CS 446: Machine Learning
Homework 9

Due on Tuesday, April 3, 2018, 11:59 a.m. Central Time

1. [**16 points**] Gaussian Mixture Models & EM
   Consider a Gaussian mixture model with K components ($k \in \{1, \ldots, K\}$), each having mean μ_k, variance σ_k^2, and mixture weight π_k. All these are parameters to be learned, and we subsume them in the set θ. Further, we are given a dataset $X = \{x_i\}$, where $x_i \in \mathbb{R}$. We also use $Z = \{z_i\}$ to denote the latent variables, such that $z_i = k$ implies that x_i is generated from the kth Gaussian.

   (a) What is the log-likelihood of the data $\log p(X; \theta)$ according to the Gaussian Mixture Model? (use μ_k, σ_k, π_k, K, x_i, and X). Don't use any abbreviations.

   Your answer:

   (b) For learning θ using the EM algorithm, we need the conditional distribution of the latent variables Z given the current estimate of the parameters $\theta^{(t)}$ (we will use the superscript (t) for parameter estimates at step t). What is the posterior probability $p(z_i = k | x_i; \theta^{(t)})$? To simplify, wherever possible, use $\mathcal{N}(x_i | \mu_k, \sigma_k)$ to denote a Gaussian distribution over $x_i \in \mathbb{R}$ having mean μ_k and variance σ_k^2.

   Your answer:

   (c) Find $\mathbb{E}_{z_i | x_i; \theta^{(t)}}[\log p(x_i, z_i; \theta)]$. Denote $p(z_i = k | x_i; \theta^{(t)})$ as z_{ik}, and use all previous notation simplifications.

   Your answer:

   (d) $\theta^{(t+1)}$ is obtained as the maximizer of $\sum_{i=1}^{N} \mathbb{E}_{z_i | x_i; \theta^{(t)}}[\log p(x_i, z_i; \theta)]$. Find $\mu_k^{(t+1)}$, $\pi_k^{(t+1)}$, and $\sigma_k^{(t+1)}$, by using your answer to the previous question.

   Your answer:

(e) How are kMeans and Gaussian Mixture Model related? (There are three conditions)

Your answer: