

Practical Course Robotics

Marc Toussaint

April 7, 2016

Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	Setting up your work environment	1
3	Plan	2
3.1	Milestone 1: Pick-and-place	2
3.1.1	Subproblem: Basic Motion	2
3.1.2	Lecture: Basic Motion revisited	2
3.1.3	Subproblem: Segmenting & tracking objects	3
3.1.4	Lecture: Basic perception	3
3.1.5	Subproblem: Pick & Place	3
3.2	Milestone 2: System Identification, Machine Learning & Compliant Optimal Control .	3
3.2.1	Lecture: Dynamics Basics; and motivation	3
3.2.2	Subproblem: Collect data, formulate model, ML	3
3.2.3	Subproblem: Use the model for (extended/unscented) Kalman filtering of the state	3
3.2.4	Subproblem: Use the model to translate desired q -accelerations directly to torques	3
3.3	Define your own project!	3

1 Introduction

2 Setting up your work environment

Preliminaries

- You need a gitlab account; access to `mlr_students`
- Connect to the local mlr-robotlab WIFI

Install from a fresh Ubuntu

- install fresh Ubuntu 14.04.4 LTS
- google 'ros install indigo'; copy&paste steps; install package `ros-indigo-desktop`
- install packages: `synaptic`, `git`, `qtcreator`, `ros-indigo-alvar-msgs`, `ros-baxter-...-msgs`
- create ssh key:

```
cd
ssh-keygen
cat .ssh/id_rsa.pub
```

- enter ssh key in gitlab: gitlab start page; profile settings; ssh keys; copy&paste the key (without linebreaks!!!); 'Add key'
- in gitlab go to the project page; see the ssh URL ending with ...git
- checkout our code

```
cd
mkdir git
cd git
git clone <SSH-GIT-URL>
```

- Install the code dependency ubuntu packages:

```
cd ~/git/mlr/install
./INSTALL_ALL_UBUNTU_PACKAGES.sh
```

Trouble shooting: read the README.md in /git/mlr

- configure code and test make:

```
cd ~/git/mlr/share/
git checkout baxter
cp gofMake/config.mk.default gofMake/config.mk
bin/createMakefileLinks.sh
cd src/Ors
make
```

- goto project page and test make

```
cd ~/git/mlr/share/teaching/RoboticsPractical/01-...
make
```

Test starting to run ./x.exe

Make the baxter move

- setup the WIFI connection to the baxters ros server

```
source ~/git/mlr/share/bin/baxterwifisetup
```
- In a project folder, try to run `./x.exe -useRos 1`

Get comfortable

- put all extra documentation useful for others in text files in ./doc
- use qtcreator; learn create 'new project' (using 'import existing project' for a path with makefile); learn to set 'include paths'
- create own folder groupX, maybe own branch

3 Plan

3.1 Milestone 1: Pick-and-place

Target: The robot perceives objects on the table (= segment, localize). The robot grasps them and puts them into a bin.

3.1.1 Subproblem: Basic Motion

Learn how to use our code to generate targets in various task spaces. Learn how create `CtrlTasks` directly in C++. Optionally, have a look at the much more abstract RAP interface.

3.1.2 Lecture: Basic Motion revisited

- Task spaces, general problem
- linear acceleration laws in task spaces
- maths to project them down to configuration space
- Discuss (practical is later): impedance, stiffness

3.1.3 Subproblem: Segmenting & tracking objects

Understand how the `tabletop` ROS packages can extract planes (the table) and point cloud clusters on top of the plane. Learn how the objects are imported in our system.

3.1.4 Lecture: Basic perception

- The pain of computer vision...
- Keep it simple: point clouds, planes, clusters, markers
- Practical packages

3.1.5 Subproblem: Pick & Place

Realize the whole pick-and-place scenario. Core issues are

- Designing the motion tasks
- Sequencing, ideally failure detection & reaction

3.2 Milestone 2: System Identification, Machine Learning & Compliant Optimal Control

Target: The robot is controlled on the lowest level, sending direct 'torques' (or alike). Using system identification (ML) we learnt a perfect model of both, the dynamics and the observations. Using Bayesian filtering we can perfectly track the state—giving nice and smooth velocity estimates. The robot 'intelligently' explores its state-space to collect data for the previous tasks.

3.2.1 Lecture: Dynamics Basics; and motivation

- Dynamics & optimal control revisited
- Compliance, impedance control, manipulation & teleoperation
- (Do we have F/T sensors?)
- caveats of real robots: 'non-Markovian', sticktion, time lag, gear clearance

3.2.2 Subproblem: Collect data, formulate model, ML

Think about motion patterns to collect data. Formulate models for the robot dynamics as well as observation model. Apply ML.

3.2.3 Subproblem: Use the model for (extended/unscented) Kalman filtering of the state

3.2.4 Subproblem: Use the model to translate desired q -accelerations directly to torques

3.3 Define your own project!