



# Final Project Practical Course Robotics

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Eliza

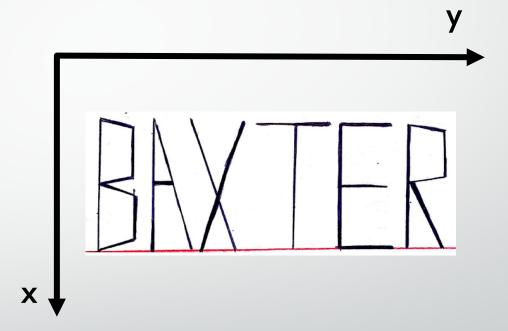
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## Project Goal

Make Baxter write!

#### What to write?

- Make Baxter sign "autographs";
- Designing the letters;



#### Where to write? (1)

- Determine the table's position
  - Left endeffector at a starting position: y = (0.6, -0.1, 1.1);
  - Go down step by step;
    - Read the torques u and the Jacobian J;
    - Compute force via  $f = (J^{\#})^T u$ , where  $J^{\#} = J^T (JJ^T)^{-1}$ ;
    - Save y and corresponding  $f_i$

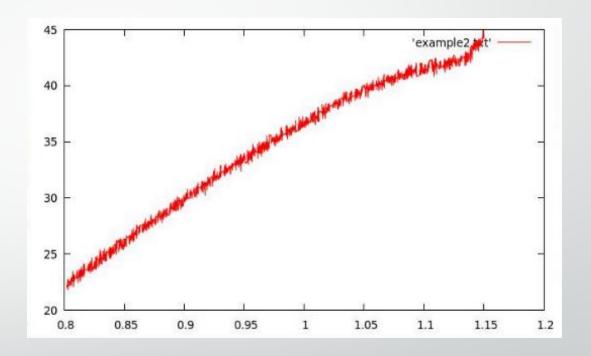
#### Where to write? (2)

Analyze the data;

$$f = 63.714 * y(2) - 28.8;$$

Value on z axis w.r.t base frame

determine the table's height.



### How to write? (1)

- Torque control;
- Robot dynamics:  $u = M\ddot{q}^*$ , neglecting F;

Provided in the code

- Torque for pushing:  $u = J^T f$ ;
- Necessary torque:  $u = M\ddot{q} + J^T f$ .

#### How to write? (2)

- Desired acceleration  $\ddot{q}^*$ :  $\ddot{q}^* = \ddot{q}^{ref} + K_p (q^{ref} q) + K_d (\dot{q}^{ref} \dot{q})$ ; = 0 = 0
- Compute the reference joint vector  $q^{ref}$ :
  - Inverse kinematics:  $q^* = \underset{q}{\operatorname{argmin}} \|\phi(q) y^*\|^2 + \|q q_0\|^2$ ;
  - Linearization of  $\phi(q)$  at  $q_0$ :  $\phi(q) \approx y_0 + J(q q_0)$ ,  $y_0 = \phi(q_0)$ ;
  - > Solution:  $q^* = q_0 + J^{\#}(y^* y_0)$ .

#### How to write? (3)

"Small step" approach → target interpolation;

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Input: initial state q_0, desired y^*, methods \phi^{\text{pos}} and J^{\text{pos}}

Output: trajectory q_{0:T}

1: Set y_0 = \phi^{\text{pos}}(q_0)  // starting endeff position

2: for t = 1: T do

3: y \leftarrow \phi^{\text{pos}}(q_{t-1})  // current endeff position

4: J \leftarrow J^{\text{pos}}(q_{t-1})  // current endeff Jacobian

5: \hat{y} \leftarrow y_0 + (t/T)(y^* - y_0)  // interpolated endeff target

6: q_t = q_{t-1} + J^{\sharp}(\hat{y} - y)  // new joint positions

7: Command q_t to all robot motors and compute all T_{W \rightarrow i}(q_t)

8: end for
```

#### Lecture 5 (Kinematics), Robotics Course

https://ipvs.informatik.uni-stuttgart.de/mlr/15-Robotics/05-kinematics.pdf

#### How to write? (4)

• Configuration close to the initial one,  $q_0$ :

Team Kugelschreiber and Baxter thank you for the attention!

