

Análisis estadístico del ruido

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In [1]: import cv2
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from glob import glob
%matplotlib inline
```

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In [2]: imgs = []
img_fnames = glob('./imgs-ruido/*.jpg')
for fname in img_fnames:
    img = cv2.imread(fname)
    img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
    if img.shape[0] > img.shape[1]:
        img = cv2.transpose(img)
    imgs.append(img)

print("Se cargaron {0} imágenes".format(len(imgs)))
```

Se cargaron 10 imágenes

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In [3]: print("Menor intensidad =", np.min([imgs]))
print("Mayor intensidad =", np.max([imgs]))
```

Menor intensidad = 1
Mayor intensidad = 30

```
In [4]: ## media y desvio std
imgs_np = np.stack(imgs)
img_media = np.mean(imgs_np, axis=0)
img_std = np.std(imgs_np, axis=0)
```

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In [5]: def dibujar_contorno(title, axs, mat):
    X, Y = np.meshgrid(range(len(mat[0])), range(len(mat)))
    Z = mat

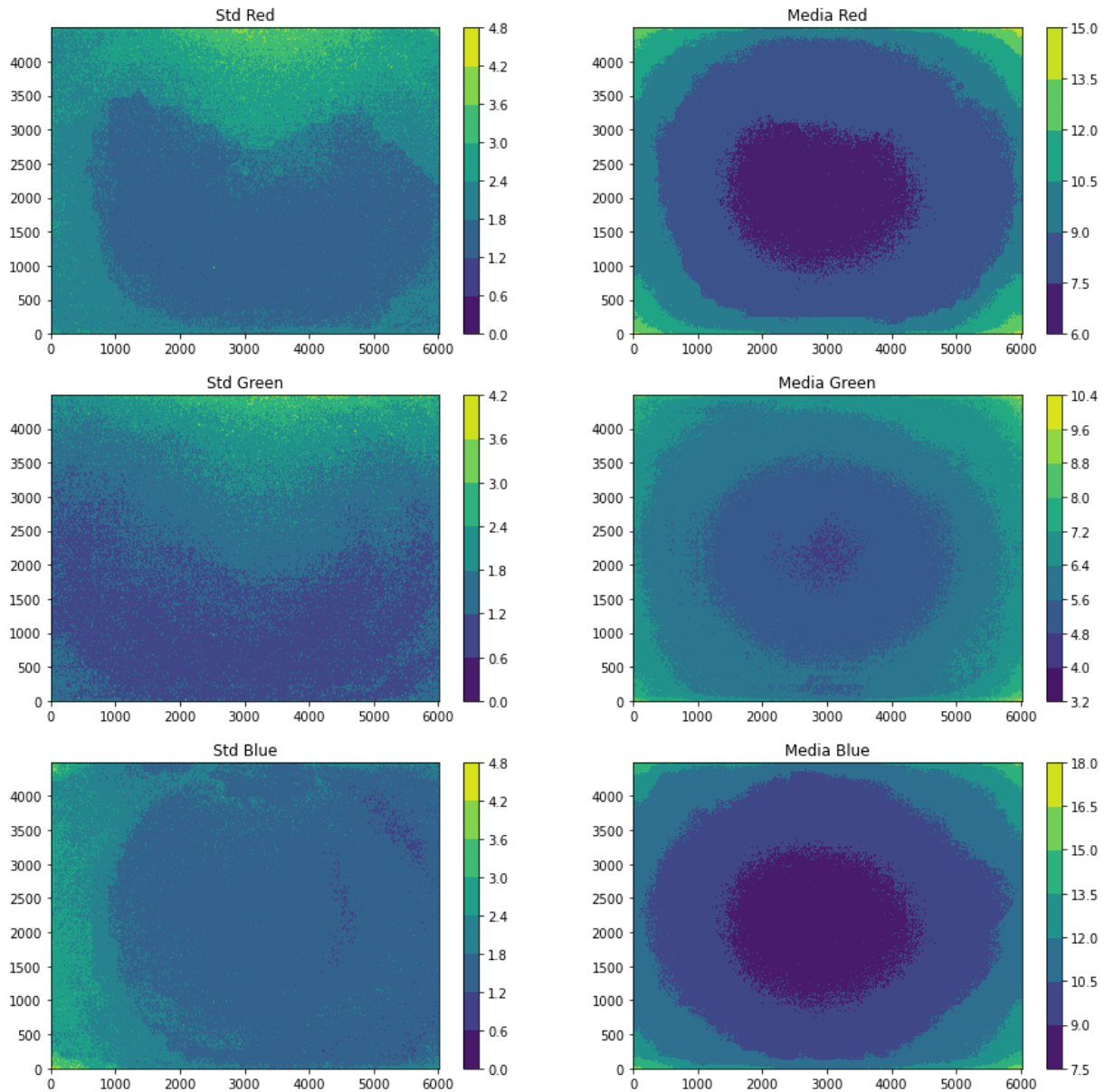
    # decimación para no matar la compu calculando contornos!
    dec = 16

    cp = axs.contourf(X[::dec], Y[::dec], Z[::dec])
    axs.set_title(title)
    fig.colorbar(cp, ax=axs)
```

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In [6]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(3, 2, figsize=(15,15))

for channel, number in [('Red',0), ('Green',1), ('Blue',2)]:
    dibujar_contorno('Std ' + channel, axs[number,0], img_std[:, :, number])
    dibujar_contorno('Media ' + channel, axs[number,1], img_media[:, :, number])

plt.show()
```



Estadísticas de ruido: relación entre media y desvío

```
In [7]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(3, 1, figsize=(15,30))

dec = 100

todos_los_rojos_std = np.ravel(img_std[:, :, 0])
todos_los_rojos_media = np.ravel(img_media[:, :, 0])

todos_los_verdes_std = np.ravel(img_std[:, :, 1])
todos_los_verdes_media = np.ravel(img_media[:, :, 1])

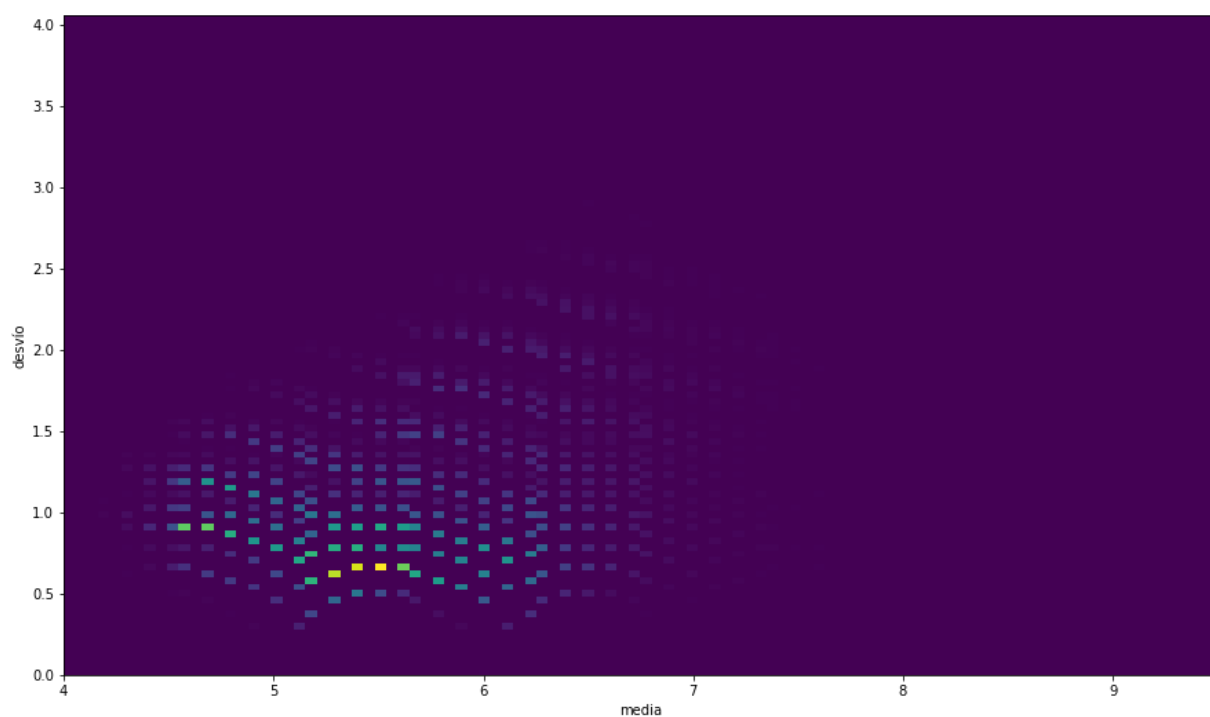
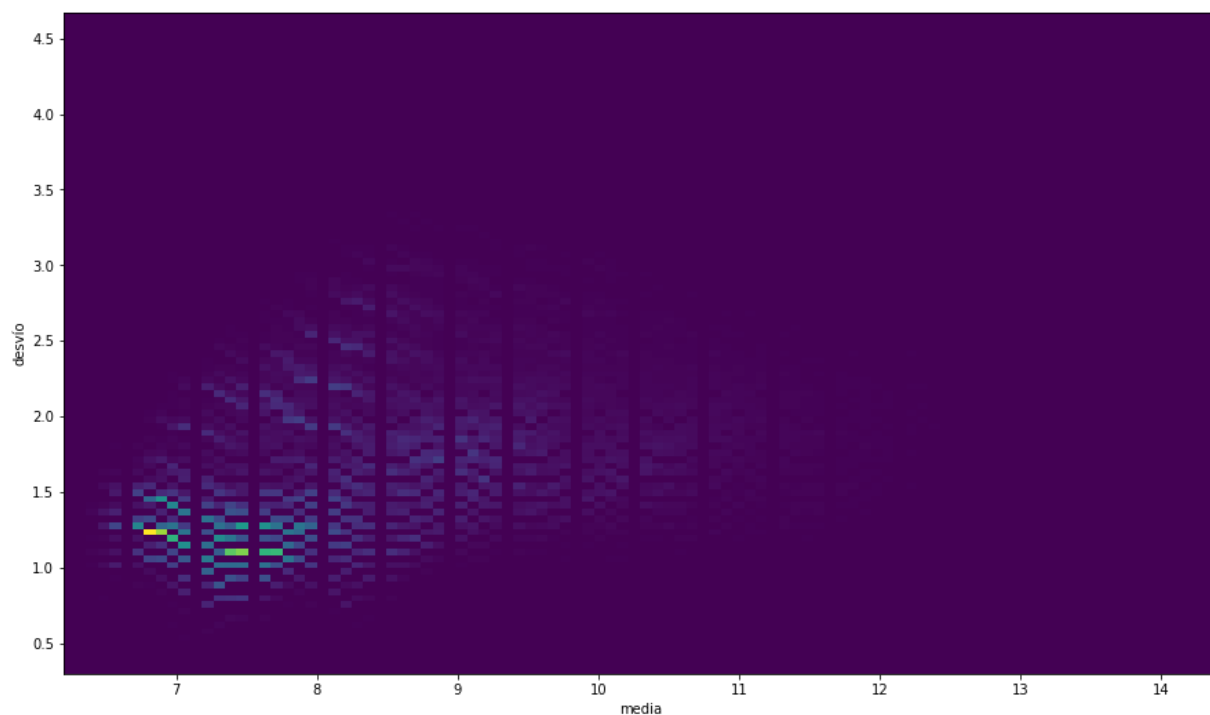
todos_los_azules_std = np.ravel(img_std[:, :, 2])
todos_los_azules_media = np.ravel(img_media[:, :, 2])

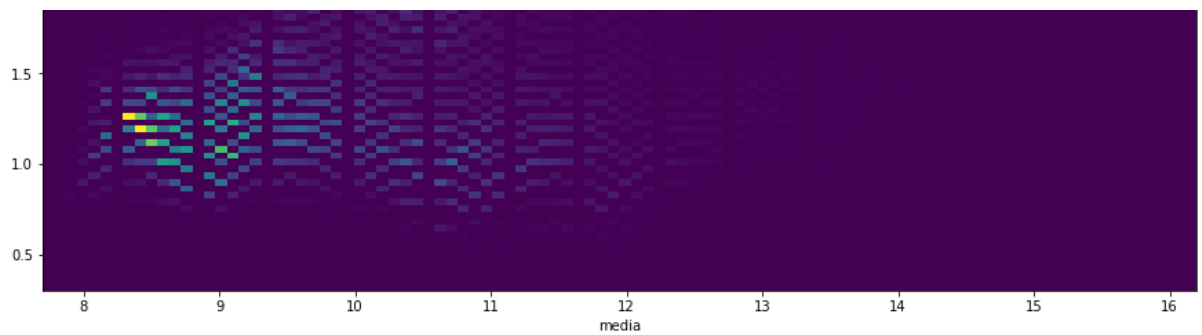
axs[0].set(xlabel='media' , ylabel='desvío')
cb = axs[0].hist2d(todos_los_rojos_media[:, :dec], todos_los_rojos_std[:, :dec],

axs[1].set(xlabel='media' , ylabel='desvío')
cb = axs[1].hist2d(todos_los_verdes_media[:, :dec], todos_los_verdes_std[:, :dec])

axs[2].set(xlabel='media' , ylabel='desvío')
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```
cb = axs[2].hist2d(todos_los_azules_media[:,dec], todos_los_azules_std[:,dec])  
plt.show()
```



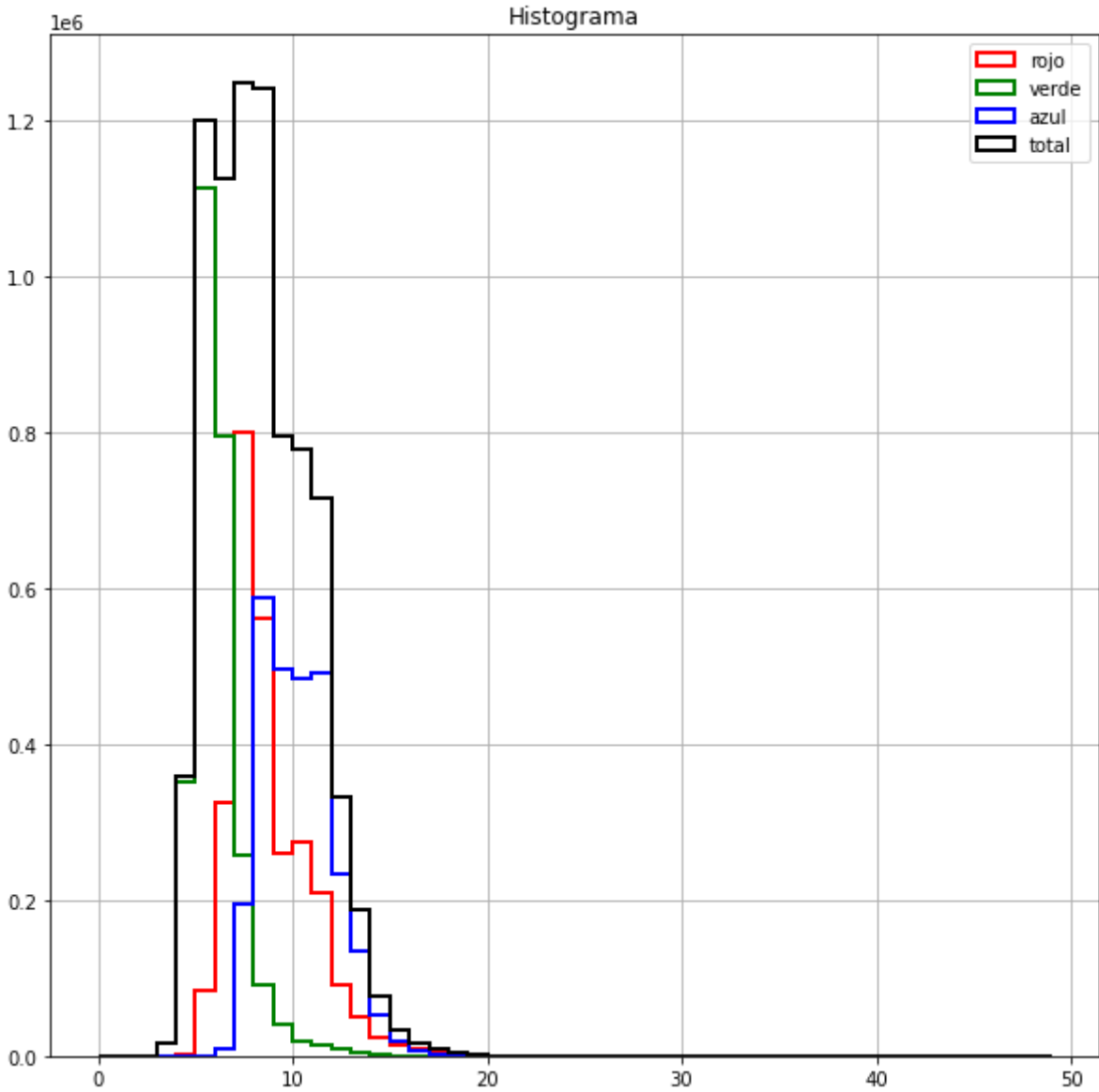


Histograma

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In [8]: dec = 100
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.title('Histograma')
todos_los_rojos = np.ravel(imgs_np[:,:,:,:0])
todos_los_verdes = np.ravel(imgs_np[:,:,:,:1])
todos_los_azules = np.ravel(imgs_np[:,:,:,:2])
plt.grid()
i_max = 50
_ = plt.hist(todos_los_rojos[:dec], bins=range(i_max), color='red', histtype='step')
_ = plt.hist(todos_los_verdes[:dec], bins=range(i_max), color='green', histtype='step')
_ = plt.hist(todos_los_azules[:dec], bins=range(i_max), color='blue', histtype='step')

_ = plt.hist(np.ravel(imgs_np)[:dec], bins=range(i_max), color='black', histtype='step')
plt.legend(['rojo', 'verde', 'azul', 'total'])
```

Out[8]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f48f02870d0>



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