The **pgfSweave** Package

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The pgfSweave package provides capabilities for "caching" graphics generated with Sweave. This document highlights the features and usage of pgfSweave. pgfSweave provides a new driver for Sweave, pgfSweaveDriver and new chunk options pgf and external on top of the cache option provided by cacheSweave. This package is built directly upon cacheSweave and therefore also Sweave. This document assumes familiarity with Sweave.

1 Motivation and Background

Sweave is a tool for generating "reproducible" documents by embedding R or S "code chunks" directly into a LATEX document. The problem of preforming lengthy computations in Sweave documents is not a new one. Previous attempts to tackle this problem include cacheSweave¹ and the weaver². Specifically these packages address the problem that code chunks with lengthy computations are executed every time a document is compiled. Both packages provide a cache option which saves R objects for quick access during successive compilations. The cacheSweave package stores results in a filehash³ databases while the weaver package stores RData files. The benefit of the cacheSweave method is lazy loading of objects. Both methods provides significant speedup of most computations, namely only those which create objects in the global environment.

Additional drawbacks of the existing methods are:

- 1. Plots are not cached (since plots does not create objects in the global environment). If a plot takes a long time to generate, the same problem exists as when lengthy computations are present.
- 2. Consistency in style (font, point size) in automatically generated graphics is difficult to achieve. The default font and point size in R does not match IATEX very well and getting this to match precisely is tricky business.

So called "caching" of plots is achieved with the help of two tools: the T_EX package PGF^4 and the command line utility $eps2pgf^5$. When we refer to the "caching" of an graphic we mean that if the code chunk which generated the graphic is unchanged, an image included from a file rather than regenerated from the code. The T_EX package pgf^6 provides the ability to "externalize graphics." The externalization chapter in the PGF/TikZ manual is extremely well written, so please look there for more information.

¹http://cran.r-project.org/package=cacheSweave

²http://www.bioconductor.org/packages/2.3/bioc/html/weaver.html

 $^{^3}$ http://cran.r-project.org/package=filehash

⁴http://sourceforge.net/projects/pgf/

⁵http://sourceforge.net/projects/eps2pgf/

⁶Latest CVS available at http://sourceforge.net/cvs/?group_id=142562

2 System Requirements

In general **pgfSweave** depends on:

- 1. A working TeXdistribution (such as TeXLive for linux and mac and MiKTex for Windows)
- 2. The java command line interpreter (i.e. the java command). This is standard on most systems and is free to download otherwise.
- 3. At least version 2.00 of the PGF/TikZ package for LATEX.

That should be it for any *nix or Mac OS X system.

2.1 Windows specific requirements

The **pgfSweave** package can work on windows with some special care. First of all it is strongly recommendeed that you install R in in a location that does not have spaces in its path name such as C:\R. This will save you much grief when using **Sweave**. Other wise do the following in the order listed.

- 1. Install Java.
- 2. Install MiKT_EX.
- 3. Upgrade to or install PGF 2.0 if not already done.
- 4. Install Rtools ⁷. Make sure to allow the Rtools installer to modify your PATH.

If everything is set up correctly, the commands java and pdflatex or latex should be available at the command prompt.

3 Usage

We assume a familiarity with the usage of **Sweave**, for more information see the **Sweave** manual⁸. This section will explain the usage of the **pgf** and **external** options and then provide a complete example.

3.1 The pgf option

The first new code chunk option pgf, acts the same as the pdf or eps options but instead of resulting in an \includegraphics{} statement the result is an \input{} statement. For example the text and Consider the following code:

⁷http://www.murdoch-sutherland.com/Rtools/

 $^{^{8} \}texttt{http://www.stat.uni-muenchen.de/} \sim \texttt{leisch/Sweave/Sweave-manual.pdf}$

Input:

The .pgf file is generated with the eps2pgf utility. The postscript graphics device is used first to generate a .eps file. Then the command

```
$ java -jar /path/to/eps2pgf.jar -m directcopy graphic.eps
```

is run on every code chunk that has fig=TRUE and pgf=TRUE. When using pgfSweave the pgf option is set to TRUE by default.

3.2 The external option

```
Input:
    \begin{figure}[ht]
    <<external,fig=T,pgf=T,external=T,echo=F>>=
        x <- rnorm(100)
        plot(x)
    @
    \caption{caption}
    \label{fig:pgf-option}
    \end{figure}</pre>
```

Output:

\begin{figure}[ht]
\beginpgfgraphicnamed{external}
\input{external.pgf}
\endpgfgraphicnamed
\caption{caption}
\label{fig:external}
\end{figure}

3.3 A complete example

At this point we will provide a complete example. The example from the **Sweave** manual is used to highlight the differences. The two frame below show the input Sweave file example.Rnw and the resulting tex file example.tex.

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{pgf}
\usepackage[margin=1in] {geometry}
\pgfrealjobname{pgfSweave-example}
\title{Minimal pgfSweave Example}
\author{Cameron Bracken}

\begin{document}
<<setup,echo=F>>=
setCacheDir("cache")
@
\maketitle
This example is identical to that in the Sweave manual and is intended to
```

```
introduce pgfSweave and highlight the basic differences. Please refer to
the pgfSweave vignette for more usage instructions.
We embed parts of the examples from the \texttt{kruskal.test} help page
into a \LaTeX{} document:
%notice the new options
<data,cache=T,pgf=T,external=T>>=
data(airquality)
kruskal.test(Ozone ~ Month, data = airquality)
which shows that the location parameter of the Ozone distribution varies
significantly from month to month. Finally we include a boxplot of the data:
\begin{figure}[!ht]
\centering
<<boxplot,echo=F,fig=T,pgf=T,external=T,width=4,height=4>>=
        boxplot(Ozone ~ Month, data = airquality,main='Ozone distribution',
                 xlab='Month',ylab='Concentration')
\caption{This is from pgfSweave. Label sizes are independent of figure scaling.}
\end{figure}
\end{document}
                             _{-} pgfSweave-example-Rnw.in _{	ext{-}}
On the input file run:
R> library(pgfSweave)
R> pgfSweave('example.Rnw',pdf=T)
And we get:
                            \_ pgfSweave-example-tex.in _-
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{pgf}
\usepackage[margin=1in]{geometry}
\pgfrealjobname{pgfSweave-example}
\title{Minimal pgfSweave Example}
\author{Cameron Bracken}
\usepackage{/Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Resources/share/texmf/Sweave}
\begin{document}
\maketitle
This example is identical to that in the Sweave manual and is intended to
introduce pgfSweave and highlight the basic differences. Please refer to
the pgfSweave vignette for more usage instructions.
We embed parts of the examples from the \texttt{kruskal.test} help page
into a \LaTeX{} document:
%notice the new options
```

```
\begin{Schunk}
\begin{Sinput}
> data(airquality)
> kruskal.test(Ozone ~ Month, data = airquality)
\end{Sinput}
\end{Schunk}
which shows that the location parameter of the Ozone distribution varies
significantly from month to month. Finally we include a boxplot of the data:
\begin{figure}[!ht]
\centering
\beginpgfgraphicnamed{pgfSweave-example-boxplot}
\input{pgfSweave-example-boxplot.pgf}
\endpgfgraphicnamed
\caption{This is from pgfSweave. Label sizes are independent of figure scaling.}
\end{figure}
\end{document}
                           \_ pgfSweave-example-tex.in \_
```

Minimal pgfSweave Example

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This example is identical to that in the Sweave manual and is intended to introduce pgfSweave and highlight the basic differences. Please refer to the pgfSweave vignette for more usage instructions.

We embed parts of the examples from the ${\tt kruskal.test}$ help page into a LATEX document:

- > data(airquality)
- > kruskal.test(Ozone ~ Month, data = airquality)

which shows that the location parameter of the Ozone distribution varies significantly from month to month. Finally we include a boxplot of the data:

Ozone distribution

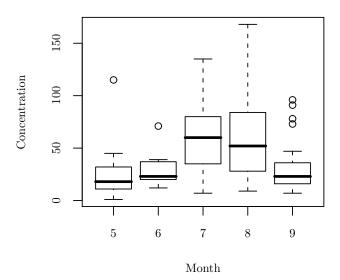


Figure 1: This is from pgfSweave. Label sizes are independent of figure scaling.

1

4 Consistency in style between graphics and text

In Figure 1 Notice the inconsistency in font and size between the default R output and the default LATEX output. Fonts and font sizes can be changed from R but it is hard to be precise. What if you decide to change the font and and point size of your entire document? In figure 2 the text is consistent with the rest of the document.

> hist(a)

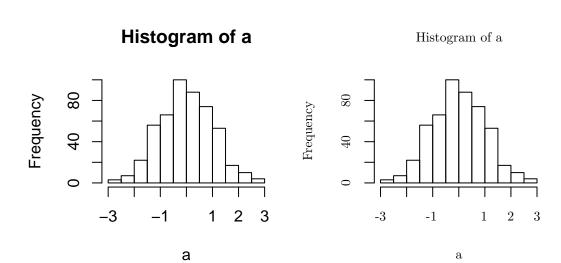


Figure 1: This is normal **Sweave**.

> hist(a)

Figure 2: This is from **pgfSweave**.

The example below illustrates some of the power of **pgfSweave**. LATEX code can be directly input into captions. This sort of thing is already available in R but again consistency in font and text size is difficult to achieve.

```
 > plot(a, b, xlab = "", ylab = "") \\ > title(xlab = "\$\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\epsilon\Re \longrightarrow\ell\hbar\$") \\ > title(ylab = "\{\color\{green!40!blue\}\scshape \Large Teal Label in Small Caps\}") \\ > title(main = "\{\large This is a plot of $\displaystyle\int_a^b \frac\{x\}\{y\}dx\$\}") \\ > abline(fit)
```

This is a plot of
$$\int_a^b \frac{x}{y} dx$$

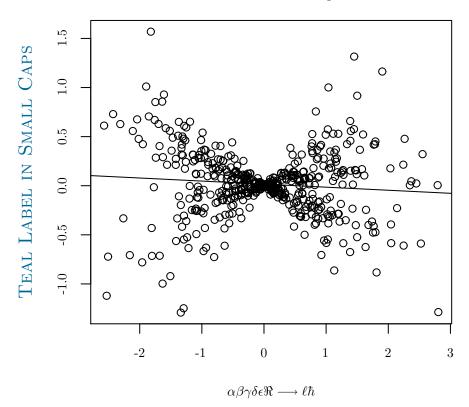


Figure 3: Large size plot but still consistant. Also \LaTeX can be put directly into the titles of the plot which matches the style of your paper. All \char s must be escaped using this method.

Every other part of Sweave and cacheSweave work the same.

5 Frequently Asked Questions

Can pgfSweave be run from the command line?

Sure! Use the shell script provided in the **pgfSweave** package source in the **exec/** directory Save the script somewhere in your PATH and run

```
$ pgfsweave <yourfile>.Rnw
```

How do I set subdirectories for figures and caches?

This is strait out of the **Sweave** and **cacheSweave** manuals (nothing new here). For a figures subdirectory ⁹ use the **prefix.string** option:

```
\SweaveOpts{prefix.string=figs/fig}
```

For a caching subdirectory use a code chunk at the beginning or your document like:

```
<<setup,echo=F>>=
setCacheDir("cache")
a
```

Why are the width and height options being ignored?

This is another one from **Sweave**. You must use the nogin option in **Sweave.sty** for the width and height parameters to actually affect the size of the image in the document:

```
\usepackage[nogin]{Sweave}
```

latex/pdflatex is not found in R.app (Mac OS X) and [Possibly] R.exe (Windows)

```
Your latex program is not in the default search path. Put a line such as:
```

```
Sys.setenv("PATH" = paste(Sys.getenv("PATH"),"/usr/texbin",sep=":"))
in your .Rprofile file.
```

I get a bunch of "Incompatible list can't be unboxed" errors when compiling.

This is a problem with PGF. The workaround is to load the **atbegshi** package before PGF or TikZ:

```
\usepackage{atbegshi}
\usepackage{pgf}

or
\usepackage{atbegshi}
\usepackage{tikz}
```

⁹make sure to create the directory first!

The vignette in /inst/doc/ does not contain any code chunks!

That is because the vignette in /inst/doc/ is a "fake" vignette generated from the "real" vignette in /inst/misc/vignette-src/. The reason for this extra step is that package vignettes must be able to be compiled with R CMD Sweave <vignette>.Rnw, which is precisely what we don't want to use!

To compile this vignette yourself use the following:

- \$ svn checkout http://svn.rforge.net/pgfSweave/trunk pgfSweave
- \$ R CMD INSTALL pgfSweave
- \$ cd pgfSweave/inst/misc/vignette-src/
- \$ make