Cultura

Definición de cultura

"Culture is ubiquitous, multidimensional, complex, and pervasive"

"Definitions range from the all-encompassing ('it is everything') to the narrow ('it is opera, art, and ballet') "

"We define culture as the deposit of knowledge, experience, beliefs, values, attitudes, meanings, social hierarchies, religion, notions of time, roles, spatial relationships, concepts of the universe, and material objects and possessions acquired by a group of people in the course of generations through individual and group striving."

Qué es hacer un asado? Por Lalo Mir (3 minutos 23 segundos)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fsetDadAI4g

Cómo saludar?



Puntualidad



GERMANY Thanks to its industrial past, in Germany you are expected to arrive at least ten minutes early for any scheduled meeting.

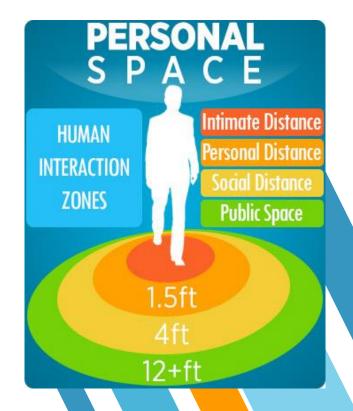
MEXICO

It is not uncommon for people to turn up half an hour late for a scheduled meeting.

MIN

Espacio personal





Cómo hacer colas?



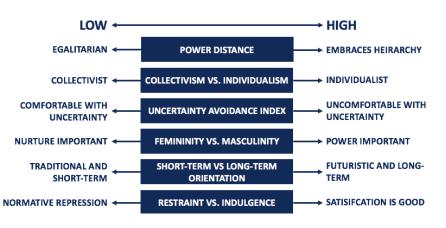




Variables culturales

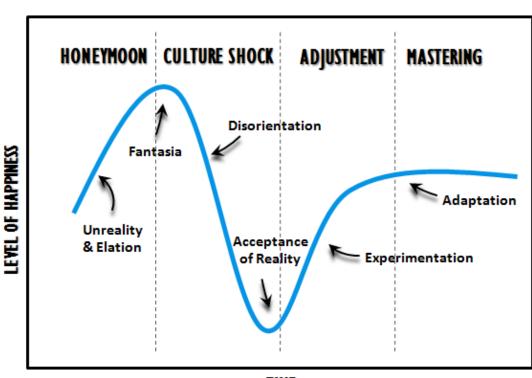


Hofstede Dimensions



Cultural dimension	Definition	Examples
Power distance	Power distance is the extent to which the less powerful members of institutions and organizations within a country expect and accept that power is distributed unequally.	Low: U.S. and Canada High: Japan and Singapore
Individualism and collectivism	Individualism describes cultures in which the ties between individuals are loose. Collectivism describes cultures in which people are integrated into strong, cohesive groups that protect individuals in exchange for unquestioning loyalty.	Individualistic: U.S., Australia, and Great Britain Collectivistic: Singapore, Hong Kong, and Mexico
Masculinity-femininity	Masculinity pertains to cultures in which social gender roles are clearly distinct. Femininity describes cultures in which social gender roles overlap.	Masculinity: Japan, Austria, and Italy Femininity: Sweden, Norway, and Netherlands
Uncertainty avoidance (UAI)	Uncertainty avoidance is the extent to which the members of a culture feel threatened by uncertain or unknown situations.	Low: Singapore, Jamaica, and Denmark High: Greece, Portugal, and Japan
Confucian dynamism	Confucian dynamism denotes the time orientation of a culture, defined as a continuum with long-term and short-term orientations as its two poles.	Long-term: China and Japan Short-term: U.S. and Canada

Culture shock



TIME

Intercultural Communication

"When people of different cultural backgrounds encounter one another, the differences among them can become **hidden barriers to communication**. Communication style combines both language and nonverbal communication. It is the metamessage that contextualizes how listeners are expected to receive and interpret verbal messages."

Cross cultural communication

Pellegrino Riccardi, TEDxBergen, 2014

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YMyofREc5Jk

20 minutos, mirar especialmente desde 1:30 a 2:10

Fin