

## CS 446: Machine Learning Homework

Due on Tuesday, April 10, 2018, 11:59 a.m. Central Time

1. [2 points] KL Divergence

- (a) [1 point] What is the expression of the KL divergence  $D_{KL}(q(x)||p(x))$  given two continuous distributions  $p(x)$  and  $q(x)$  defined on the domain of  $\mathbb{R}^1$ ?

**Your answer:**

- (b) [1 point] Show that the KL divergence is non-negative. You can use Jensen's inequality here without proving it.

**Your answer:**

2. [3 points] In the class, we derive the following equality:

$$\log p_{\theta}(x) = \int_z q_{\phi}(z|x) \log \frac{p_{\theta}(x, z)}{q_{\phi}(z|x)} dz + \int_z q_{\phi}(z|x) \log \frac{q_{\phi}(z|x)}{p_{\theta}(z|x)} dz$$

Instead of maximizing the log likelihood  $\log p_{\theta}(x)$  w.r.t.  $\theta$ , we find a lower bound for  $\log p_{\theta}(x)$  and maximize the lower bound.

- (a) [1 point] Use the above equation and your result in 1(b) to give a lower bound for  $\log p_{\theta}(x)$ .

**Your answer:**

- (b) [1 point] What do people usually call the bound?

**Your answer:**

- (c) [1 point] In what condition will the bound be tight?

**Your answer:**

3. [2 points] Given  $z \in \mathbb{R}^1$ ,  $p(z) \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$  and  $q(z|x) \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_z, \sigma_z^2)$ , write  $D_{KL}(q(z|x)||p(z))$  in terms of  $\sigma_z$  and  $\mu_z$ .

**Your answer:**

4. [1 points] In VAEs, the encoder computes the mean  $\mu_z$  and the variance  $\sigma_z^2$  of  $q_{\phi}(z|x)$  assuming  $q_{\phi}(z|x)$  is Gaussian. Explain why we usually model  $\sigma_z^2$  in log space, i.e., modeling  $\log \sigma_z^2$  instead of  $\sigma_z^2$  when implementing it using neural nets?

**Your answer:**

5. [1 points] Why do we need the reparameterization trick when training VAEs instead of directly sampling from the latent distribution  $\mathcal{N}(\mu_z, \sigma_z^2)$ ?

**Your answer:**