

Recent simulation methods for resolving molecular details in thermodynamics and kinetics

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October 10, 2019

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Temperature-Accelerated MD

Maragliano and Vanden-Eijnden, *Chem Phys Lett* **426**:168 (2006)

Extended potential energy: $U(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{z}) = V(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{1}{2}\kappa \sum_{j=1}^M [\theta_j(\mathbf{x}) - z_j]^2$

Dynamics of configurational variables \mathbf{x} (“restrained MD”):

$$m_i \ddot{x}_i = -\frac{\partial V(\mathbf{x})}{\partial x_i} - \kappa \sum_{j=1}^M [\theta_j(\mathbf{x}) - z_j] \frac{\partial \theta_j}{\partial x_i} + \text{thermostat @ } \beta$$

Dynamics of auxiliary variables \mathbf{z} with enforced separation of time-scales:

$$\bar{\gamma} \bar{m}_j \dot{z}_j = \kappa [\theta_j(\mathbf{x}) - z_j] + (\text{noise @ } \bar{\beta}) \approx -\frac{\partial F_\kappa}{\partial z_j} + \text{noise}$$

\mathbf{z} responds to free energy like \mathbf{x} responds to potential energy.

Taking $\bar{\beta} < \beta$ ($\bar{T} > T$) \Rightarrow enhanced sampling in a chosen CV-space.