq:
 *attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} *attribute-specifier*

attribute-specifier:
 [[*attribute-using-prefix*_{opt} *attribute-list*]]
 contract-attribute-specifier
 alignment-specifier

alignment-specifier:
 alignas (*type-id* ..._{opt})
 alignas (*constant-expression* ..._{opt})

attribute-using-prefix:
 using *attribute-namespace* :

attribute-list:
 *attribute*_{opt}
 attribute-list , *attribute*_{opt}
 attribute ...
 attribute-list , *attribute* ...

attribute:
 attribute-token *attribute-argument-clause*_{opt}

attribute-token:
 identifier
 attribute-scoped-token

attribute-scoped-token:
 attribute-namespace :: *identifier*
attribute-namespace:
 identifier
attribute-argument-clause:
 (*balanced-token-seq_{opt}*)
balanced-token-seq:
 balanced-token
 balanced-token-seq *balanced-token*
balanced-token:
 (*balanced-token-seq_{opt}*)
 [*balanced-token-seq_{opt}*]
 { *balanced-token-seq_{opt}* }
 any *token* other than a parenthesis, a bracket, or a brace
contract-attribute-specifier:
 [[**expects** *contract-level_{opt}* : *conditional-expression*]]
 [[**ensures** *contract-level_{opt}* *identifier_{opt}* : *conditional-expression*]]
 [[**assert** *contract-level_{opt}* : *conditional-expression*]]
contract-level:
 default
 audit
 axiom

B.7 Classes

[gram.class]

class-name:
 identifier
 simple-template-id
class-specifier:
 class-head { *member-specification_{opt}* }
class-head:
 class-key *attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}* *class-head-name* *class-virt-specifier_{opt}* *base-clause_{opt}*
 class-key *attribute-specifier-seq_{opt}* *base-clause_{opt}*
class-head-name:
 nested-name-specifier_{opt} *class-name*
class-virt-specifier:
 final
class-key:
 class
 struct
 union
 atomicc-class-key ■■
member-specification:
 member-declaration *member-specification_{opt}*
 access-specifier : *member-specification_{opt}*
member-declaration:
 attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} *decl-specifier-seq_{opt}* *member-declarator-list_{opt}* ;
 atomicc-method-declaration ■■
 function-definition
 using-declaration
 static_assert-declaration
 template-declaration
 deduction-guide
 alias-declaration
 connect-declaration ■■
 forward-declaration ■■
 printf-declaration ■■
 empty-declaration

member-declarator-list:

- member-declarator*
- member-declarator-list* , *member-declarator*

member-declarator:

- declarator virt-specifier-seq_{opt} pure-specifier_{opt}*
- declarator requires-clause*
- declarator brace-or-equal-initializer_{opt}*
- identifier_{opt} attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} : constant-expression brace-or-equal-initializer_{opt}*

virt-specifier-seq:

- virt-specifier*
- virt-specifier-seq virt-specifier*

virt-specifier:

- override**
- final**

pure-specifier:

- = 0**

conversion-function-id:

- operator** *conversion-type-id*

conversion-type-id:

- type-specifier-seq conversion-declarator_{opt}*

conversion-declarator:

- ptr-operator conversion-declarator_{opt}*

base-clause:

- :** *base-specifier-list*

base-specifier-list:

- base-specifier* ..._{opt}
- base-specifier-list* , *base-specifier* ..._{opt}

base-specifier:

- attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} class-or-decltype*
- attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} virtual access-specifier_{opt} class-or-decltype*
- attribute-specifier-seq_{opt} access-specifier virtual_{opt} class-or-decltype*

class-or-decltype:

- nested-name-specifier_{opt} class-name*
- nested-name-specifier* **template** *simple-template-id*
- decltype-specifier*

access-specifier:

- private**
- protected**
- public**

ctor-initializer:

- :** *mem-initializer-list*

mem-initializer-list:

- mem-initializer* ..._{opt}
- mem-initializer-list* , *mem-initializer* ..._{opt}

mem-initializer:

- mem-initializer-id* (*expression-list_{opt}*)
- mem-initializer-id* *braced-init-list*

mem-initializer-id:

- class-or-decltype*
- identifier*

B.8 Overloading

[gram.over]

operator-function-id:

- operator** *operator*

operator: one of

new	delete	new[]	delete[]	()	[]	->	->*	~
!	+	-	*	/	%	^	&	
=	+=	-=	*=	/=	%=	^=	&=	 =
==	!=	<	>	<=	>=	<=>	&&	
<<	>>	<<=	>>=	++	--	,		

literal-operator-id:

operator *string-literal identifier*
operator *user-defined-string-literal*

B.9 Templates

[gram.temp]

template-declaration:

template-head declaration
template-head concept-definition

template-head:

template < *template-parameter-list* > *requires-clause*_{opt}

template-parameter-list:

template-parameter
template-parameter-list , *template-parameter*

requires-clause:

requires *constraint-logical-or-expression*

constraint-logical-or-expression:

constraint-logical-and-expression
constraint-logical-or-expression || *constraint-logical-and-expression*

constraint-logical-and-expression:

primary-expression
constraint-logical-and-expression && *primary-expression*

concept-definition:

concept *concept-name* = *constraint-expression* ;

concept-name:

identifier

template-parameter:

type-parameter
parameter-declaration
constrained-parameter

type-parameter:

type-parameter-key ..._{opt} *identifier*_{opt}
type-parameter-key *identifier*_{opt} = *type-id*
template-head *type-parameter-key* ..._{opt} *identifier*_{opt}
template-head *type-parameter-key* *identifier*_{opt} = *id-expression*

type-parameter-key:

class
typename

constrained-parameter:

qualified-concept-name ... *identifier*_{opt}
qualified-concept-name *identifier*_{opt} *default-template-argument*_{opt}

qualified-concept-name:

*nested-name-specifier*_{opt} *concept-name*
*nested-name-specifier*_{opt} *partial-concept-id*

partial-concept-id:

concept-name < *template-argument-list*_{opt} >

default-template-argument:

= *type-id*
 = *id-expression*
 = *initializer-clause*

simple-template-id:
template-name < *template-argument-list*_{opt} >

template-id:
simple-template-id
operator-function-id < *template-argument-list*_{opt} >
literal-operator-id < *template-argument-list*_{opt} >

template-name:
identifier

template-argument-list:
template-argument ..._{opt}
template-argument-list , *template-argument* ..._{opt}

template-argument:
constant-expression
type-id
id-expression

constraint-expression:
logical-or-expression

typename-specifier:
typename *nested-name-specifier* *identifier*
typename *nested-name-specifier* **template**_{opt} *simple-template-id*

explicit-instantiation:
extern_{opt} **template** *declaration*

explicit-specialization:
template < > *declaration*

deduction-guide:
explicit_{opt} *template-name* (*parameter-declaration-clause*) -> *simple-template-id* ;

B.10 Exception handling

[gram.exception]

try-block:
try *compound-statement* *handler-seq*

function-try-block:
try *ctor-initializer*_{opt} *compound-statement* *handler-seq*

handler-seq:
handler *handler-seq*_{opt}

handler:
catch (*exception-declaration*) *compound-statement*

exception-declaration:
*attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} *type-specifier-seq* *declarator*
*attribute-specifier-seq*_{opt} *type-specifier-seq* *abstract-declarator*_{opt}
...

noexcept-specifier:
noexcept (*constant-expression*)
noexcept

B.11 Preprocessing directives

[gram.cpp]

preprocessing-file:
*group*_{opt}

group:
group-part
group *group-part*

group-part:
control-line
if-section
text-line
*conditionally-supported-directive*

control-line:

```

# include pp-tokens new-line
# define identifier replacement-list new-line
# define identifier lparen identifier-listopt ) replacement-list new-line
# define identifier lparen ... ) replacement-list new-line
# define identifier lparen identifier-list , ... ) replacement-list new-line
# undef identifier new-line
# line pp-tokens new-line
# error pp-tokensopt new-line
# pragma pp-tokensopt new-line
# new-line

```

if-section:

```

if-group elif-groupsopt else-groupopt endif-line

```

if-group:

```

# if constant-expression new-line groupopt
# ifdef identifier new-line groupopt
# ifndef identifier new-line groupopt

```

elif-groups:

```

elif-group
elif-groups elif-group

```

elif-group:

```

# elif constant-expression new-line groupopt

```

else-group:

```

# else new-line groupopt

```

endif-line:

```

# endif new-line

```

text-line:

```

pp-tokensopt new-line

```

conditionally-supported-directive:

```

pp-tokens new-line

```

lparen:

```

a ( character not immediately preceded by white-space

```

identifier-list:

```

identifier
identifier-list , identifier

```

replacement-list:

```

pp-tokensopt

```

pp-tokens:

```

preprocessing-token
pp-tokens preprocessing-token

```

new-line:

```

the new-line character

```

defined-macro-expression:

```

defined identifier
defined ( identifier )

```

h-preprocessing-token:

```

any preprocessing-token other than >

```

h-pp-tokens:

```

h-preprocessing-token
h-pp-tokens h-preprocessing-token

```

has-include-expression:

```

__has_include ( < h-char-sequence > )
__has_include ( " q-char-sequence " )
__has_include ( string-literal )
__has_include ( < h-pp-tokens > )

```

has-attribute-expression:

```

__has_cpp_attribute ( pp-tokens )

```